# **OLED-DISPLAYS** INKL. KONTROLLER FÜR 8-BIT UND 4-BIT



					OLED	)				
Part-Number	Row x	Char	Мо	dule si	ze	Viewin	g Area	Accessories	Hints	Drawing
	Column	height	В	Н	Т	В	Н	(Frames)		page
EA W082-XLG	2x8	5.5	58.0	32.0	10.0	38.0	16.0		yellow/green	7
EA W162-X3LW	2x16	5.5	00.0	00.0	10.0	00.0	10.0	EA 017-2U	icewhite	7
EA W162-X3LG	2x16	5.5	80.0	36.0	10.0	66.0	16.0	EA 017-2U	yellow/green	7
EA W162-X9LG	2x16	5.5	85.0	36.0	10.0	66.0	16.0	EA 017-2U	yellow/green	8
EA W162-XLG	2x16	5.5	84.0	44.0	10.0	66.0	16.0	EA 017-2U	yellow/green	8
EA W162-XBLW	2x16	8.9	400.0	0	10.0	00.0	04.0	EA 017-12U	icewhite	9
EA W162-XBLG	2x16	8.9	122.0	55.0	10.0	99.0	24.0	EA 017-12U	yellow/green	9
EA W202-XLG	2x20	5.5	116.0	37.0	9.8	85.0	18.6	EA 017-7U	yellow/green	9
EA W204-XLG	4x20	5.5	98.0	60.0	10.0	70.0	25.2	EA 017-9U	yellow/green	10

#### TECHNISCHE DATEN

- \* INTEGRIERTER KONTROLLER (HD44780-ÄHNLICH)
- \* EINGANG 4- ODER 8-BIT DATENBUS, 3 STEUERLEITUNGEN (R/W, E, RS)
- \* ASCII-ZEICHENSATZ UND SONDERZEICHEN IM CHARACTER-ROM
- \* BIS ZU 8 ZEICHEN (ASCII-CODE 0..7) KÖNNEN FREI DEFINIERT WERDEN
- \* VERSCHIEDENE FUNKTIONEN MIT EINEM BEFEHL PROGRAMMIERBAR:
  - CLEAR DISPLAY, CURSOR HOME, CURSOR ON/OFF, BLINKING CURSOR
  - SHIFT DISPLAY, SHIFT CURSOR, READ/WRITE DISPLAY DATA, ETC.
- \* EINFACHE SPANNUNGSVERSORGUNG (3.3..5V).
- \* GERINGER STROMVERBRAUCH (15..50 mA)
- \* BETRIEBSTEMPERATUR -40..+80°C
- \* 3 INTEGRIERTE FONTS (8-BIT MODUS)

# **ZUBEHÖR**

\* ABDECKRAHMEN (SIEHE TABELLE)



Seite 2

#### **ZEICHENSATZ**

FNGLISH	JAPANESE	CHARACTER	FONT TABL	F(default FTI	1:01=00

r			**********	*****					entanana.	·····		******			·	
Love 4bit	ш	LLLM	LLHL	LLHH	EHEL	LMLH	LHHL	LNHH	HLLL	HLLH	HLHL	HLHH	HHLL	HHLH	HHHL	HHHH
ıııı	CC RAW (1)	×		8	₩.	Ħ		ì	3				Ħ	₩	œ	P
ııı	CO RAW (2)	3		1	Œ	8	#	#				¥	¥	4		Ħ
LLHL	CS RAW (3)			A.	8	¥	B	Ł	3			¥	19	*	Ħ	B
шин	E RAU (#)	T	#	×				m				P	Ŧ	#		•••
LHLL	CS RAW (5)	m	#	4	ð	I	ď	¥	H	2			k	#	H	•
LHUH	8 <b>8</b> 6		×	Ш	Ш			3					#			ü
LHHL	CG RAW (1)	*	ø	ø	Ш	W	f	2	×	*1	Ð	Ħ			ø	X
LHHH	CC 8300 (5)	m		P		W	8	3	Ħ	×	₩.	Ħ	×	₩.		Ħ
HUL	8 8 8 (3)	9	W	8		*	h	*			*	7	#	<b></b>	*	×
HLLH	CC RAW (10)	•	Þ	W	#	٧	ı	æ	W	B.	Ð	7	Į	÷	-1	y
HLHL	CG 8300 [11]	Ħ	*		J	Z	ij	Ħ	П		Ħ		m	¥	j	Ŧ
HLHH	CG RAU [12]	8	+		×	I	k	*		B.	*	"	Ħ		×	Ħ
HHLL	CC RAN [18]	Ŧ	7	×		¥	I	-			*	•	P	₽.	#	m
HHLH	6 RAV (4)	П			ᆂ		*	*			#	×	*	#	H	Ħ
HHHL	C8 RAW (16)	Ø		P	H		m	4			m	Ħ	ij.		M	
нинн	CS RAU [16)	1	ď				0		*	*	•	¥	¥		ä	

