

User Manual RaspBee™





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Document history

Date	Version	Description
2013-07-22	1.0	Initial version
2013-09-09	1.1	Update of radio certification section due to successful passed certification
		Availability of basic variant included
2016-04-04	1.2	Including support of RPi2 and RPi3
		RaspBee basic is obsolete
2017-03-29	1.4	Update Raspbian Jessie UART configuration

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Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
IEEE 802.15.4	Communication standard, applicable to low-rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPAN)
CE	Consumer Electronics
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GPIO	Generals Purpose Input Output
JTAG	Joint Test Action Group, digital interface for debugging of embedded devices, also known as IEEE 1149.1 standard interface
MAC	Medium (Media) Access Control
MCU, μC	Microcontroller Unit
os	Operating System
RF	Radio Frequency
RPi	Raspberry Pi, a famous inexpensive single board computer in credit card size
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (Directive of the European Union)
U[S]ART	Universal [Synchronous/]Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
ZHA	ZigBee Home-Automation profile
ZigBee	Low-cost, low-power wireless mesh network standard. The ZigBee Alliance is a group of companies that maintain and publish the ZigBee standard.
ZHA	ZigBee Home Automation profile
ZLL	ZigBee Light Link profile

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1. Overview

The RaspBee™ is a ZigBee addon board for the Raspberry Pi (RPi). By using the RaspBee the Raspberry Pi becomes a full functional wireless node which can be seamlessly integrated into ZigBee networks. This will enhance the application range of RPi with monitoring and controlling ZigBee networks. ZigBee compatible devices are available from a lot of manufacturers.

The RaspBee addon board has been designed to interconnect with the RPi standard user header. Due to its slim size the RPi still fits into most housings available on the market.

The addon board contains a powerful radio module with integrated power amplifier and low noise amplifier. Together with the assembled onboard chip antenna which has been optimally tuned this ensures a superior RF performance.

The RaspBee board "premium" is shipped with a pre-flashed ZigBee firmware. In delivery condition it includes a bootloader for simple firmware updates.

The ZigBee firmware is interfaced by a software called deCONZ which runs on the RPi and is responsible for ZigBee network control and monitoring.

Basically, the RaspBee is a reference design for the ZigBee radio module deRFmega256-23M12 by dresden elektronik.

2. Applications

Mainly the RaspBee is designed to handle ZigBee 3.0, ZigBee Light Link (ZLL) and ZigBee Home Automation (ZHA) applications in connection with the RaspBee ZigBee firmware and RPi software deCONZ. A more detailed description of the ZLL standard, the features, benefits and available certified products can be found on the official alliance website [1].

It is also possible to use a custom firmware for wireless applications. Follow the instructions in **Sections 5** and **10** for detailed instructions on software installation and customer modifications.

Note: Regard that dependent on the modifications the radio certification and compliance may become invalid. Please get in contact with us to advise you for a custom FCC certified and/or compliant design.

3. Features

The RaspBee board contains the features listed below. **Figure 1** illustrates the feature parts in a detailed view.

3.1. Short facts

Slim size: 48.0 x 16.5 x 12.0 mm

Supply voltage: 5.0 V

Onboard 2.4 GHz ZigBee radio module 'deRFmega256-23M12'

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- Application interfaces:
 - o 1x UART, 1x Reset, 1x GPIO
 - User interface: 2x LED (red and green)

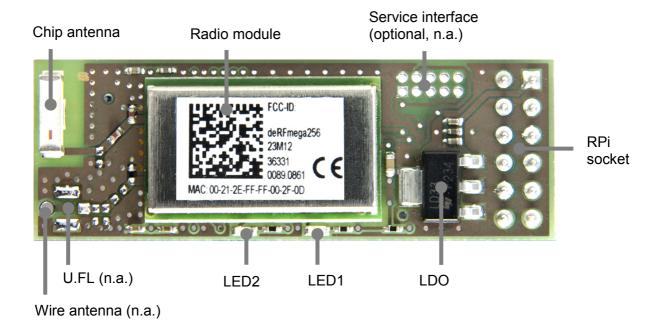


Figure 1: RaspBee in detail

3.2. How does the RaspBee work?

The functional parts of the RaspBee are shown in a schematic overview in Figure 2.

