```
sc=ip[i];
stack[stpos]=sc;
i++;stpos++;

}while(strlen(stack)!=1 && stpos!=lip);

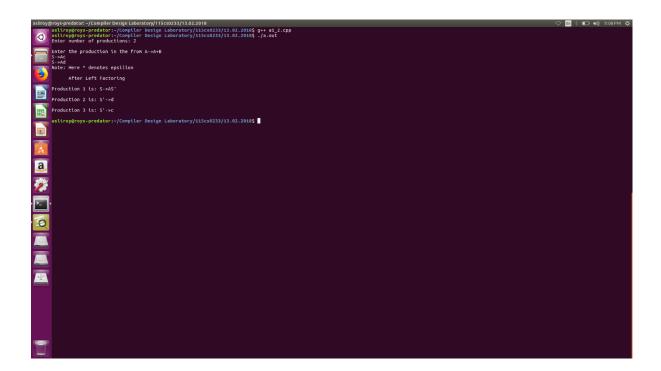
if(strlen(stack)==1)
{
    cout<<"\n\n\t\t\STRING IS ACCEPTED\t\t\t";
}
else
    cout<<"\n\n\t\t\STRING IS REJECTED\t\t\t";
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
else
  printf("\nNot Accepted;");
}
```

```
Authority of the properties of
```

```
Allonging products — (Acomptic Resign Laboratory) 15500335/13.02.2015 9 + 81.090

| Strong and Comptication | C
```



```
for(i = 0; i < l; i++) {
k = 0;
funcFirst(nonT[i]);
printf("\nFIRST(%c){ ", nonT[i]);
for(j = 0; j < strlen(vFirst); j++)</pre>
printf(" %c", vFirst[j]);
printf(" }\n");
}
int s = 0;
for(s = 0; s < l; s++) {
m = 0;
printf("\nFOLLOW(%c){ ", nonT[s]);
funFollow(nonT[s]);
for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
printf("%c ", vFollow[i]);
printf(" }\n");
}
}
```

#### **ASSIGNMENT-8**

1. Design an LR(0) parser that will check the validity of proposition logic expressions and generate its truth table. Also check satisfiablility/tautology/fallacy of the expression.

#### Valid Tokens

- 1. A-Z (excluding T and F), a-z (excluding t and f) are tokens of length 1 represent Boolean variables whole values are either T/t for true or F/f for false.
- 2. T/t and F/f are constants representing true and false respectively.
- 3. Operator  $\land$  stands for 'AND'.
- 4. Operator ∨ stands for 'OR'.
- 5. Operator ~ stands for 'NOT'.
- 6. Operator -> stands for 'implication'.
- 7. Operator <-> stands for 'if and only if'.
- 8. Operator ( stands for 'opening parenthesis'.
- 9. Operator ) stands for 'closing parenthesis'.

Operator Precedence Associativity

highest () Left

Right

-> Left

-> Left

/\ Left

lowest \/ Left

Errors Handled by this system

- 1. Lexical Error occurs when invalid tokens are found. The error and its position in the imput string should be displayed.
- 2. Syntax or Parse Error:
- (i) Incomplete expression.

- (ii) Operator missing when two operands are consecutive.
- (iii) Expression missing when open parenthesis and close parenthesis are consecutive elements in the input string and vice versa.
- (iv) Operand missing for a binary operator.
- (v) Operand missing for an unary operator.
- (vi) Consecutive Binary Operators -> operand missing.
- (vii) Missing of an '(' for a ')'.

int i,j,flag=1;

