



Smart Contract Audit

FOR

Squishy

DATED : 16 Sep 24'





MANUAL TESTING

Centralization – The owner can Blacklist Wallet.

Severity: High

Function: blacklist

Status: Open

Overview:

The owner can blacklist multiple wallets.

```
function blacklist(address _address, bool _isBlacklisting) external onlyOwner {  
    blacklists[_address] = _isBlacklisting;  
}
```

Suggestion:

There should be a locking period so that the wallet cannot be locked in an

indefinite

Period of time.



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name - Squishy

Date: 16 Sep, 2024

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: High Risk Major Flag

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	1	0	2	1
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0



USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3- Slither :

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xe6dc4cc1cf81cf832821bed437005d865555863c#code>



Token Information

Token Address:

0x87b5c6F208cd08AE0F84bEa7672Cf23b937948E1

Name: Squishy

Symbol: SQUISHY

Decimals: 18

Network: Ethereum Network

Token Type: ERC-20

Owner: 0x0e370dE3E84E3Bf21ed70e3d4DcEF4941B12E61b

Deployer: 0x0e370dE3E84E3Bf21ed70e3d4DcEF4941B12E61b

Token Supply: 1000000000

Checksum: Ac6659e84744e0102ab19c1d1e78a21a

Testnet:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xe6dc4cc1cf81cf832821bed437005d865555863c#code>



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Buy Fee: 0-0%

Sell Fee: 0-0%

Transfer Fee: 0-0%

Fee Privilege: Owner

Ownership: Owned

Minting: None

Max Tx: None

Blacklist: Yes





AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
- Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
- Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
- Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
- Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
- Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.

VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST



Return values of low-level calls



Gasless Send



Private modifier



Using block.timestamp



Multiple Sends



Re-entrancy



Using Suicide



Tautology or contradiction



Gas Limit and Loops



Timestamp Dependence



Address hardcoded



Revert/require functions



Exception Disorder



Use of tx.origin



Using inline assembly



Integer overflow/underflow



Divide before multiply



Dangerous strict equalities



Missing Zero Address Validation



Using SHA3

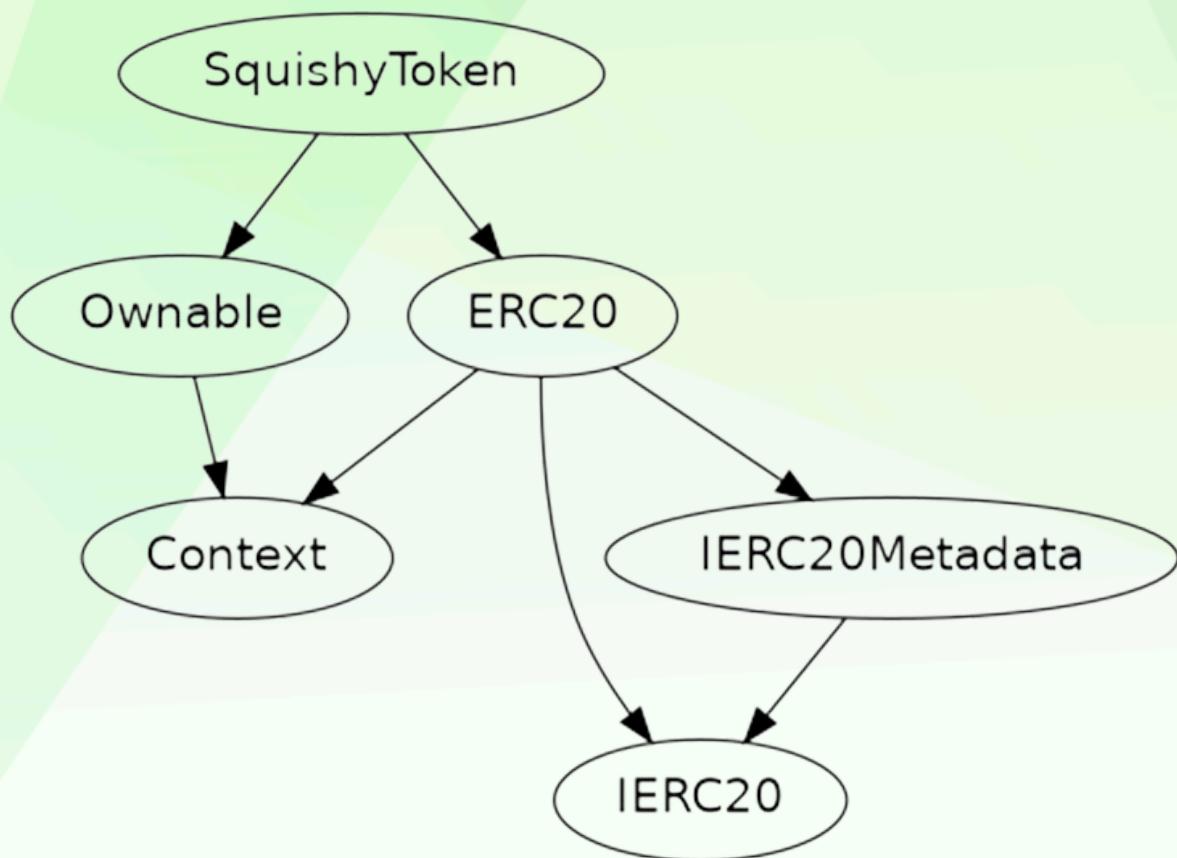


Compiler version not fixed



Using throw

INHERITANCE TREE





POINTS TO NOTE

- The owner can transfer ownership.
- The owner can renounce ownership.
- The owner can blacklist the address.
- The owner can set the rule.



