

PHY453: Computational Physics | Assignment 3

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1 Question 1

- Q: Suppose all the spins in the lattice were pointing in the same direction (i.e. -1) in the initial configuration (L=20). The total magnetic moment (in simulation units) of the entire lattice in this initial configuration will be ____
- A: Here, the total initial magnetization is $M_{init} = -8000$ units.

2 Question 2

- Q: Suppose all the spins in the lattice were pointing in the same direction (i.e. +1) in the initial configuration (L=10). The total total energy (in simulation units where $J_{ising}=1$) of the entire lattice is ____
- A: Here, the total initial energy of the system is -3000 units and the energy per particle/spin is -3 units.

3 Question 3

- Q: For Parameters $k_B T = 4.7$, L =10, niter =50000. The instantaneous magnetization per spin (value of magnetic moment per spin in a microstate: M) fluctuates around the value:
- – Magnetization per spin (m): 0.000560632126425395 +- 0.22345478952815492
- – Energy per spin (e): -0.8881889177835255 +- 0.11753972092194877

4 Question 4

- Q: 4. Parameters $k_B T = 4.0$, L =10, niter =50000. The instantaneous energy per spin (value of the energy per spin in a microstate: E) fluctuates around the value:
- – Magnetization per spin (m): -0.750900980196033 +- 0.045736468183973984
- – Energy per spin (e): -1.9085144228845716 +- 0.14030824830682637

5 Question 5

- Q: Parameters $k_B T = 4.1$, L =10, niter =50000. The instantaneous magnetization M per spin and instantaneous energy E per spin fluctuates around the value:
- – Magnetization per spin (m): -0.70883640728144 +- 0.054877413831968126
- – Energy per spin (e): -1.7774392478495595 +- 0.15129859653340746

6 Code

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! Program to generate a lattice of spin-1/2 particles and study its
! Ferromagnetic properties
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program ising_3d
implicit none

integer:: i,j,k,l,p,a,b,c,d,f,g,niter,time,mm,nn,oo,N
real*8:: E,E0,M,mag,E1,Ef,dE,u,h

real*8:: T, J_ising=1.0 !assigning value to relevant parameters: k,B, J_ising

integer, dimension(1,:,:), allocatable :: spin
integer:: seed
! character(len=30):: charac_a, charac_b ! charac_b stores the name dump_pos

seed=44859
! charac_b = "store_config"

print*, "Welcome to this program! This program simulates a 3D ising model with all spins
initially in the random state"
print*, "Enter the value of KBT in units of J_ising"
read*, T
print*, "Enter the number of lattice points in one dimension for (LxLxL)"
read*, L
print*, "Enter the number of iterations"
read*, niter

allocate(spin(L,L,L))
E=0.0d0 ! instantaneous Energy of the lattice
M=0.0d0 ! instantaneous magnetization of the lattice
N = L*L*L ! Total number of spins in lattice

! Initialize your lattice
open(unit=71, file='initial_ising_3d.dat')
p=0
do i=1,L
do j=1,L
do k=1,L
call RANDOM_NUMBER(r)
spin(i,j,k) = -1 !sets all spins to -1 state
if (r < 0.5) then
spin(i,j,k) = -1
else
spin(i,j,k)=1
end if
! Write down this configuration
write(71,*) float(i), float(j), float(k), float(p), float(spin(i,j,k))
end do
end do
close(71)

! Calculate Initial magnetization and energy
do i=1,L
do j=1,L
do k=1,L
a=i+1; b=i-1; c=j+1; d=j-1; f=k+1; g=k-1 !identifying the 6 neighbors of spin(j,i)

! Setting PBCs (Periodic Boundary conditions)
if (i==L)a=1
if (i==1)b=L
if (j==L)c=1
if (j==1)d=L
if (k==L)f=1
if (k==1)g=L

E=E-J_ising*float((spin(i,j,k))*
(spin(a,j,k)+spin(b,j,k)+spin(i,c,k)+spin(i,d,k)+spin(i,j,f)+spin(i,j,g)))
M=M+spin(i,j,k)
end do
end do
end do

! Calculate instantaneous magnetization per spin
mag = M/float(N)
E=E*0.5d0
print*, "Initial energy E, E per spin is: ",E, E/float(N)
print*, "Initial magnetization M, M per spin is: ", M,M/float(N)

! INITIALIZATION COMPLETE
! -----
! EVOLVE TO REACH EQUILIBRIUM

open(unit=10, file='ising_3d_T_120_random.dat')
do time=1,niter ! loop over number of MCS
do mm=1,L
do nn=1,L
do oo=1,L
call random_number(r); i=int(r*float(L))+1 !choosing a lattice site
call random_number(r); j=int(r*float(L))+1
call random_number(r); k=int(r*float(L))+1

a=i+1;b=i-1;c=j+1;d=j-1;f=k+1;g=k-1 !identify the neighbors of spin(j,i)

if((i==L)a=1; if(i==1)b=L; if(j==L)c=1; if(j==1)d=L; if(k==L)f=1; if(k==1)g=L) PBC
! BEFORE TRIAL FLIP
E1 = -J_ising*float((spin(i,j,k))*
(spin(a,j,k)+spin(b,j,k)+spin(i,c,k)+spin(i,d,k)+spin(i,j,f)+spin(i,j,g)))

spin(i,j,k) = -spin(i,j,k) !TRIAL FLIP

! AFTER TRIAL FLIP
Ef = -J_ising*float((spin(i,j,k))*
(spin(a,j,k)+spin(b,j,k)+spin(i,c,k)+spin(i,d,k)+spin(i,j,f)+spin(i,j,g)))
dE = Ef-E1

if(dE <= 0.0) then
E=E+dE
M=M+(2.0*float(spin(i,j,k)))
else
u=exp(-dE/(T))
call random_number(h)
if (hcu) then
E=E+dE
M=M+(2.0*float(spin(i,j,k))) ! Instantaneous mag. Of entire lattice
else
spin(i,j,k) = -spin(i,j,k) ! Trial flip not accepted; E & M not updated
end if
end if
end do
end do
end do
write(10,*) time, M/float(N), E/float(N) ! Writing down mag and E/float(N) with no of iterations
end do
close(10)

end program ising_3d

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Figure 1: Fortran code to simulate a 3D Ising model (available in file `ising_3d.f90`)
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