p=str;

```
Code:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
//Declaration of global variables
char str[50];//user input string,a proposition logic expression
char lex[50];//stores the output of lex_ana
char token[50];
char postfix[50];//holds the postfix expression
char stack[50];//stack used for parsing,postfix generation and evaluation
int lex_ana();//token generation
int syn_ana();//syntax analysis with the help of an LR(0) parser.
unsigned long int mask[130];//masks out the bit position of a variable
char var[20];//holds the variable names
int postfix_gen();//generates postfix
void postfix_epr(int n);//evaluates the intermediate expressions
void truth_table(int n);//generates truth table for a given expression
int lex_ana()//Function for lexical analysis of the w.f.f
{
  char*p,*q,*t;
```

```
q=lex;
  t=token;
  for(i=1,j=1;*p;i++)
   {
if(((*p>='A')\&\&(*p<='Z'))||((*p>='a')\&\&(*p<='z')))
   *q++=*p++,*t++='i';
            else
if((*p==')')||(*p=='(')||(*p=='~'))
                       *t++=*q++=*p++;
            else
if((*p=='/')&&(*(p+1)=='\\'))
                   *t++=*q++='.',p+=2;
            else
if((*p=='\')\&\&(*(p+1)=='/'))
                    *t++=*q++='+',p+=2;
            else
if((*p=='-')\&\&(*(p+1)=='>'))
                    *t++=*q++='*',p+=2;
            else
if((*p=='<')\&\&(*(p+1)=='-')\&\&(*(p+2)=='>'))
                    *t++=*q++='/',p+=3;
else
            {
                     printf("\nLexical Error:%d.At position %d,%c is an invalid token.",j,i,*p);
   flag=0;
                           p++;j++;
}
    }
```

```
*t++=*q++='$';
                 *t=*q='\0';
return flag;
}
int syn_ana()
{
int j,prev;
char*p,*top;
char sym;
 int pos=1,error=0,t=0,state=0,accept=0;
 p=token;top=stack;*top=0;prev=0;
 for(sym=*p,state=0,j=0;!accept;j++)
{
         /*if(j==10)
                 break;*/
        //printf("state %d symbol %c string sym %c\n",state,sym,*p);
         switch(state)
         {
           case 0:
                       switch(sym)
                       {
                        case 'E':*(++top)=1;t++;state=1;sym=*p;break;
       case 'T':*(++top)=2;t++;state=2;sym=*p;break;
       case '(':*(++top)='(';*(++top)=4;pos++;state=4;sym=*(++p);break;
       case 'i':*(++top)='i';*(++top)=5;pos++;state=5;sym=*(++p);break;
       case '~':*(++top)='~';*(++top)=3;pos++;state=3;sym=*(++p);break;
      /*error handler*/
                        case ')':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d No ( for
).\n",++error,pos++);break;
       case '$':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Incomplete
expression.\n",++error,pos++);break;
```

```
case '+' :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left side operand of binary operator /\\ not
found.\n",++error,pos++);break;
       case '.' :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left side operand of binary operator \\/ not
found.\n",++error,pos++);break;
       case '*' :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left side operand of binary operator -> not
found.\n",++error,pos++);break;
       case '/' :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left side operand of binary operator <-> not
found.\n",++error,pos++);
                        }
    break;
                case 1:
                        switch(sym)
                        {
       case '$':*(++top)='$';*(++top)=6;pos++;state=6;sym=*(++p);break;
       case '.':*(++top)='.';*(++top)=7;pos++;state=7;sym=*(++p);break;
       case '+':*(++top)='+';*(++top)=8;pos++;state=8;sym=*(++p);break;
       case '*':*(++top)='*';*(++top)=9;pos++;state=9;sym=*(++p);break;
       case '/':*(++top)='/';*(++top)=10;pos++;state=10;sym=*(++p);break;
                        /*error handler*/
       case ')':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d ( missing for ).\n",++error,pos++);break;
                        default :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Binary operator
missing.\n",++error,pos++);
                        }
    break;
                        case 2://reduce by E->T
                                *(--top)='E';state=*(top-1);t--;sym='E';
               break;
                        case 3:
                 switch(sym)
                         {
         case 'T':*(++top)=11;t++;state=11;sym=*p;break;
         case '(':*(++top)='(';*(++top)=4;pos++;state=4;sym=*(++p);break;
```

