

JAC444 - BTP400 Course Object-Oriented Software Development II - Java

Collections

Segment 1

The Collection Interface



Collections



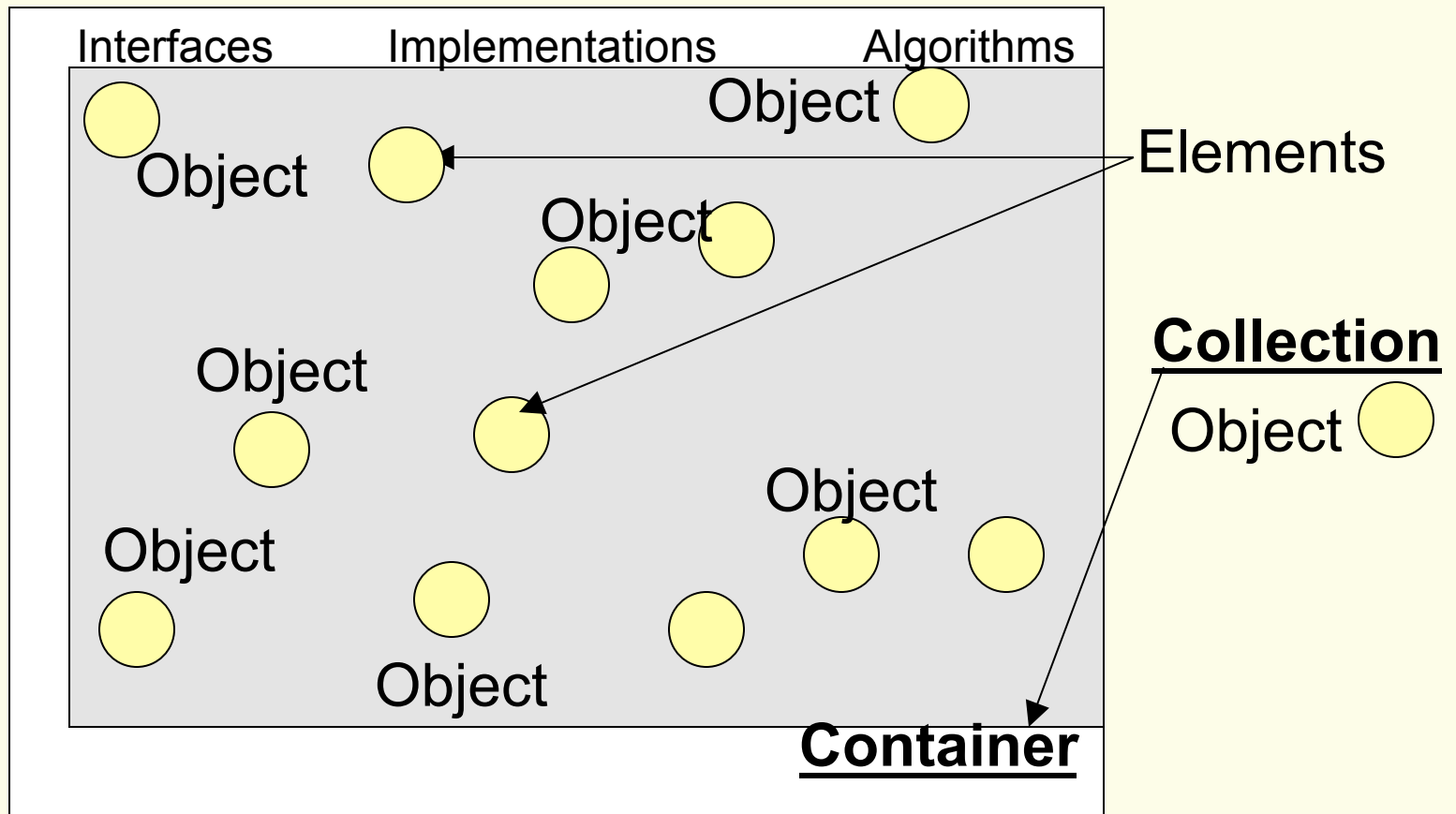
In this lecture you will be learning about:

- Introduction to Java Collections Framework
- Definition and Structure
 - Interfaces
 - Implementations
 - Algorithms



What is a Collection?

A collection is an object that groups multiple elements into a single unit.



What is a Collection Framework?



A unified architecture for representing and manipulating collections.

