

## ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT :	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	239352 22-48116
LOCALITY :	EM2210355-001
SITE :	Murray Mouth
SAMPLE :	Surface
DATE SAMPLED :	1/06/2022
DATE ANALYSED :	14/06/2022
SAMPLED BY :	Sample analysed as received

COMMENTS: + Current levels are unlikely to impact water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml)	1.0327	Toxicogenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x	- 100x	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
Concentration	1 : 1	*	20	500			
Magnification							
Fields							

### BACILLARIOPHYCEAE

Anaulus		6	0	291	500	0.14525
Asterionellopsis		52	0	2518	500	1.25884
Pennales		1	0	48	300	0.01453

### CHLOROPHYCEAE

Chlorococcoids (<10um)		3	0	145	60	0.00872
Monoraphidium (small)		1	0	48	16	0.00077
Planctonema		16	0	775	800	0.61973

### CRYPTOPHYCEAE

Cryptomonads		1	0	48	320	0.01549
--------------	--	---	---	----	-----	---------

### CYANOPHYCEAE

Planktolyngbya		5	0	242	3.8	0.00092
Romeria		5	0	242	31	0.00750
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)		29	0	1404	5.25	0.00737

### OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON

Other small flagellates		1	0	48	80	0.00387
-------------------------	--	---	---	----	----	---------

TOTAL BGA	1888	0.01580
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA	0	0.00000
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA	0	0.00000
TOTAL ALGAE	5809	2.08300

+ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

\* P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce  $\beta$ -N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.

ANALYST: *Adam Deliyiannis (signatory)*  
Biologist

REVIEWED: *Louise Ungemach (signatory)*  
Biologist

DATE: **14/06/2022**

METHOD NO.: MB010/MW024VCA

Page 1 of 1