Package 'AssayCorrector'

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Type Package
Title Bias elimination in screening technologies assays
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Description Eliminates both multiplicative and additive types of bias using partial mean polish. Using the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test, it can automatically detect the bias type (either additive or multiplicative). It then proceeds to correct the biased measurements using information from the unbiased measurements as reference.
Depends R (>= 3.3.0), RColorBrewer, lattice
License GPL-3
LazyData TRUE
RoxygenNote 5.0.1
R topics documented: correct_bias
plot.assay
print.assay
Index

2 create_assay

detect_bias() method	correct_bias	Correct the bias present in the assay, previously detected by the detect_bias() method
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Description

correct_bias() (1) uses either the additive or multiplicative PMP (Partial Mean Polish) methods (the most appropriate spatial bias model can be either specified or determined by the program following the results of the Kolmogorov-Smirnov two-sample test) to correct the assay measurements if the plate-specific correction is specified; (2) carries out the assay-specific correction if specified.

Usage

```
correct_bias(assay,method=NULL,alpha=0.05,type="PA")
```

Arguments

assay The assay to be corrected. Has to be an assay object.

MULL:autodetect (default), 1:additive, 2:multiplicative

alpha Significance level threshold (defaults to 0.05)

type P:plate-specific, A:assay-specific, PA:plate then assay-specific, AP:assay then plate-

specific

Value

The corrected assay (assay object)

Examples

```
m<-readRDS(gzcon(url(
'https://github.com/ArtificialBreeze/AssayCorrector/blob/master/examples/8x12_raw.Rda?raw=true')))
assay<-create_assay(m)
detected<-detect_bias(assay)
corrected<-correct_bias(detected,method=2)</pre>
```

Description

create_assay makes a new object of class assay. You should pass this object to detect_bias()
and correct_bias() methods

Usage

```
assay<-create_assay(m,ctrl=NA)</pre>
```

detect_bias 3

Arguments

m The assay you want to be corrected

ctrl An optional boolean array of the same dimensions as m. Each entry is 1 if the

well is a control well, 0 otherwise. All control wells are excluded from all

computations

Value

assay The created assay object. It containts the following fields:

n The HTS matrix of raw measurements

ctrl The binary matrix of control wells

biasPositions The binary matrix where 1:well is biased, 0:well is unbiased, as suggested by Mann-Whitney test

mCorrected The HTS matrix of corrected measurements, initilized to a zero array, and subsequently storing the corrected version of m via correct_bias()

biasType Vector of length p, where p is the number of plates. It tell, for each plate of the assay, A:Additive trend, M:Multiplicative trend, U:Undetermined trend and C:Error-free plate.

Examples

```
# Fictive 8x12x5 assay
m<-readRDS(gzcon(url(
   'https://github.com/ArtificialBreeze/AssayCorrector/blob/master/examples/8x12_raw.Rda?raw=true')))
assay<-create_assay(m)
# Plate 7 taken from Carralot et al. 2012
m<-readRDS(gzcon(url(
   'https://github.com/ArtificialBreeze/AssayCorrector/blob/master/examples/Plate7_raw.Rda?raw=true')))
assay<-create_assay(m)</pre>
```

detect_bias

Detect the type of bias present in the assay

Description

detect (1) identifies rows and columns of all plates of the assay affected by spatial bias (following the results of the Mann-Whitney U test); (2) identifies well locations (i.e., well positions scanned across all plates of a given assay) affected by spatial bias (also following the results of the Mann-Whitney U test).

Usage

```
detect_bias(assay,alpha=0.01,type="P")
```

Arguments

assay The assay to be corrected. Has to be an assay object.

alpha Significance level threshold (defaults to 0.05)

type P:plate-specific, A:assay-specific, PA:plate then assay-specific, AP:assay then plate-

specific

print.assay

Value

The corrected assay (assay object)

Examples

```
m<-readRDS(gzcon(url(
   'https://github.com/ArtificialBreeze/AssayCorrector/blob/master/examples/8x12_raw.Rda?raw=true')))
assay<-create_assay(m)
detected<-detect_bias(assay)</pre>
```

plot.assay

Plot assay plate-wise

Description

plot.assay plots a hit map of the assay (only one plate at a time)

Usage

```
plot(assay,plate=2,type="P")
```

Arguments

assay The assay you want to plot

plate The plate number

type Either "R" - raw assay, "C" - corrected assay (if it exists) or "P" - spatial bias

position

print.assay

Print assay summary

Description

print.assay simply prints a summary of the HTS assay

Usage

```
print(assay,plate=2)
```

Arguments

assay The assay you want to print

plate The plate number

Index

```
correct_bias, 2
create_assay, 2
detect_bias, 3
plot.assay, 4
print.assay, 4
```