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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA					
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7791230 22-70934					
LOCALITY:	EM2218950-009					
SITE:	Morella Creek @Gauge					
SAMPLE:	Surface					
DATE SAMPLED :	29/09/2022					
DATE ANALYSED :	7/10/2022					
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received					

COMMENTS: + A moderate range of algal were observed. Current levels are unlikely to impact water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1 : 1 (T)	ntially c (P) - 20		Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE						
Amphora		1	0	49	500	0.02463
Pennales		1	0	49	300	0.01478
Pennales (small <20um)		2	0	99	251	0.02473
CHLOROPHYCEAE		·				
Chlorococcoids (<10um)		60	0	2955	60	0.17732
Lagerheimia		2	0	99	500	0.04926
Monoraphidium (small)		73	0	3596	16	0.05753
Oocystis		4	0	197	300	0.05911
CYANOPHYCEAE						
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)		37	0	1822	5.25	0.00957
DINOPHYCEAE						
Peridiniales		5	0	246	5000	1.23141
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON						
Other small flagellates		4	0	197	80	0.01576
Prasinophytes		1	0	49	100	0.00493
TOTAL BGA		BGA		1822		0.00957
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000
TOTAL ALGAE		BAE		9358		1.66901

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) REVIEWED: Natalie Alabaster DATE: 07/10/2022

Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.