

22 Dalmore Drive Scoresby 3179 Tel. 03 8756 8183 Fax. 03 9763 1862



Accreditation No. 942

ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA					
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7684058 22-64963					
LOCALITY:	EM2216764-005					
SITE:	Bonneys					
SAMPLE:	Surface					
DATE SAMPLED :	30/08/2022					
DATE ANALYSED :	6/09/2022					
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received					

COMMENTS: + A moderate diversity of algae was observed. Water quality is unlikely to be affected.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0242 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P) *	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE									
Chaetoceros			4	0	195	200	0.03905		
Pennales			125	0	6102	300	1.83070		
Pennales (small <20um)			23	0	1123	251	0.28183		
CHLOROPHYCEAE									
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			48	0	2343	60	0.14060		
Monoraphidium (small)			5	0	244	16	0.00391		
CYANOPHYCEAE									
Oscillatoriales (iauv 1-100)		Р	0	55	107	60.8	0.00653		
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			12	0	586	5.25	0.00308		
DINOPHYCEAE									
Gymnodiniales			0	1	2	2000	0.00391		
TOTAL BGA		693				0.00961			
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA		0				0.00000			
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA		107				0.00653			
TOTAL ALGAE			10702				2.30960		

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Lauren Minett (signatory) REVIEWED: Natalie Alabaster DATE: 06/09/2022

Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.