

22 Dalmore Drive Scoresby 3179 Tel. 03 8756 8183 Fax. 03 9763 1862





ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA					
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	187822	22-45580				
LOCALITY:	EM2209350-018					
SITE:	Tilley D/S Nth O/L					
SAMPLE:	Surface					
DATE SAMPLED :	19/05/2022					
DATE ANALYSED :	24/05/2022					
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as recei	ved				

COMMENTS: + Current levels of algae are unlikely to influence water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.032 Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE						
Centrales		0	1	2	200	0.00039
Naviculales		1	0	48	1400	0.06783
Pennales		2	0	97	300	0.02907
CHLOROPHYCEAE						
Botryococcus		0	20	39	98	0.00380
Chlamydomonads		0	1	2	250	0.00048
Chlorococcoids (<10um)		4	0	194	60	0.01163
CYANOPHYCEAE						
Planktolyngbya		0	30	58	3.8	0.00022
Pseudanabaena		0	51	99	12.5	0.00124
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)		6	0	291	5.25	0.00153
DINOPHYCEAE						
Gymnodiniales		0	1	2	2000	0.00388
Peridiniales		0	6	12	5000	0.05814
TOTAL BGA				448		0.00298
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA		0			0.00000	
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA		0			0.00000	
TOTAL ALGAE		844				0.17820

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) DATE: 24/05/2022
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.