

Gamma I

Per ser GLM s'ha de complir

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

Gamma II

$$\log(f(y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$f_{Y_1}(y|\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} y^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta y} = e^{-\beta y + (\alpha-1)\log(y) + \log\left(\frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)}\right)}$$

$$\log(f_{Y_1}(y|\alpha, \beta)) =$$

$$-\beta y + (\alpha - 1) \log(y) + \alpha \log(\beta) - \log(\Gamma(\alpha))$$

$$c(y, \phi) = (\alpha - 1) \log(y) - \log(\Gamma(\alpha)) + c_1(y) + c_2(\phi)$$

$$\implies \phi = \alpha$$

Gamma III

$$\log (f(y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_1}(y|\phi, \beta)) =$$

$$\frac{-\beta a(\phi)y + \phi a(\phi) \log(\beta)}{a(\phi)} + (\phi - 1) \log(y) - \log(\Gamma(\phi))$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = -\beta a(\phi) \Rightarrow \beta = -\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}$$

Gamma IV

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c (y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_1} (y|\theta, \phi)) =$$

$$\frac{\theta y + \phi a(\phi) \log\left(-\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}\right)}{a(\phi)} + (\phi - 1) \log (y) - \log (\Gamma (\phi))$$

$$\log (f_{Y_1} (y|\theta, \phi)) =$$

$$\frac{\theta y + \phi a(\phi) \log(-\theta)}{a(\phi)} - \phi \log (a(\phi)) + (\phi - 1) \log (y) - \log (\Gamma (\phi))$$

$$b(\theta) = -\phi a(\phi) \log (-\theta) \implies a(\phi) = \phi^{-1}$$

Gamma V

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c (y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_1} (y|\theta, \phi)) =$$

$$\frac{\theta y - (-\log(-\theta))}{\phi^{-1}} - \phi \log (\phi^{-1}) + (\phi - 1) \log (y) - \log (\Gamma (\phi))$$

$$\Rightarrow b(\theta) = -\log(-\theta)$$

$$c(y, \phi) = \phi \log (\phi) + (\phi - 1) \log (y) - \log (\Gamma (\phi))$$

Gamma VI

Link canònic

$$\mathbb{E}(Y|\theta, \phi) = b'(\theta) = (-\log(-\theta))' = \frac{-1}{\theta} = \mu$$

$$\implies \text{link}_{\text{canonic}}(\mu) = \frac{1}{\mu} = -\theta$$

Gamma VII

funció de variància

$$\text{Var}(Y|\theta, \phi) = \frac{b''(\theta)}{\phi^{-1}} = \frac{\phi}{\theta^2} = \phi\mu^2$$

$$\Rightarrow V(\mu) = \mu^2$$

Binomial I

Per ser GLM s'ha de complir

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

Binomial II

$$\log(f(y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$f_{Y_2}(y) = \binom{n}{y} \pi^y (1 - \pi)^{n-y}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \text{ fix}, \quad y \in \{0, 1, \dots, n\}, \quad \pi \in (0, 1)$$

$$f_{Y_2}(y|\pi) = e^{\log(\pi)y + (n-y)\log(1-\pi) + \log\binom{n}{y}}$$

$$\log(f) = (\log(\pi) - \log(1 - \pi))y + n \log(1 - \pi) + \log\binom{n}{y}$$

$$\implies \phi = \text{constant} \text{ podem escollir } a(\phi) = 1$$

Binomial III

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c (y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_2} (y|\pi)) = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\pi}{1-\pi}\right) a(\phi) y + a(\phi) n \log(1-\pi)}{a(\phi)} + \log \binom{n}{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \log \left(\frac{\pi}{1-\pi} \right) a(\phi) \Rightarrow \pi = \frac{e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}}}{1 + e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}}}$$

Binomial IV

$$\log(f(y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$\log(f_{Y_2}(y|\theta)) = \frac{\theta y - a(\phi)n \log\left(1 + e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}}\right)}{a(\phi)} + \log\binom{n}{y}$$

per simplificar $\implies \phi = 1$

Binomial V

$$\log (f(y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_2}(y|\theta)) = \theta y - n \log (1 + e^\theta) + \log \binom{n}{y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \quad b(\theta) &= n \log (1 + e^\theta) \\ c(y, \phi) &= \log \binom{n}{y} \end{aligned}$$

