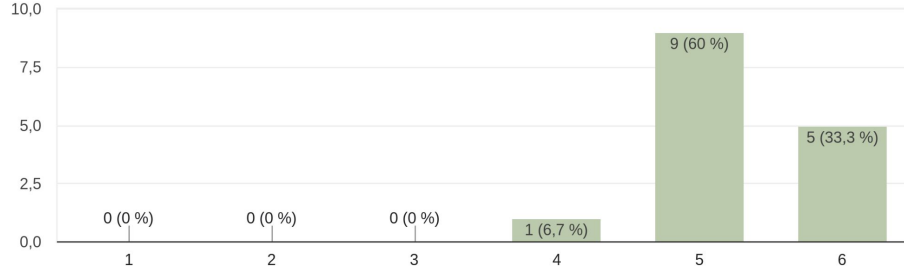


Feedback and questions

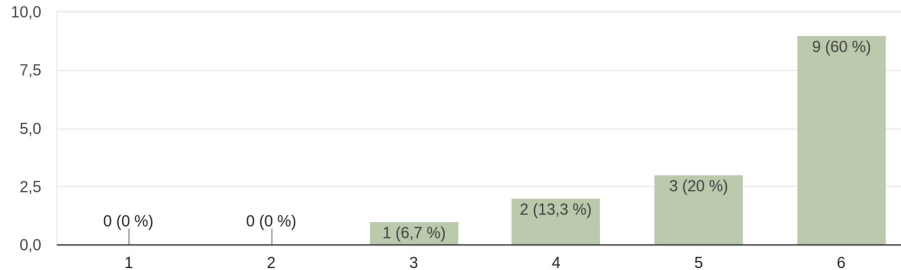
How was your overall impression of today's lecture?

15 Antworten



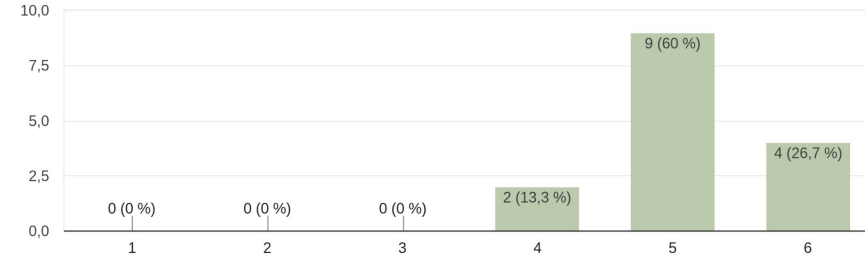
How well could you understand and follow David (the lecturer)?

15 Antworten



How did you experience the interactions between your peers and David, and among the peers?

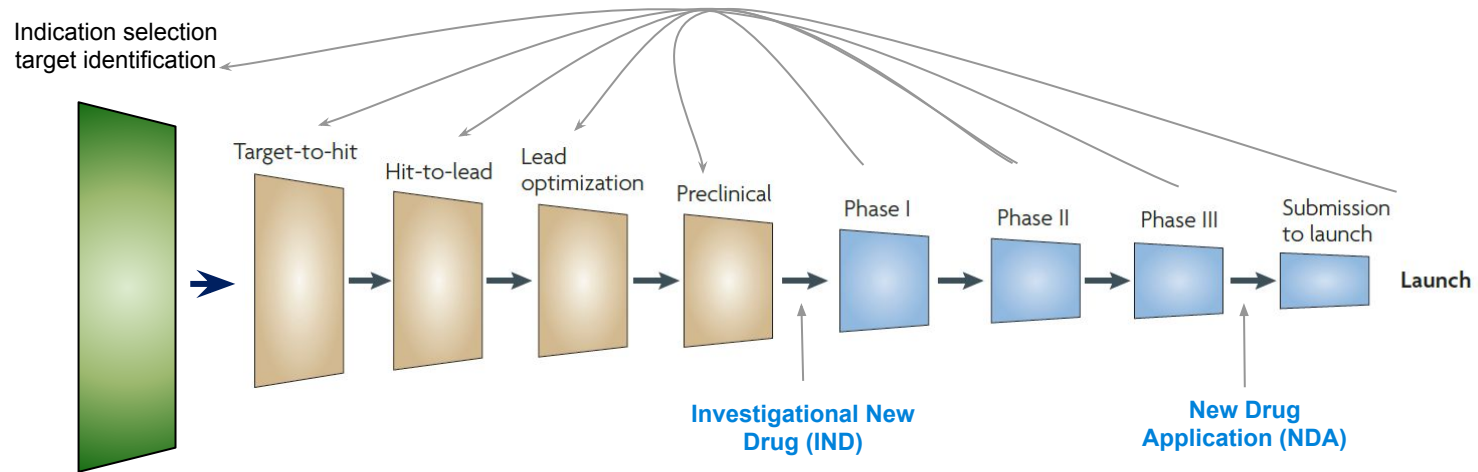
15 Antworten



- + Introduction rough, but clear afterwards.
- + Enthusiastic and engaging style.
- + Collaboration encouraged, topic made interesting.
- + Pair discussions worked better than whole row.
- Room setup limited larger group discussions.
- Semester topic overview desired
- Accessible, interdisciplinary background wished
- On-the-spot questions are tough for some

AMIDD 2024 Lecture 2:

The *What*, the *Who*, and the *How* of drug discovery



Dr. Jitao David Zhang, Computational Biologist

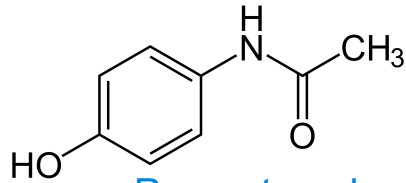
¹ *Computational Sciences Center of Excellence (CS CoE), Roche Innovation Center Basel, F. Hoffmann-La Roche;*

² *Department of Mathematics and Computer Sciences, University of Basel*

Outline

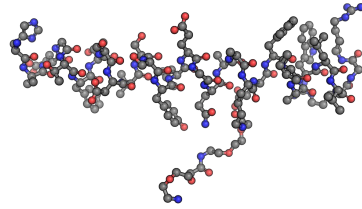
1. Drug modalities
2. Economy and productivity of drug discovery
3. Why mathematics and informatics are essential

A zoo of modalities



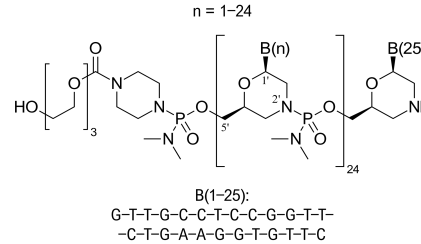
Paracetamol
Molecular weight
(MW): 151 Da