Collection Framework

Interfaces

Implementations

Algorithms

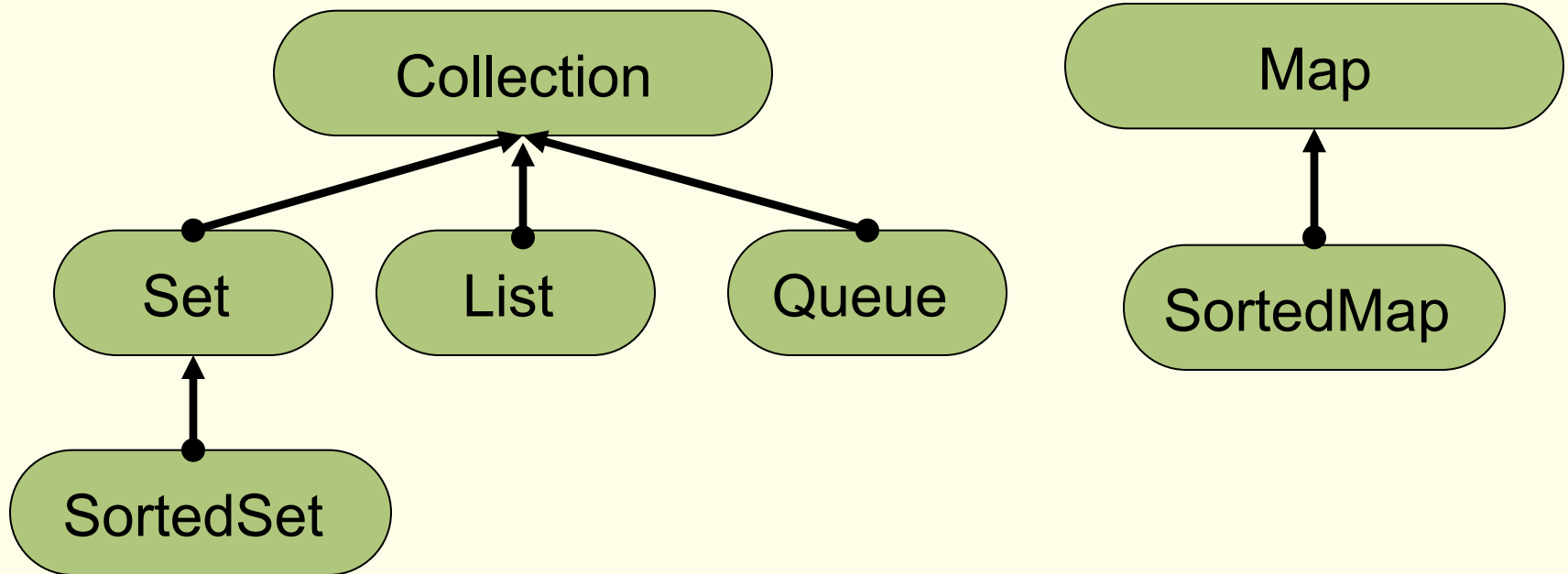


Collection

Object



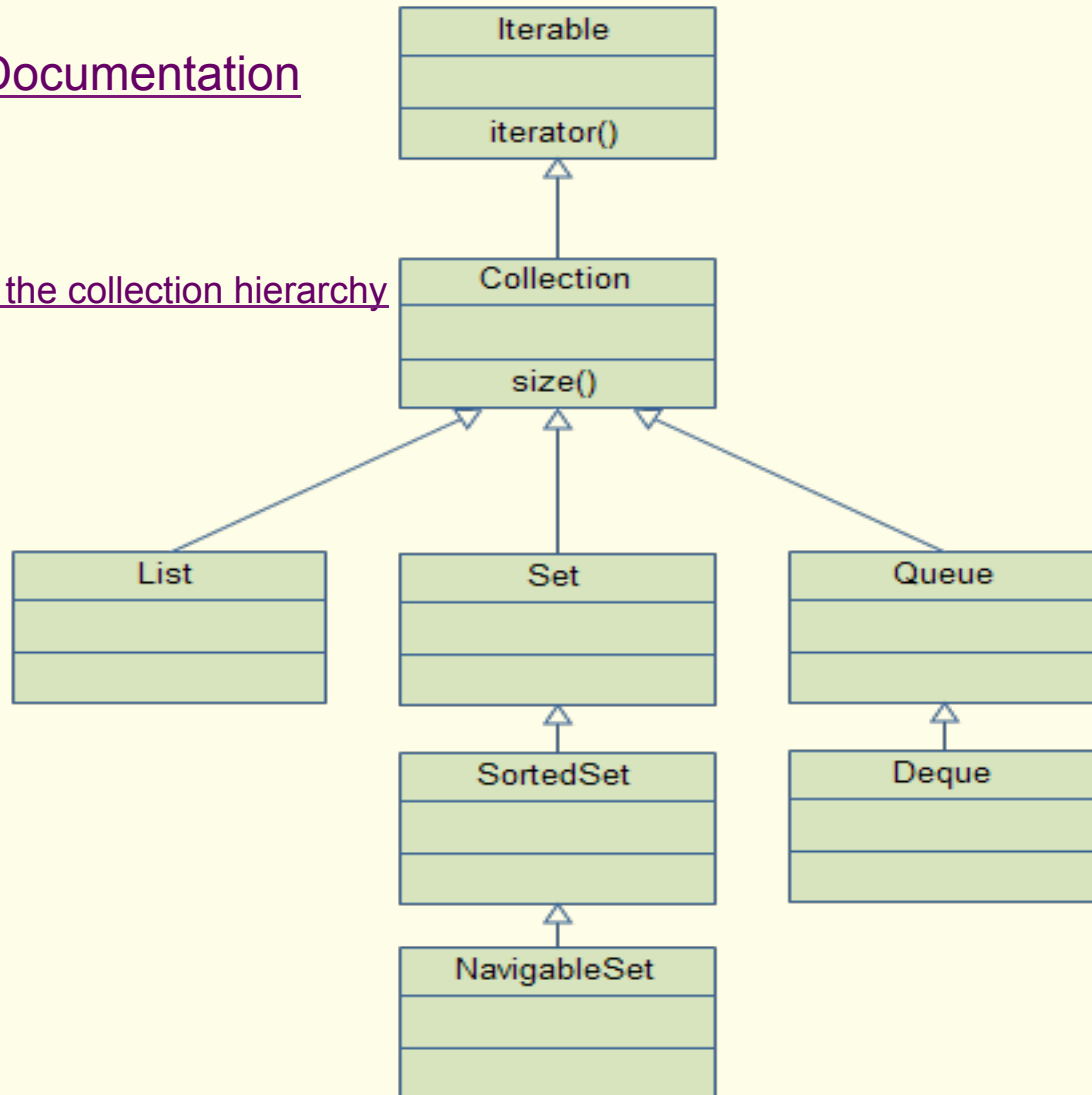
Core collection Interfaces



Collections Hierarchy

Iterable Documentation

The root interface in the collection hierarchy



The Collection<E> Interface



```
public interface Collection<E> {  
    // Group 1  
    int size();  
    boolean isEmpty();  
    boolean contains(Object element);  
    boolean add(E element);    // Optional  
    boolean remove(Object element); // Optional  
    Iterator iterator();  
  
    // Group 2  
    boolean containsAll(Collection<?> c);  
    boolean addAll(Collection<?> c);    // Optional  
    boolean removeAll(Collection<?> c); // Optional  
    boolean retainAll(Collection<?> c); // Optional  