Upper 4bit	ш	шн	LLWL	LLMH	LHLL	LHLH	LHHL	LHHH	HLLL	HLLH	HLHL	HLNH	MHLL	HHLH	HHHL	нини
ш	CS FAR (1)				Ð	P			Ð	ä	B	Ю			2	H
ıııı	C3 MARI (2)	ĸ		1	H				Ä	H		Я				H
LLHL	CG MARI (3)	Ä	**			R			Ò			6	1	ш	Ш	H
LLHM	C9 RAN (4)	Ħ	#						Ď		×	B	Ŀ.I		2	
EHLL	CS RAN (6)	Ä	#	#	D				ð	ä	8	П	н	*	ф	Ħ
LHLH	CG RAN (6)	Ä	×						8	ä	H	ë		×	Ц	H
LHHL	CG RAN (7)	Æ	8.			Ų		W	Ö	æ	Ħ	**	Ю	*	Щ	4
LHHH	CC ITAN (E)	9			•	W		₩	×	•	N	3	71	•		Ħ
HLLL	CB MARI (B)		K			×	H		4	ä	П	И		I		ŧ
HLLH	CB RAM (19)		¥			¥			Ù		¥	ŭ	**	Ť		
HLHL	C25 RAM (11)		*			Z			Ú		Ф	ĸ		J.	ě	#
нгин	CS RAN (12)				K	I			Ů		Ħ	J		H	9	ŧ
HHLL	CD RAM (15)	İ	,			#			Ü	ì	Ш	M	١.	Ħ	ij	4
HHLH	CD RARI (14)	Í				1			Ý	i	В	H		H	#	8
HHHL	C8 FAR (15)	î							þ	î	H	П	Ħ	¥		4
нини	C8 MARI (11)	¥	r	P					B	¥	3	T	£		o	

Apper 4 bit awai 4 bit	ш	ши	LLHL	LLHH	LHLL	LHLH	LHHL	LHHH	HLLL	HLLH	HLHL	HLHH	HHLL	HHLH	HHHL	нин
ш	00 #AM (1)			1					0	#			₩.		28	Ħ
ш	RAU (2)			#	Ħ	Ø		7			Ĩ				<b>37</b>	
LLHL	CC RAU (2)			M	B	R	ш	ľ	Ü		1		Ð			Ē
LEHH	OC MAM (4)		Ħ	×		Ħ					1		ß		×	
	CO RAM (1)			4	D	I	ď	ŧ.			I				*	
LHLH	00 HAM (8)		×	П				3					***		<b></b>	
LHHL	RAM (1)		8	ø		₽	f	2			Ä		<b>X</b>			2
LHNH	CO RAU (1)			Y		W		w			Ħ			*		
HLLL	DG MAM (3)		×	80	H	Ж	Ħ	×			Ħ		<b>.</b>		**	
HTTH	(10)		×	<b>a</b>	H	×		7					13			
HLHL	00 HAM (11)		*			N		М			9					I
HLHH	E5 RAM (12)			7	ĸ	L	k	×								I
HHLL	CG HAU (18)			×		¥	1	I			¥		#			P
HHLH	CC NAM (M)				Ħ		m	*			w				1	L
HHHL	CG RAU (15)			×	H		m	*						≣	H	
нини	00 HAM (10)		×	9				Ħ			Æ		30			

Es ist möglich aus einem der hier abgebildeten Zeichensätze frei zu wählen. Standardmäßig wird der Englisch/Japanische Zeichensatz aktiviert. Hierfür müssen die Bits FT1/FT0 aus dem FunctionSet-Register entsprechend gesetzt werden:

FT 1	FT 0	Description	Notes
0	0	Englisch Japanese character font table	4-/8-Bit
0	1	Western European character font table	only 8Bit
1	0	English Russian character font table	4-/8-Bit
1	1	not available	

Anmerkung: Der Zeichensatz muss vor allen anderen Befehlen und Einstellungen ausgewählt werden (ausgenommen Busy-Flag-Abfrage und Adressoperationen).



