

22 Dalmore Drive Scoresby 3179 Tel. 03 8756 8183 Fax. 03 9763 1862





## **ALGAL REPORT**

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA					
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7394978 22-15545					
LOCALITY:	EM2204816-006					
SITE:	Noonameena					
SAMPLE:	Surface					
DATE SAMPLED :	16/03/2022					
DATE ANALYSED :	25/03/2022					
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received					

COMMENTS: + Current levels are unlikely to impact water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0327 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE							
Centrales - (5-10um)			4	0	194	80	0.01549
Nitzschia			1	0	48	400	0.01937
Pennales			3	0	145	300	0.04358
Pennales (small <20um)			1	0	48	251	0.01215
CHLOROPHYCEAE							
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			3	0	145	60	0.00872
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON							
Other small flagellates			1	0	48	80	0.00387
Prasinophytes			9	0	436	100	0.04358
TOTAL BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000	
	TOTAL	ALGAE			1064		0.14675

<sup>+</sup> The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

ANALYST: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) REVIEWED: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) DATE: 25/03/2022
Biologist Biologist

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A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

<sup>\*</sup> P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.