The RaspBee will be supplied by the RPi 5.0 V domain. Therefore the AC/DC supply must be sufficient to support the additional load. The most used AC/DC converters for RPi supply enough power to compensate the slightly increased current consumption of the RaspBee. An onboard low-drop-out voltage regulator generates a stable 3.3 V voltage to supply the radio module and LEDs.

Note: All RaspBee signals (UART, RESET, GPIO, JTAG) work on a 3.3 V domain. A level shifting of the signals to other voltage domains may be required if the RaspBee is used on other base boards than the RPi.

The onboard placed radio module deRFmega256-23M12 by dresden elektronik contains an 8-bit AVR microcontroller with an integrated low-power 2.4 GHz transceiver for ZigBee and IEEE 802.15.4 applications. The firmware is stored in the MCU internal flash and starts automatically after the board gets powered on. Each RaspBee contains a world-wide unique identifier, named MAC-ID. It consists of an 8 byte address, including the vendor ID and product ID. The MAC-ID is stored in the MCU internal EEPROM.

Communication between RPi and RaspBee is realized via UART interface. The used signals are TXD and RXD without any handshake signals. It is important to enable the access to RPi's serial port (see **Section** Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.) to ensure the proper function. Two user LEDs (red, green) are available to show RaspBee's status. The low-active reset signal can be controlled by the RPi and will cause a hardware

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reset of the built-in microcontroller. An onboard 10k pull-up resistor avoids an unintended reset trigger.

Via a service adapter footprint the JTAG signals of the built-in microcontroller are available. In delivery state the adapter header is not assembled. See **Section 10.1** for a custom modification.

The 2.4 GHz radio module has two RF output traces. In default delivery state, only one RF line is used which is routed to the assembled onboard chip antenna. Each firmware shall ensure that the correct RF port gets selected. Although the chip antenna covers most of the applications it is also possible to use an external antenna. This requires custom modifications described in **Section 10.2** as well as firmware changes.

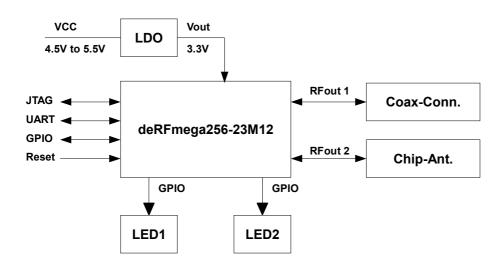


Figure 2: Block Diagram

4. Quick start

This section describes in short steps a fast start-up of the RaspBee board to control and monitor a ZigBee network. Detailed descriptions about the firmware, software and functionality can be found in **Section 5**.

4.1. Content of delivery

One shipped RaspBee package contains the following:

- 1x RaspBee board
- 1x Instruction leaflet

The Raspbee addon board may also be obtained as part of a kit (see Section 15.3).

4.2. Requirements

The RaspBee is designed to work on a Raspberry Pi. In general all actual available types of RPi will work with the RaspBee. However we recommend RPi type B, RPi2 and RPi3 with assembled Ethernet components. For full functionality the following additional components are required:

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4.2.1. Hardware

- Raspberry Pi (type B), RPi2 or RPi3
- Recommended Power supply for Raspberry Pi, RPi2 or RPi3 (AC/DC to Micro-USB, 5.0 V DC, min. 2 A)
- SD card / MicroSD card for OS and software

4.2.2. Software

- Linux operating system (Raspbian Linux distribution¹)
- Qt4 library v4.8
- deCONZ for ARMv6 Linux²
- GCFFlasher³
- ZigBee firmware for RaspBee⁴ (optionally)

4.3. Setup the components and start the application

- 1. Unpack the RaspBee unit.
- 2. Please make sure that the Pi is switched off.
- 3. Connect the RaspBee to the RPi's user header. Pin 1 of RaspBee (square marker) must be connected to Pin 2 of RPi header P1 at the board edge. Use the same header position for RPi2 or RPi3.



Figure 3: RPi user header

Notes: Double check that the header is **NOT** shifted inadvertently since this may damage the RaspBee board irreversible.

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¹ Refer to http://www.raspbian.org/ for download and installation instructions

² deCONZ is available in the download area on http://www.dresden-elektronik.de

³ GCFFlasher is available in the download area on http://www.dresden-elektronik.de.

⁴ ZigBee firmware is available in the download area on http://www.dresden-elektronik.de. (section deCONZ, file extension .bin.GCF).