Small molecule



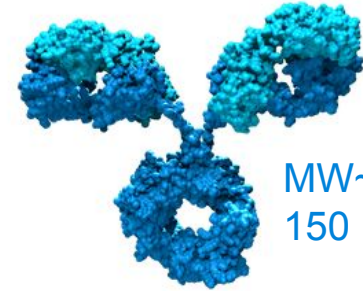
Semaglutide
MW~4 kDa

Peptide



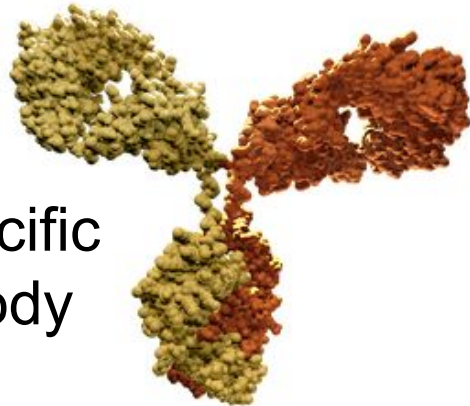
Golodirsen,
MW~5-30 kDa

Oligonucleotides

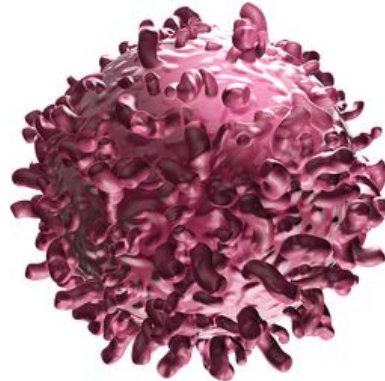


MW~
150 kDa

Monoclonal
antibody



Bispecific
antibody



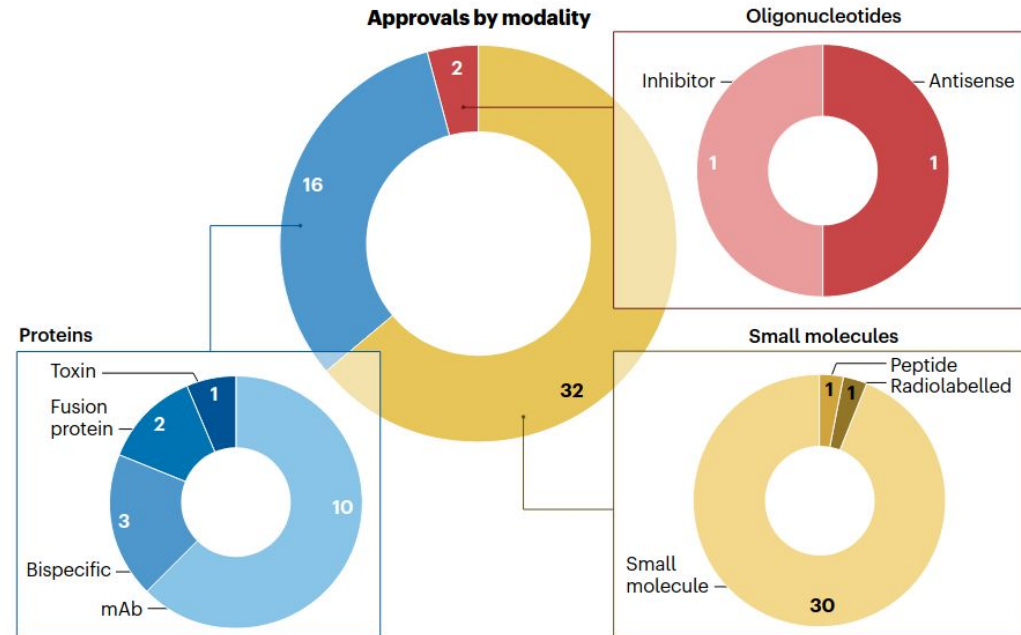
Chimeric
Antigen
Receptor
(CAR)
T-cells



mRNA vaccines

Novel drugs approved by the FDA's Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER) in 2024

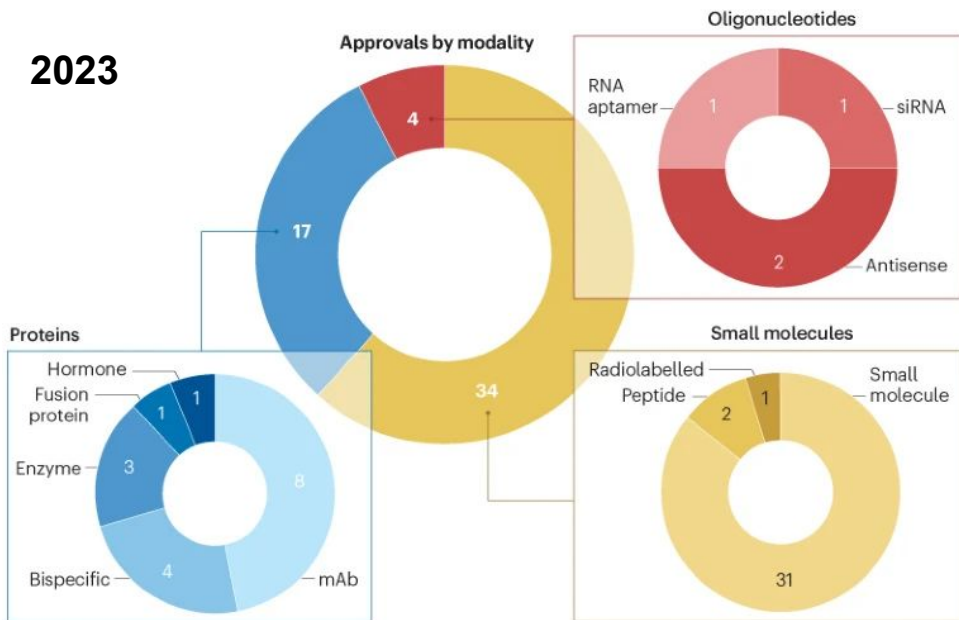
- Small molecules: molecular weight (MW) less than 1000 Daltons.
- Oligonucleotides: MW between 5 and 30 kDa (5000-30000 Da), negatively charged
 - siRNA: small interfering RNA
- Proteins: MW ~150 kDa
 - mAb: monoclonal antibody
 - Bispecific: antibodies that bind simultaneously to two antigens or two epitopes of the same antigen.



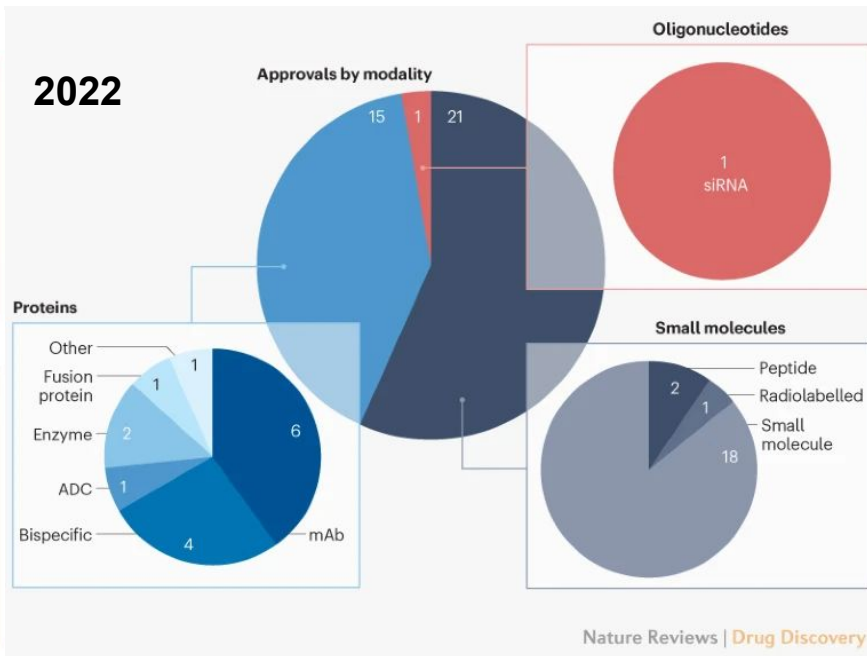
Source: [Asher Mullard, Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, 2025](#). The list can be found on [FDA's website](#)

