

Computer Science 571 2nd Exam
Prof. Papa
Thursday, May 3, 2018, 6:00pm – 7:20pm

Name:

Student ID Number:

1. This is a closed book exam.
2. Please answer all questions on the test

Cookies and Privacy Questions [10 pts]

Each question is worth 5 points.

Q1: What is displayed by the alert in the following program?

```
document.cookie = "test1=Hello";
document.cookie = "test2=World";

var myCookie =
document.cookie.replace(/(?:(?:^|.*;\s*)test2\s*\=\s*([^\;]*)).*$/|^.*$/ , "$1");

alert(myCookie);
```

A1: World

Q2: Define 3 types of cookies.

A2: Any 3 of: session, persistent, third-party, secure, conversion-tracking, server-side client-side

Web Security Questions [20 pts]

Each question is worth 2 points.

Q1: What are common ways that websites get infected?

A1:

- ☒ SQL Injection attacks
- ☐ XSP Scripting attacks
- ☒ Search Engine result redirection
- ☒ Using social networking sites to infect users
- ☒ Attacks on back end virtual hosting companies

[] ALL OF THE ABOVE

Q2: Give one example of “weak” password recovery validation

A2:

Any one of these:

1) Information Verification: Asking the user to supply their email address along with their phone number. Note that these are both publicly available.

2) Password Hints: Many users have a tendency to embed the password in the hint itself.

3) Secret Question + Answer: Something like “In which city were you born?” for a password recovery system is easily circumventable today because most of the information is public due to social networking sites.

Q3: What is a JSON array vulnerable to?

A3: **JavaScript Hijacking**

Q4: Name two techniques used to bypass the same-origin policy.

A4:

Any one of these:

1) JSON and the Dynamic Script Tag

2) JSONP

3) AJAX Proxy

4) Browser Extensions and plugins

5) CORS

6) IFRAME

Q5: What used to be the problem of Domain Keys Identified Mail (DKIM) as implemented by Google Mail?

A5: **DKIM keys were too short and could be factored in 24 hours using a notebook.**

Q6: What is the TLD used on the “deep web”?

A6: **.onion**

Q7: What combination of 2 tools adds an extra layer of encryption and anonymity making it virtually impossible to trace a user on the Web?

A7: **(Anonymizing) VPN + TOR**

Note to grader: “anonymizing is optional

Q8: At which point a TOR path becomes “unencrypted”?

A8: the “exit node” to the target web site.

Q9: Who has been the major target, by “size of breach”, of top corporate hacks?

A9: Yahoo

Q10: Define, in a sentence, DDoS.

A10: DDoS, or Distributed Denial of Service occurs when a system is overwhelmed by malicious electronic traffic.

High-Performance Websites Questions [20 pts]

Each question is worth 2 points.

Q1: What Rule is this code an example of?

```
uF(this.L,this.Q,new G(b[a].x,b[a].y));var  
c,d,e,f=$L(this,a),g=aM(this,a);e=b=c=d=0;
```

A1: Minification or Obfuscation of JavaScript

Q2: Why should you make JavaScript and CSS external?

A2: Because both can be cached

Q3: Why using a large number of hostnames in a web page is not good for performance?

A3: Because each hostname may involve a time-consuming DNS lookup

Q4: When is the use of ETags not recommended?

A4: When using “farms” of Apache servers.

Q5: What is the interaction between favicon.ico and cookies and how do you optimize it?

A5: Each time the browser requests this file, the root cookies are sent, so they should be small

Q6: Where should you put style sheets and why to optimize performance?

A6: At the top, because IE blocks rendering of the page until all style sheets have been examined.

Q7: Where should you put scripts and why to optimize performance?

A7: At the bottom, because scripts block everything from rendering below them in the page

Q8: Should a web server compress images? If yes or no, elaborate why.

A8: No, should not compress images, because all types (JPG, PNG, GIF) are already compressed.

Q9: Should you scale images or not, and why?

A9: No, because 1) rescaling in the browser is time consuming and 2) sending an image larger than needed transfers more bytes than necessary

Q10: What are the two (2) rules (of the initial 14 Souders/Theurer rules) that minimize the transfer of information between server and browser?

A10: compression and JavaScript minification

HTML5 Questions [20 pts]

Each question is worth 2 points.

Q1: In a <canvas> element what is the purpose of the “id” attribute?

A1: to obtain the “drawing context” using getContext()

Q2: Which of the following are new elements in HTML5?

☒ article

☒ aside

☐ applet

☒ header

☐ column

☒ nav

☐ ALL OF THE ABOVE

Q3: Which of the following are removed elements in HTML5?