case 'i':\*(++top)='i';\*(++top)=5;pos++;state=5;sym=\*(++p);break;

```
case '~':*(++top)='~';*(++top)=3;pos++;state=3;sym=*(++p);break;
                          /*error handler*/
                                case '$':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Incomplete
expression.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                          default :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Operand of Unary operator
~ missing.\n",++error,pos++);
       }
                break;
                        case 4:
                                  switch(sym)
            case '(':*(++top)='(';*(++top)=4;pos++;state=4;sym=*(++p);break;
            case '~':*(++top)='~';*(++top)=3;pos++;state=3;sym=*(++p);break;
            case 'i':*(++top)='i';*(++top)=5;pos++;state=5;sym=*(++p);break;
                         case 'E':*(++top)=12;t++;state=12;sym=*p;break;
            case 'T':*(++top)=2;t++;state=2;sym=*p;break;
                         /*error handler*/
                                         case '+':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left operand
of \\/ missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                                         case '.':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left operand
of /\\ missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                                         case '*':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left operand
of -> missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                                         case '/':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Left operand
of <-> missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                                         case '$':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Incomplete
expression.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                                         case ')':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d No expression
between ().\n",++error,pos++);
                                        }
    break;
                        case 5://reduce by T->i
                                *(--top)='T';state=*(top-1);t--;sym='T';
                break;
```

```
case 6://accept
```

```
accept=1;if(!error)printf("The given expression is a valid w.f.f.\n");
               break;
       case 7: case 8: case 9: case 10:
           switch(sym)
                                       {
                                        case 'T':*(++top)=13;state=13;sym=*p;break;
           case '(':*(++top)='(';*(++top)=4;pos++;state=4;sym=*(++p);break;
           case 'i':*(++top)='i';*(++top)=5;pos++;state=5;sym=*(++p);break;
           case '~':*(++top)='~';*(++top)=3;pos++;state=3;sym=*(++p);break;//NEW
            /*error handler*/
           case ')':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Right side operand of binary operator
missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
           case '$':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Incomplete
expression.\n",++error,pos++);break;
           default :printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Two consecutive binary
operators.\n",++error,pos++);
                                        }
    break;
                        case 11://reduce by T->~T
                                top-=3;t-=3;*top='T',state=*(top-1);sym='T';
               break;
                        case 12:
                                switch(sym)
         case '.':*(++top)='.';*(++top)=7;t+=2;state=7;sym=*(++p);break;
          case '+':*(++top)='+';*(++top)=8;pos++;state=8;sym=*(++p);break;
          case '*':*(++top)='*';*(++top)=9;pos++;state=9;sym=*(++p);break;
          case '/':*(++top)='/';*(++top)=10;pos++;state=10;sym=*(++p);break;
          case ')':*(++top)=')';*(++top)=14;pos++;state=14;sym=*(++p);break;
                                /*error handler*/
                                 case '~': case '(':
```

```
printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Binary operator
missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
                                 case 'i':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Binary operator or )
missing.\n",++error,pos++);break;
         case '$':printf("Parse Error %d at position %d Incomplete expression.\n",++error,pos++);
         }
                break;
                         case 13://reduce by E->E\T,E->E\T,E->E->T,E->E<->T
                                 top-=5;t-=5;*top='E',state=*(top-1);sym='E';
                break;
       case 14://reduce by T->(E)
                                 top-=5;t-=5;*top='T',state=*(top-1);sym='T';break;
                        }
 if((!(*p))&&(error)) break;
 else
 if(prev<error){state=0;top=stack;prev=error;sym=*(++p);}</pre>
 return error;
}
int postfix_gen()
 char*p=lex;
 int end=0,i,k=0;
 unsigned long int t;
 char*top=stack;
 char*r=postfix;
 *top='$';
 for(;!end;p++)
  switch(*p)
        {
```

