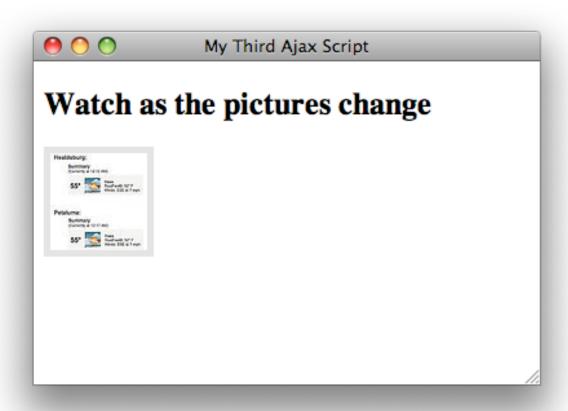
Computer Science 571 2nd Exam Prof. Papa

Tuesday, April 24, 2012, 7:00pm - 8:20pm

Student ID Number: Name:

- 1. This is a closed book exam.
- 2. Please answer all questions on the test

JavaScript and Ajax Questions [20 pts]



Below is the HTML source code that produces the web page above.

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN">
<html>
<head>
      <title>My Third Ajax Script</title>
      <script src="script03.js" type="text/javascript"</pre>
language="Javascript">
      </script>
</head>
```

```
<body>
<h2>Watch as the pictures change</h2>
<div id="pictureBar"> </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Below is the JavaScript source code, script03.js, that was imported into the HTML above, but some of the lines are missing, replaced by XXXXXXXs. Fill in the missing.

```
window.onload = initAll;
var xhr = false;
function initAll() {
      if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
            xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
      else {
            if (window.ActiveXObject) {
                  try {
                        xhr = new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
                  catch (e) { }
            }
      }
      if (xhr) {
            XXXXXXXX1:
      }
      else {
            alert("Sorry, but I couldn't create an XMLHttpRequest");
      }
}
function getPix() {
      xhr.open("GET", "flickrfeed.xml", true);
      xhr.onreadystatechange = showPictures;
      xhr.send(null);
      XXXXXXX2 ("getPix()",5 * 1000);
}
function showPictures() {
      var tempDiv = document.createElement("div");
      var tempDiv2 = document.createElement("div");
      if (xhr.readyState == 4) {
            if (xhr.status == 200) {
                  tempDiv.innerHTML = XXXXXXXX3;
```

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JSON Question [10 pts]

The REST Flickr Service includes a "getInfo" API, flickr.groups.getInfo, which returns information about a group. It is defined as follows:

flickr.groups.getInfo

Get information about a group.

Authentication

This method does not require authentication.

Arguments

api key (Required)

Your API application key. See here for more details.

group id (Required)

The NSID of the group to fetch information for.

lang (Optional)

The language of the group name and description to fetch. If the language is not found, the primary language of the group will be returned. Valid values are the same as in feeds.

A sample XML REST call is shown below:

http://api.flickr.com/services/rest/?method=flickr.groups.getInfo&api_key=9a10 9528904f276f8ee6c73e2b6fabad&group_id=16978849%40N00&format=rest&api_sig=8c29ce037845c117b2f41e310b04660c

When the format is XML (format=rest), the following is an example of the data returned:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<rsp stat="ok">
  <group id="16978849@N00" iconserver="4"</pre>
iconfarm="1">
    <name>Black and White</name>
    <description>Welcome to Black and White
Photography.</description>
    <members>213124</members>
    <privacy>3</privacy>
    <roles member="Black and White Group Member"
    moderator="Black and White Moderator"
     admin="Black and White Administrator" />
    <throttle mode="none" />
    <restrictions photos ok="1"
     restricted ok="0" has geo="0" />
  </group>
</rsp>
```

When the "format=json", a JSON response is returned. A sample JSON REST call is shown below:

A sample JSON REST call is shown below:

http://api.flickr.com/services/rest/?method=flickr.groups.getInfo&api_key=9a109528904f276f8ee6c73e2b6fabad&group_id=16978849%40N00&format=json&nojsoncallback=1&api_sig=06460333572a57c5d62cca2b240a0769

Please fill in the missing JSON code that duplicates the XML result above:

```
{ "group": {
    "id": "16978849@N00",
    "iconserver": 4,
    "iconfarm": 1,
```

```
},
"stat": "ok" }
```

XML Schema Questions [20 pts]

Consider the following XML Schema, family.xsd:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
elementFormDefault="qualified">
<xs:element name="persons">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="person" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="full name" type="xs:string"/>
            <xs:element name="child_name" type="xs:string"</pre>
            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="5"/>
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>
```

[10 pts] Write an XML instance document that conforms with such Schema:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<persons xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="family.xsd">
```

```
</persons>
```

Consider the following XML Schema, shiporder.xsd:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
<xs:element name="shiporder">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="orderperson" type="xs:string"/>
      <xs:element name="shipto">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string"/>
            <xs:element name="address" type="xs:string"/>
            <xs:element name="city" type="xs:string"/>
            <xs:element name="country" type="xs:string"/>
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="item" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="title" type="xs:string"/>
            <xs:element name="note" type="xs:string"</pre>
minOccurs="0"/>
            <xs:element name="quantity"</pre>
type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
            <xs:element name="price" type="xs:decimal"/>
          </xs:sequence>
```

[10 pts] Write an XML instance document that conforms with such Schema:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<shiporder orderid="889923"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="shiporder.xsd">
```

