WEEK NO: 1 MI 2022

Name: ADARSH KUMAR	Date: 14/08/2022
SRN: PES2UG20CS016	Section: B

CODE:

```
#This will help you complete other lab experiments
from array import array
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
def create_numpy_ones_array(shape):
   array=None
   array = np.ones(shape)
   return array
def create_numpy_zeros_array(shape):
   array=None
   array=np.zeros(shape)
   return array
def create_identity_numpy_array(order):
   array=None
   array=np.identity(order)
   return array
def matrix_cofactor(array):
   array = np.matrix.getH(array).transpose()
   return array
```

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```
def f1(X1,coef1,X2,coef2,seed1,seed2,seed3,shape1,shape2):
   np.random.seed(seed1)
  w1 = np.random.rand(shape1[0], shape1[1])
   np.random.seed(seed2)
  w2 = np.random.rand(shape2[0], shape2[1])
   np.random.seed(seed3)
   shape3 = (np.shape(w1)[0], np.shape(X1)[1])
   B = np.random.rand(shape3[0], shape3[1])
   if not(shape3 == (shape2[0], np.shape(X2)[1])):
      return -1
   if not(shape1[1] == np.shape(X1)[0] and shape2[1] == np.shape(X2)[0]):
      return -1
   ans = np.matmul(w1, X1 ** coef1) + np.matmul(w2, X2 ** coef2) + B
   return ans
def fill_with_mode(filename, column):
   Fill the missing values(NaN) in a column with the mode of that column
     filename: Name of the CSV file.
      column: Name of the column to fill
      df: Pandas DataFrame object.
      (Representing entire data and where 'column' does not contain NaN
values)
      (Filled with above mentioned rules)
  df=pd.read_csv(filename)
   mode = df[column].mode()[0]
   df[column].fillna(mode,inplace=True)
   return df
def fill_with_group_average(df, group, column):
   Fill the missing values(NaN) in column with the mean value of the
   group the row belongs to.
   The rows are grouped based on the values of another column
```

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```
Args:
      df: A pandas DataFrame object representing the data.
      group: The column to group the rows with
      column: Name of the column to fill
   Returns:
      df: Pandas DataFrame object.
      (Representing entire data and where 'column' does not contain NaN
values)
      (Filled with above mentioned rules)
   df[column].fillna(df.groupby(group)[column].transform('mean'),inplace=True)
   return df
def get_rows_greater_than_avg(df, column):
   Return all the rows(with all columns) where the value in a certain 'column'
   is greater than the average value of that column.
   row where row.column > mean(data.column)
  Args:
     df: A pandas DataFrame object representing the data.
      column: Name of the column to fill
   Returns:
     df: Pandas DataFrame object.
   df=df.loc[df[column] > df[column].mean()]
   return df
```

Output Screenshot:

```
D:\Course\Semester 5th\MI\MI Lab\Week1>python SampleTest.py --SRN PES2UG20CS016
Test Case 1 for create_numpy_ones_array PASSED
Test Case 2 for create_numpy_zeros_array PASSED
Test Case 3 for create_identity_numpy_array PASSED
Test Case 4 for matrix_cofactor PASSED
Test Case 5 for f1 PASSED
Test Case 6 for f1 PASSED
Test Case 7 for the function fill_with_mode PASSED
Test Case 8 for the function fill_with_group_average PASSED
Test Case 9 for the function get_rows_greater_than_avg PASSED
```