case '\$':

```
end=1;
              while(*top!='$')
               *r++=*top--;
break;
case ')':
              while(*top!='(')
                      *r++=*top--;
              top--;
break;
     case '(':
              *(++top)='(';
      break;
     case '~':
              *(++top)='~';
break;
     case '/':
              switch(*top)
              case '~':;case '/':;
              *r++=*top;
              *top='/';
              break;
              default:
  *(++top)='/';
  }
break;
              case '*':
     switch(*top)
              {
        case '~':;case '/':;case '*':;
              *r++=*top;
```

```
*top='*';
              break;
              default:
  *(++top)='*';
  }
break;
     case '.':
             switch(*top)
              {
             case '~':;case '/':;case '*':;case '.':;
              *r++=*top;
              *top='.';
              break;
              default:
  *(++top)='.';
  }
break;
             case '+':
             switch(*top)
              {
             case '~':;case '/':;case '*':;case '.':;case '+':;
              *r++=*top;
              *top='+';
              break;
              default:
  *(++top)='+';
  }
             break;
             default:
                      *r++=*p;
                     for(i=0,t=1;i<k;i++,t<<=1)
```

```
if(var[i]==*p)
                                       break;
                               if(i==k)
                               {
                                       var[i]=*p;
                                       mask[*p]=t;
           k++;
                               }
        }
}
*r++='$';
*r='\0';
return k;
}
void postfix_epr(int n)
{
int end=0,op=1,t;
 char*p,*top;
printf("TRUTH TABLE OF THE GIVEN EXPRESSION\n");
top=stack;
*top='$';
p=postfix;
for(t=0;t<n;t++)
        printf("%c ",var[t]);
printf(" ");
for(;!end;p++)
{
        switch(*p)
        case '~':
```

```
printf("T%d=~",op);
              if(((*top>='A')\&\&(*top<='Z'))||((*top>='a')\&\&(*top<='z')))|
                 printf("%c",*top);
              else
  printf("T%d",*top);
               *top=op++;
              printf(" ");
break;
      case '/':;case '*':;case '.':;case '+':;
              printf("T%d=",op);
for(t=1;t>=0;t--)
      {
              if(((*(top-t)>='A')\&\&(*(top-t)<='Z'))) \mid |((*(top-t)>='a')\&\&(*(top-t)<='z')))
                printf("%c",*(top-t));
              else
                       printf("T%d",*(top-t));
              if(t)
              {
               switch(*p)
               {
   case '/':printf("<->");break;
                case '*':printf("->");break;
                case '.':printf("/\\");break;
                case '+':printf("\\/");
               }
 }
      }
      top-=2;
       *(++top)=op++;
      printf(" ");
       break;
```

```
case '$':
                printf("Result=T%d",*top);
                end=1;
  break;
        default:
                *(++top)=*p;
  }
}
printf("\n");
}
void truth_table(int n)
{
int i,j,end,pow=1,t=0;
char*p,*top;
for(i=n;i>0;i--)
           pow*=2;
for(i=pow-1;i>=0;i--)
 {
  printf("\n");
  for(j=0;j<n;j++)
                printf(((unsigned)mask[var[j]]&(unsigned)i)?"T ":"F ");
         printf("
                    ");
        end=0;
  top=stack;
  p=postfix;
for(;!end;p++)
 {
        switch(*p)
        {
```

```
case '~'://complement
      *top=!(*top);
      printf((*top)?"T ":"F ");
      printf(" ");
break;
     case '/'://<->
      *(top-1)=!(((unsigned)*(top-1))^((unsigned)*top));
     top--;
     printf((*top)?"T ":"F ");
     printf(" ");
break;
     case '*'://->
      *(top-1)=!((unsigned)*(top-1))|((unsigned)*top);
     top--;
     printf((*top)?"T ":"F ");
     printf(" ");
break;
     case '.': // ^
      *(top-1)=((unsigned)*(top-1))&((unsigned)*top);
     top--;
     printf((*top)?"T ":"F ");
              printf(" ");
break;
     case '+':;// \/
     *(top-1)=((unsigned)*(top-1))|((unsigned)*top);
     top--;
     printf((*top)?"T ":"F ");
     printf(" ");
break;
     case '$':
```

```
end=1;if(*top) t++;
   break;
         default:
                 *(++top)=((unsigned)mask[*p])&((unsigned)i)?1:0;
        }
 }
 }
printf("\nThe given w.f.f. is ");
printf((t)?(t==pow)?"Tautology":"Satisfiable":"Unsatisfiable");
}
int main()
{
 int i,n;
 printf("Enter an logic expression(w.f.f.):");
 scanf("%s",str);
 \label{eq:continuity} $$/\sqrt{c}-(a/\b/\c)-(d/\e)<->(^f->(g/\h)/\ei<->j/\k\/J)");
 printf("Evaluating string: %s\n",str);
for(i=1;i<=1;i++)
 {
 if(lex_ana())
 {
         if(!syn_ana())
         {
     n=postfix_gen();
           postfix_epr(n);
           truth_table(n);
     printf("\n");
         }
         else
                 printf("The given expression is not a w.f.f.");
 }
```

```
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```