

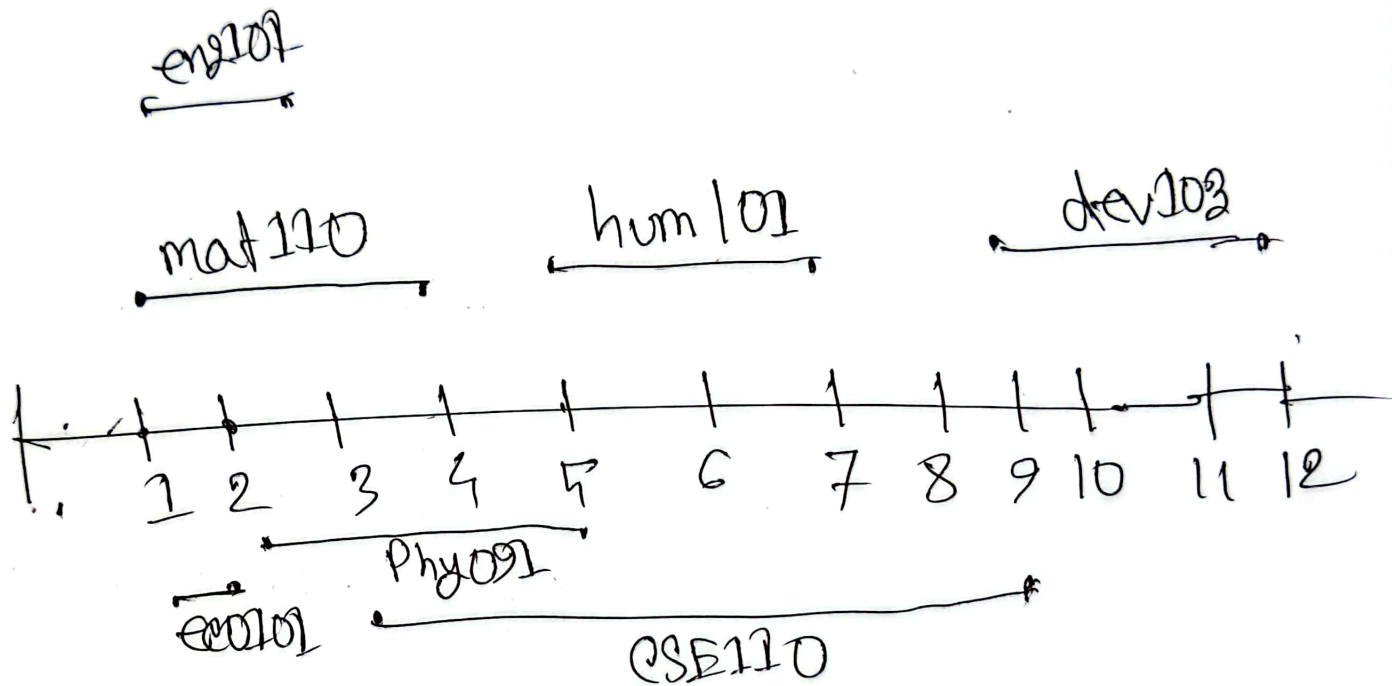
CSE221 - Final

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Sec: 07

(1)



Day 1 : ecol01, Phy001, hum101, dev103

Day 2 : eng101, mat110

(2)