#### PROGRAMMIERUNG VON SELBSTDEFINIERTEN ZEICHEN

Bei allen hier angebotenen OLED-Displays können zusätzlich zu den im ROM fest einprogrammierten Zeichen bis zu 8 weitere frei definiert werden (ASCII Codes 0..7).

- 1.) Mit dem Kommando "CG RAM Address Set" wird der ASCII Code (Bit 3,4,5) und die entsprechende Pixelzeile (Bit 0,1,2) des Zeichens angewählt. Im Beispiel wird ein Zeichen mit dem Code \$00 definiert.
- 2.) Mit dem Befehl "Data Write" wird nun Pixelzeile für Pixelzeile das Zeichen in das CG RAM geschrieben. Ein Zeichen benötigt 8 Schreiboperationen, wobei die 8. Zeile der Cursorzeile entspricht.
- 3.) Das neu definierte Zeichen wird genauso behandelt wie ein "normales" ASCII Zeichen (Verwendung: "DD RAM Address Set", "Data Write").

Adre	esse im C	G F	RAN	/I se	tzen						Dat	ten	de	s Z	eich	ens	S
	Adress	_			Hex							В	it				Hex
	Auress	е			пех				7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	пех
		0	0	0	\$40							0	0	1	0	0	\$04
		0	0	1	\$41							0	0	1	0	0	\$04
		0	1	0	\$42							0	0	1	0	0	\$04
0 1	0 0 0	0	1	1	\$43				v	Х	v	0	0	1	0	0	\$04
0 1	0 0 0	1	0	0	\$44				^	^	^	•	0	1	0	1	\$15
		1	0	1	\$45							0	۳	1	1	0	\$0E
		1	1	0	\$46							0	0	1	0	0	\$04
		1	1	1	\$47							0	0	0	0	0	\$00

#### **PINBELEGUNG**

PIN	SYMBOL	Level	DESCR	RIPTION
			8 BIT-Mode	4 BIT-Mode
1	GND	L (0V)	Ground	Ground
2	VCC	H (5V)	Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage
3	N.C.		not connected	not connected
4	RS	H/L	H: Data, L: Instruction code	H: Data, L: Instruction code
5	R/W	H/L	H: Read, L: Write	H: Read, L: Write
6	Е	H, H->L	Enable	Enable
7	DB0	H/L	Data bit 0 (LSB)	Do not connect
8	DB1	H/L	Data bit 1	Do not connect
9	DB2	H/L	Data bit 2	Do not connect
10	DB3	H/L	Data bit 3	Do not connect
11	DB4	H/L	Data bit 4	Data bit 0 (LSB)
12	DB5	H/L	Data bit 5	Data bit 1
13	DB6	H/L	Data bit 6	Data bit 2
14	DB7	H/L	Data bit 7 (MSB)	Data bit 3 (MSB)
15	N.C.		not connected	not connected
16	N.C.		not connected	not connected



#### **BEFEHLSSATZ**

					Co	de						Max. execution
Instruction	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Description	time when fsp or fosc=250KHz
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Clears entire Display, Sets DDRAM-address 0 into addresscounter	6.2ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Sets DDRAM-address 0 into addresscounter. Returns shifted display to original position. DDRAM contents remain unchanged.	0ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	VD.	S	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift.(These operations are performed during data w rite and read.)	0ms
Display On/Off Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	Sets entire Display (D) ON/OFF. Sets Cursor (C) ON/OFF. Sets Blinking (B) of Cursor Position Character.	0ms
Cursor/Display							S/C	R/L	0	0	Moves cursor and shifts display without changing DDRAMcontents.	0ms
Shift/Mode/Pw r	0	0	0	0	0	1	G/C (0)	PWR	1	1	Sets Graphic/Character Mode Sets internal pow er on/off	0ms
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	FT1	FT0	Sets interface data length (DL). Sets number of display lines (N). Sets Character Font (F). Sets Font Table (FT).	0ms
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	ACG	ACG	ACG	ACG	ACG	ACG	Sets CGRAM Address. CGRAM data is sent and received after this setting.	0ms
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	ADD	ADD	ADD	ADD	ADD	ADD	ADD	Sets DDRAM Address. The DDRAM data is sent and received after this setting.	0ms
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	Reads Busy Flag (BF) indicating that internal operation is being performed. Reads Address Counter contents.	0ms
Write data into the CGRAM or DDRAM	1	0				Write	Data				Writes data into the CGRAM or DDRAM	0ms
Read data from the CGRAM or DDRAM	1	1				Read	Data				Reads data from the CGRAM or DDRAM	0ms

