



Smart Contract Audit

FOR

INTEROP

DATED : 18 Sep 24'



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name - INTEROP

Date: 18 Sep, 2024

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: Passed

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	0	1	0	1
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0



USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3- Slither :

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xB68b36EA9fCfD910EE8541422dE4d856564E43a4#code>



Token Information

Token Address:

0xA748F1edD376f494278c44660E002D7666C3D000

Name: INTEROP

Symbol: ITR

Decimals: 18

Network: BscScan

Token Type: BEP-20

Owner: 0x5DaEE303b2a46280fba1cEFD187AcE6333Ccc64f

Deployer: 0x5DaEE303b2a46280fba1cEFD187AcE6333Ccc64f

Token Supply: 100000000

Checksum: b17acbefe2a12642d388659dfffd2f5g2

Testnet:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xB68b36EA9fCfD910EE8541422dE4d856564E43a4#code>



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Buy Fee: 2-10%

Sell Fee: 2-10%

Transfer Fee: 2-10%

Fee Privilege: Owner

Ownership: Owned

Minting: None

Max Tx: None

Blacklist: No





AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
- Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
- Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
- Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
- Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
- Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.

VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST



Return values of low-level calls



Gasless Send



Private modifier



Using block.timestamp



Multiple Sends



Re-entrancy



Using Suicide



Tautology or contradiction



Gas Limit and Loops



Timestamp Dependence



Address hardcoded



Revert/require functions



Exception Disorder



Use of tx.origin



Using inline assembly



Integer overflow/underflow



Divide before multiply



Dangerous strict equalities



Missing Zero Address Validation



Using SHA3

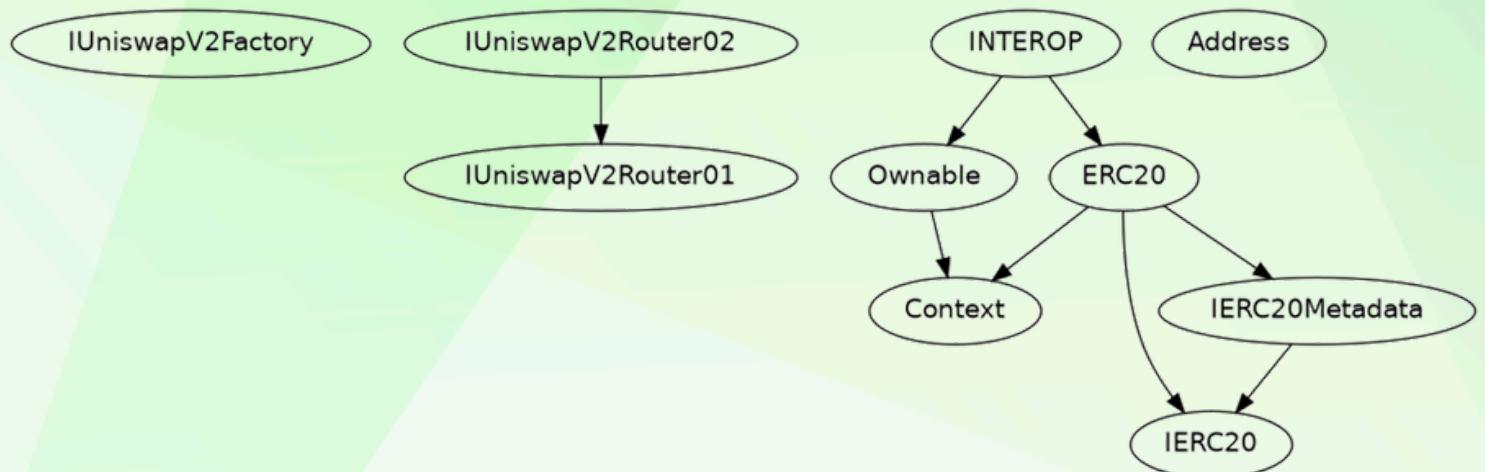


Compiler version not fixed



Using throw

INHERITANCE TREE



POINTS TO NOTE

- The owner can transfer ownership.
- The owner can renounce ownership.
- The owner can Enable trading.
- The owner can claim stuck tokens.
- The owner can update the buy/sell/transfer fee to not more than 10%.
- The owner can exclude addresses from fees.
- The owner can update the fee receiver address.
- The owner can set swap tokens at an amount.