    void clear();                      // Optional  
  
    // Group 3  
    Object[] toArray();  
    <T> T[] toArray(T[] a);  
}
```

①
Basic Operations

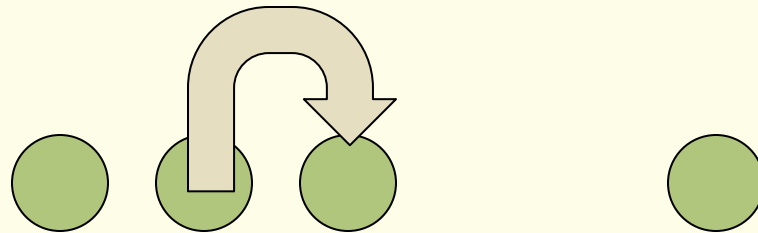
②
Bulk Operations

③
Array Operations



Iterator Interface

```
public interface Iterator<E> {  
    boolean hasNext();  
    E next();  
    default void remove();  
}
```



E next()

1. Returns the current element (initially the first element)
2. Steps to the next element and makes it the current element.

Traversing Collections



```
Iterator<E> it = collection.iterator();
```

```
while (it.hasNext())  
    System.out.println(it.next());
```

```
public static void filter(Collection<E> c) {  
  
    for (Iterator<E> it = c.iterator(); it.hasNext(); )  
        if (!cond(it.next()))  
            it.remove();  
}
```

