

22 Dalmore Drive Scoresby 3179 Tel. 03 8756 8183 Fax. 03 9763 1862





ALGAL REPORT

CLIENT:	Australian Laboratory Services Pty Ltd SA	
LABORATORY NO./BATCH NO. :	7328751 22-06265	
LOCALITY:	EM2201088-022	
SITE:	Villa de Yumpa	
SAMPLE:	Surface	
DATE SAMPLED :	20/01/2022	
DATE ANALYSED :	2/02/2022	
SAMPLED BY:	Sample analysed as received	

COMMENTS: + Excessive algal levels may impair water quality.

Sedgewick-Rafter Vol.(ml) Concentration Magnification Fields	1:1 _{Po}	oxigenic (T) or otentially oxic (P)	- 200x 20	- 100x 500	Total Cell Count (cells/mL)	Individual Algal Unit Volume (um3)	Total Biovolume (mm3/L)
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE							
Nitzschia			224	0	11149	400	4.45949
Pennales			2	0	100	300	0.02986
Pennales (small <20um)			10	0	498	251	0.12493
Pleurosigma			0	1	2	2000	0.00398
CHLOROPHYCEAE							
Ankistrodesmoideae			2150	0	107008	132	14.12502
Chlorococcoids (<10um)			1810	0	90086	60	5.40514
Oocystis			4	0	199	300	0.05973
CRYPTOPHYCEAE							
Cryptomonads			1	0	50	320	0.01593
CYANOPHYCEAE							
Synechococcales small (iauv <20)			18800	0	935696	5.25	4.91240
DINOPHYCEAE							
Gymnodiniales			26	0	1294	2000	2.58809
Gymnodiniales (small)			1	0	50	500	0.02489
TOTAL BGA		935696				4.91240	
TOTAL TOXIGENIC BGA			0				0.00000
TOTAL POTENTIALLY TOXIC BGA					0		0.00000
TOTAL ALGAE		LGAE	1146132				31.74945

⁺ The comments are discretionary and are for the purpose of helping to understand WQ implications. The comments are not accredited by NATA.

The biovolume values reported are those derived from documented information, including scientific literature. These are average values and not those measured on individual samples.

A Certificate of analysis will follow, linked by the above batch number. Independent algal reports are forwarded to clients expeditiously to facilitate operational decision making.

ANALYST: Adam Deliyiannis (signatory) REVIEWED: Kirsten Mudie (signatory) DATE: 02/02/2022
Biologist Biologist

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^{*} P's and T's denote those cyanobacteria/blue-green algae (BGA) associated with toxin production in Australian waters. Overseas studies have shown other cyanobacteria to produce toxins. All contain lipopolysaccharides (LPS) in their cell wall and many have been found to produce β-N-methylamino-L-alanine (BMAA) and its analogues. Therefore all cyanobacteria could be considered to pose a level of risk.