

CON 101

Memory Assignment

Consider a program consisting of a sequence statements (no conditional branches) of the type:

$\langle \text{var} \rangle = \langle \text{var} \rangle \langle \text{op} \rangle \langle \text{var} \rangle$

and

$\langle \text{var} \rangle = \langle \text{op} \rangle \langle \text{var} \rangle$

Where $\langle \text{var} \rangle$ is a variable and $\langle \text{op} \rangle$ is a unary or binary operator.

For example:

$a = b + c$

$d = a + b$

$e = c + b$

$t = -e$

The Memory Assignment problem is to assign memory locations to program variables in such a way that the total amount of memory needed is minimised. In the example above, we could store both a and e in the same memory location, since both variable are never *alive* at the same time. That is, at any point in the program, we will need to store either the value of a , or e , but never both.

Write a program that takes the above input, and generates the Memory Assignment using minimum total memory.