Artificial Intelligence Opinion Survey

DATA 490 Independent Study

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1. Load Data	
library(tidyverse)	
## A++aching nackaged +idywarda 1 2 2	

```
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.2 --
```

```
# Load data. Top row is column name.
edu <- read.csv("prolific_edu.csv")
health <- read.csv("prolific_health.csv")
retail <- read.csv("prolific_retail.csv")
tech <- read.csv("prolific_tech.csv")
qualtrics <- read.csv("qualtrics_data.csv")</pre>
```

2. Data Cleaning

```
# Combine data into one data frame after mutating Age to be one data type
edu <- edu %>% mutate(Age = as.character(Age))
health <- health %>% mutate(Age = as.character(Age))
retail <- retail %>% mutate(Age = as.character(Age))
tech <- tech %>% mutate(Age = as.character(Age))
combined <- bind_rows(edu, health, retail, tech)</pre>
# export combined data to csv
# write.csv(combined, "combined non qualtrics.csv")
# combine qualtrics and combined data using qualtrics data's
      ProlificID column and combined data's Participant id
combined <- left_join(qualtrics, combined,</pre>
  by = c("ProlificID" = "Participant.id")
# rename "Duration..in.seconds." column to "Duration"
colnames(combined)[
  colnames(combined) == "Duration..in.seconds."
] <- "Duration"
# remove Age.x and keep only Age.y column and rename Age.y to Age
combined <- combined %>%
  select(-Age.x) %>%
 rename(Age = Age.y)
# remove Status.x and Status.y columns
combined <- combined %>%
 select(-Status.x) %>%
  select(-Status.y)
# remove Finished, Progress, UserLanguage, DistributionChannel,
# Nationality, and Consent columns
combined <- combined %>%
  select(-Finished) %>%
  select(-Progress) %>%
  select(-UserLanguage) %>%
  select(-DistributionChannel) %>%
  select(-Nationality) %>%
  select(-Consent)
# remove rows where Submission.id is NA
combined <- combined %>%
 filter(!is.na(Submission.id))
# Keep only rows which say "United States" in "Country.of.residence" column
combined <- combined %>%
 filter(combined$Country.of.residence == "United States")
# Replace all cells that say "Information Technology" and
# "Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics" to "STEM/IT"
# in Employment.sector column
combined$Employment.sector[
 combined$Employment.sector == "Information Technology"
] <- "STEM/IT"
combined$Employment.sector[
  combined$Employment.sector == "Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics"
```

```
] <- "STEM/IT"
# change all cells in column EnhanceHurt that say
# "AI will neither enhance nor detract from my work" to "neither",
# "AI will enhance my work" to "enhance", and
# "AI will detract from my work" to "detract"
combined$EnhanceHurt[
  combined$EnhanceHurt == "AI will neither enhance nor detract from my work"
1 <- "neither"</pre>
combined$EnhanceHurt[
  combined$EnhanceHurt == "AI will enhance my work"
1 <- "enhance"</pre>
combined$EnhanceHurt[
  combined$EnhanceHurt == "AI will detract from my work"
] <- "detract"
# export data to csv
# write.csv(combined, "combined_qualtrics.csv")
# Keep only rows which say "Compose an email" in "Attention" column
combined <- combined %% filter(combined$Attention == "Compose an email")</pre>
# remove Attention column
combined <- combined %>% select(-Attention)
# export data to csv
# write.csv(combined, "combined_qualtrics_attentive.csv")
```

3. Data Exploration

The columns in the dataset are:

- StartDate Date and time survey was started
- EndDate Date and time survey was completed
- IPAddress IP address of participant
- Duration Duration of survey in seconds
- RecordedDate Date and time survey was recorded
- ResponseId Response ID
- LocationLatitude Participant's location latitude
- LocationLongitude Participant's location longitude
- ProlificID Identification of the response on Prolific
- Gender Gender of the participant
- Education Education level of the participant
- Salary Salary of the participant
- AIKnowledge Knowledge of AI of the participant
- UsedAI Whether the participant has used AI
- TimeEnergy How much time and energy AI has saved the participant
- Similar Tasks How much of the participant's tasks they think AI can do

- EnhanceHurt Whether the participant thinks AI can enhance or hurt their work efficiency.
- Comments Comments from the participant
- Submission.id Submission ID
- \bullet Started.at Date and time survey was started
- Completed.at Date and time survey was completed
- Reviewed.at Date and time survey was reviewed
- Archived.at Date and time survey was archived
- Time.taken Duration of survey in seconds
- ullet Completion.code Completion code
- Total.approvals Total number of approvals
- \bullet Employment.sector Employment sector
- \bullet Age Age of the participant
- ullet Sex Sex of the participant
- ullet Ethnicity.simplified Ethnicity of the participant
- Country.of.birth Country of birth of the participant
- Country.of.residence Country of residence of the participant
- Language Language of the participant
- Student.status Whether the participant is a student
- Employment.status Whether the participant is employed

