## GRADIENT DESCENT (Simple Derivation)

m = fixed --- ym.

> -> for i in eprochs: bnew = bold - nx slope

value of intercept calculated

n is known as leaving rate B slope is the slope of the point for which b relue was selected.

E= £ (4,-9,)2

To find the slope of the given point for which b value was relected.

$$\frac{dE}{db} = \frac{d}{db} \left( \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \hat{y})^2 \right)$$

=> dE(y:-mx:-b)2

slope => 2 \( \( \frac{1}{2} \) (-1)

slope => -2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)(\(\gammai-b\)

Inchioe or

Now, we can put any value of bold 4 then calculate bnew everytime till our required condition is met.

When our loop terminates, we will have the value of our intercept for our fixed value of m

 $\frac{b_{new} = b_{old} - \eta_{slope}}{slope = -2\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - mx_i - b)}$ 

o where but it the brenies.

atte to what at is about

等) 是 = 並

Inchipa. or