## **Dynamic Arrays**

SystemVeriiog provides a dynamic array that can be allocated and resized during simulation and so your simulation consumes a minimal amount of memory.

A dynamic array is declared with empty word subscripts []. This means that you do not specity the array size at compile time; instead, you give it at run-time. The array is initially empty, and so you must call the new [] constructor to allocate space, passing in the number of entries in the square brackets.

If you pass the name of an array to the new [] constructor, the values are copied into the new elements.

## CODE-1 Using a dynamic array for an uncounted list.

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**CODE-2** Declare of dynamic array of int data type and also display in packed formate.

```
module dynamic_array;
int D_array[];

initial begin

D_array = new[10];

D_array = '{1,2,4,5,7,6,8,9,3,4};

foreach(D_array[i])

begin

$display("Value of dynamic
array[%0d]=[%0d]",i,D_array[i]);
end

$display("\nValue of dynamic
array=%p",D_array);

end
endmodule
```

```
# Top level modules:
# dynamic_array
# End time: 00:25:38 on Aug 30,2023, Elapsed time: 0:00:00
# Errors: 0, Warnings: 0
# Errors: 0, Warnings: 0
# Errors: 0, Warnings: 0
# vaim dynamic_array
# Start time: 00:25:39 on Aug 30,2023, Elapsed time: 0:00:24
# Errors: 0, Warnings: 0
# vaim dynamic_array
# Start time: 00:25:39 on Aug 30,2023
# ** Note: (vsim-3813) Design is being optimized due to module recompilation...
# Loading svs_sd.std
# Loading svs_sd.std
# Loading work.dynamic_array(fast)
# Value of dynamic_array[0]=[1]
# Value of dynamic_array[1]=[2]
# Value of dynamic array[2]=[4]
# Value of dynamic array[3]=[5]
# Value of dynamic array[4]=[7]
# Value of dynamic array[5]=[6]
# Value of dynamic array[7]=[9]
# Value of dynamic array[8]=[3]
# Value of dynamic array[9]=[4]
# Value of dynamic array[9]=[4]
# Value of dynamic array[9]=[4]
# Value of dynamic array="\{1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 6, 8, 9, 3, 4\}
```

## CODE-3

Resize the first array to 10 elements, while retaining the existing 5 elements.

The size of an array can be specified during run-time by using **new[]**.

```
module d_array;
bit[4:0] d_array[];
initial begin
        d_array = new[5];
        foreach(d_array[i])begin
        d_array[i] = $urandom_range(10,15);
                 $display("\ndynamic array while retaining the existing 5
elements is =%p",d_array);
                 $display("\nInceasing the size of array old value ");
                 d_array = new[10];
                 foreach(d array[i])begin
        d_array[i] = $urandom_range(20,30);
        end
                 $display("\ndynamic array value after resize array is
=%p",d_array);
end
endmodule
```

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## **CODE-4** Dynamic Array Method: new, size and delete

**new method:** To create a memory, it can also be used to resize or copy

a dynamic array.

Syntax:

Array name = new[size]

size method: Return the current size of dynamic array

Syntax:

Array name.size()

delete method: in dynamic array method delet all array contents

Array\_name.delete();

```
//code-4 dynamic arrays methods example
module d_Array;
int Array[];
//int array1[];
initial begin
        Array = new[10];
        Array = '{5,10,15,25,30,42,56,87,23,43};
        foreach(Array[i]) begin
        $display("array[%0d]=%0d",i,Array[i]);
        end
                 $display("\nsize of
array=%0d",Array.size());
    Array = new[10];
                 Array.delete(10);
                 foreach(Array[i])begin
                          $display("\nvalue of array
after delete=%0p",Array.size());
end
endmodule
```

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