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
INFO:Detectors:  
SquishyToken.constructor(uint256)._totalSupply (SquishyToken.sol#599) shadows:  
    - ERC20._totalSupply (SquishyToken.sol#266) (state variable)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing  
INFO:Detectors:  
SquishyToken.setRule(bool,address,uint256,uint256) (SquishyToken.sol#607-612) should emit an event for:  
    - maxHoldingAmount = _maxHoldingAmount (SquishyToken.sol#610)  
    - minHoldingAmount = _minHoldingAmount (SquishyToken.sol#611)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-arithmetic  
INFO:Detectors:  
SquishyToken.setRule(bool,address,uint256,uint256)._uniswapV2Pair (SquishyToken.sol#607) lacks a zero-check on :  
    - uniswapV2Pair = _uniswapV2Pair (SquishyToken.sol#609)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation  
INFO:Detectors:  
2 different versions of Solidity are used:  
    - Version constraint ^0.8.0 is used by:  
        -^0.8.0 (SquishyToken.sol#10)  
        -^0.8.0 (SquishyToken.sol#38)  
        -^0.8.0 (SquishyToken.sol#116)  
        -^0.8.0 (SquishyToken.sol#202)  
        -^0.8.0 (SquishyToken.sol#232)  
    - Version constraint ^0.8.17 is used by:  
        -^0.8.17 (SquishyToken.sol#589)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#different-pragma-directives-are-used  
INFO:Detectors:  
Context._msgData() (SquishyToken.sol#27-29) is never used and should be removed  
ERC20._beforeTokenTransfer(address,address,uint256) (SquishyToken.sol#557-561) is never used and should be removed  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code  
INFO:Detectors:  
Version constraint ^0.8.0 contains known severe issues (https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/latest/bugs.html)  
    - FullInlinerNonExpressionSplitArgumentEvaluationOrder  
    - MissingSideEffectsOnSelectorAccess  
    - AbiReencodingHeadOverflowWithStaticArrayCleanup  
    - DirtyBytesArrayToStorage  
    - DataLocationChangeInInternalOverride  
    - NestedCalldataArrayAbiReencodingSizeValidation  
    - SignedImmutables  
    - ABIDecodeTwoDimensionalArrayMemory  
    - KeccakCaching.  
  
INFO:Detectors:  
Parameter SquishyToken.blacklist(address,bool)._address (SquishyToken.sol#603) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SquishyToken.blacklist(address,bool)._isBlacklisting (SquishyToken.sol#603) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SquishyToken.setRule(bool,address,uint256,uint256)._limited (SquishyToken.sol#607) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SquishyToken.setRule(bool,address,uint256,uint256)._uniswapV2Pair (SquishyToken.sol#607) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SquishyToken.setRule(bool,address,uint256,uint256)._maxHoldingAmount (SquishyToken.sol#607) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SquishyToken.setRule(bool,address,uint256,uint256)._minHoldingAmount (SquishyToken.sol#607) is not in mixedCase  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions  
INFO:Slither:SquishyToken.sol analyzed (6 contracts with 94 detectors), 14 result(s) found
```

Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither, No major issues were found in the output



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

1- Approve (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x7ac7409a3bf4d9e1e0e560a858c89f19ede5a95f4ec6bc335993360151d30982>

2- Blacklist (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x9a44ddd58b1a91c040d5dfd74e7f3ed611dd8172da012bbab008b2be2544499b>

3- Set Rule (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xefd9b467cdb1af79e434ee699df0d685f3fd96ca6adad4002eff5153a292d92f>



CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity	Description
◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

Findings

Severity	Found
◆ Critical	0
◆ High-Risk	1
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	2
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	1



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```

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There should be a locking period so that the wallet cannot be locked in an

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Period of time.



MANUAL TESTING

Centralization – Missing Events

Severity: Low

Subject: Missing Events

Status: Open

Overview:

They serve as a mechanism for emitting and recording data onto the blockchain, making it transparent and easily accessible.

```
function blacklist(address _address, bool _isBlacklisting) external onlyOwner {  
    blacklists[_address] = _isBlacklisting;  
}  
function setRule(bool _limited, address _uniswapV2Pair, uint256  
_maxHoldingAmount, uint256 _minHoldingAmount) external onlyOwner {  
    limited = _limited;  
    uniswapV2Pair = _uniswapV2Pair;  
    maxHoldingAmount = _maxHoldingAmount;  
    minHoldingAmount = _minHoldingAmount;  
}
```

Suggestion:

Emit an event for critical changes



MANUAL TESTING

Centralization – Missing zero/dead address.

Severity: Low

Status: Open

Subject: Zero/dead address check.

Overview:

```
function setRule(bool _limited, address _uniswapV2Pair, uint256  
_maxHoldingAmount, uint256 _minHoldingAmount) external onlyOwner {  
    limited = _limited;  
    uniswapV2Pair = _uniswapV2Pair;  
    maxHoldingAmount = _maxHoldingAmount;  
    minHoldingAmount = _minHoldingAmount;  
}
```

Suggestion:

It is recommended that the address should not be zero or dead address check.



MANUAL TESTING

Optimization

Severity: Informational

Subject: Floating Pragma.

Status: Open

Overview:

It is considered best practice to pick one compiler version and stick with it. With a floating pragma, contracts may accidentally be deployed using an outdated.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
```

Suggestion:

Adding the latest constant version of solidity is recommended, as this prevents the unintentional deployment of a contract with an outdated compiler that contains unresolved bugs.



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