Recurrence - tree Method

The recurrence — tree method is another way of solving a recurrence equation by expanding its terms in a tree — like manner.

It is almost similar to the substitution method, but is a visual method. It is used for obtaining the asymptotic bounds.

The steps involved in solving a recurrence equation using the recurrence – tree method are as follows:

- 1. Formulate the recurrence equation by visualizing the calls as a tree.
- 2. Collect the following information from the recurrence tree:

a)Level: Determine the level of the generated tree.

The level of a node is the length of the path from the root to the node. The level of a root is 0.

The level of a tree indicates the number of subproblems and amount of work done at every level.

- b) Cost per level: Cost per level has to be calculated for every level of the generated tree using the level count and the amount of work done by the subproblems.
- c)Total Cost: It is the sum of the cost of all levels.
- 3. Express the complexity in terms of the total cost.
- 4. Verify the summation using the method of substitution or some other method if necessary.