Do not connect the RaspBee if the RPi is powered since this will cause a restart of the host device.

- 4. Power-On the RPi and wait until the login prompt is available.
- 5. Log in and acquire superuser rights.
- 6. Install the ZigBee control and monitoring software 'deCONZ' on RPi (see **Section 5.1.1**).
- 7. Start the deCONZ application (see **Section 5.1.2**).

5. Software

All following explanations assume the customer fulfils the software prerequisites as given in **Section 4.2.2** and the initial setup (see **Section 4.3**) has been performed.

Note: You can also download a preconfigured Image with Jessie OS, deCONZ and VNC-Server.

https://www.dresden-elektronik.de/funktechnik/solutions/wireless-light-control/raspbee-gw-sd-card-image/?L=1

5.1. deCONZ on RPideCONZ

deCONZ is a powerful software which allows for configuration, operation, monitoring and maintenance of ZigBee networks.

5.1.1. Installation

1. Download deCONZ software package:

```
$ wget http://www.dresden-elektronik.de/rpi/deconz/deconz-
latest.deb
```

2. Install deCONZ software package:

```
$ sudo dpkg -i deconz-latest.deb
```

5.1.2. Start and run the application

1. If not already running start the desktop environment

```
$ startx
```

2. Start the application from start menu

```
Menu → Programming → deCONZ
```

The application shall now connect to the RaspBee shield automatically and a blue node with address 0x0000 which represents the RaspBee coordinator appears. For details on the operation, refer to the deCONZ user manual [2]. Once running, deCONZ is also accessible via a Web application [3].

5.1.3. Execute the application at start-up

1. Create the folder "autostart":

```
$ mkdir -p /home/pi/.config/autostart/
```

2. Create and edit the file "deCONZ.desktop":

```
$ nano /home/pi/.config/autostart/deCONZ.desktop
```

2. Insert the following lines and save the file:

```
[Desktop Entry]
Type=Application
```

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Name=deCONZ Exec=deCONZ-autostart.sh StartupNotify=false

Now, the application will run automatically after start-up of the RPi.

5.2. Notes on custom firmware

For communication between RPi and Raspberry, set the UART speed to 38400 baud preferably. To upload the firmware or recover the ZigBee firmware, use GCFFlasher⁵.

Notes:

When using the JTAG interface anyhow, do not touch sensitive EEPROM areas (Bootloader control section, ZigBee firmware settings, NV-section containing i.e. MAC address) unless you are absolutely sure what you are doing.

Please also note that dresden elektronik will neither provide firmware images of the bootloader nor support restoring the bootloader or EEPROM once overwritten.

5.3. EEPROM layout

The radio module contained on the RaspBee uses the following EEPROM sections. If developing custom firmware, please do not modify the sections already used.

Table 1: EEPROM sections

EEPROM sections				
address range	content / remark			
0x0000 0x00FF	Bootloader specific			
0x0100 0x1EFF	user available			
0x1F00 0x1FDF	ZigBee firmware specific			
0x1FE0 0x1FFF	NV-section			

5.4. Fuse setting

The table below shows the recommended fuse byte settings for the RaspBee which the board also comes with in factory new condition. Please refer to the radio module user manual [4] for their description and alternative configurations.

Table 2: Extended fuse bytes

Fuse bytes	Setting	Description
EXTENDED	0xF8	Extended fuse byte
HIGH	0x90	Fuse high byte
LOW	0xCE	Fuse low byte

6. LED user interface

The LED user interface consists of a red and a green low-active low-current LED. They show the actual status of the RaspBee board (**Table 3**).

Table 3: LED status

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⁵ Images of the ZigBee Firmware are available in the download area on http://www.dresden-elektronik.de



LED status							
Application	Application state	LED1 (red)	LED2 (green)				
Bootloader	during initial 200 ms after start (awaiting commands)	Off	Blinking				
	firmware update	Off	Blinking				
	no target application (invalid Firmware/empty FLASH)	Off Blinking					
	target application started	depending applica	tion				
ZigBee firmware	Idle mode (TRX OFF)	Fast blinking	Off				
	Connecting	Slow blinking	Off				
	Connected	On	Off				
	Transmit	Off	On				
	Transmitted	Off	Off				
custom firmware	n/a	depending application					

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7. Technical data

The RaspBee contains the 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.15.4 radio module 'deRFmega256-23M12' by dresden elektronik. A detailed description of the module's characteristics and properties can be found in the radio module user manual [4].

