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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA			
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	6873986	21-07778		
LOCALITY:	EM2101680_004			
SITE:	Mark Point			
SAMPLE:	Surface			
DATE SAMPLED :	3/02/2021			
DATE ANALYSED :	8/02/2021			
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as	received		

COMMENTS: + Current algal levels are unlikely to influence water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0169 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE							
Chaetoceros			0	20	39	200	0.00787
Naviculales			1	0	49	1400	0.06884
Rhizosolenia			1	0	49	500	0.02458
CHLOROPHYCEAE							
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			20	0	983	60	0.05900
CYANOPHYCEAE							
Planktolyngbya			7	0	344	3.8	0.00131
DINOPHYCEAE							
Gymnodiniales (small)			2	0	98	500	0.04917
EUGLENOPHYCEAE							
Euglena			0	2	4	7000	0.02753
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON							
Other small flagellates			7	0	344	80	0.02753
TOTAL BGA				344		0.00131	
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000	
	TOTAL	ALGAE			1910		0.26584

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis DATE: 09/02/2021 **Biologist Biologist**

Page 1 of 1 METHOD NO.: MB010/MW024VCA

^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.