# **Exercise objective:**

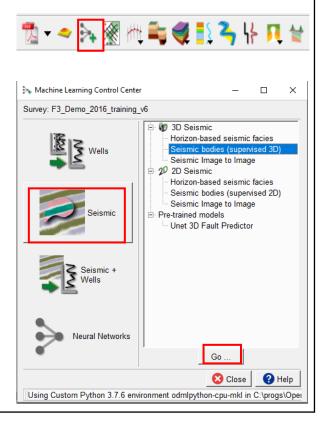
To predict seismic geo-bodies using the "Seismic bodies (supervised 3D)" tool which is part of the machine learning plugin. In this exercise, we want to predict Chimney location.

# **Seismic data Preparation**

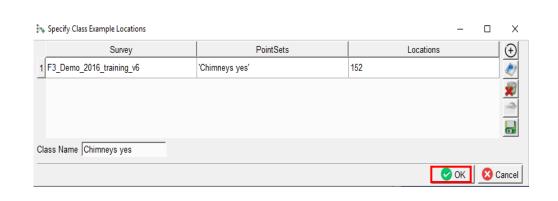
**Seismic** need to be available in the survey. If not, **import** seismic, and interpret key seismic bodies locations (e.g. Chimney yes, Chimney no), or use existing trained model.

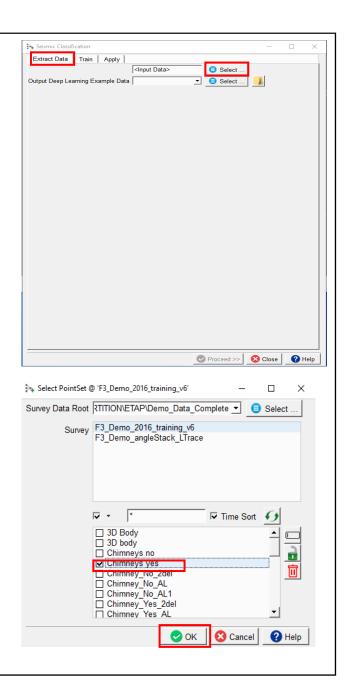
#### Workflow:

- 1. Open the Machine Learning Control Center with the 🚵 icon.
- 2. Click on Seismic.
- 3. Select Seismic bodies (supervised 3D), and Hit Go.

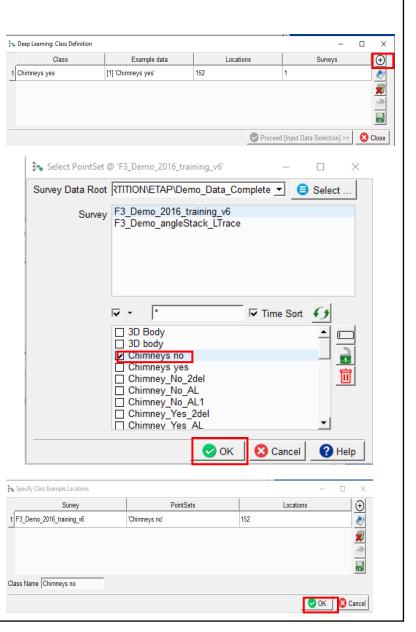


- 4. The "Seismic Classification" window pops up.
- 5. Select Input Data in the "Extract Data" tab.
- 6. In the "Select PointSet" window, Select the Survey and the 1st Class Example Locations (e.g. Chimney yes).
- **7. Press** OK in the "Specify Class Example Locations" window.





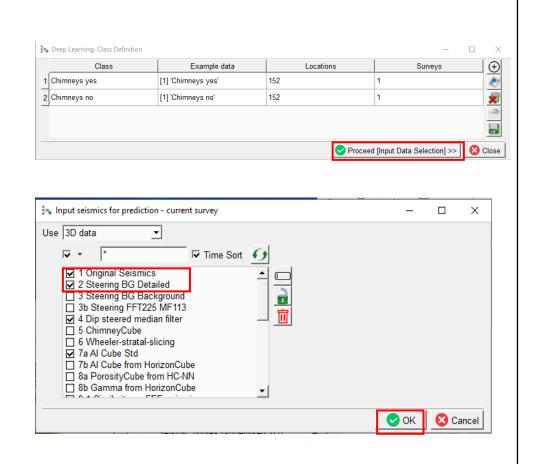
- 8. In the "Deep Learning": Class Definition Window, Hit icon (+) to add more PointSets.
- 9. In the "Specify PointSet" window, Select the Survey and the 2<sup>nd</sup> class example locations (e.g. Chimney no).
- **10.** Press OK in the "Specify Class Example Locations" window.



11. In the "Deep Learning: Class Definition" window, Verify that the default selected data are correct.

Press Proceed [Input Data Selection].

- 12. In the "Input Seismic for prediction" window, Select the appropriate 3D seismic cubes, and seismic attributes.
- 13. Press OK.



14. "Input Log Selection" window pops up.

Input logs can be modified. Keep the default parameters as indicated in this window.

- **15.** Specify a new name for the Output Deep Learning Example Data (e.g. DL\_Example\_Chimney\_st8x8x16Z4).
- 16. Press Proceed.