Relative contributions of modalities remain constant in the past three years

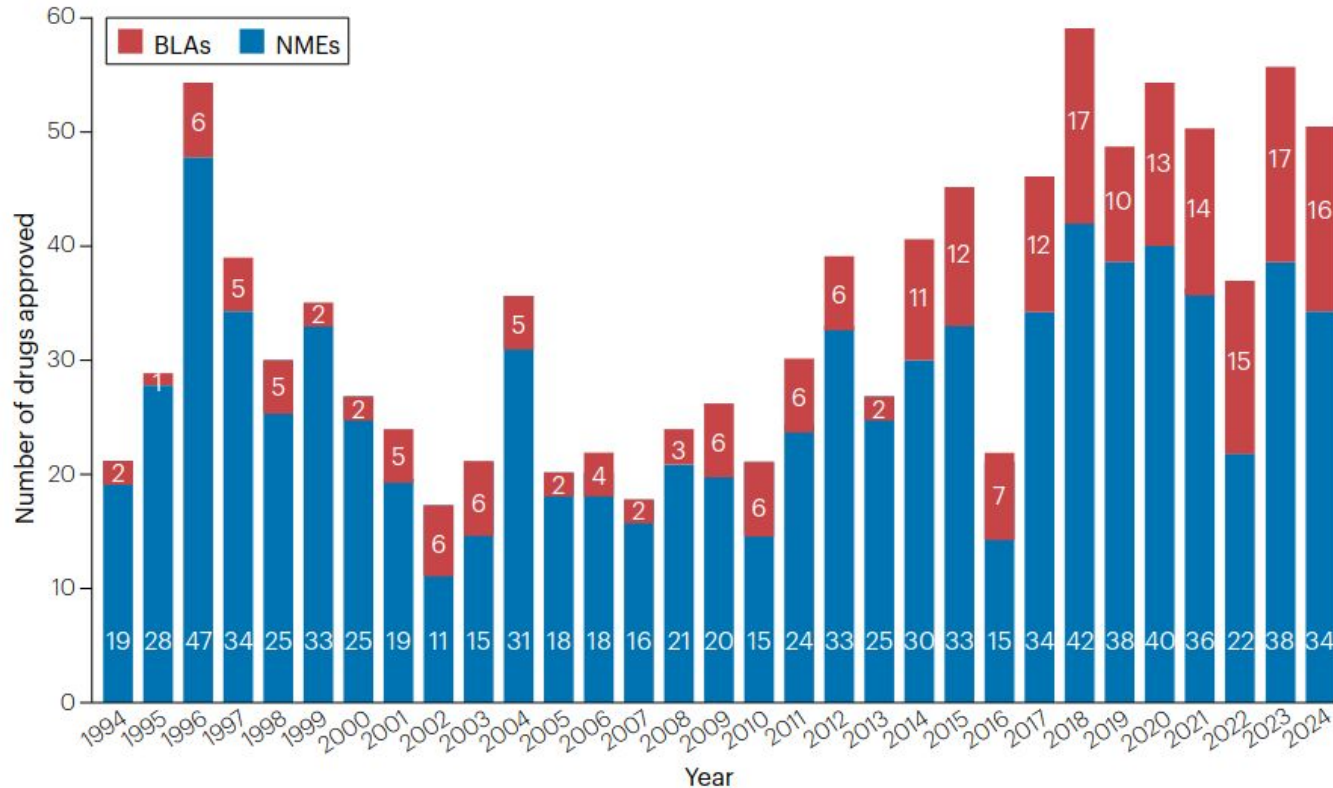
2023



2022



Data from the last 30 years

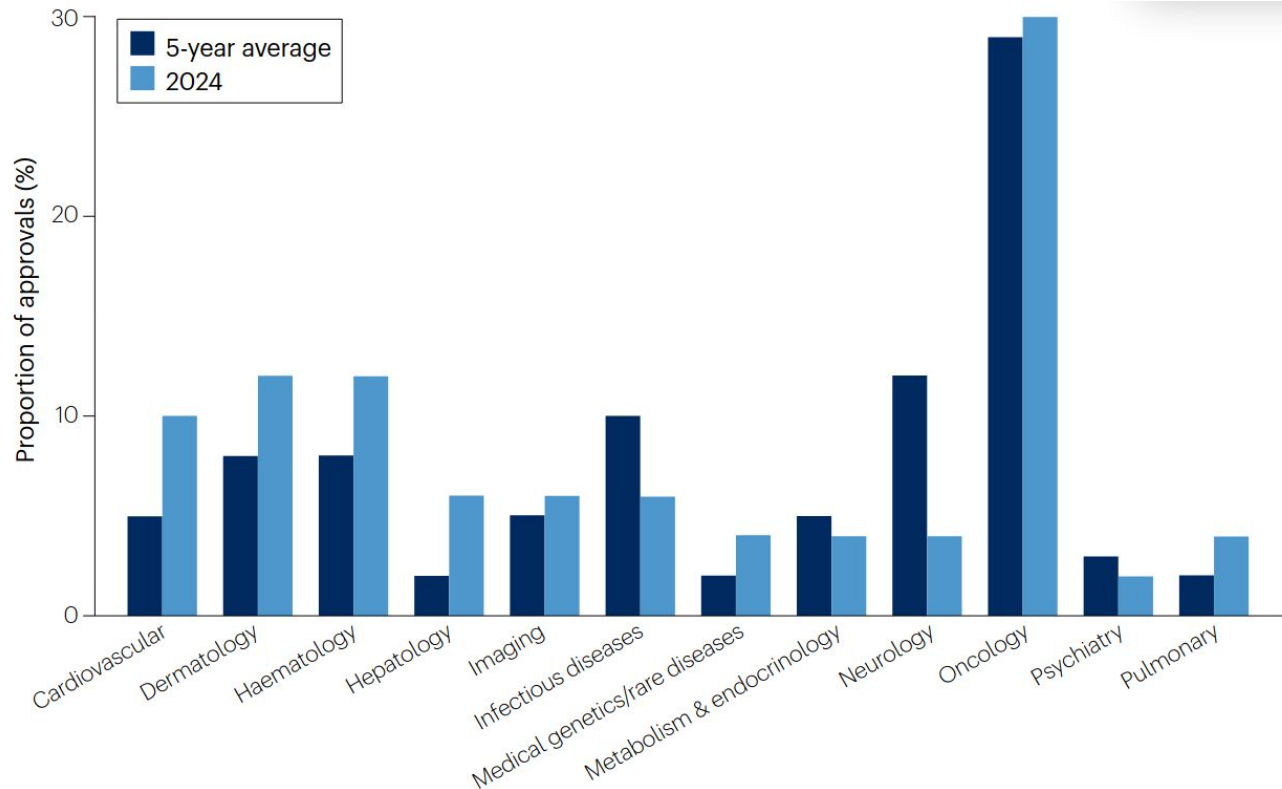


Approvals by FDA's Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER):

- BLA: Biologics License Applications (mainly antibodies)
- NME: New Molecule Entities (small molecules, oligonucleotides).