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
INFO:Detectors:
INTEROP.constructor().pinkLock (INTEROP.sol#270) is a local variable never initialized
INTEROP.constructor().router (INTEROP.sol#269) is a local variable never initialized
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#uninitialized-local-variables
INFO:Detectors:
INTEROP.claimStuckTokens(address) (INTEROP.sol#318-326) ignores return value by address(msg.sender).sendValue(address(this).balance) (INTEROP.sol#321)
INTEROP.swapAndSendFee(uint256) (INTEROP.sol#429-451) ignores return value by address(feeReceiver).sendValue(newBalance) (INTEROP.sol#448)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-return
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in INTEROP._transfer(address,address,uint256) (INTEROP.sol#373-419):
    External calls:
        - swapAndSendFee(contractTokenBalance) (INTEROP.sol#396)
            - (success,None) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (INTEROP.sol#62)
            - uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (INTEROP.sol#436-444)
            - address(feeReceiver).sendValue(newBalance) (INTEROP.sol#448)
    External calls sending eth:
        - swapAndSendFee(contractTokenBalance) (INTEROP.sol#396)
            - (success,None) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (INTEROP.sol#62)
    Event emitted after the call(s):
        - Transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (INTEROP.sol#206)
            - super._transfer(from,to,amount) (INTEROP.sol#418)
        - Transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (INTEROP.sol#206)
            - super._transfer(from,address(this),fees) (INTEROP.sol#415)
Reentrancy in INTEROP.swapAndSendFee(uint256) (INTEROP.sol#429-451):
    External calls:
        - uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (INTEROP.sol#436-444)
        - address(feeReceiver).sendValue(newBalance) (INTEROP.sol#448)
    Event emitted after the call(s):
        - SwapAndSendFee(tokenAmount,newBalance) (INTEROP.sol#450)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3
INFO:Detectors:
Context._msgData() (INTEROP.sol#72-75) is never used and should be removed
ERC20._burn(address,uint256) (INTEROP.sol#217-228) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code
INFO:Detectors:
Version constraint 0.8.17 contains known severe issues (https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/latest/bugs.html)
    - VerbatimInvalidDeduplication
    - FullInlinerNonExpressionSplitArgumentEvaluationOrder
    - MissingSideEffectsOnSelectorAccess.
It is used by:
    - 0.8.17 (INTEROP.sol#7)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
INFO:Detectors:
Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (INTEROP.sol#59-64):
    - (success,None) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (INTEROP.sol#62)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

INFO:Detectors:
Redundant expression "this (INTEROP.sol#73)" inContext (INTEROP.sol#67-76)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements
INFO:Detectors:
INTEROP.uniswapV2Pair (INTEROP.sol#247) should be immutable
INTEROP.uniswapV2Router (INTEROP.sol#246) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
INFO:Slither:INTEROP.sol analyzed (10 contracts with 94 detectors), 21 result(s) found
```

**Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither,
No major issues were found in the output**



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

1- Approve (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xeeec1d73251adda2b94db11b39318a867ba35c0a880ca4a947ec08da32415be6c>

2- Change Fee Receiver (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x95704fd256fa3be4debf9d092b96343b0c852e0f284fd78d56d0618981a85067>

3- Update Fees (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xb3fee83d68af2ca7b276dccc57a04f036132a581882fb8f45038932a84ec8f37>



CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity	Description
◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

Findings

Severity	Found
◆ Critical	0
◆ High-Risk	0
◆ Medium-Risk	1
◆ Low-Risk	0
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	1



MANUAL TESTING

Centralization – Missing Require Check.

Severity: Medium

Function: changeFeeReceiver

Status: Open

Overview:

The owner can set any arbitrary address excluding zero address as this is not recommended because if the owner sets the address to the contract address, then the ETH will not be sent to that address and the transaction will fail and this will lead to a potential honeypot in the contract.

```
function changeFeeReceiver(address _feeReceiver) external onlyOwner{  
    require(_feeReceiver != address(0), "Fee receiver cannot be the zero  
address");  
    feeReceiver = _feeReceiver;  
  
    emit FeeReceiverChanged(feeReceiver);  
}
```

Suggestion:

It is recommended that the address should not be able to be set as a contract address.



MANUAL TESTING

Optimization

Severity: Optimization

Subject: Remove unused code.

Status: Open

Overview:

Unused variables are allowed in Solidity, and they do not pose a direct security issue. It is the best practice, though to avoid them.

```
function _msgData() internal view virtual returns (bytes calldata) {  
    this; // silence state mutability warning without generating bytecode - see  
    https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/issues/2691  
    return msg.data;  
}
```



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