Binomial VI

Link canònic

$$\mathbb{E}(Y|\theta) = b'(\theta) = (n \log(1 + e^\theta))' = \frac{ne^\theta}{1+e^\theta} = \mu = n\pi$$

$$\implies \text{link}_{canonic}(\mu) = \log\left(\frac{\mu}{n-\mu}\right) = \log\left(\frac{\pi}{1-\pi}\right) = \theta$$

funció de variància

$$\text{Var}(Y|\theta) = b''(\theta) = \frac{ne^\theta}{(1+e^\theta)^2} = \mu \left(1 - \frac{\mu}{n}\right) = n\pi(1 - \pi)$$

$$\implies V(\mu) = \mu \left(1 - \frac{\mu}{n}\right) = n\pi(1 - \pi)$$

Binomial negativa I

Per ser GLM s'ha de complir

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$f_{Y_3}(y) = \frac{\Gamma(y+\rho)}{y!\Gamma(\rho)} \pi^y (1-\pi)^\rho, \quad y \in \mathbb{N}, \quad \rho > 0, \quad \pi \in (0, 1)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_3}(y|\pi, \rho)) =$$

$$\log (\pi) y + \rho \log (1-\pi) - \log (\Gamma(\rho)) + \log (\Gamma(y+\rho)) - \log (y!)$$

Binomial negativa II

$$\log (f(y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_3}(y|\pi, \rho)) =$$

$$\log (\pi)^y + \rho \log (1 - \pi) - \log (\Gamma (\rho)) + \log (\Gamma (y + \rho)) - \log (y!)$$

$$c(y, \phi) = -\log (\Gamma (\rho)) + \log (\Gamma (y + \rho)) - \log (y!) + \\ + c_1(y) + c_2(\phi) \implies \phi = \rho$$

Binomial negativa III

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c (y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_3} (y|\pi, \phi)) =$$

$$\frac{a(\phi) \log(\pi) y + \phi a(\phi) \log(1-\pi)}{a(\phi)} - \log (\Gamma (\phi)) + \log (\Gamma (y + \phi)) - \log (y!)$$

$$\implies \theta = \log (\pi) a (\phi) \Rightarrow \pi = e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}}$$

Binomial negativa IV

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{\phi} + c (y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_3} (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{a(\phi) \log \left(e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}} \right) y + \phi a(\phi) \log \left(1 - e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}} \right)}{a(\phi)} - \log (\Gamma (\phi)) + \log (\Gamma (y + \phi)) - \log (y!)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_3} (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{\theta y + \phi a(\phi) \log \left(1 - e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}} \right)}{a(\phi)} - \log (\Gamma (\phi)) + \log (\Gamma (y + \phi)) - \log (y!)$$

$$\implies b(\theta) = -\phi a(\phi) \log \left(1 - e^{\frac{\theta}{a(\phi)}} \right)$$

Binomial negativa V

Condicions per a que sigui **GLM**

Per poder complir-se que $b(\theta)$ només depèn de θ ,

aleshores

ϕ , $a(\phi)$ i $\rho = \phi$ han de ser constants conegudes

$a(\phi) = 1$ y $\phi = \rho$ constant

Binomial negativa VI

$$\log (f (y|\theta, \phi)) = \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c (y, \phi)$$

$$\log (f_{Y_3} (y|\theta)) =$$

$$\theta y + \rho \log (1 - e^\theta) - \log (\Gamma (\rho)) + \log (\Gamma (y + \rho)) - \log (y!)$$

$$\Rightarrow b(\theta) = -\rho \log (1 - e^\theta)$$

$$c(y, \phi) = \log \left(\frac{\Gamma(y+\rho)}{y! \Gamma(\rho)} \right)$$

Binomial negativa VII

Link canònic

$$\mathbb{E}(Y|\theta) = b'(\theta) = (-\rho \log(1 - e^\theta))' = \frac{\rho e^\theta}{1 - e^\theta} = \mu$$

$$\implies \text{link}_{\text{canonic}}(\mu) = \log\left(\frac{\mu}{\rho + \mu}\right) = \theta$$

Binomial negativa VIII

funció de variància

$$\text{Var}(Y|\theta) = b''(\theta) = \frac{\rho e^{\theta}}{(1-e^{\theta})^2} = \mu \frac{\mu + \rho}{\rho}$$

$$\Rightarrow V(\mu) = \mu \left(1 + \frac{\mu}{\rho} \right)$$