Table 4: Mechanical data

Mechanical data								
Value	Descriptor	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Size	L			48.0		mm		
	W			16.5		mm		
	Н			12.0		mm		

Table 5: Temperature range

Temperature range ⁶									
Value	Descriptor	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Working temperature	T _{work}		-40	+25	+85	°C			

Table 6: Absolute maximum ratings

Absolute maximum ratings								
Value	Descriptor	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Supply voltage	V _{in max}	T=25°C			5.5	V		
Supply current	I _{in_max}	TX_ON, TX_PWR=0x0			215	mA		

Note:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this manual are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. For more details about these parameters, refer to individual datasheets of the components used.

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⁶ The given values are only valid for the RaspBee board. They may differ from the Raspberry Pi or other custom base boards. Check the appropriate documentations for the working and storage temperature of the whole system.



Table 7: Electrical characteristics

Electrical characteristics								
Value	Descriptor	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Supply voltage	V _{in}		4.5	5.0	5.5	V		
Output voltage	V_{out}			3.3		V		
Supply current	I _{in_trxoff}	V _{in} =5.0 V		15.8		mA		
	I _{in_txon}	V _{in} =5.0 V, TX_PWR=0x0 V _{in} =5.0 V, TX_PWR=0x6 V _{in} =5.0 V, TX_PWR=0xF		213.7 168.2 55.1		mA mA mA		
	I _{in_rxon}	V_{in} =5.0 V, Max. Sens. V_{in} =5.0 V, Reduced Sens. V_{in} =5.0 V, RPC On		32.0 31.7 26.6		mA mA mA		

Table 8: MCU clock

MCU clock								
Value	Descriptor	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
MCU clock	CLK _{MCU}			8		MHz		

Table 9: Radio characteristics

Radio characteristics						
Value	Descriptor	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Antenna	ANT1	Туре	Chip Ceramic			
		Gain		-0.7		dBi
Coaxial connector	COAX	Туре		U.FL		
Frequency range	F _{range}	PHY_CC_CCA = 0x0B0x1A 2405 2480		2480	MHz	
Channels	СН	PHY_CC_CCA = 0x0B0x1A		16		
Absolute TX power	POUT	Vin=5.0 V, TX_PWR=0x0 Vin=5.0 V, TX_PWR=0x6 Vin=5.0 V, TX_PWR=0xF		20.9 19.6 3.0		dBm dBm dBm
Receiver sensitivity	SENS	Data Rate = 250 kBit/s Data Rate = 500 kBit/s Data Rate = 1000 kBit/s Data Rate = 2000 kBit/s -105 -101 -99 -94		dBm dBm dBm dBm		
Data rate (gross)	DR	TRX_CTRL_2 = 0x00 TRX_CTRL_2 = 0x01 TRX_CTRL_2 = 0x02 TRX_CTRL_2 = 0x03		250 500 1000 2000		kbps kbps kbps kbps

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8. Mechanical size

8.1. Dimensions

The RaspBee board (**Figure 4**) has a length of 48.0 mm, a width of 16.5 mm and a height of 12.0 mm (including socket for RPi).

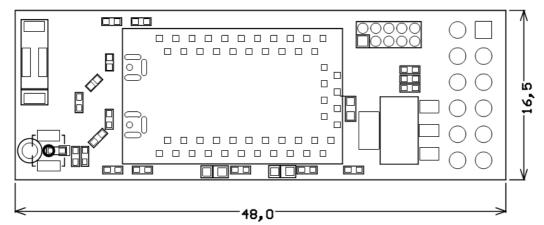


Figure 4: Mechanical size

8.2. Housing

The slim board size allows the usage of housing for the RPi. Tested and recommended items are:

- MULTICOMP MC-RP001 white (FARNELL order code 2113797)
- MULTICOMP MC-RP001 black (FARNELL order code 2113798)
- MULTICOMP MC-RP001 clear (FARNELL order code 2113799)

Recommended housing for RPi2 and RPi3 is:

RS Pro - ASM-1900036-11 (RS-Online order code 908-4212)

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9. Pin assignment

This section lists all available signals and their function on the RaspBee.

Note: The signal NC means Not Connected.

