

22 Dalmore Drive Scoresby 3179 Tel. 03 8756 8183 Fax. 03 9763 1862



ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA		
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO.:	7171293	21-46438	
LOCALITY:	EM2119079-007		
SITE:	Bonneys		
SAMPLE:	Surface		
DATE SAMPLED :	23/09/2021		
DATE ANALYSED :	28/09/2021		
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as	received	

COMMENTS: + Low biovolume BGA were present in levels that may mildly influence water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) 1.02 Concentration 1 Magnification Fields	(T)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE								
Centrales		0	7	14	200	0.00272		
Chaetoceros		0	1	2	200	0.00039		
Naviculales		1	0	49	1400	0.06802		
Pennales		3	0	146	300	0.04373		
CHLOROPHYCEAE								
Chlorococcoids (<10um)		12	0	583	60	0.03498		
CYANOPHYCEAE								
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)		840	0	40812	5.25	0.21426		
DINOPHYCEAE								
Gymnodiniales		1	0	49	2000	0.09717		
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON								
Other small flagellates		1	0	49	80	0.00389		
Prasinophytes		3	0	146	100	0.01458		
TOTAL BGA				40812		0.21426		
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000		
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000		
то	TAL ALGAE			41850		0.47974		

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis DATE: 28/09/2021 Biologist **Biologist**

Page 1 of 1 METHOD NO.: MB010/MW024VCA

^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.