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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA				
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO.:	7241911 21-55807				
LOCALITY:	EM2123012-012				
SITE:	Parnka Point				
SAMPLE:	Surface				
DATE SAMPLED :	16/11/2021				
DATE ANALYSED :	23/11/2021				
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received				

COMMENTS: + High levels of low biovolume BGA may mildy impair water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) 1.057 Concentration 1 Magnification Fields	(T) - ::	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE								
Chaetoceros		1	0	47	200	0.00945		
Pennales (small <20um)		20	0	945	251	0.23727		
CHLOROPHYCEAE								
Ankistrodesmoideae		160	0	7562	132	0.99823		
Chlorococcoids (<10um)		370	0	17488	60	1.04928		
CRYPTOPHYCEAE								
Cryptomonads		3	0	142	320	0.04537		
CYANOPHYCEAE								
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)		6260	0	295878	5.25	1.55336		
DINOPHYCEAE								
Gymnodiniales		1	0	47	2000	0.09453		
Gymnodiniales (small)		2	0	95	500	0.04726		
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON								
Other small flagellates		40	0	1891	80	0.15125		
TOTAL BGA				295878		1.55336		
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000		
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000		
TOTAL ALGAE				324095		4.18601		

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) DATE: 23/11/2021
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.