Table 10: Signal pin description

Signal pin description			
Radio module pin	Signal	Function	Comment
28	PE0/RXD0	UART RX	Communication interface
29	PE1/TXD0	UART TX	Communication interface
4	RESET	Reset	10k pull-up onboard, low-active
27	PB7	SW1 / GPIO	
15	PD7	LED1	Red, low-active
8	PG2	LED2	Green, low-active
57	RFOUT1	Wire antenna or coaxial connector	Not assembled, trace terminated with 49R9 resistor
53	RFOUT2	Chip antenna	
48	PF4/TCK	JTAG	Header not assembled
47	PF5/TMS	JTAG	Header not assembled
46	PF6/TDO	JTAG	Header not assembled
45	PF7/TDI	JTAG	Header not assembled
-	Vin	Voltage supply	5 V supplied by RPi
2, 50	VCC	Voltage supply	3.3 V generated internally
1, 31, 44, 49, 51	GND	Ground	System ground

Table 11: Header pin description

Header pin description				
Header	Pin	Signal	Comment	
RPi socket	1	Vin	5.0 V supplied by RPi	
	2	NC		
	3	NC		
	4	NC		
	5	GND		
	6	NC		
	7	RXD	UART RX	
	8	NC		
	9	TXD	UART TX	

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	10	GND	
	11	SW1	GPIO for RaspBee
	12	RESET	Reset signal for RaspBee
Service socket	1	TCK	JTAG
(not assembled)	2	GND	
	3	TDO	JTAG
	4	VCC	3.3 V generated internally
	5	TMS	JTAG
	6	RESET	Reset signal for RaspBee
	7	VCC	3.3 V generated internally
	8	NC	
	9	TDI	JTAG
	10	GND	

10. Hardware modifications

Besides the factory-default RaspBee configuration it is also possible to modify the hardware to enhance its functionality.

10.1. Assemble the service header

The service interface provides the microcontroller programming interface of the radio module. It is useful to assemble a 50 mil 10-pin header on the top side to ensure a proper connection. We recommend the use of the listed header:

MOUSER ELECTRONICS order number: 855-M50-3500542

FARNELL order number: 1022305

DIGI-KEY order number: 952-1383-ND

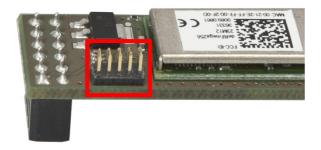


Figure 5: RaspBee service header (default not assembled)

The pin description can be found in **Section 9** in **Table 11**. A detailed description of suitable programmers and related software tools are listed in **[5]**.

Note:

Improper handling in respect of erasing or overwriting the MCU internal flash or EEPROM completely or in parts may result in an unusable RaspBee unit. Modification of the pre-allocated EEPROM memory sections or removal of the pre-installed bootloader will irreversibly preclude restoring, booting or

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upgrading the shipping firmware at all. dresden elektronik will neither support such modifications (see **Section 5.2** for details).

10.2. Using an external antenna

External antennas will be often used if an improved radio characteristics performance is needed or the device is put into a metallized enclosure. In this case it is possible to assemble a surface-mount coaxial connector. The footprint is designed to use the coaxial connector 'U.FL-R-SMT-1(10)' by HIROSE. It can be obtained from i.e. the following distributors:

MOUSER ELECTRONICS order number: 798-U.FL-R-SMT-110

• FARNELL order number: 1688077

DIGI-KEY order number: H11891CT-ND

Additionally the terminating resistor must be removed from the antenna port. Assemble a 22 pF coupling capacitor and a 10 k resistor in parallel directly next to the U.FL connector.

The RaspBee has been tested and measured with the approved antenna(s) listed in **Section 11.3**.

Notes:

The use of antenna types other than the listed approved antennas will cause in loss of the FCC certification. Regard the notes in **Section 11.3** to work with a custom antenna in respect of CE and FCC requirements.

The pre-installed ZigBee firmware does not support the 2nd antenna port.

11. Radio certification

11.1. United States (FCC)

The RaspBee contains the radio module 'deRFmega256-23M12', which is certified according to FCC part 15. The FCC-ID of the radio module deRFmega256-23M12 is XVV-MEGA23M12 and is printed on a visible permanently affixed label on the top of the module's RF shielding.

This equipment complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation (FCC 15.19). The internal / external antenna(s) used for this mobile transmitter must provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment (FCC section 15.21).