```
</shiporder>
```

Java Servlet Questions [20 pts]

Below is snapshot of a web page that includes a text box and a button labeled Google Search. When a query is entered and the button clicked, a Java Servlet is called that accepts the query and sends it to Google to produce the results.



The Google Search API for accessing web search results from a program includes the following functions:

GoogleSearchServiceLocator - create an object of type GoogleSearchService

getGoogleSearchPort - creates an object of type GoogleSearchPort, the basis of all the remaining Google Search APIs

doGetCachedPage(key,url_) - invokes a search for cached pages with given keyword and URL

doGoogleSearch(key, query, start, maxResults, filter, restrict, safeSearch, lr, ie, oe) – the basic google search with all the parameters available in Google Advanced search page, returns an object with all results

getEstimatedTotalResultsCount() - returns the estimated count of total results

getResultElements() – return an array of all results getURL – for a given result returns the URL getCachedSize()) – for a given result returns the cache size getTitle() – for a given result returns the website title getSnippet() – for a given result returns the site summary

Below is part of the servlet. Complete the missing code.

```
import GoogleSearch.*;
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.util.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import java.lang.Object.*;
public final class GoogleAxis extends HttpServlet {
public void doGet (HttpServletRequest request,
                      HttpServletResponse response)
      throws IOException, ServletException {
      response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
      PrintWriter writer = response.getWriter();
      writer.println("<html>");
      writer.println("<head><meta HTTP-EQUIV=\"content-type\"</pre>
CONTENT=\"text/html; charset=UTF-8\">");
      writer.println("<title>Jinwoo CSCI 571 hw10 advance search</title>");
      writer.println("</head>");
      writer.println("<body bgcolor=white>");
      GoogleSearchService gss = new GoogleSearchServiceLocator();
            try {
                  GoogleSearchPort port = qss.xxxxxxxx1;
                  String key = "Y8YBfK9QFHIX+7XzAnHS7w7OkCLig1+K";
                  String query=request.getParameter("q");
                  String url ="";
                  boolean filter = false;
                  boolean safeSearch = false;
                  boolean cache=false;
            if (request.getParameter("cache") != null &&
request.getParameter("cache").equals("true"))
                cache=true;
                writer.println("<br><font color=red>THIS IS CACHED PAGE FROM
GOOGLE</font>")
            if (request.getParameter("url") != null)
                url =request.getParameter("url");
            if(cache==true)
            byte [] cachedBytes = port. XXXXXXXX2 (key,url );
                String cachedString = new String(cachedBytes);
            writer.println(cachedString);
```

```
else if (cache==false)
                  try {
                        GoogleSearchResult result = port. XXXXXXXX (key,
 query, start, maxResults, filter, restrict, safeSearch, lr, ie, oe);
                        writer.println("<br><h3>Google Search Results
for<b></h3> " + query + "</b><br />");
                        int eTRC = result.getEstimatedTotalResultsCount();
                        ResultElement[] resultElements = result. xxxxxxxx4;
                        writer.println("Total Results Number: "+eTRC);
                        if(eTRC==0) writer.println("<br><h2>NO SEARCH
RESULT</h2>");
                        else if(eTRC!=0)
//for title & hyperlink
                        for (int i=0; i< XXXXXXXX5; i++) {
writer.println("<a href=\"" + resultElements[i].getURL()+ "\">" +
resultElements[i].getTitle() + "</a><br />");
writer.println(resultElements[i].getSnippet());
//Cached size
                        writer.println("<br><font</pre>
color=green><b>"+resultElements[i].getURL()+" - Cached Size:</b> </font>" +
resultElements[i].getCachedSize());
//Cached site link
            String k
="%q=cache%btnG=Advanced+Google+Search%lan=+&maxresult=10&filter=true";
      writer.println( "<a</pre>
href=\"http://csci351.usc.edu:16540/examples/servlet/GoogleAxis?cache=true&u
rl="+resultElements[i].getURL()+k+"\">Cached</a>");
//making related to url
            String
o url=resultElements[i].getURL().substring(resultElements[i].getURL().lastIn
dexOf(":")+3).trim();
            String a="<a
href=\"http://csci351.usc.edu:16540/examples/servlet/GoogleAxis?q=related:"+
o url+"&btnG=Advanced+Google+Search&lan=lang en&maxresult=10\">Similar
pages</a>";
      writer.println(a);
```

Web Performance Questions [10 pts]

List any 5 recent rules (not the initial 14 rules) for faster Web pages from Yahoo's YSlow that help speed up web performance.

HTML5 Questions [10 pts]

Each question is worth 2 points.

Q1: List two new semantic elements included in HTML5.

A1:

Q2: What new element provides a resolution independent bitmap, which can be used for rendering graphs, game graphics or other visual images?

A2:

Q3: What elements have been removed from HTML5 because their usage affected usability and accessibility for the end user in a negative way"?
A3:
Q4: What are Quicktime (.mov) and Flash Video (.flv) files?
A4:
Q5: What is the most popular video codec?
A5:
JSON /AJAX Questions [10 pts]
Each is worth 2 points.
Q1: What is the "same origin policy"?
Q2: Which method is NOT a member of XMLHttpRequest object? Circle your answer.
a. open() b. send() c. cancel() d. setRequestHeader()
Q3: If req is a reference to an XMLHttpRequest object, which of the following is using XMLHttpRequest for a synchronous request? Circle your answer.
a. Req.open("GET", http://myserver/getComething, false);
b. Req.open("GET", http://myserver/getComething, true);
c. Req.open("GET", http://myserver/getComething);
Q4: What is the year when "recommendations" of ECMAScript 3 and HTML 4.01 were made available?
Q5: Lists the 6 types of JSON values