### Anmerkungen zum Befehlssatz:

- 1. Nach Ausführen von CGRAM/DDRAM Read or Write Instruction, wird der RAM Address Counter incrementiert oder decrementiert. Nachdem das Busy Flag nicht mehr gesetzt ist, wird die RAM Adresse übernommen.
- 2. **I/D**=Increment/Decrement Bit

I/D="1": Incrementieren

I/D="0": Decrementieren

3. **S**=Shift Entire Display Control Bit.

S="0", shift function deaktiviert. S="1", shift function aktiviert

4. **BF**=Busv Flag

BF="1": Interne Operationen werden durchgeführt

BF="0": Keine internen Operationen, der nächste Befehl kann entgegen genommen werden.

5. **R/L**=Shift Right/Left

R/L="1": Shift nach Rechts

R/L="0": Shift nach Links

6. **S/C**=Display Shift/Cursor Move

S/C="1": Display Shift

S/C="0": Cursor Move

7. **G/C**=Graphic/Character mode selection.

G/C="0", Character mode is selected.

G/C="1", Graphic mode is selected.

8. PWR=Internal DCDC on/of control.

PWR="1", DCDC an

PWR="0", DCDC aus

- 9. **DDRAM**=Display Data RAM
- 10. CGRAM=Character Generator RAM
- 11. ACG=CGRAM Address
- 12. **ADD**=Address Counter Address (corresponds to cursor address)
- 13. AC=Address Counter (used for DDRAM and CGRAM Addresses)
- 14. F=Character Pattern Mode

F="1": 5 x 10 dots

F="0": 5 x 8 dots

15. **N**=Number of Lines Displayed

N="1": 2- und 4-Line Display

N="0": 1-Line Display



}

#### **INITIALISIERUNGSBEISPIELE**

WriteIns(0x0C); //display on

						In	itialis	ation	exam	ple: 8-	Bit
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX	Description
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	\$39	Function Set, western european character set, 8-Bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	\$08	Display off
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	\$06	Entry mode set, increment cursor by 1 not shifting display
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	\$17	Character mode and internel power on (have to turn on internel power to get the best brightness)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	\$01	Clear display
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	\$02	Return home
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	\$0C	Display on

```
void initDisplay (void)
                                                                      void WriteIns(char instruction)
RS_DD=1;
               //RS Pin as output
                                                                              CheckBusy();
RW\_DD=1; //RW Pin as output
                                                                              DATA_PORT_DD=0xFF; //Dataport as Output
EN DD=1;
              //EN Pin as output
                                                                              RS = 0;
WriteIns(0x39); //function set european character set
                                                                              RW = 0:
WriteIns(0x08); //display off
                                                                              DATA_PORT = instruction; //set Data on Outputport
WriteIns(0x06); //entry mode set increment cursor by 1 not shifting display
                                                                              EN = 1:
                                                                                            //set Enable to high
WriteIns(0x17); //Character mode and internel power on
                                                                              Wait(10);
                                                                                            //wait lus (stabilize Outputport)
WriteIns(0x01); //clear display
                                                                              EN = 0;
                                                                                            //reset Enable to low
WriteIns(0x02); //return home
WriteIns(0x0C); //display on
```