4. Data Analysis

4.1. EnhanceHurt vs. Industry (proportions)

```
# Create a new data frame with only the columns we need
enhancehurt_vs_industry <- combined %>%
    select(EnhanceHurt, Employment.sector)

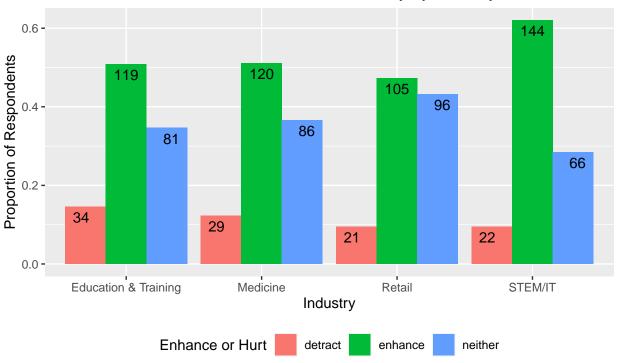
# Remove rows where Employment.sector is NA
enhancehurt_vs_industry <- enhancehurt_vs_industry %>%
    filter(!is.na(Employment.sector))
# Remove rows where EnhanceHurt is NA
enhancehurt_vs_industry <- enhancehurt_vs_industry %>%
    filter(!is.na(EnhanceHurt))

# For each industry, calculate the proportion of
# respondents who think AI can enhance their work efficiency
enhancehurt_vs_industry <- enhancehurt_vs_industry %>%
    group_by(Employment.sector, EnhanceHurt) %>%
    summarize(count = n()) %>%
    mutate(prop = count / sum(count))
```

```
# Visualize using different histogram for each industry.
# Show the number of respondents inside each bar.
# make legend bottom. Wrap x axis labels without changing plot size.
enhancehurt_vs_industry_plot <- ggplot(</pre>
  enhancehurt_vs_industry,
  aes(
   x = Employment.sector,
   y = prop, fill = EnhanceHurt
) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  geom_text(aes(label = count),
   position = position_dodge(width = 1),
   vjust = 1.5
  ) +
  labs(
   x = "Industry", y = "Proportion of Respondents",
   fill = "Enhance or Hurt"
  ggtitle("Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can\n
  Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Industry") +
   plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5),
   legend.position = "bottom"
  )
enhancehurt_vs_industry_plot
```

Proportion of Respondents Who Think Al Can

Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Industry



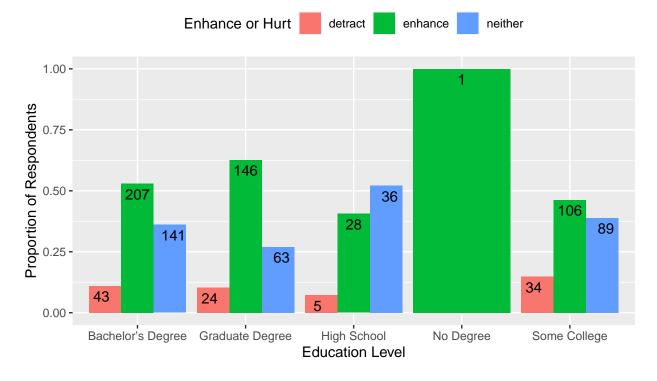
4.2. EnhanceHurt vs. Education (proportions)

```
# Create a new data frame with only the columns we need
enhancehurt_vs_education <- combined %>%
  select(EnhanceHurt, Education)
# Remove rows where Education is NA
enhancehurt_vs_education <- enhancehurt_vs_education %>%
  filter(!is.na(Education))
# Remove rows where EnhanceHurt is NA
enhancehurt_vs_education <- enhancehurt_vs_education %>%
  filter(!is.na(EnhanceHurt))
# For each education level, calculate the proportion of
# respondents who think AI can enhance their work efficiency
enhancehurt_vs_education <- enhancehurt_vs_education %>%
  group_by(Education, EnhanceHurt) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
 mutate(prop = count / sum(count))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Education'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
# Visualize using different histogram for each education level.
# Show the number of respondents on each bar.
enhancehurt_vs_education_plot <- ggplot(enhancehurt_vs_education, aes(</pre>
```

```
x = Education, y = prop,
  fill = EnhanceHurt
)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  geom_text(aes(label = count),
    position = position_dodge(width = 1),
    vjust = 1.5
  ) +
  labs(
    x = "Education Level", y = "Proportion of Respondents",
    fill = "Enhance or Hurt"
  ) +
  ggtitle("Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can\n
  Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Education Level") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  theme(legend.position = "top")
enhancehurt_vs_education_plot
```

Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can

Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Education Level



4.3 EnhanceHurt vs. Age (proportions)

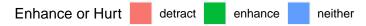
```
# Create a new data frame with only the columns we need enhancehurt_vs_age <- combined %>% select(EnhanceHurt, Age)
```

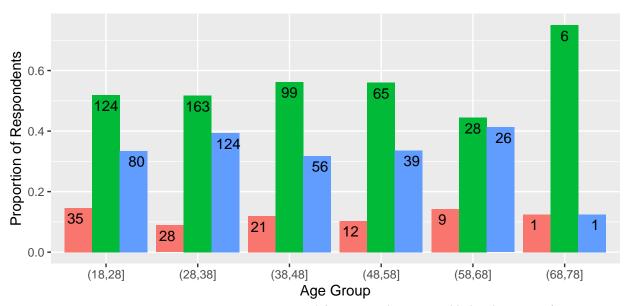
```
# Remove the Ages which say "DATA_EXPIRED" and "923"
enhancehurt_vs_age <- enhancehurt_vs_age %>%
  filter(enhancehurt_vs_age$Age != "DATA_EXPIRED")
enhancehurt_vs_age <- enhancehurt_vs_age %>%
 filter(enhancehurt_vs_age$Age != "923")
# Remove rows where Age is NA
enhancehurt_vs_age <- enhancehurt_vs_age %>%
  filter(!is.na(Age))
# Remove rows where EnhanceHurt is NA
enhancehurt_vs_age <- enhancehurt_vs_age %>%
  filter(!is.na(EnhanceHurt))
# Change age rows which say "79" and "80" to "73"
enhancehurt_vs_age$Age[enhancehurt_vs_age$Age == "79"] <- "73"</pre>
enhancehurt_vs_age$Age[enhancehurt_vs_age$Age == "80"] <- "73"</pre>
# Convert Age to numeric
enhancehurt_vs_age$Age <- as.numeric(as.character(enhancehurt_vs_age$Age))</pre>
# group ages by 5 years
enhancehurt_vs_age$Age <- cut(enhancehurt_vs_age$Age,</pre>
  breaks = seq(18, 80, by = 10)
# remove NA
enhancehurt_vs_age <- enhancehurt_vs_age %>% filter(!is.na(Age))
# create a new dataframe with the proportion of respondents who think AI can enhance their work efficie
enhancehurt_vs_age <- enhancehurt_vs_age %>%
  group_by(Age, EnhanceHurt) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
 mutate(prop = count / sum(count))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Age'. You can override using the `.groups`
## argument.
# Visualize using different histogram for each age group.
# Show the number of respondents on each bar.
enhancehurt_vs_age_plot <- ggplot(enhancehurt_vs_age, aes(</pre>
 x = Age, y = prop,
 fill = EnhanceHurt
)) +
 geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  geom text(aes(label = count),
   position = position_dodge(width = 1),
   vjust = 1.5
  ) +
  labs(
   x = "Age Group",
   y = "Proportion of Respondents",
   fill = "Enhance or Hurt",
   caption = "* Ages 79 and 80 were added to the group of ages 68-78"
  ggtitle("Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can\n
  Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Age Group") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
```

```
theme(legend.position = "top")
enhancehurt_vs_age_plot
```

Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can

Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Age Group





* Ages 79 and 80 were added to the group of ages 68-78

4.4 EnhanceHurt vs. Salary (proportions)

```
# Create a new data frame with only the columns we need
enhancehurt_vs_salary <- combined %>% select(EnhanceHurt, Salary)
# Remove rows where Salary is NA
enhancehurt_vs_salary <- enhancehurt_vs_salary %>%
  filter(!is.na(Salary))
# Remove rows where EnhanceHurt is NA
enhancehurt_vs_salary <- enhancehurt_vs_salary %>%
  filter(!is.na(EnhanceHurt))
# remove rows where Salary is empty
enhancehurt_vs_salary <- enhancehurt_vs_salary %>%
  filter(Salary != "")
# Create a new dataframe with the proportion of respondents who
# think AI can enhance their work efficiency for each salary group
enhancehurt_vs_salary <- enhancehurt_vs_salary %>%
  group_by(Salary, EnhanceHurt) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
```

```
mutate(prop = count / sum(count))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Salary'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
# Visualize using different histogram for each salary group.
# Show the number of respondents on each bar.
enhancehurt_vs_salary_plot <- ggplot(enhancehurt_vs_salary, aes(</pre>
 x = Salary, y = prop,
 fill = EnhanceHurt
)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  geom_text(aes(label = count),
   position = position_dodge(width = 1),
   vjust = 1.5
  ) +
  labs(
   x = "Salary Group",
    y = "Proportion of Respondents",
   fill = "Enhance or Hurt"
  ggtitle("Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can\n
  Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Salary Group") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  theme(legend.position = "top")
enhancehurt_vs_salary_plot
```

Proportion of Respondents Who Think AI Can Enhance Their Work Efficiency by Salary Group

