

22 Dalmore Drive Scoresby 3179 Tel. 03 8756 8183 Fax. 03 9763 1862



ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA				
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	187826 22-45580				
LOCALITY:	EM2209350-022				
SITE:	Villa de Yumpa				
SAMPLE:	Surface				
DATE SAMPLED :	19/05/2022				
DATE ANALYSED :	24/05/2022				
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received				

COMMENTS: + A diverse community of algal taxa were observed. Current levels are likely to influence water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0046 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE									
Nitzschia			157	0	7814	400	3.12562		
Pennales			1	0	50	300	0.01493		
CHLOROPHYCEAE									
Ankistrodesmoideae			390	0	19411	132	2.56221		
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			760	0	37826	60	2.26956		
CYANOPHYCEAE									
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			6720	0	334461	5.25	1.75592		
DINOPHYCEAE									
Gymnodiniales			1	0	50	2000	0.09954		
Gymnodiniales (small)			4	0	199	500	0.09954		
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON									
Other small flagellates			7	0	348	80	0.02787		
Prasinophytes			2	0	100	100	0.00995		
TOTAL BGA		334461				1.75592			
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA		0				0.00000			
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA		0				0.00000			
TOTAL ALGAE			400259				9.96516		

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) REVIEWED: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) DATE: 24/05/2022
Biologist Biologist

METHOD NO.: MB010/MW024VCA Page 1 of 1

^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.