

## TRACKBALL PROJECT: FUNCTIONS

### SpaceCoordsToVec3

This function gets the 2D Mouse coordinates and the sphere radius and returns a vector in the 3D surface of a Holroyd's arcball

**Inputs:**

- (x,y,r): Mouse coordinates and sphere radius

**Outputs:**

- A: Vector from 3D surface of a Holroyd's arcball

### QuatFrom2Vec

this function extracts and returns the quaternion rotation from two vectors in 3D. We will use this to get the quaternion from the mouse position and the previous one.

**Inputs:**

- (vec1, vec2): Vectors 3D

**Outputs:**

- q: resulting quaternion

### quaternionMultiplication

Computes the quaternion multiplication of the given quaternions

**Inputs:**

- qb: quaternion on the left
- qa: quaternion on the right

**Outputs:**

- q: computed quaternion

### ReCalculateParametrization

This function sets all the new information in the other parametrizations. Here, we will call the following functions to get – Quaternions – Euler principal Angle and Axis – Euler angles – Rotation vector – Rotation matrix – of the equivalent attitude representation.

**Inputs:**

- R: The new rotation matrix.
- alreadyComp: is a flag that we set to not recalculate already computed parametrization:

- handles: This allows us to change and set new info to our figure

## **rotMat2Quaternion**

Computes a quaternion given a rotation matrix. In our project we will use this to set the new info of the quaternion.

### **Inputs:**

- R: Rotation matrix

### **Outputs:**

- q: generated quaternion

## **rotMat2Eeaa**

Computes the angle and principal axis of rotation given a rotation matrix R. In our project we will use this to set the new info of the angle and principal axis.

### **Inputs:**

- R: Rotation matrix

### **Outputs:**

- a: angle of rotation in degrees
- u: axis of rotation

## **rotM2eAngles**

Computes the Euler angles (yaw, pitch, roll) given an input rotation matrix R. In our project we will use this to set the new info of the Euler angles

### **Inputs:**

- R: Rotation matrix

### **Outputs:**

- yaw: angle of rotation around the z axis
- pitch: angle of rotation around the y axis
- roll: angle of rotation around the x axis

## **RotMat2rotVec**

Computes a rotation vector given a rotation matrix. In our project we will use this to set the new info of the Rotation Vector.

### **Inputs:**

- R: Rotation matrix

### **Outputs:**

- v: generated rotation vector

## **Eaa2rotMat**

Computes the rotation matrix  $R$  given an angle and axis of rotation.

### **Inputs:**

- a: angle of rotation
- u: axis of rotation

### **Outputs:**

- $R$ : generated rotation matrix

## **eAngles2rotM**

Computes the rotation matrix  $R$  given the Euler angles (yaw, pitch, roll)

### **Inputs:**

- yaw: angle of rotation around the z axis
- pitch: angle of rotation around the y axis
- roll: angle of rotation around the x axis

### **Outputs:**

- $R$ : rotation matrix

## **quaternion2rotM**

Computes the rotation matrix  $R$  given a quaternion.

### **Inputs:**

- q: quaternion.

### **Outputs:**

- $R$ : Rotation Matrix.

## **RotVec2RotMat**

Computes the rotation matrix  $R$  given a rotation vector.

### **Inputs:**

- r: rotation vector.

### **Outputs:**

- $R$ : generated rotation matrix.