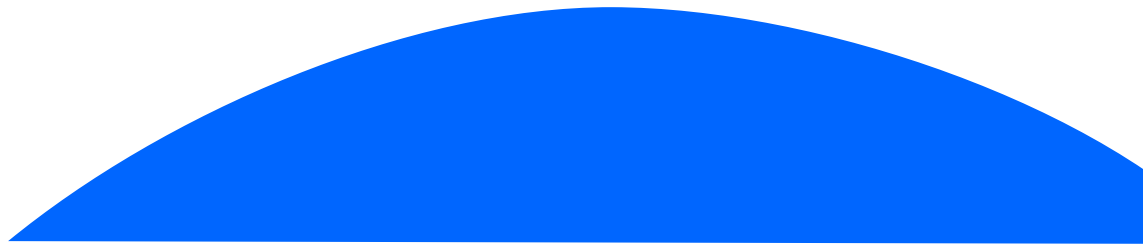




On the way towards “service APIs”



The document provides some discussions to help Telco Global API Alliance conduct the work towards a successful implementation of best-in-class service APIs.



Razón social  
00.00.2015



# Introduction

Analyst reports claim that API integration work accounts for 50% of the time and cost of building a digital platform

- The cool things we want to create rely on integration; the winners will be those who do the integration well.

As-in situation: API nuance forces developers to..

- sort out the same complexity repeatedly
- remap and transform data
- rewrite programs for error handling, polling, and other critical functionality

Result: brittle, point-to-point solutions that are poorly document and hard for colleagues to maintain

This presentation outlines trends and best practices for API specification and development, so that Telco Global API Alliance leverage on them to work out service APIs.

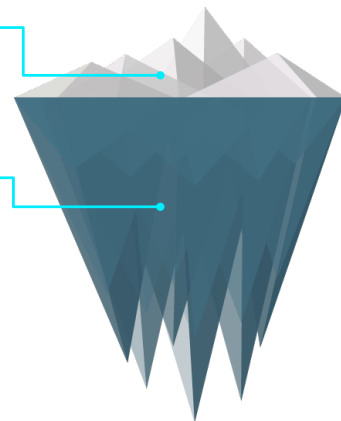
## The two faces of an API

### Connecting to an API is easy

- First Call to the Sandbox

### Integrating with an API is Hard

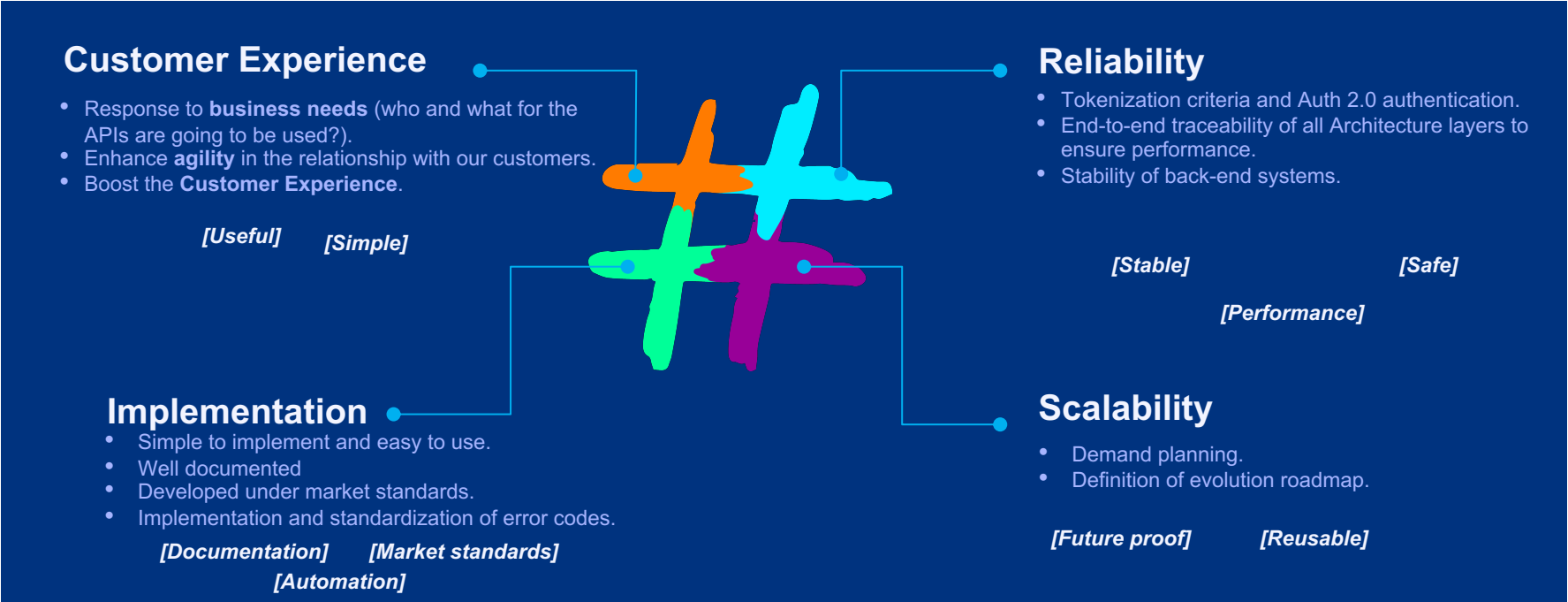
- Authentication and Authorization
- Map & Transform
- Workflows
- Events & Polling
- Bulk & File Management
- Error Handling & Recovery





