3. E sem VII - CBSC03 - Computer - 24/11/16 Q.P. Code: 622700

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(3 hours)

Total Marks: 80

- N.B. 1. Question No. 1 is compulsory
 - 2. Attempt any three out of remaining
 - 3. Assume suitable data if necessary and justify the assumptions
 - 4. Figures to the right indicate full marks
- Q1 A Perform convolution operation between given function in time domain if

$$x_1(n) = (-3)^n$$
 for $n = 0, 1, 2, 3$

otherwise

$$x_2(n) = u(n) - u(n-4)$$

- B Find whether the given signal is energy signal or not $x(n) = u(n) \cdot u(n-6)$. 05
- C State the stability criteria of discrete time system and determine the given IIR 05 system is stable or not y(n) = 5x(n) + 12.
- D Find IDFT of $X(k) = \{2, 1-j, 0, 1+j\}$. 05
- A Consider the following analog signal

$x(t)=2\sin(100 * \Pi * t)$

The signal x(t) is sampled with a sampling rate Fs=50Hz. Determine the discrete time signal. Plot the discrete time signal. And also calculate total number of samples.

- B If $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 6\}$ find $X_1(K)$ and $p(n) = \{1, 6, 3, 2\}$ Find P(K) using $X_1(K)$. 10
- A Check whether following systems are:

- i)Static or Dynamic ii)Linear or Non-linear
- iii)Shift invariant or variant iv)Causal or Non-causal.
- a) $y(n) = 2^n u(n)$ b) y(n) = 4x(n) + x(n-2)
- B For $x(n) = \{8, 5, 2, 4, 2, 1\}$, plot the following Discrete Time signals: 10
 - 1.) x(n+2)
- 2.) x(n)u(-n)
- 3.) x(n-1)u(-n-2)
- 4.) x(-n-1)u(n) $5.) \times (2n-1)$
- Q4 A State any five DFT properties. 10
 - B Draw the radix 2 DIT FFT and find the DFT of the sequence 10 $x(n) = \{2, 3, 4, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$ using FFT flow graph.

[TURN OVER]

B. E sem VII - CBSGS - computer - 20/11/16 DSP

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Q5	A	Compute Linear Convolution of causal sequence $x(n) = \{5, 6, 2, 4, 1, 4, 5, 2, 3\}$				
		and $h(n)=\{2, 1, 3, 1\}$ using fast overlap add method.				
	В	For the FIR digital filter with impulse response given by	10			
		$h(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-2) + 3\delta(n-3)$ sketch the magnitude response of the filter.				
Q6	A	Write a detailed note on TMS 320.	10			
	В	Write a detailed note on Carls' Correlation Coefficient Algorithm.	10			

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B	E Sem VII - CBSUS - computer - 01/12/16 Q.P. Code: 811502 (3 Hours) [Total Marks Coupling raphy and system Security 1. Question No 1 is compulsory. 2. Attempt any three out of the remaining five questions.	: 80
		9
	Q1. (a) What are block ciphers? Explain with examples the CBC and ECB modes of block ciphers.	05
	(b) Encrypt the string "This is an easy task" using a playfair cipher with key "monarchy".	05
	(b) Define authentication and non-repudiation and show with examples how each one can be achieved.	05
	(d) Describe triple DES with two DES keys. Is man in the middle attack possible on triple DES?	05
	Q2. (a) A and B decide to use Diffie Hellman algorithm to share a key. They choose p=23 and g=5 as the public parameters. Their secret keys are 6 and 15 respectively. Compute the secret key that they share.	10
	(b) Compare DES and IDEA. Explain the round key generation scheme in both these algorithms.	10
	Q3. (a) What are the different types of viruses and worms? How do they propogate?	10
	Q3. (b) What are the various ways for memory and address protection in Operating systems? How is authentication achieved in O.S?	10
	Q4. (a) Explain briefly with examples, how the following attacks occur: i)Salami	10

attack ii) Denial of Service attack iii) session hijacking attack iv) Cross-cite

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Q4. (b) How is security achieved in the transport and tunnel modes of IPSec? Describe

Q5. (b) A and B wish to use RSA to communicate securely. A chooses public key (e,n)

as (7,247) and B chooses public key (e,n) as (5,221). Calculate their private keys. What will be the cipher text sent by A to B if A wishes to send message

Q5. (a) How is confidentiality achieved in emails using either S/MIME or PGP?

Q5. (c) What is a digital signature? Explain any digital signature algorithm.

Q6. (b) What are firewalls. Explain the different types of firewalls and mention the

scripting attack

the role of AH and ESP.

m=5 securely to B?

i) ii)

Q6. (a) Compare and contrast (any two):

layer in which they operate.

