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ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA				
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7428784 22-19601				
LOCALITY:	EM2207234-016				
SITE:	Morella Basin @ O/L				
SAMPLE:	Surface				
DATE SAMPLED :	21/04/2022				
DATE ANALYSED :	27/04/2022				
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received				

COMMENTS: + Current levels of algae are unlikely to impair water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1.032 1 : 1	Toxigenic (T) or Potentially toxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE							
Entomoneis			1	0	48	1000	0.04845
Pennales			73	0	3537	300	1.06105
CHLOROPHYCEAE							
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			2	0	97	60	0.00581
Oocystis			4	0	194	300	0.05814
CYANOPHYCEAE							
Chroococcus (small cells)			0	2	4	12	0.00005
Planktolyngbya			10	0	484	3.8	0.00184
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			36	0	1744	5.25	0.00916
DINOPHYCEAE							
Gymnodiniales			11	0	533	2000	1.06589
Gymnodiniales (small)			3	0	145	500	0.07267
Peridiniales			6	0	291	5000	1.45349
TOTAL BGA		2232				0.01104	
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA			0				0.00000
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA			0				0.00000
TOTAL ALGAE			7077				3.77655

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) REVIEWED: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) DATE: 27/04/2022
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.