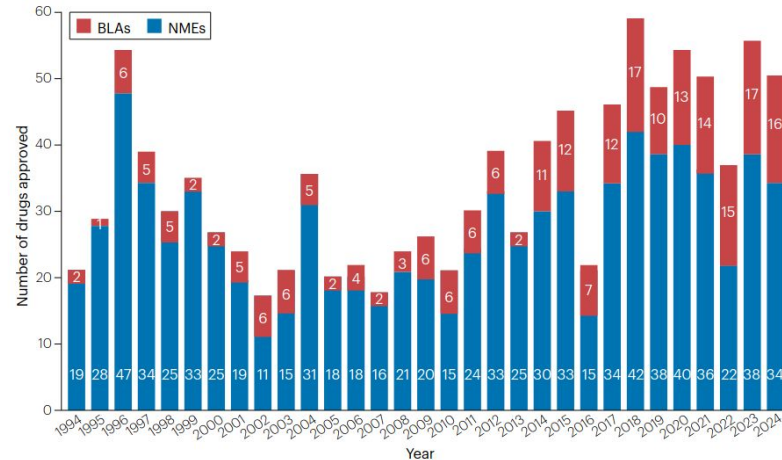
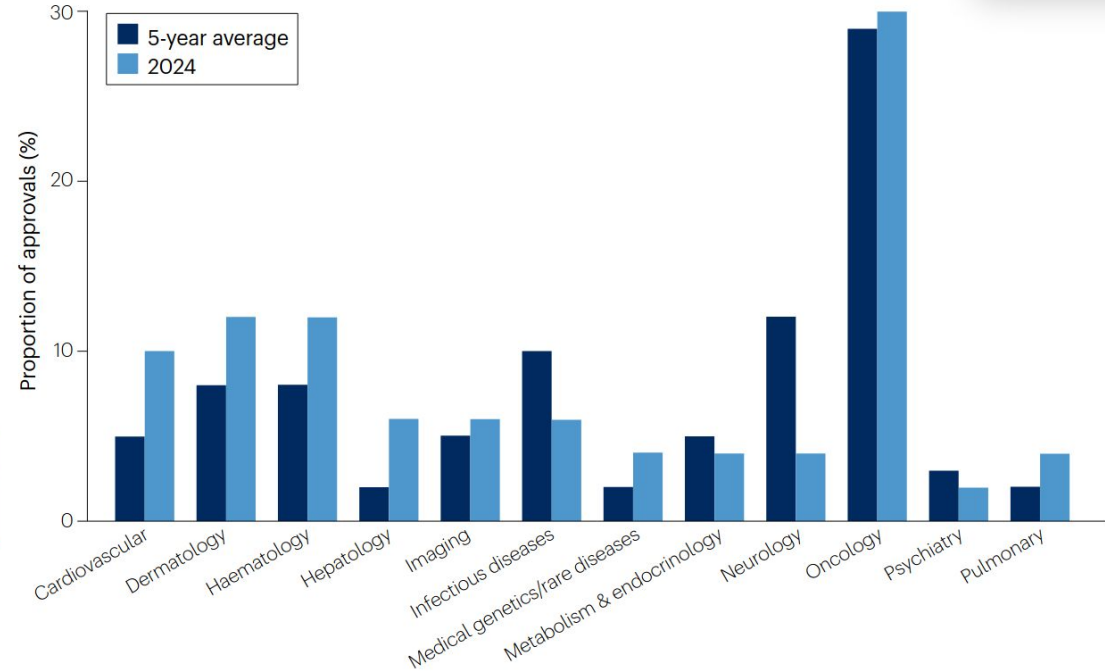
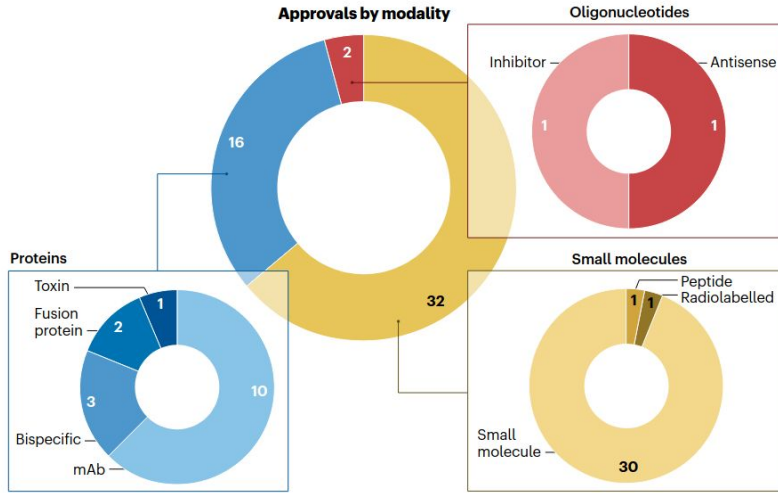
Vaccines and gene therapies are excluded.

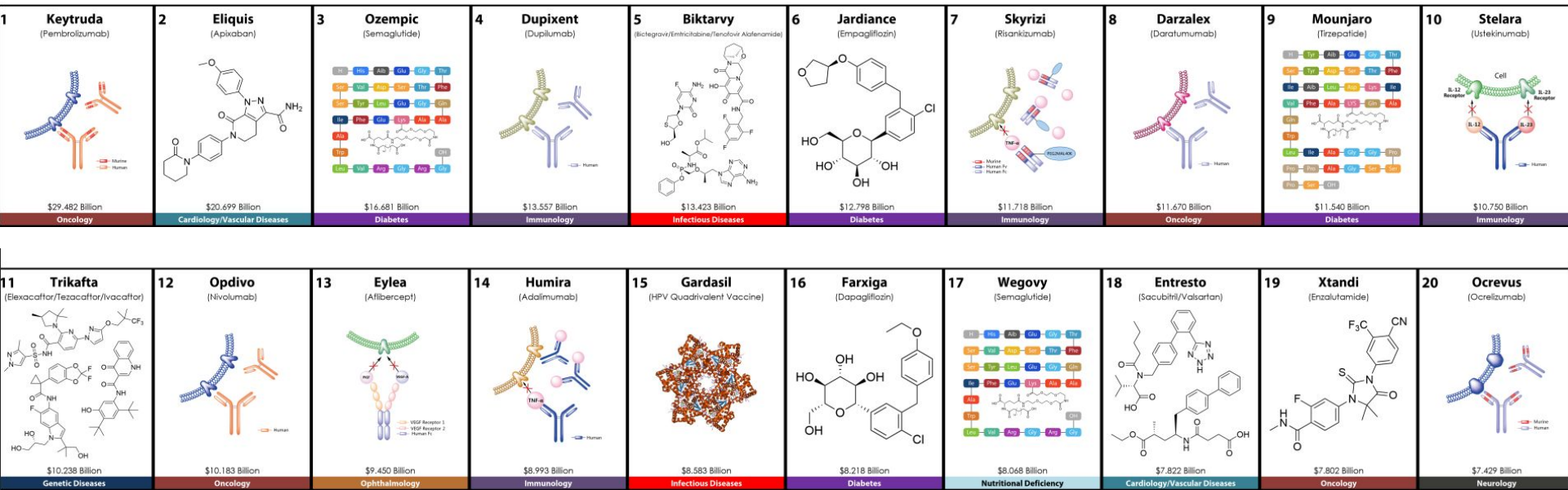
New drug approvals classified by disease areas



- **Cardiovascular:** heart
- **Dermatology:** skin
- **Hepatology:** liver
- **Haematology:** blood
- **Imaging:** imaging agents
- **Medical genetics/rare diseases:** genetic disorders
- **Infectious diseases:** infections due to viruses, bacteria, fungi, etc.
- **Metabolism & endocrinology:** metabolism hormone
- **Neurology:** brain and peripheral nerves
- **Oncology:** cancer
- **Psychiatry:** mental disorders
- **Pulmonary:** lung

What patterns surprised you?





Top 20 pharmaceuticals by sales in 2024

Poster compiled by the Jon Njardarson group at University of Arizona (<https://njardarson.lab.arizona.edu>). Citation: J. Chem. Ed. 2010, 87, 1348.

Questions: (1) How many are small molecules, proteins, and oligonucleotides each? (2) Are there other modalities? (3) What patterns do you observe? (4) Do you have explanations for these patterns?

Forms and market size of Semaglutide

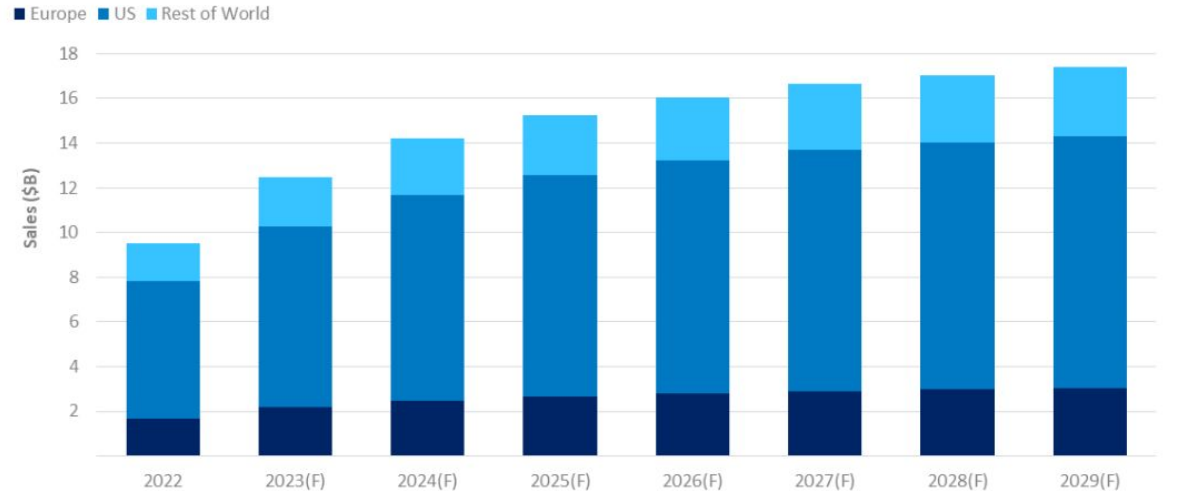
Ozempic, as well as Wegovy and Rybelsus, are **brand names** of semaglutide.

