How to use LBFGSB code?

Introduction

This short example demostrates how to use L-BFGS-B software

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Add MLIB library

```
clear; close all; clc;
mlibfolder = '/home/ivan/Desktop/MLIB';
path(path, mlibfolder);
add_mlib_path;
```

L-BFGS-B

L-BFGS-B is a limited-memory quasi-Newton code for bound-constrained optimization, i.e., for problems where the only constraints are of the form I <= x <= u.

Authors of the original fortran code: Ciyou Zhu, Richard Byrd, Jorge Nocedal and Jose Luis Morales

MEX wrapper was created by Stephen Becker.

L-BFGS-B is commonly used in full waveform inversion and tomorgaphy.

Example: test the "lbfgs" on the Hock & Schittkowski test problem #38 (Hock, W. and Schittkowski, K. [1981] Test Examples for Nonlinear Programming Codes. Lecture Notes in Economics and Mathematical Systems Vol. 187, Springer-Verlag.):

Find minimum of function:

$$f = 100(x_2 - x_1^2)^2 + (1 - x_1)^2 + 90(x_4 - x_3^2)^2 + (1 - x_3)^2 + 10.1(x_2 - 1)^2 + 10.1(x_4 - 1)^2 + 19.8(x_2 - 1)(x_4 - 1);$$

The gradient of function is equal:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} = -400 x_1 \left(x_2 - x_1^2 \right) - 2 \left(1 - x_1 \right);$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2} = 200 \left(x_2 - x_1^2 \right) + 20.2 \left(x_2 - 1 \right) + 19.8 \left(x_4 - 1 \right);$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_3} = -360 x_3 \left(x_4 - x_3^2 \right) - 2 \left(1 - x_3 \right);$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_4} = -400 x_1 \left(x_2 - x_1^2 \right) - 2 \left(1 - x_1 \right);$$

Solution: f reaches minimum (f = 0) at point x = [1, 1, 1, 1].

```
x0
    = [-3 -1]
                -3 -1];
                            % The starting point.
    = [-10 -10 -10 -10]; % Lower bound on the variables.
    = [+10 +10 +10 +10]; % Upper bound on the variables.
x = lbfgsb(x0,lb,ub,'ExamplecomputeObjective','ExamplecomputeGradient',...
                [], 'genericcallback', 'maxiter', 80, 'm', 4, 'factr', 1e-12,...
                'pgtol',1e-5);
  1 573
  2 393
  3 132
  4 11.5
  5 1.48
  6 1.12
  7 0.984
  8 0.305
  9 0.0847
 10 0.0101
 11 0.000123
 12 0.000113
 13 0.000113
 14 0.000112
 15 0.000109
 16 9.75e-05
 17 7.93e-05
 18 7.17e-05
 19 3.55e-05
 20 1.46e-05
 21 1.71e-06
 22
    1.94e-07
 23 1.47e-07
 24 8.84e-10
 25 2e-11
 26 2.21e-12
 27 7.16e-14
```

disp(x)

```
1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000
```