Project Proposal: Algorithms for speech and natural language processing

Project 1: Self-supervised pretraining for phoneme recognition, and generalization on foreign languages

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1. Proposal

Through this project, we will attempt to compare the results of our models on phone recognition tasks for different languages. Each one of us will be responsible for producing results for a global family of languages such as Indo-European, Sino-Tibetan, Afro-Asiatic, etc.

We will specifically define the languages that will be used for fine-tuning, therefore quantitatively and qualitatively compare the performances of multiple models – HuBERT, Wav2vec, and WavLM – on these languages.

We will explore how well self-supervised models are capable of generalizing to languages out of the training dataset.

2. Datasets

We will use the CommonVoices dataset[2] that is hosted on HuggingFace[1] in order to perform our studies. For each language, we will leverage the features from the pretrained models to train a small neural network with CTC. Then we will train it on 10 minutes, 1 hour and 10 hours of data and quantitatively compare the results using the Phoneme Error Rate on the provided testing set.

CommonVoices consists of a set of audio files together with the associated text scripts, in the Unicode format. Thus we have to convert the Unicode to the appropriate phonemes (which are in the IPA format and represent the phones in text). We will use the specifically designed *Phoible*[6] dataset for this task.

3. Languages

We will study the impact of choosing the right language for this task. Therefore, we will compare 4 different groups of languages sorted by their subjective *closeness* to English to see how much it correlates with model performance.

- European
- South American
- African
- Asian

For each group of languages, depending on the timeline and feasibility, we will select at least one language and run our experiments.

4. Distribution of Work

We will split the work among ourselves by languages and self-supervised pretraining methods, in order to get a similar amount of work.

5. Methods

We will compare Wav2Vec[7], HuBert[5] and WavLM[4]'s pretrained features trained on english datasets. Then we will compare how they perform on different languages. Ideally we would also like to try the very recent data2vec[3] method from Meta AI. Depending on the feasibility and timeline, we will chose at least one method that will be tested on each language.

We will then compare the results and observe which models generalize better on languages that differ from English.

References

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