Block and stream ciphers

MD-5 versus SHA KDC versus CA

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Q. P. Code: 811602

(Total Marks: 80)

N.B. 1. Question No. 1 is compulsory

2. Attempt any three (3) out of remaining five (5)

3. Assume suitable data if necessary and justify the assumptions

4. Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q1		Attempt an four (4)				*	, a			
	[A]	What are PEAS descriptors? Give PEAS descriptors for a robot meant [05] for cleaning the house.								
	[B]	Define heuristic function. Give an example heuristics function for 8-puzzle problem. Find the heuristics value for a particular state of the Blocks World Problem.								
	[C]	Compare and Contrast problem solving agent and planning agent [05]								
	[D]	What are the problems/frustrations that occur in hill climbing technique? Illustrate with an example								
	[E]	Represent the following statement into FOPL. (i) Every tree in which any aquatic bird sleeps is beside some lake. (ii) People try to assassinate rulers they are not loyal to.								
Q2	[A]	Consider the given ins	stance	e of 8-p	uzzle.				[10]	
		1	2	3	1	2	3		[10]	
		4	5	6	4	6				
		7	8		7	5	8	9		

Initial state Compare and contrast uninformed search strategies with respect to solving 8-puzzle problem.

[B] Draw and describe the architecture of goal based agent. [06]

[C] Convert the following propositional logic statement into CNF [04] $(A \leftrightarrow B) \rightarrow C$

Q3 [A] The law says that it is a crime for an American to sell weapons to hostile nations. The country Nono, an enemy of America, has some missiles, and all of its missiles were sold to it by Colonel West, who is an American.

Goal State

(i) Represent the above sentences in first order predicate [04] logic (FOPL).

(ii) Convert them to clause form

(iii) Prove that "West is Criminal" using resolution [04] 04] technique

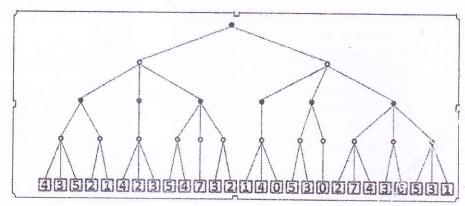
What are the basic building blocks of Learning Agent? Explain each of [08] them with a neat block diagram.

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Q4 [A] Apply alpha-Beta pruning on following example considering first node as MAX

[10]



- [B] Draw general architectural diagram of Expert system. Explain every [10] component in detail of this block with an example.
- Q5 [A] Give the initial state, goal test, successor function, and cost function for the travelling salesperson problem (TSP). There is a map involving N cities some of which are connected by roads. The aim is to find the shortest tour that starts from a city, visits all the cities exactly once and comes back to the starting city.
 - [B] Prove the admissibility of A* [06]
 - [C] Explain a partial order planner with an example [08]
- Q6 [A] Given a full 4-gallon jug and an empty 3- gallon jug, the goal is to fill the 4-gallon jug with exactly 2-gallons of water. Give state space representation.
 - [B] The gauge reading at a nuclear power station shows high values if the temperature of the core goes very high. The gauge also shows high value if the gauge is faulty. A high reading in the gauge sets an alarm off. The alarm can also go off if it is faulty. The probability of faulty instruments is low in a nuclear power plant.
 - (i) Draw the Bayesian Belief Network for the above situation
 - (ii) Associate a conditional probability table for each node

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B.B. VII (CBSGS),	computed Engg,	NOV-2016, 15/12/	12016
	soft computing	O.P. Code : 790703	

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[Total Marks: 80

(2) Solve any three out of five remaining questions.

(d) What are the features of hybrid system? Why is it required?

- 1. (a) Define Support, Core, Crossover points, Normality and Convex Fuzzy sets.
 (b) What are the types of neural processing?
 (c) State differences between derivative based and derivative free optimization techniques?
- Design a fuzzy controller for a train approaching or leaving a station. The inputs are the distance from the station and speed of the train. The output
- is the amount of brake power used. Use four descriptors each for inputs and output and design using mamdani fuzzy model. Derive set of rules for control action and defuzzification. The design should be supported by figures. Prove that if the train is at a short distance with great speed the brake power required would be very high and vice versa.
- 3. (a) Four steps of Hebbian learning of a single neuron network is implemented starting with $w^1 = [1 1]$ at the rate = 1, using the inputs given below: $X_1 = [1, -2]$ $X_2 = [0, 1]$ $X_1 = [2, 3]$ $X_1 = [1, -1]$ Find final weights for binary continuous activation function.
 - (b) Explain Error Back Propagation training algorithm with flow chart. 10
- 4. (a) How is LVQ working as a classifier? With a neat flow explain the working of LVQ?
 - (b) What are the steps in Genetic Algorithm? Explain examples the uniform crossover, tournament selection and mutation.
- 5. (a) What are the types of Fuzzy Inference Systems? Explain each with appropriate diagrams.
 - (b) Explain ANFIS architecture with a neat diagram.

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6. Write short notes on any four:

(a) Fuzzy extension principle

- (b) Flowchart of Single Discrete Perceptron Algorithm (SDPTA)
- (c) Kohonen Learning Algorithm
- (d) Newton's Method in derivative based optimization
- (e) CANFIS

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