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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA			
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7281144	21-59669		
LOCALITY:	EM2125413-003			
SITE:	Bonneys			
SAMPLE:	Surface			
DATE SAMPLED :	13/12/2021			
DATE ANALYSED :	21/12/2021			
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as	received		

COMMENTS: + Excessive levels of small BGA will impair water quality and may pose a health risk.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0145 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE							
Centrales			2	0	99	200	0.01971
Naviculales			5	0	246	1400	0.34500
Nitzschia			3	0	148	400	0.05914
Pennales			2	0	99	300	0.02957
Pennales (small <20um)			280	0	13800	251	3.46378
CHLOROPHYCEAE							
Chlorococcoids			600	0	29571	500	14.78561
Monoraphidium			0	1	2	900	0.00177
CYANOPHYCEAE							
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			8440	0	415968	5.25	2.18383
DINOPHYCEAE							
Gymnodiniales			1	0	49	2000	0.09857
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON							
Other small flagellates			20	0	986	80	0.07886
TOTAL BGA				415968		2.18383	
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL ALGAE		460968				21.06585	

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) DATE: 22/12/2021
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.