A3:

- ☒ center
- ☒ font
- ☐ footer
- ☒ applet
- ☐ time
- ☒ frameset
- ☐ ALL OF THE ABOVE

Q4: Name three new elements requested by newspaper publishers?

A4: **Any 3 of header, footer, nav, article, section, aside.**

Q5: What is the required attribute of the <video> element in HTML5, when the video is in a single format?

A5: **src**

Q6: What are Quicktime (.MOV) and Flash (.FLV) files?

A6: **video “containers”**

Q7: Which of the following are new in HTML5?

- ☒ video and audio support
- ☒ graphics support
- ☒ local storage
- ☐ SQL support
- ☒ Geocoding support
- ☒ Semantic elements
- ☒ CSS3 support
- ☐ ALL OF THE ABOVE

Q8: What happened to the HTML 4.01 elements <center> and in HTML5?

A8: **They have been moved to CSS**

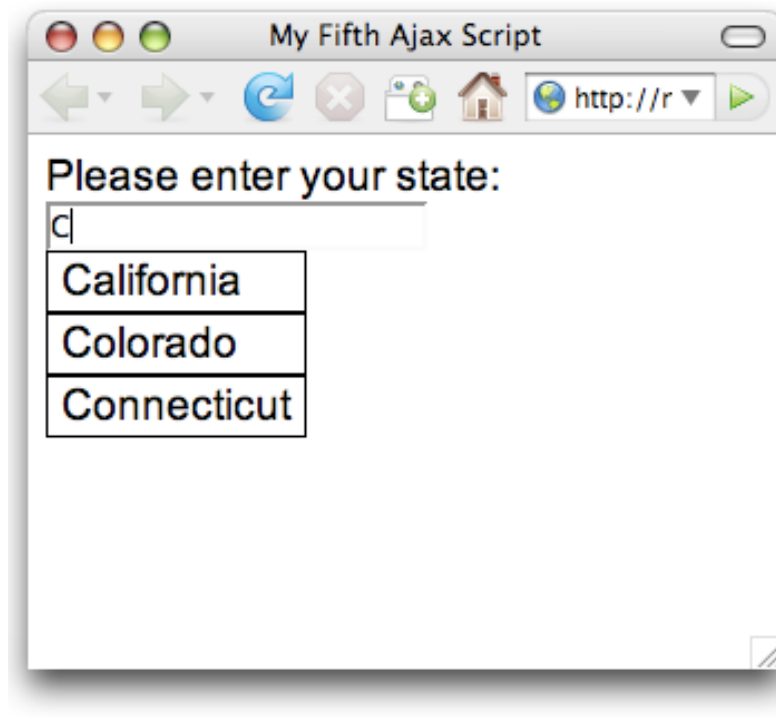
Q9: Name 4 Audio Codecs

A9: **Any 4 from MP3, AAC, AAC+, VORBIS, FLAC**

Q10: If you needed to make sure that your video files could be viewed on the large majority of browsers, what two video containers would you pick?

A10: **MPEG4 and WebM**

JavaScript and Ajax Questions [10 pts]



Below is the HTML source code that produces the web page above. There is one edit box, and when each character is typed, a list appears that shows the “suggested” valid answers, obtained from the XML file `us-states.xml`.

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN">
<html>
<head>
  <title>My Fifth Ajax Script</title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" rev="stylesheet"
href="script05.css" />
  <script src="script05.js" type="text/javascript"
language="Javascript">
  </script>
</head>
<body>
  <form action="#">
    Please enter your state:<br />

    <input type="text" id="searchField"
autocomplete="off" /><br />
    <div id="popups"> </div>
  </form>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```

