Derivació i integració numerica

Symprem + pour deniable.

Denvois

Dorodo f(x), Q E R volem f'(a). Numer coment forem

2 horson

1. Constrin el polisoni interpolodor Ven es puis (xo, fo), , (xm, fm) omb xo, , xm pop d'a.

2. Fen l'envinació f'a, a Pm'la,

Excupts

- & m=1, x0=0, x1=0+h D P(x1=[[x0]+[[x0,x]](x-x0)

[1 (x) = /(xo, xi)

[f'(a) = P; (a) = f(a+h)-f(a) Diferencia Anita endovant

Veien l'error comes.

f6+41 = f(0) + f'(0)h + f'(1) h2 =>

-> \(\int \(\lambda\) = \(\lambda \(\lambda\) - \(\lambda \(\lambda\) \(\lambd

- Si mal, xo2 a-h, x1=0

 $f'(a) = \frac{f(a) - f(a-h)}{h} + \frac{f''(a)}{2l}h$

Observen pre 4 dus proximación) Lener n error O(h) Millsrem - ho:

$$- \delta' = w = 2, \quad x_0 = \alpha - h, \quad x_2 = \alpha, \quad x_1 = \alpha + h$$

$$P_2(x) = P(x_0) + P(x_0, x_1)(x - x_0) + F(x_0, x_1, x_2)(x - x_0)(x - x_1)$$

$$x^2 - (x_0 + x_1)x + x_0x_1$$

$$\int_{L}^{L}(x) = \int_{L}^{L}(x_{0}, x_{1}) + 2 \int_{L}^{L}(x_{0}, x_{1}, x_{2}) \left(x - \frac{x_{0} + x_{1}}{2}\right)$$

$$f(a+h) = f(a) + f'(a)h + \frac{f''(a)h^{2}}{2!} + \frac{f'''(3_{1})}{3!}h^{3}$$

$$f(a+h) = f(a) - f'(a)h + \frac{f''(a)h^{2}}{2!} + \frac{f'''(3_{2})h^{3}}{3!}$$
or 3_{1} entre 0 i $0+h$, 3_{2} entre $0-h$ i 0 .

Dra solifirem el sepirent lema:

Lema

F. T. M. continue,
$$S_k \in T_1 \times X_k > 0$$
, $k \in 1 + n$. (boun)

existeix $S_k \in T_1 = \langle S_1, \dots, S_n \rangle$ to the

 $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) = F(S_k) \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k$

Protoc. $w \in F(x) \in T_1$ $\forall x \in T_1$ interval forcest. on

 $w = u_{n,n} F(x)$, $w = u_{n,n} F(x)$
 $x \in T_1$

(low)

 $w = \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k = \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) \leq H \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k = 1$
 $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) \leq T_1$
 $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) \leq T_2$
 $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) \leq T_3$

F(S) = $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k)$

Of $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k)$

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for $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k F(S_k)$
 $\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_$

o tombé dien que ('quosuris ai ('6) & f(a+h) f(a-h) té a em d'vde O(h²) NOTE L' suprem pre uneixem la fer not nods equierraist X:= xo +ih, 1=9, 7 m , such hso , podem columber ('(xi) prenent ma de la formula prévion ont a = xi. le mé umal l'el dérence centrals. Atenir Agusta Stevencia certrada no la podem prendre en et extrem, Xo, Xn. En exprest vods preven $f(x_0) \approx \frac{1}{2h} \left[-3f(x_0) + 4f(x_1) - f(x_1) \right]$ fue s'obté a patir del pohioni interpolador de pron 2 error d'wdre they Exeria. Comproven-los. Dielpoment pra Xn: f'(xn) = \frac{1}{2h} [3f(xn) - 4f(xn-1) + f(xn-2)].

Exemple for = linx (dulen f'(2) prevent la déciencia endovant L(L) i la centrada C(L)

• Aproximacions amb L(h) i C(h) per a f'(2) a on $f(x) = \ln x$:

L(h)	C(h)
	0.5004172925
	0.5000041700
	0.5000000500
	0.5000000000
	0.5000000000
	L(h) 0.4879016410 0.4987541500 0.4998750000 0.4999870000 0.4999900000

NOM- Dencir ont pende h moll petit pre en L(h)
h. ha jedna de dipit de la défenira en el
mersoder.
le exemple se trebellem ant 8 dezit.

f'(7) = h (7+h)-ln(7) volv exacte = -0,14285714

- L' h=0,000 : 1,9466242 - 1,9459101 = 0,007 141 = 0,148

-6. h= 0,000001: 1,9459103-1,9459101 = 0,0000002=0,2 0,0000001

• Aproximacions amb L(h) i C(h) per a f'(2) a on $f(x) = \ln x$:

	L(h)	C(h)
$\frac{n}{10^{-1}}$	0.4879016410	0.5004172925
10^{-2}	0.4987541500	0.5000041700
10^{-3}	0.4998750000	0.5000000500
10^{-4}	0.4999870000	0.50000000000
10-5	0.4999900000	0.50000000000

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- Colontem era ma proprimació de la devoda syma
                      f'(6): pocedin pud.
                               Coulm m=2, plasmi interpolador per Xo=a-h, x,=a,
                   P_{2}^{"}(x) = 2f(x_{3}, x_{1}, x_{2}) = 2 \frac{f(x_{1}) - f(x_{3})}{h}
2h
                                                   f(x1-2f(x1)+f(x0)
               \left[\int_{a}^{a}\left(a\right)\approx\frac{\int_{a}^{a}\left(a+h\right)-2\int_{a}^{b}\left(a\right)+\int_{a}^{a}\left(a-h\right)}{h^{2}}\right]
        f(a+h)=f(a)+f'(a)h+f"(a)h+f"(a)h" +f"(a)h"
          fle-h) = flo1 - flo1h+ flo1h - flo1h3 + flor (32) h
          omb & entre a i ath i & entre a-hi de
              f(a+h) - 2 f(a) + f(a+h) = ["(6) + 4] ["(5) (5) + C(4)(52)]
and \S entre 9-h i 9+h. i ster

\int_{1}^{1} (6) = \int_{1}^{1} (3) h^{2} \int_{1}^{1} (
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