

```

restart;
#f := x → abs( sin( 20·Pi·x ) );
f := x → sqrt(x);
#f := x → e $\frac{1}{(x+0.4)^2}$ ;
#f := x → sin( 50·x );
f := x ↦ √x

```

(1)

```

with(geometry) ;; with(LinearAlgebra) ;;

```

```

xs := [ seq(  $\frac{i}{10}$ , i=0 ..10 ) ];
# расширенный узловый вектор
XS := [ -0.2, -0.1, seq(xs[i], i=1 ..11), 1.1, 1.2 ];
YS := map(f, XS);
xs := [ 0,  $\frac{1}{10}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{3}{10}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{3}{5}$ ,  $\frac{7}{10}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$ ,  $\frac{9}{10}$ , 1 ]
XS := [ -0.2, -0.1, 0,  $\frac{1}{10}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{3}{10}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{3}{5}$ ,  $\frac{7}{10}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$ ,  $\frac{9}{10}$ , 1, 1.1, 1.2 ]
YS := [ 0.4472135955 I, 0.3162277660 I, 0,  $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{30}}{10}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{5}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}$ ,  $\frac{\sqrt{70}}{10}$ ,
 $\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$ ,  $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}$ , 1, 1.048808848, 1.095445115 ]

```

(2)

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n := 10;
n := 10

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(3)

B spline функция 0го порядка

```

N0 := (i, t) →

```

```

if t ≥ XS[i] and t < XS[i + 1]
then 1;
else 0;
end if;

```

```

N0 := (i, t) ↦ if XSi ≤ t < XSi+1 then 1 else 0 end if

```

(4)

B spline функция любого порядка (φ-ла Кокса, Де Бура)

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N := proc(i, n, t)

```

```

local tl;

```

```

if n = 0 then N0(i, t);

```

```

else

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```

tl := 0;

```

```

if  $XS[i+n] - XS[i] \neq 0$  then  $tl := \frac{(t - XS[i]) \cdot N(i, n-1, t)}{n \cdot 0.1}$  end if;
if  $XS[i+n+1] - XS[i+1] \neq 0$  then  $tl := tl$ 
+  $\frac{(XS[i+n+1] - t) \cdot N(i+1, n-1, t)}{n \cdot 0.1}$  end if;
return  $tl$ ;
end if;
end proc::

```

функция для квадратичного B сплайна

$B := (i, t) \rightarrow N(i, 2, t)$;

$B := (i, t) \mapsto N(i, 2, t)$

(5)

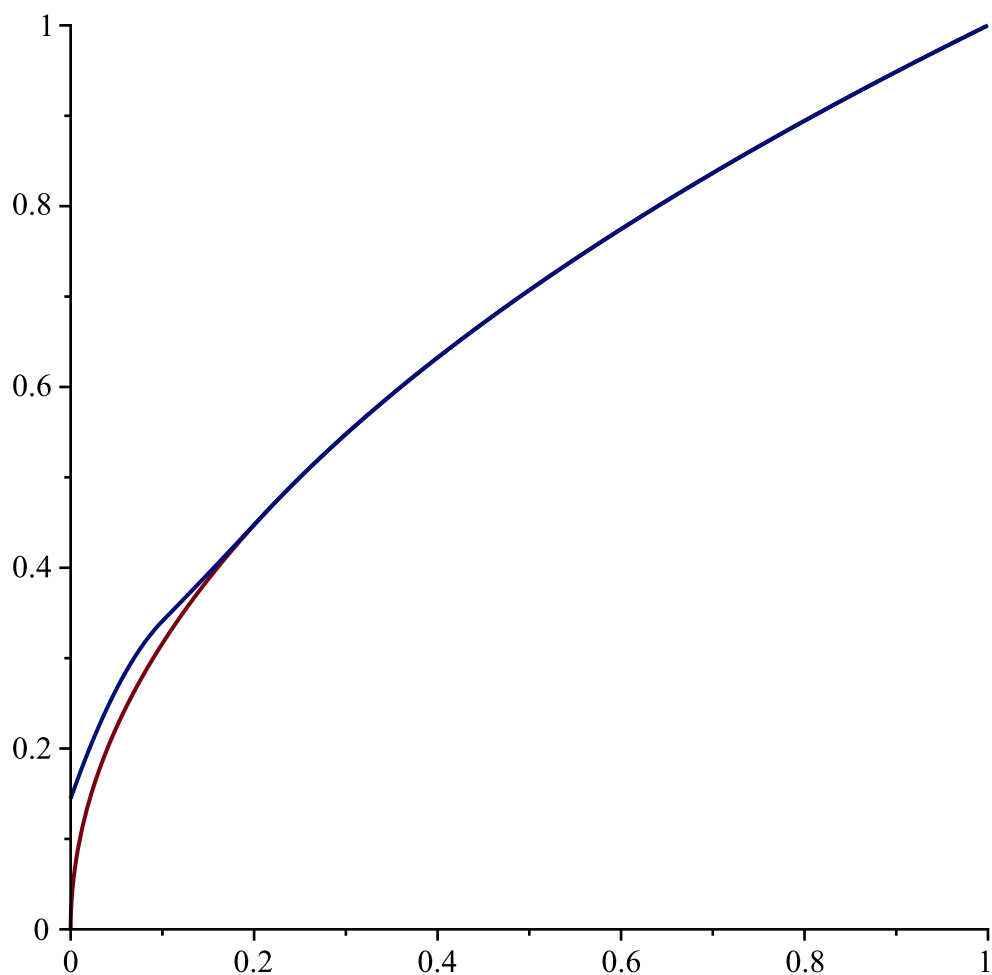
$\#c := i \rightarrow f\left(\frac{XS[i+1] + XS[i+2]}{2}\right)$;

$c := i \rightarrow$ **if** $i=1$ **then** $f(XS[1])$ **elif** $1 < i < n+3$ **then** $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(-f(XS[i+1]) + 4\right.$
 $\cdot f\left(\frac{(XS[i+1] + XS[i+2])}{2}\right) - f(XS[i+2])$ **)** **else** $f(XS[n+2])$ **end if**;

$c := i \mapsto$ **if** $i=1$ **then** $f(XS_1)$ **elif** $1 < i < n+3$ **then** $-\frac{f(XS_{i+1})}{2} + 2 \cdot f\left(\frac{XS_{i+1}}{2} + \frac{XS_{i+2}}{2}\right)$ (6)
 $-\frac{f(XS_{i+2})}{2}$ **else** $f(XS_{n+2})$ **end if**

$S := x \rightarrow$
if $x < 0.2$ **then**
 $add(c(i+1) \cdot B(i+1, x), i=1 ..n)$;
else
 $add(c(i+2) \cdot B(i+2, x), i=1 ..n)$;
end if;

Warning, (in S) `i` is implicitly declared local
 $plot([f, S], 0 ..1)$;



$XXS := \left[seq\left(\frac{i}{100}, i=1 \dots 100\right) \right] ;;$

$errorm := (f, approx) \rightarrow evalf(\max(map(x \rightarrow (abs(f(x) - approx(x))), XXS))) ;$
 $errorm(S, f) ;$

$errorm := (f, approx) \mapsto evalf(\max(map(x \mapsto |f(x) - approx(x)|, XXS)))$

0.0725332102

(7)