Survey Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 4

1 F3\_Demo\_2016\_training\_v6 1 Original Seismics v 2 Steering BG Details v 4 Dip steered median v 7a Al Cube Std v

Stepouts Inl: 8 : Crl: 8 : Z: 16 : Z step (ms) 4

Edge/Gap Policy Exclude incomplete Add data

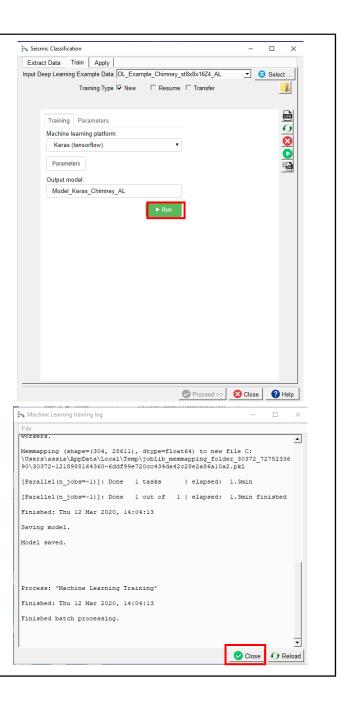
Output Deep Learning Example Data Example\_Chimney\_st8x8x16Z4\_AL v Select ...

17. The *Train* tab opens-up.

Select one of the learning algorithm (e.g. Keras-tensorflow) to train the extracted examples data.

Different machine learning platforms and parameters can be tested. Keep the defaults parameters.

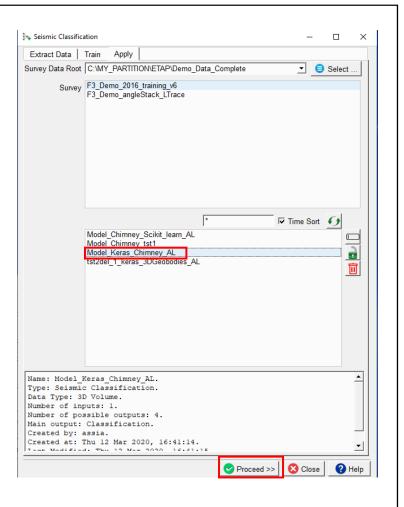
- **18.** Specify a new *Output model* name (e.g Model\_Keras\_Chimney).
- 19. Press Run.
- 20. Once the computation is done, **Close** the ML log window.



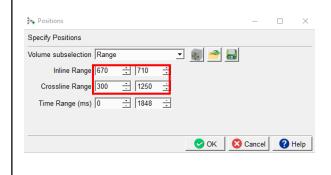
**21.** Select the "Apply" tab. Check all selected data Ok.

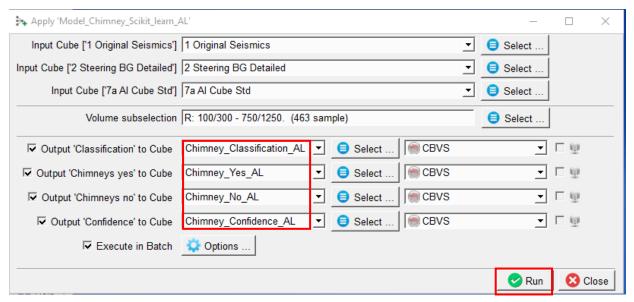
The Survey, Training model can be modified here if necessary.

22. Press Proceed.

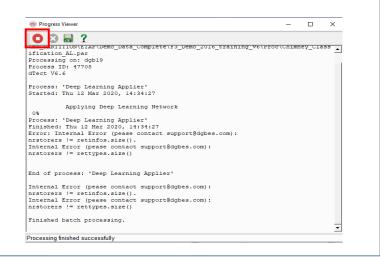


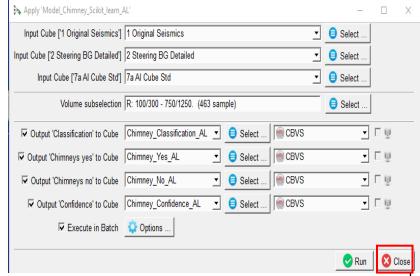
- 23. In the "Apply created training model" window, Verify, all the default selected input 3D cubes are correct.
  - a. To optimize computation time, **Modify** "Volume sub-selection" and set it to an area of interest, where Chimneys have been interpreted (e.g. Inline range: 670-710, Crossline range: 300-1250).
  - **b.** Specify a new name for the 3D output cubes: Classification, Chimney yes, Chimney no, and Confidence.
- 24. Press Run to continue.





25. When the processing is done, **Close** the "*Progress Viewer*" and the "*Apply Model*" windows.





QC results: display the predicted Chimney Yes probability 3D cube

- **26.** Right Click on the: Scene > Inline > Add and select Data.
- **27.** Select the predicted 3D Chimney location probability (e.g. Chimney\_yes), and overlay the seismic (e.g. 1 Original Seismic).

Modify the Inline number to be within the input range.

28. Right-click on the Inline number, and Type in the Inline field: In-line 690 .