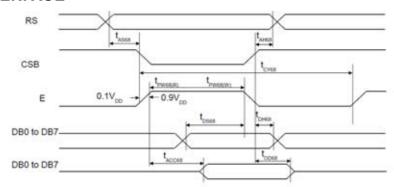
						In	itialis	ation	exam	ple: 4-	Bit
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX	Description
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	\$28	Function Set, English/Japanese char set, 4-Bit Note: Western European charset not available
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	\$08	Display off
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	\$06	Entry mode set, increment cursor by 1 not shifting display
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	\$17	Character mode and internel power on (have to turn on internel power to get the best brightness)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	\$01	Clear display
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	\$02	Return home
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	\$0C	Display on

```
void initDisplay(void)
                                                                           void send_nibble (char data)
RS_DD=1; //RS-Pin as Output
                                                                                  DATA_PORT = data; //output data
EN_DD=1; //EN-Pin as Output
                                                                                  EN=1;
RW_DD=1; //RW-Pin as Output
                                                                                  Wait(10); //wait 1us (stabilize outupt)
RS = 0; //RS-Pin to low
                                                                                  EN=0:
RW = 0; //RW-Pin to low
                                                                                   Wait(10); //wait 1us (stabilize outupt)
EN = 0; //EN-Pin to low
send_nibble(0x03); //Be sure to
send_nibble(0x03); //be in
send_nibble(0x03); //8-Bit-Mode
                                                                           void WriteIns(charinstruction)
send_nibble(0x02); //Switch to 4 Bit
                                                                                  CheckBusy();
Wait(50); //Wait 5us
                                                                                  DATA_PORT_DD=0x0F; //Dataport as Output
WriteIns(0x28);//4-Bit-Mode
                                                                                  RS = 0;
WriteIns(0x08); //display off
                                                                                  RW = 0;
WriteIns(0x06); //entry mode set increment cursor by 1 not shifting display
                                                                                  send\_nibble((instruction \& 0xF0) >> 4); // Highbyte
WriteIns(0x17);//Character mode and internel power on
                                                                                  send_nibble(instruction&0x0F); //Lowbyte
WriteIns(0x01);//clear display
                                                                           }
WriteIns(0x02);//return home
```



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## **TIMING 8-BIT INTERFACE**



(VDD = 3.0 to 5.3V, Ta = 25°C)

Item	Signal	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Address setup time Address hold time	RS	tas68 tah68	20 0	-	-	ns	
System cycle time		tcy68	500	-	-	ns	
Pulse width (E)	E_RDB	tpw68(W)	250	-	-	ns	
Pulse width (E)	E_RDB	tpw68(R)	250	-	-	ns	
Data setup time Data hold time	DB7	tos <b>68</b> toн <b>68</b>	40 20	-	-	ns	
Read access time Output disable time	DB0	tacc68 top68	- 10	-	180	ns	CL = 100pF

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Standard Value			11-2
			min.	typ.	max	Unit
Input "high" voltage	VIH	-	0.9 VDD	-	VDD	V
Input "low" voltage	VIL	-	GND	-	0.1 VDD	V
Output "high" voltage	VOH	IOH=-0.5mA	0.8 VDD	-	VDD	V
Output "low" voltage	VOL	IOL=0.5mA	GND	-	0.2 VDD	V
Power supply current	ICC	VDD=5V		1550mA		А

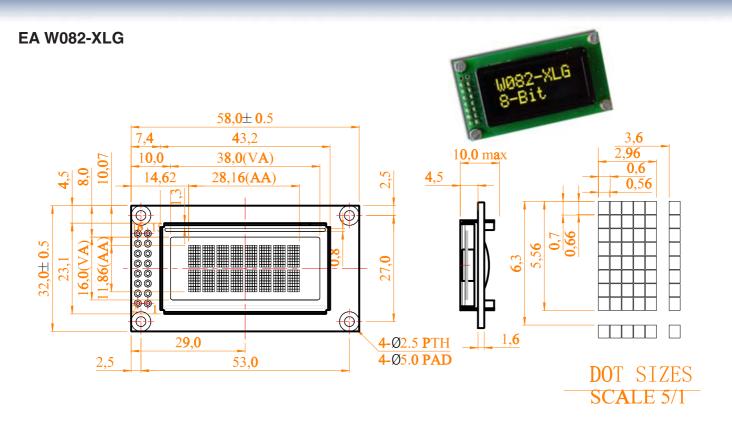
#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

VCC=5,0V, Ta=25°C

lto m	Complete	Standar	11-2		
Item	Symbol	min.	max	Unit	
Power supply voltage for logic	VDD-GND	-0.3	5.3	V	
Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	VDD	V	
Operating temperature	ТОР	-40	80	°C	
Storage Temperature	TST	-40	80	°C	

Bei Versorgung mit 3,3V, ist die Helligkeit gegenüber 5V reduziert.