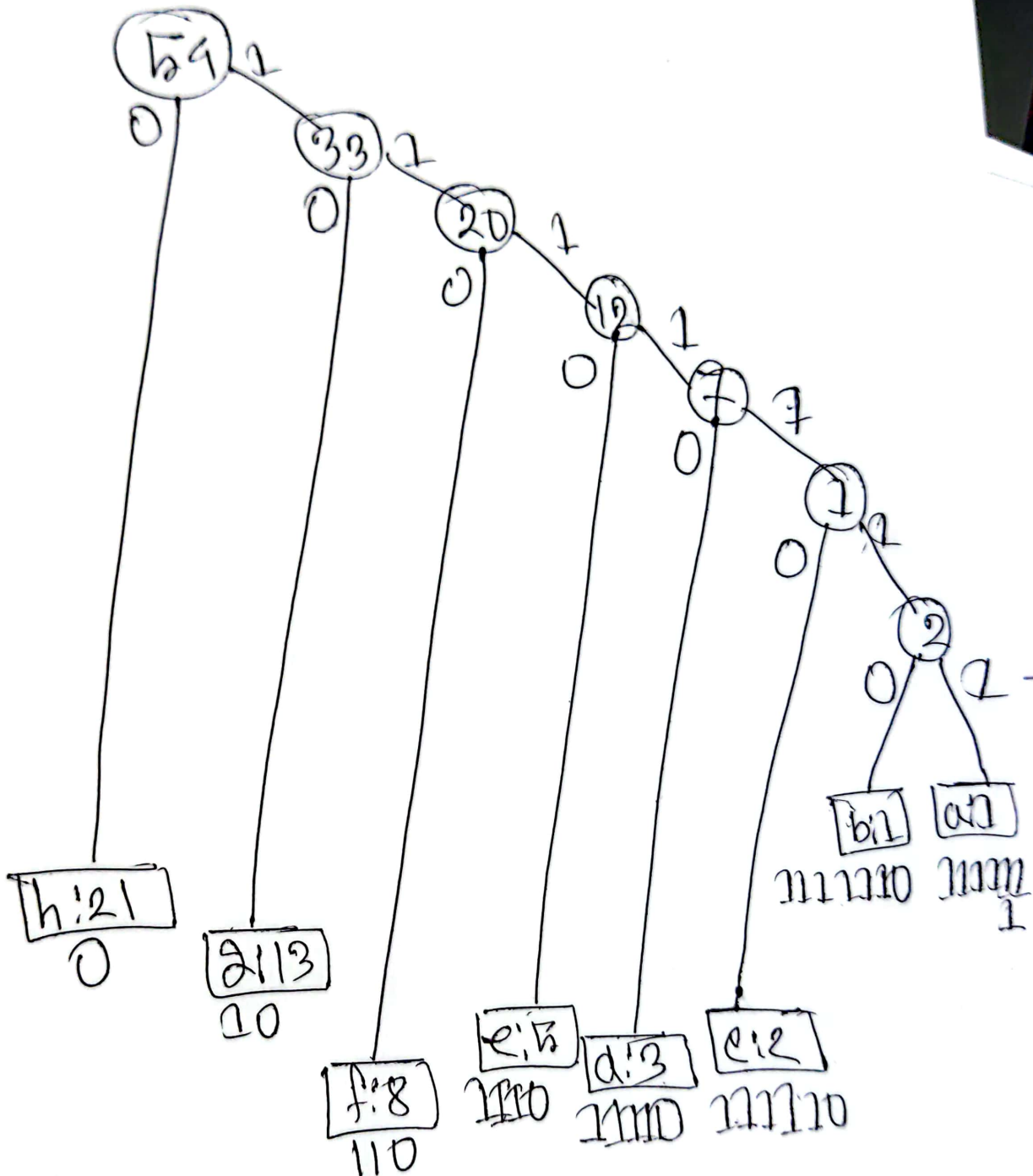
Day 1, Day 2 consideration,

$$2 \times 42 = 6$$

Final Question: A

9

$a \rightarrow 1$
 $b \rightarrow 1$
 $c \rightarrow 2$
 $d \rightarrow 3$
 $e \rightarrow 5$
 $f \rightarrow 8$
 $g \rightarrow 13$
 $h \rightarrow 21$



f d h e g a b

② chegg

11111000101010 [From 3]

Part B

Question 2

For 14 \Rightarrow NO

Explanation: The output = $4+4+4+1+1$

whereas,

Optimal solution = $4+4+3+3$

For 6 \Rightarrow NO

Explanation: The output = $4+1+1$

Optimal solution = $3+3$

For 10 \Rightarrow NO

The output = $4+4+1+1$

Optimal solution = $4+3+3$

For 100 : Yes

The output = 254

Optimal solution = 254

Yes, Because, The output = Optimal solution

Part B - Q1

To solve we can use Brute Force algorithm.

111 A naive recursive implementation of 0/1 knapsack problem & it returns the maximum value knapsack capacity W

```
def knapsack(W, wt, val, n):  
    if n == 0 or W == 0:  
        return 0  
    if (wt[n-1] > W):  
        return knapsack(W, wt, val, n-1)  
    else:  
        return knapsack(W, wt, val, n-1)  
        return max(val[n-1] + knapsack(W - wt[n-1], wt, val, n-1),  
                    knapsack(W, wt, val, n-1))
```


val = [7, 10, 7, 20, 13] # items

wt = [5, 3, 3, 7, 9] # weights

W = 7 # carry at most 7

n = len(val)

print("If maximum capacity is 7
the answer = ", knapsack(W, wt, val, n))

W1 = 7 + 3 # increase knap-sack by 3

print("If maximum capacity is 10
the answer = ", knapsack(W1, wt, val, n))

Output:

⇒ If maximum capacity is 7 the
answer = 20

⇒ If maximum capacity is 10 the
answer = 30