# Introduction

The key drivers to have a successful API are:





# API Lifecycle

- Supporting 'network APIs' identified.
- Gap analysis completed
- User stories elaborated.

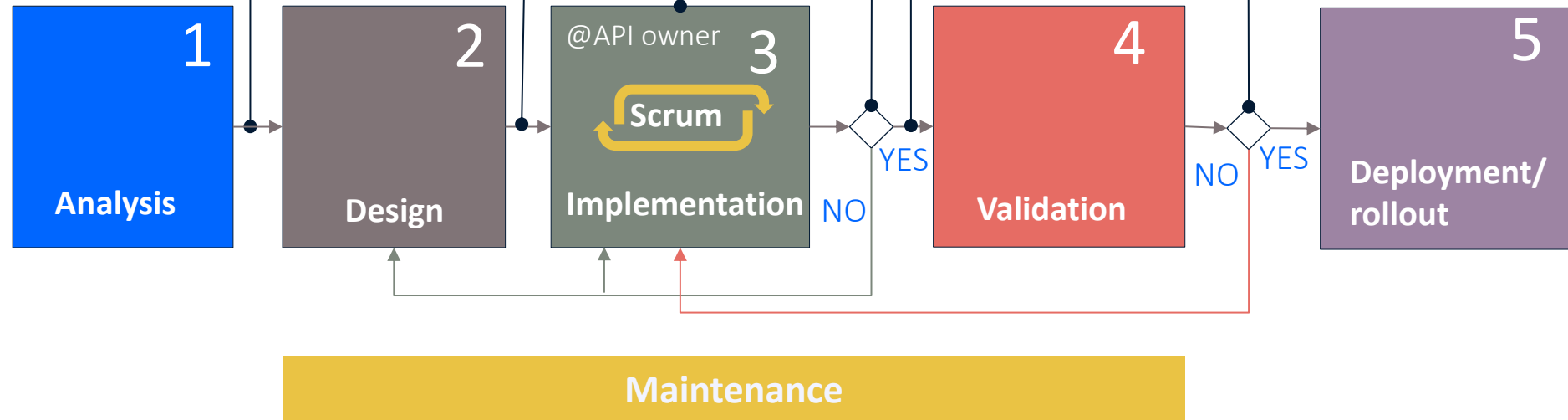
- Stage 2 defined
- Swagger designed
- Test cases documented in an API Test Plan (ATP).