Ozempic was approved by the FDA for type 2 diabetes.

Wegovy was approved by the FDA for weight management at once-weekly 2.4 mg injectable doses in 2022.

Rybelsus tablets are approved by the FDA used for adults with type 2 diabetes to control blood sugar levels.

Forecast sales for Ozempic 2022–29

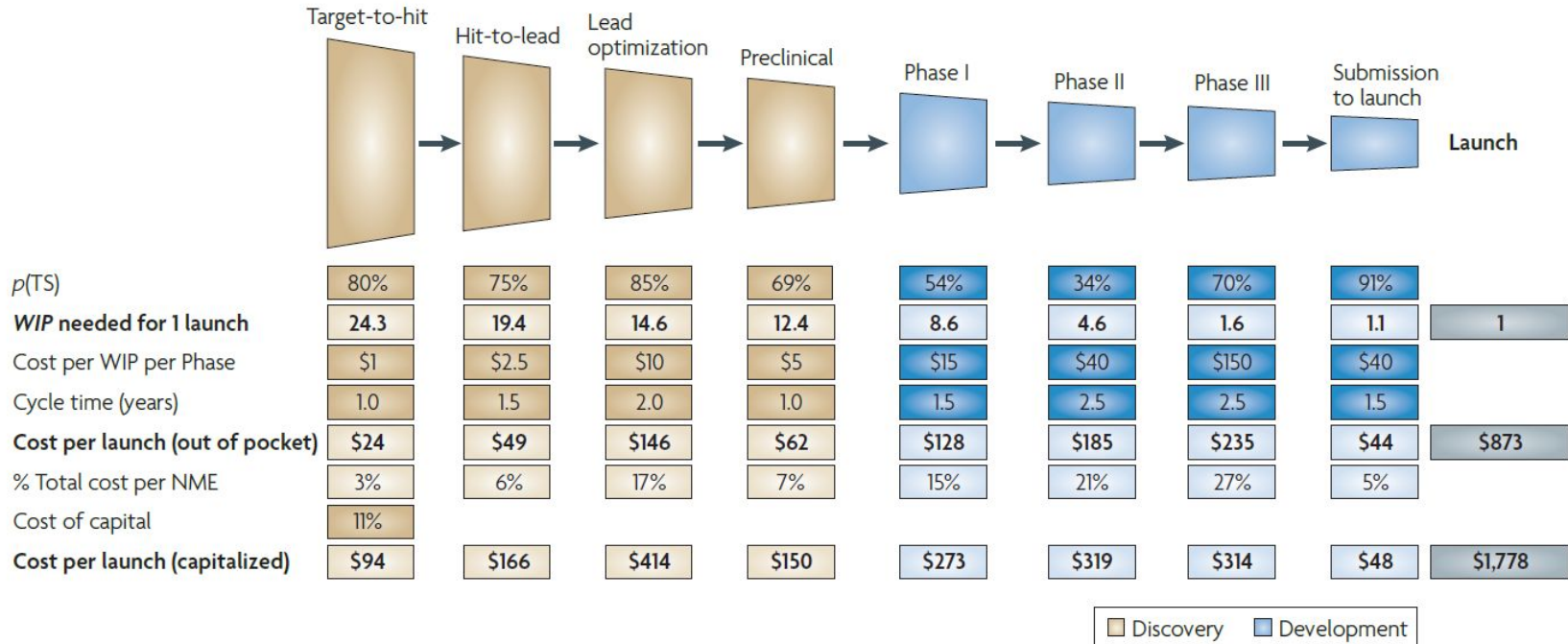


GlobalData.

Source: GlobalData Drugs Database (Accessed April 21, 2023)

Data source: [GlobalData](#)

Risks and costs associated with each stage of the linear view of drug discovery



p(TS): probability of technical success. **WIP**: work in progress; **Capitalized cost**: Out-of-pocket cost corrected for cost of capital, standard for long-term investments; **Out-of-pocket cost**: total cost required to expect one drug launch, taking into account attrition, but not the cost of capital; **Cost of capital**: annual rate of return expected by investors based on the level of risk of the investment. Paul *et al.*, Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, 2010.

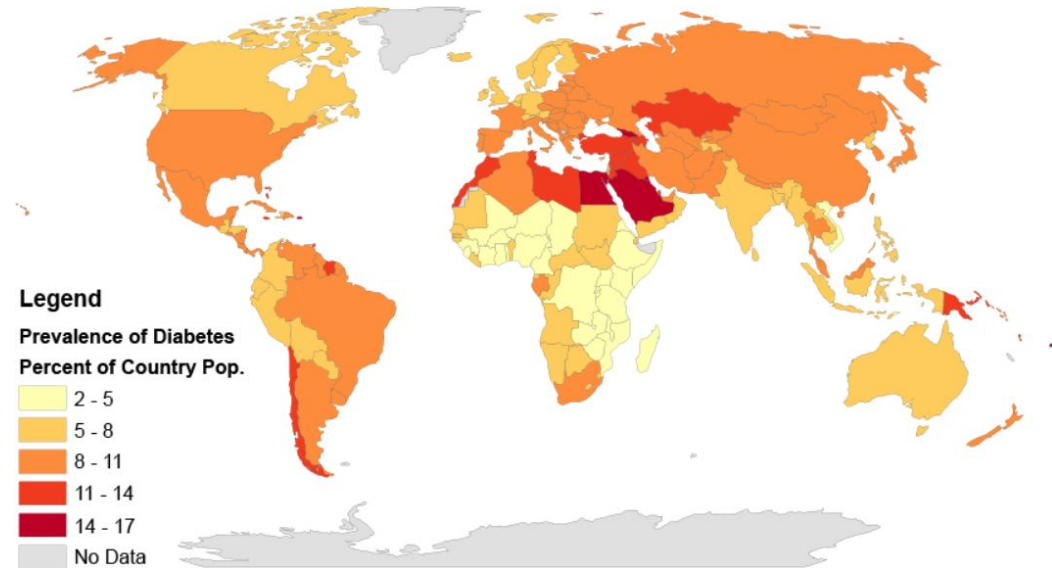
The social context of drug discovery: a role-playing game

We consider a case study of developing new drugs to treat complications caused by type II diabetes, which affects on average 9.2% of the world population (Switzerland: 4-6%, about which ~28% not diagnosed)

We divide the classroom into five personas.

