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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA		
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO.:	7328737	22-06265	
LOCALITY:	EM2201088-008		
SITE:	Morella Creek @ Gau	ge	
SAMPLE:	Surface		
DATE SAMPLED :	20/01/2022		
DATE ANALYSED :	1/02/2022		
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as re	eceived	

COMMENTS: + Current algal levels are unlikely to influence water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.0311 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE							
Centrales			0	1	2	200	0.00039
Pennales			92	0	4461	300	1.33838
CHLOROPHYCEAE							
Ankistrodesmoideae			1	0	48	132	0.00640
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			8	0	388	60	0.02328
Monoraphidium (small)			1	0	48	16	0.00078
Oocystis			6	0	291	300	0.08729
CHRYSOPHYCEAE							
Other Chrysophytes			1	0	48	200	0.00970
CYANOPHYCEAE							
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			86	0	4170	5.25	0.02189
DINOPHYCEAE							
Peridiniales			2	0	97	5000	0.48492
OTHER PHYTOPLANKTON							
Other small flagellates			3	0	145	80	0.01164
TOTAL BGA				4170		0.02189	
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA				0		0.00000	
TOTAL ALGAE				9698		1.98465	

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) DATE: 01/02/2022
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.