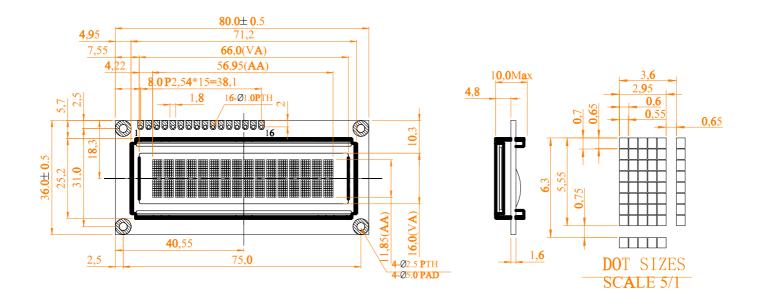




RAHMEN EA 017-2U

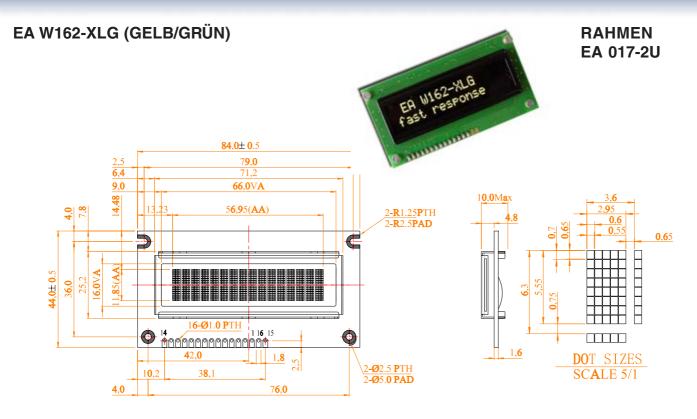








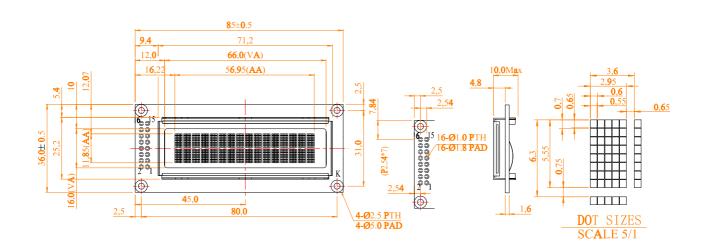
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**EA W162-X9LG** 

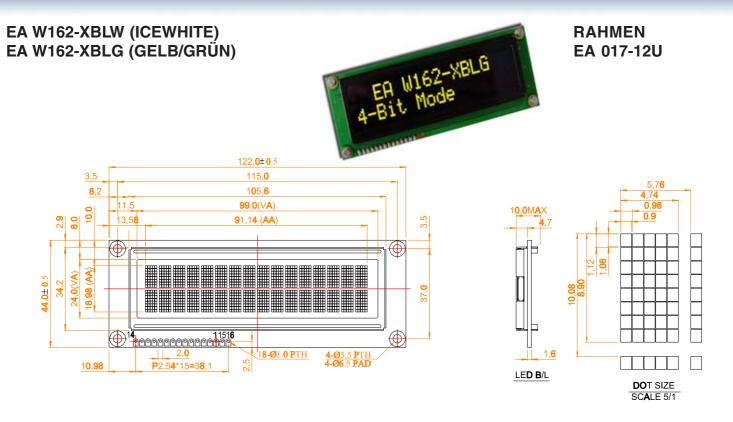


RAHMEN EA 017-2U





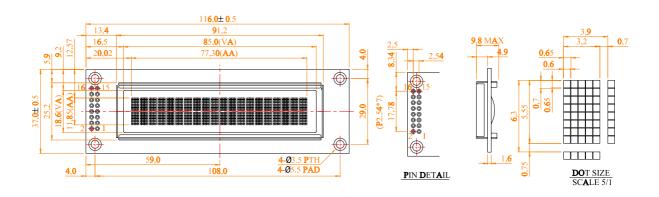
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**EA W202-XLG** 



RAHMEN EA 017-7U



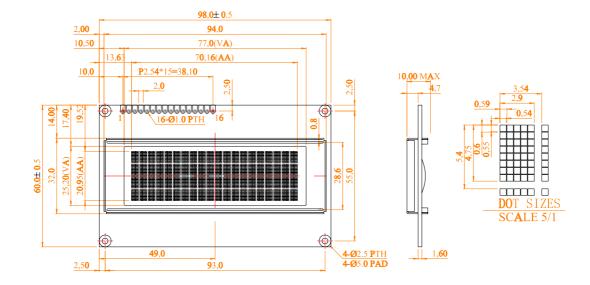


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#### **EA W204-XLG**



## RAHMEN EA 017-9U



Technische Änderung vorbehalten. Wir übernehmen keine Haftung für Druckfehler und Applikationsbeispiele.

**OLED-DISPLAYS** 

**Notizen** 



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