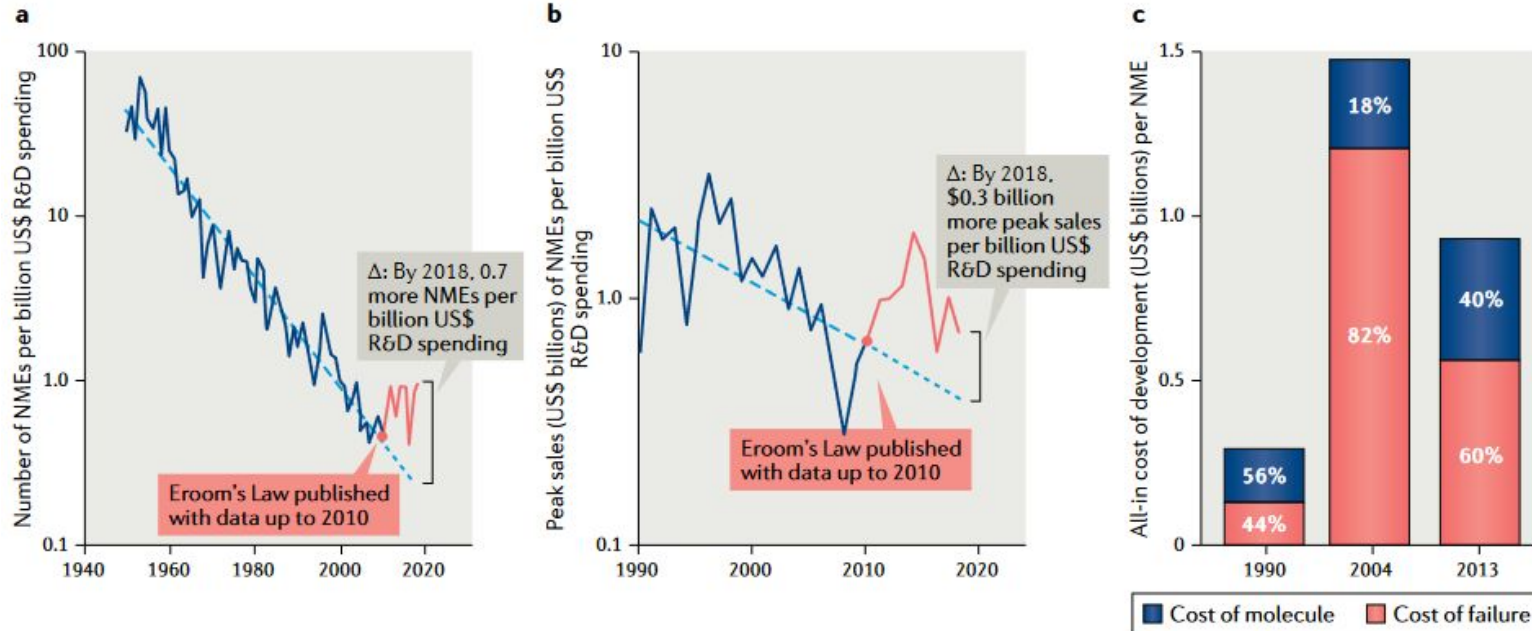
1. Patients
2. Medical doctors
3. Drug discovery company
4. Insurance company
5. The regulatory agency

Questions: (1) What are your main interests and concerns? (2) With which groups do you wish to collaborate? Why? Rank the partners by the priority. (3) What are the ideal and worse scenarios for you?



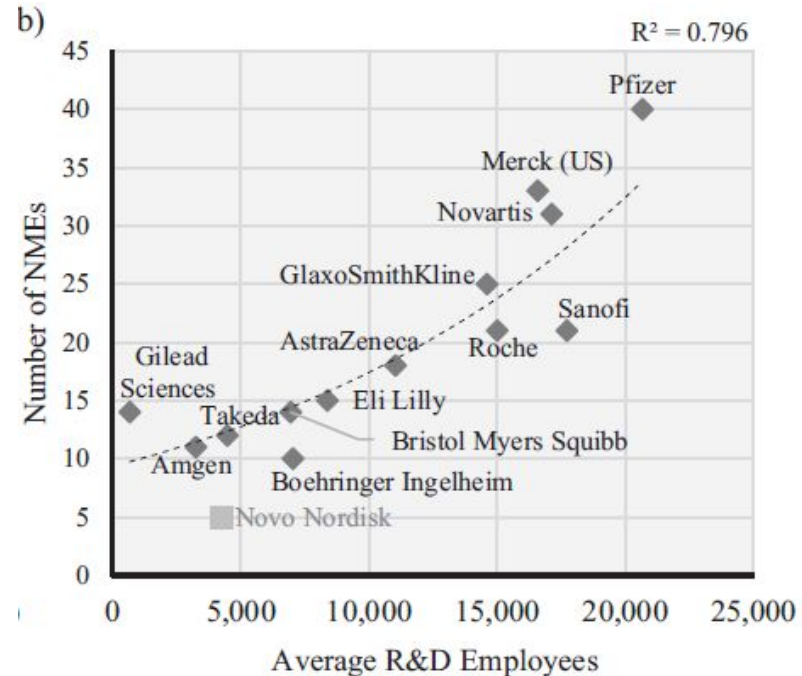
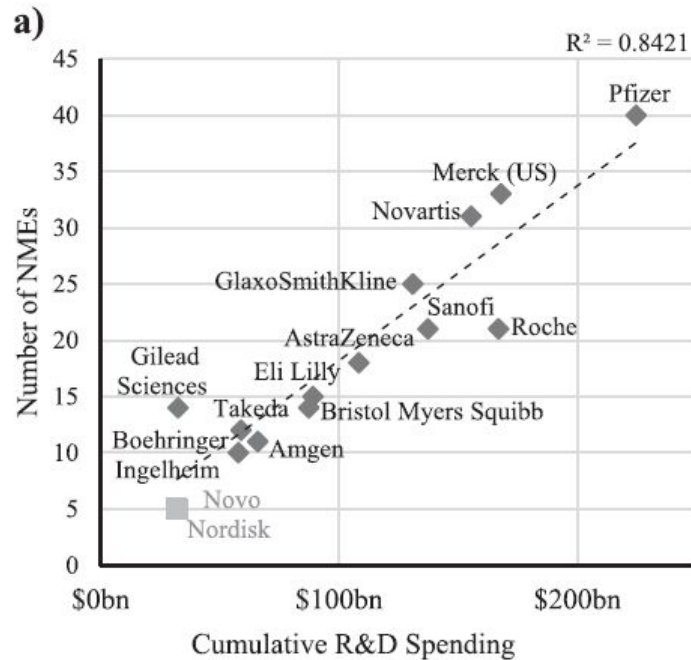
[Global prevalence of diabetes from 2014](https://diabetesatlas.org/data-by-location/country/switzerland/), using data from 195 countries.
Source: Wikimedia. Author: Walter Scott Wilkens. Reused with CC-AS 4.0 license. Swiss data: The International Diabetes Federation (IDF)
(<https://diabetesatlas.org/data-by-location/country/switzerland/>)

(Breaking?) The Eroom's Law



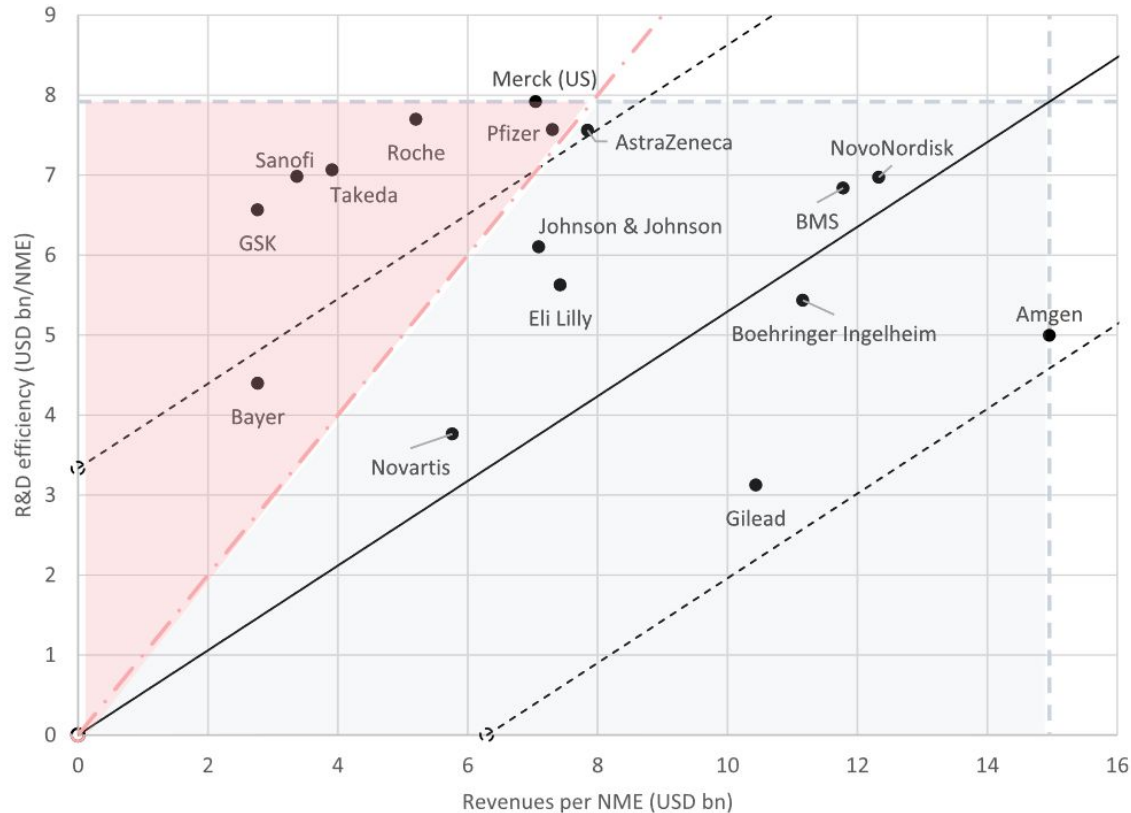
Ringel, Michael S., Jack W. Scannell, Mathias Baedeker, and Ulrik Schulze. "Breaking Eroom's Law." *Nature Reviews Drug Discovery* 19, no. 12 (April 16, 2020): 833–34.

