CodingBat code practice

Java > Array-3 > linearIn

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Given two arrays of ints sorted in increasing order, **outer** and **inner**, return true if all of the numbers in inner appear in outer. The best solution makes only a single "linear" pass of both arrays, taking advantage of the fact that both arrays are already in sorted order.

linearIn({1, 2, 4, 6}, {2, 4}) → true
linearIn({1, 2, 4, 6}, {2, 3, 4}) → false
linearIn({1, 2, 4, 4, 6}, {2, 4}) → true

Go ...Save, Compile, Run

```
public boolean linearIn(int[] outer, int[] inner) {

}
```

Go

Show output only (no red/green)

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Forget It! -- delete my code for this problem

Progress graphs, just for fun:
Your progress graph for this problem
Random user progress graph for this problem
Random Epic Progress Graph