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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA			
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7241912	21-55807		
LOCALITY:	EM2123012-013			
SITE:	Salt Creek Outlet			
SAMPLE:	Surface			
DATE SAMPLED :	16/11/2021			
DATE ANALYSED :	23/11/2021			
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as	received		

COMMENTS: + Low biovolume BGA were present in very high levels and are likely to impair water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0145 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)			
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE										
Pennales (small <20um)			120	0	5914	251	1.48448			
CHLOROPHYCEAE										
Ankistrodesmoideae			720	0	35485	132	4.68408			
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			410	0	20207	60	1.21242			
CYANOPHYCEAE										
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			8800	0	433711	5.25	2.27698			
DINOPHYCEAE										
Gymnodiniales			1	0	49	2000	0.09857			
Gymnodiniales (small)			2	0	99	500	0.04929			
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON										
Other small flagellates			1340	0	66042	80	5.28339			
TOTAL BGA		433711				2.27698				
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA		0				0.00000				
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA			0				0.00000			
	TOTAL	TOTAL ALGAE		561507						

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) DATE: 23/11/2021
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.