Drug discovery and development require huge investment and large interdisciplinary teams



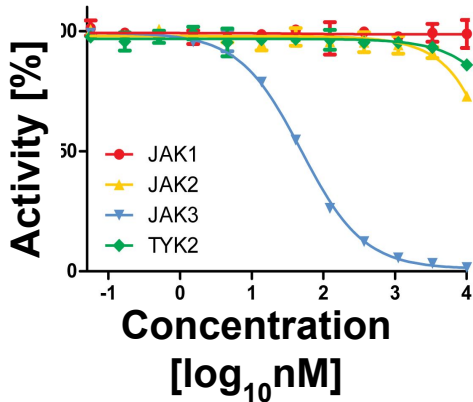
Schuhmacher, Alexander, Lucas Wilisch, Michael Kuss, Andreas Kandelbauer, Markus Hinder, and Oliver Gassmann. "R&D Efficiency of Leading Pharmaceutical Companies – A 20-Year Analysis." *Drug Discovery Today* 26, no. 8 (August 1, 2021): 1784–89. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.drudis.2021.05.005>.

Profits generated by new molecule entities (NMEs) cannot cover the cost in some companies in the last 20 years

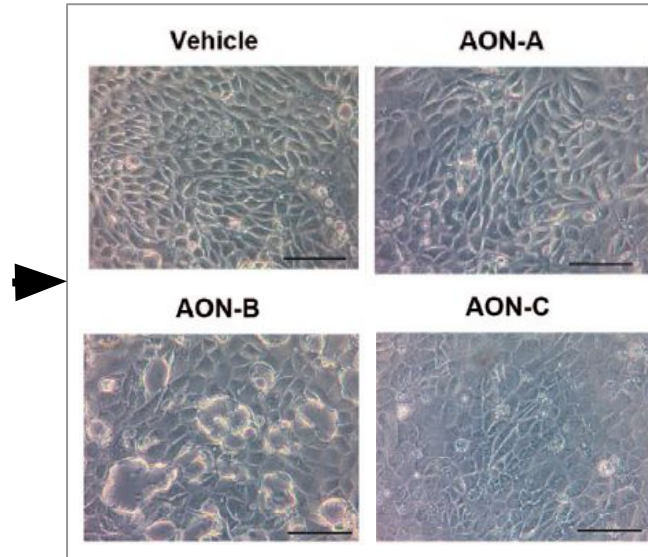


Classical workflow of efficacy and toxicity assessment

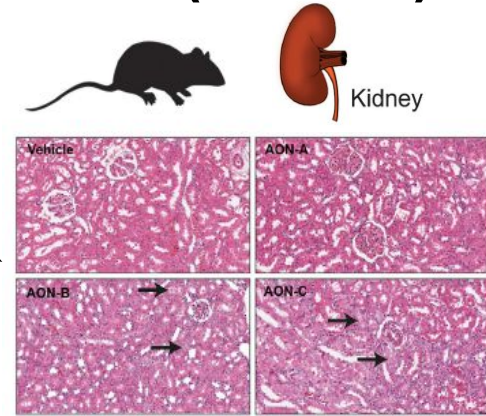
Animal experiments (*in vivo*)



Biochemical & biophysical assays

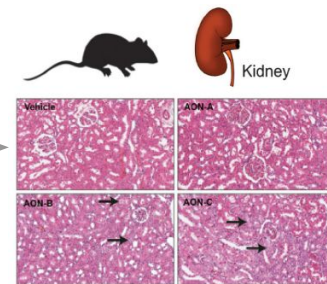
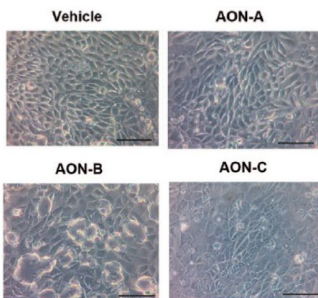
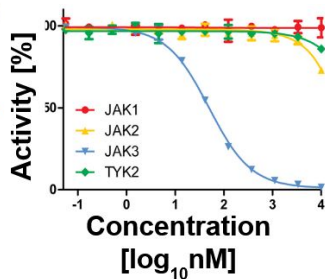
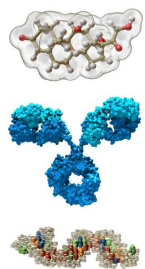


**Cellular assays
(*in vitro*)**

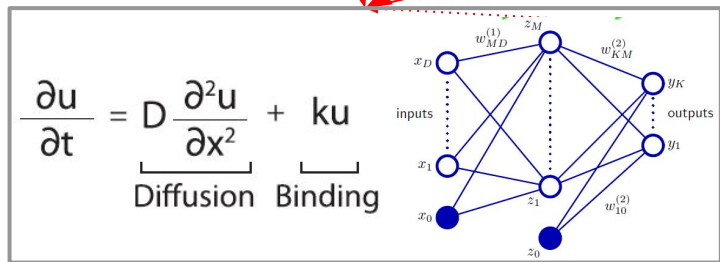


Clinical trials

Computational methods empower efficacy and toxicity assessment



High-throughput technologies (omics, microscopy, etc.)

