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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA				
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO.:	7428782	22-19601			
LOCALITY:	EM2207234-014				
SITE:	South Policeman Point				
SAMPLE:	Surface				
DATE SAMPLED :	21/04/2022				
DATE ANALYSED :	27/04/2022				
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received	/ed			

COMMENTS: + A diverse range of algal taxa were observed. Current levels are likely to impact water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0046 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE									
Nitzschia			820	0	40812	400	16.32491		
CHLOROPHYCEAE									
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			1790	0	89090	60	5.34541		
CYANOPHYCEAE									
Limnothrix/Geitlerinema/Anagnostidinem	a	Р	0	19	38	17.5	0.00066		
DINOPHYCEAE									
Gymnodiniales			13	0	647	2000	1.29405		
Gymnodiniales (small)			2	0	100	500	0.04977		
Peridiniales			3	0	149	5000	0.74657		
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON									
Prasinophytes			4	0	199	100	0.01991		
TOTAL BGA				38		0.00066			
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000			
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				38		0.00066			
TOTAL ALGAE		131035				23.78127			

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) REVIEWED: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) DATE: 27/04/2022
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.