

Welcome to Homework 19!

These questions are largely conceptual. The notebook will help you build a strong intuition and understanding of the concept but is not necessary to answer these questions.

1. Why is a key necessary in secure communication?

- A) A key is special in that it cannot be intercepted during transfer
- B) A key lets the receiver measure the sender's qubits.
- C) A key can allow the sender to encrypt and the receiver to decrypt coded messages

2. Why is QKD secure?

- A) The transfer of key is the most vulnerable point of creating a secure channel, QKD utilizes quantum mechanics to alert the sender and receiver if the key has been intercepted during transport with a high probability.
- B) QKD uses quantum teleportation to send messages so the message instantly goes to the receiver.
- C) The only way to break QKD encryption is with another Quantum computer.

3. What would happen if Eve tries to intercept Alice's key on its way to Bob?

- A) Bob will never receive the qubit and will know that Eve intercepted it.
- B) Bob and Alice will have different results when comparing the first few bits of their key and will know that Eve intercepted the key.
- C) Bob will be able to tell that his qubits have been measured and will know that Eve must have intercepted them.

4. True or False: Alice needs to send physical qubits in the QKD protocol?

- A) True: The qubit is what Bob will measure.
- B) False: Alice only needs to send classical bits.

5. True or False: Every message that Alice and Bob send after successfully generating a key using QKD needs to be sent over the quantum channel if they want keep their messages secure.

- A) True: Classical messages are by nature insecure.
- B) False: Once they have a key, they can use encryption to keep the messages safe.