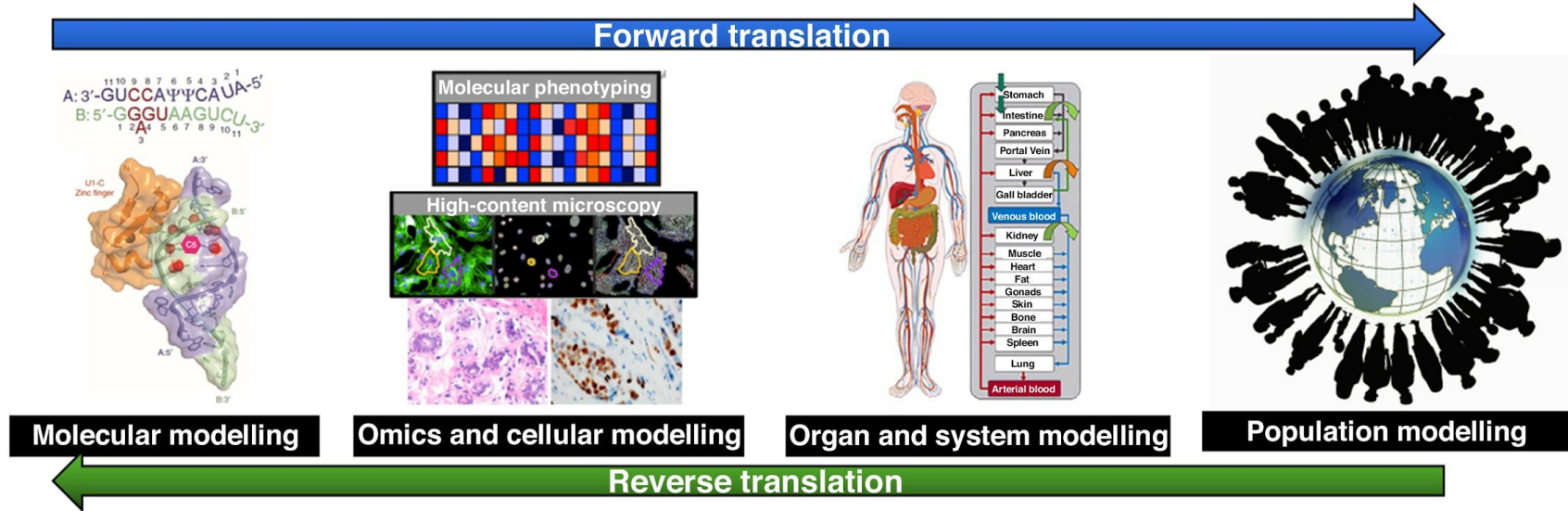


Mechanistic, causal, and statistical models



Planned end of the lecture 2

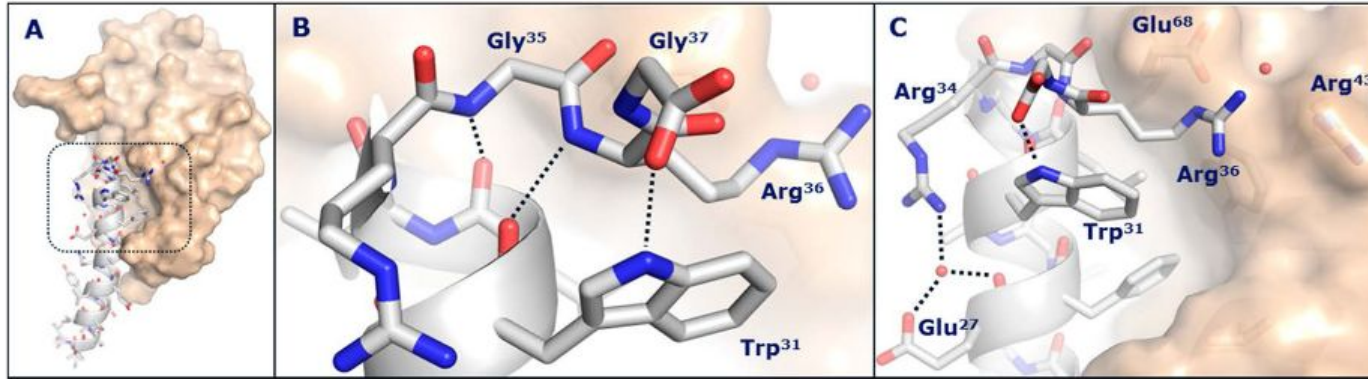
The multiscale modelling view of drug discovery



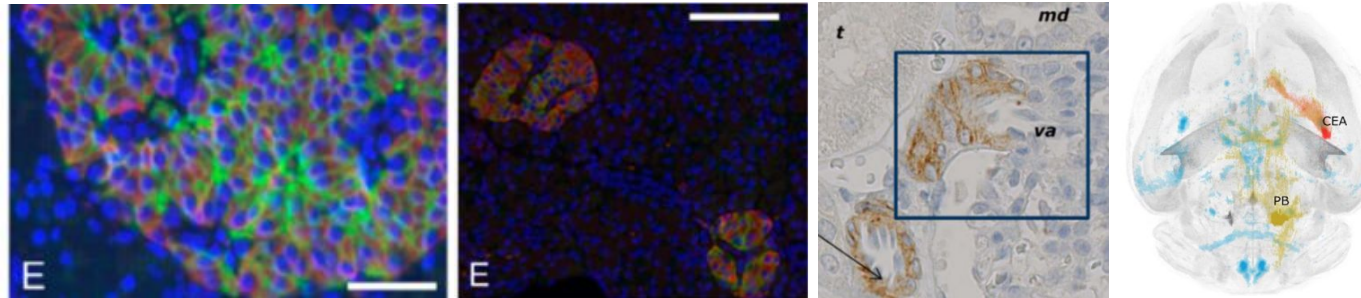
Drug Discovery Today

Zhang, Jitao David, Lisa Sach-Peltason, Christian Kramer, Ken Wang, and Martin Ebeling. 2020. "Multiscale Modelling of Drug Mechanism and Safety." *Drug Discovery Today* 25 (3): 519–34. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.drudis.2019.12.009>.

An example of multiscale understanding with semaglutide

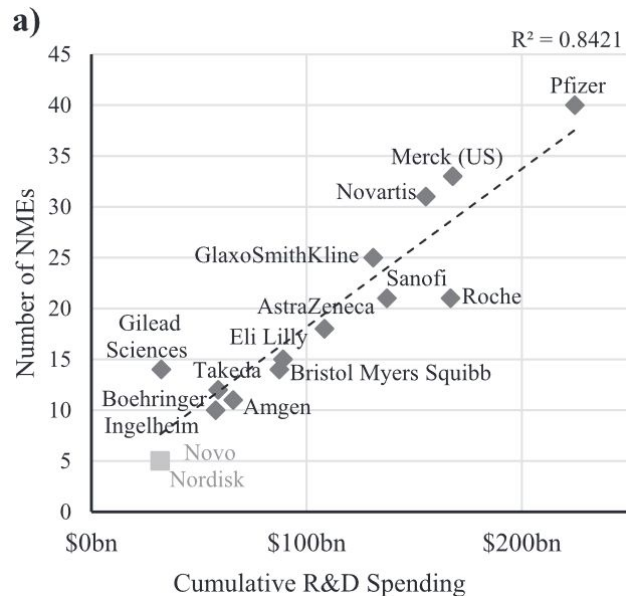


Top panels: crystal structure of the semaglutide peptide backbone (gray) in complex with its target, GLP-1 receptor (golden surfaces).

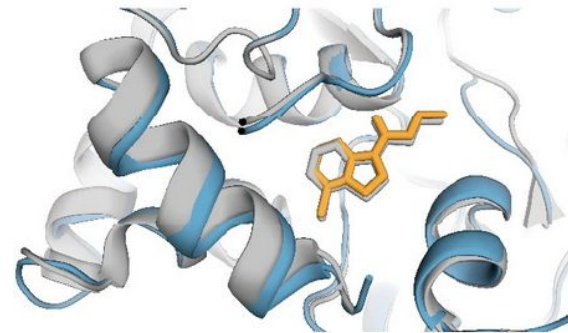
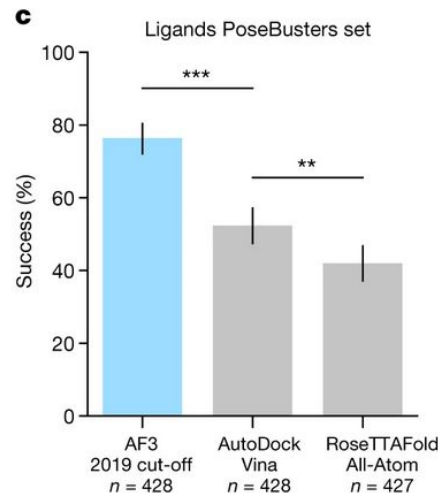


Bottom panels (from left to right): immunostaining of monkey pancreas, human pancreas, monkey muscle, and connectivity map of mice brain.

Quest of the course: to make drug discovery efficient and sustainable with mathematics and informatics



R&D efficiency of leading pharma companies, 1999-2018 (Schumacher *et al.*, 2021)



Accurate structure prediction of biomolecular interactions with *AlphaFold3* (Abramson *et al.*, 2024). The *PoseBuster* set: 428 protein-ligand released to PDB after 2021. Success: pocket-aligned ligand Root Mean Square Deviation (RMSD) of atomic positions $\leq 2\text{\AA}$. Right: AF3 prediction for which docking tools *Vina* and *Gold* were less accurate (Human Notum bound to inhibitor ARUK3004556)

Conclusions

1. Small molecules, proteins, and oligonucleotides are common modalities of drugs.
2. Major players in the game of drug discovery have distinct interests and concerns. They interact and give feedback to each other to identify new drugs.
3. Mathematical models and informatics tools integrate information and data across scales to inform drug discovery.

The path of the course