Below is the JavaScript source code, script05.js, that was imported into the HTML above, but some of the lines are missing, replaced by XXXXXXXXs. Fill in the missing.

```
window.onload = initAll;
var xhr = false;
var statesArray = new Array();

function initAll() {
    document.getElementById("searchField").onkeyup =
searchSuggest;

    if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
        xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
    }
    else {
        if (window.ActiveXObject) {
            try {
                xhr = new
ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
            }
            catch (e) { }
        }
    }

    if (xhr) {
        xhr.onreadystatechange = setStatesArray;
        xhr.open("GET", "us-states.xml", true);
        xhr.send(null);
    }
    else {
        alert("Sorry, but I couldn't create an
XMLHttpRequest");
    }
}

function setStatesArray() {
    if (xhr.readyState == 4) {
        if (xhr.status == 200) {
            if (xhr.responseXML) {
                var allStates =
xhr.responseXML.getElementsByTagName("item");
                for (var i=0; i<allStates.length; i++) {
```

```

        statesArray[i] =
allStates[i].getElementsByTagName("label")[0].firstChild;
    }
}
else {
    alert("There was a problem with the request " +
xhr.status);
}
}
}

function searchSuggest() {
    var str = document.getElementById("searchField").value;
    document.getElementById("searchField").className = "";
    if (str != "") {
        document.getElementById("popups").innerHTML = "";

        for (var i=0; i<statesArray.length; i++) {
            var thisState = statesArray[i].nodeValue;

            if
(thisState.toLowerCase().indexOf(str.toLowerCase()) == 0) {
                var tempDiv =
document.createElement("div");
                tempDiv.innerHTML = thisState;
                tempDiv.onclick = makeChoice;
                tempDiv.className = "suggestions";

                document.getElementById("popups").appendChild(tempDiv);
            }
            var foundCt =
document.getElementById("popups").childNodes.length;
            if (foundCt == 0) {
                document.getElementById("searchField").className
= "error";
            }
            if (foundCt == 1) {
                document.getElementById("searchField").value =
document.getElementById("popups").firstChild.innerHTML;
                document.getElementById("popups").innerHTML =
"";
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```
function makeChoice(evt) {
    var thisDiv = (evt) ? evt.target :
window.event.srcElement;
    document.getElementById("searchField").value =
thisDiv.innerHTML;
    document.getElementById("popups").innerHTML = "";
}
```

[for graders: each line is worth 2 points]

JQuery Questions [10 pts]

Each question is worth 2 points.

Q1: (2 points) What is the JQuery code that corresponds to the following?

```
var myButton = document.getElementById("myButton");
```

A1: `$("#myButton");`

Q2: (2 points) What are three examples of JQuery “basic” selectors?

A2: Any 3 of All, Class, Element, ID and Multiple.

Q3: If you were to use JQuery make your code independent of Browser differences, which set of functions would you pick?

A3: JQuery AJAX Functions

Q4: Name 2 categories of JQuery selectors

A4: Any 2 of Attribute, Basic, Basic Filter, Child Filter, Content Filter, Form

Q5: [Each “correct” missing line is worth 1 point. NO PARTIAL CREDIT]

Consider the following example without JQuery:

```
hex=255 // Initial color value.
function fadetxt() {
    if(hex>0) { //If color is not black yet
        hex -= 11; // increase color darkness

document.getElementById("sample").style.color="rgb("+hex+", "+he
x+", "+hex+")";
        setTimeout("fadetxt()",20);    }
```

```
    else    hex=255 //reset hex value  
}
```

A5: Rewrite it using JQuery. Assume #fadeText is the id of the button.

```
$(function() { // when document is ready  
    $("#fadeText").click(function() { // set a onClick handler  
on fadeText  
        $("h3").fadeOut(125).delay().fadeIn(125);  
        // fadeOut the h3 for 125 ms, delay, then fadeIn for  
125 ms  
    });  
});
```

Grading Guidelines:

If any student came with different solution might be correct
please spread the solution to the other graders to take a
decision

JavaScript Frameworks, Libraries & Serverless Questions [10 pts]

Each question is worth 2 points.

Q1. Which of the following are TRUE of React?

- ☒ ReactJS is a “view layer library
- ☐ ReactJS is a framework like AngularJS
- ☐ ReactJS implements MVC
- ☒ Using ReactJS it is easy to mix HTML and JavaScript
- ☒ React Native allows to build iOS apps
- ☐ ALL OF THE ABOVE

Note: there is no partial credit

Q2. What is JSX?

A2. JavaScript XML, a syntax extension to JavaScript

Q3. Which of the following are TRUE of Firebase?

- ☒ Is a cross platform set of tools
- ☒ Includes functionality for authentication
- ☐ Includes functionality for data mapping
- ☐ Requires the use of a GCP project

☐ ALL OF THE ABOVE

Note: there is no partial credit

Q4. Which of the following are TRUE of Node.js?

☒ Is a JavaScript runtime built on Chrome V8

☐ Uses blocking IO model

☒ Includes modules that handle HTTP

☐ Includes modules that handle IP

☒ Is bundled with 'npm'

☐ ALL OF THE ABOVE

Note: there is no partial credit

Q5. Name 2 platforms for serverless architectures.

A5. **Any 2 of AWS Lambda, GCP Functions, Azure Functions, and IBM OpenWhisk**