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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA					
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO.:	7609397 22-60564					
LOCALITY:	EM2215131-007					
SITE:	Tilley D/S Nth O/L					
SAMPLE:	Surface					
DATE SAMPLED :	9/08/2022					
DATE ANALYSED :	15/08/2022					
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received					

COMMENTS: + A diverse community of algal taxa were observed. Current levels are unlikely to influence water quality.

The state of the s	O116 Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE								
Centrales		1	0	49	200	0.00989		
Entomoneis		0	2	4	1000	0.00395		
Pennales		2	0	99	300	0.02966		
CHLOROPHYCEAE								
Chlorococcoids (<10um)		8	0	395	60	0.02372		
Monoraphidium (small)		12	0	593	16	0.00949		
Scenedesmus		0	8	16	250	0.00395		
CHRYSOPHYCEAE								
Other Chrysophyceae		1	0	49	350	0.01730		
CYANOPHYCEAE								
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)		12	0	593	5.25	0.00311		
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON								
Other small flagellates		2	0	99	80	0.00791		
TOTAL BGA		593				0.00311		
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000		
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA		0				0.00000		
TOTAL ALGAE			1897					

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) REVIEWED: Lauren Minett (signatory) DATE: 15/08/2022
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.