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense (FCC section 15.105).

11.2. European Union (ETSI)

The RaspBee is conform for use in European Union countries.

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If the RaspBee is incorporated into a product, the manufacturer must ensure compliance of the final product to the European harmonized EMC and low-voltage/safety standards. A Declaration of Conformity must be issued for each of these standards and kept on file as described in Annex II of the R&TTE Directive.

The manufacturer must maintain a copy of the RaspBee documentation and ensure the final product does not exceed the specified power ratings, antenna specifications, and/or installation requirements as specified in the user manual. If any of these specifications are exceeded in the final product, a submission must be made to a notified body for compliance testing to all required standards.

The CE marking must be affixed to a visible location on the OEM product. The CE mark shall consist of the initials "CE" taking the following form:

- If the CE marking is reduced or enlarged, the proportions must be respected.
- The CE marking must have a height of at least 5 mm except where this is not possible on account of the nature of the apparatus.
- The CE marking must be affixed visibly, legibly, and indelibly.

More detailed information about CE marking requirements can be found in [6].

11.3. Approved antenna list

The RaspBee has an integrated chip antenna. The design is fully compliant with all regulations and certified as reference design of the radio module deRFmega256-23M12 (FCC-ID: XVV-MEGA23M12).

As approved antenna(s) in connection with the coaxial connector (see **Section 10.2**) and a suitable U.FL to RP-SMA adapter cable, the following antenna(s) are allowed to use:

Table 11-1: Approved antenna(s)

Approved antenna(s) for deRFmega256-23M12				
Туре	Gain	Mount	Order code	Vendor / Supplier
External antenna	External antenna			
2400 to 2483.5 MHz Rubber antenna	+5dBi (peak)	RP- SMA	17013.RSMA	WiMo
U.FL-to-RP-SMA pigtail, 15 cm	-0.5dB		BN-023769	dresden elektronik
Integrated antenna				
2400 to 2483.5 MHz Chip antenna	+1.3dBi (peak)	SMT	2450AT43B100	Johanson Technology

According to KDB 178919 it is allowed to substitute approved antennas through equivalent antennas of the same type:

'Equivalent antennas must be of the same type (e.g., yagi, dish, etc.), must be of equal or less gain than an antenna previously authorized under the same FCC ID, and must have similar in band and out-of-band characteristics (consult specification sheet for cutoff frequencies).'

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Additional description to certification and approved antenna issues can be found in the radio module's user manual [4].

12. Ordering information

Table 2: Ordering Information

Ordering information			
Part Number	Product Name	Comment	
BN-600052	RaspBee premium	Contains bootloader and ZigBee firmware	

13. Packaging dimension

Default package size: 138 x 90 x 29 mm (LxWxH).

One package contains one RaspBee unit.

14. Revision notes

Actually no design issues are known.

15. Related Products

15.1. Wireless electronic ballasts

With the easy to integrate ZLL compliant wireless electronic ballasts by dresden elektronik a great number of lamps from the classic light bulb to the advanced multicolored LED matrix can be wirelessly controlled. There is a choice of four variations that are applied alternatively or in combination with conventional electronic ballasts. They come along with standard interfaces such as 0/1-10V technology and PWM as well as wireless dimmers for dimmable energy saving bulbs.

15.2. RaspBee Gateway

The gateway is a pre-configured assembly with housing to get started controlling your lights wirelessly. The gateway, as heart of our wireless light control system, is a combination of the single-board computer Raspberry Pi 3 and the addon module RaspBee. You can operate with this full-fledged ZigBee device for example via smartphone by connecting it at your WiFi router.

15.3. Starter Kit Wireless Light Control

The starter kit ensures a simple out-of-the box operation. It includes everything needed for an easy activation: a fully pre-configured RaspBee Gateway and two wireless electronic ballasts with power PWM output, i.e. for driving LED stripes.

For more information about all related products please refer to our webpage www.dresden-elektronik.de

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16. References

- [1] ZigBee Light Link, URL: http://www.zigbee.org/zigbee-products-2/
- [2] User Manual deCONZ; URL: https://www.dresden-elektronik.de/funktechnik/service/downloads/documentation/
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- [6] Directive 1999/5/EC, European Parliament and the Council, 9 March 1999, section 12

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RaspBee ZigBee addon board



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