- At least [TBD] tests defined in ATP passed

- API developed and internally tested
- CD/CT

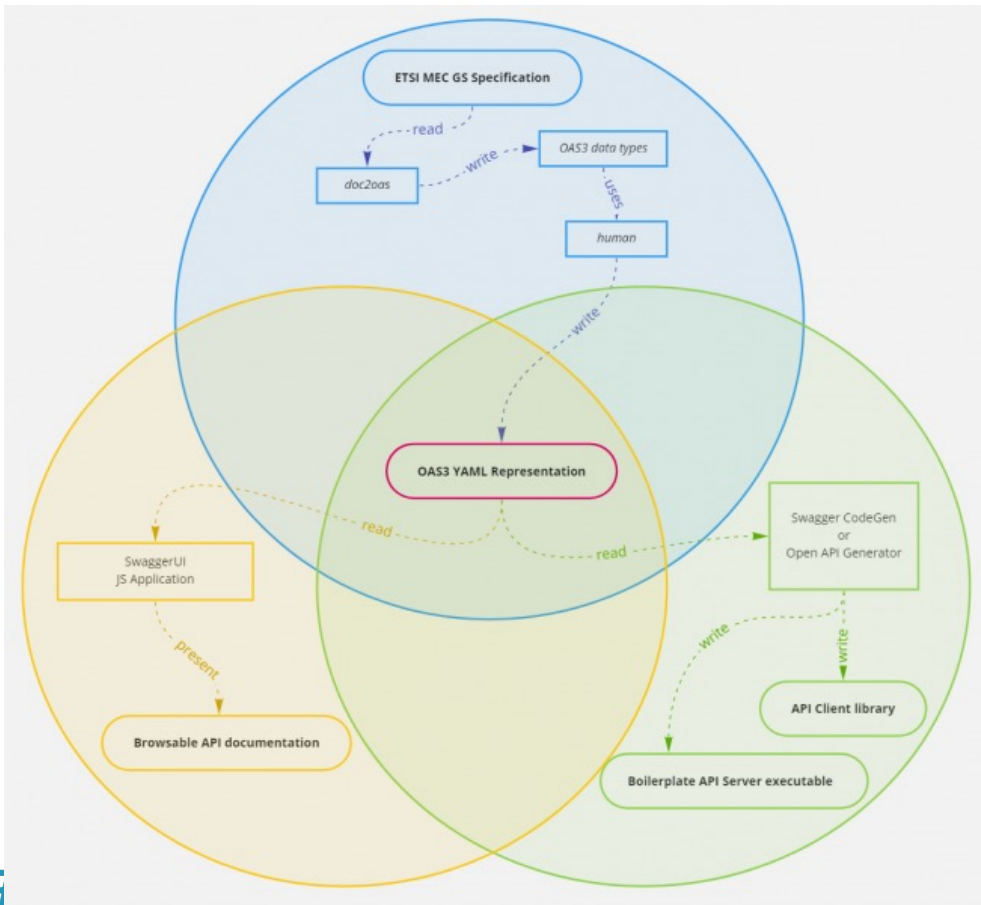
- Service API package (code + testing toolkit) available.

- Validation is passed at least in [TBD] telco networks





# API development



- Handbook for API development:  
<https://opensource.zalando.com/restful-api-guidelines/index.html#100>
- Examples from SDOs: ETSI ISG MEC:  
[https://mecwiki.etsi.org/index.php?title=OpenAPI\\_development\\_guidelines](https://mecwiki.etsi.org/index.php?title=OpenAPI_development_guidelines)
- The left-side figure provides a high-level overview of the Open API Specification (OAS) creation and usage – example applied to MEC ISG

As shown on the figure, OAS YAML file is used in 3 different contexts:

- To accurately reflect the API
- To provide graphical UI documentation as an input to SwaggerUI JS Application
- To provide out-of-the-box API client library/package or server stub as an input to code generation tool

# Way forward



Razón social  
00.00.2015



## Actions for the 'commonalities' workstream (1/2)

### 1. Document the principles/criteria that the in-scope service APIs shall fulfill -> **OPAG collaboration**

- The input from customers (e.g. hyperscalers) is a must. Customer shall declare their expectations on the usability of APIs.
- Used as a basis to decide whether a SDO API is eligible for direct usability or not.

### 2. Draft a template to describe user stories.

- Business-driven use cases is what really should drive the API design + implementation work in the TGA Alliance.

### 3. Decide on the service API spec format

- There is a tendency in the industry in going for OAS3
- However, industry-wide validators and benchmarks (e.g. TMForum) keep using Swagger 2.0.

### 4. Decide on the authentication and authorization solution

- Authentication mechanisms: OAuth2, OpenID, SAML, TLS, JWT Authentication,...
- Authentication workflow: for some service APIs, the operator may be required to call an identity provider (IDP) service.





## Actions for the 'commonalities' workflow (2/2)

### 5. **Decide on the testing principles and tools for validation in telco network(s)**

- Document this is a must, so as to ensure consistency.

### 6. **Decide on the criteria to go from step 3 (implementation) to step 4 (validation)**

- This is important to manage expectations, especially on API developer side.
- We do not need to have the API fully implemented – fleeing from traditional waterfall approach.
- Example: At least [TBD] tests defined in the ATP passed.

### 7. **Decide on the criteria for API documentation publication**

- Documentation should include: 1) complete API specification, with all methods and attributes; 2) API code and version; 3) succeed tests cases and related documentation
- In order to manage expectations from customers and external fora/SDO, it is recommended to publish 'success test cases' vs 'ATP' (i.e. all test cases planned for the service API to be 100% functional). The goal is to get this ratio increased for every new API release/version.

# What Telefónica can provide to the TGA initiative?



Razón social  
00.00.2015



## For prioritized API families, TEF can contribute in the....

### Analysis stage

- Identification of network capabilities (functional requirements) -> *collaboration with OPAG*
- Gap analysis, in relation to existing 3GPP network APIs -> *collaboration with OPAG.*
- Elaboration of user stories

### Design stage

- Stage 2 solution for service APIs, including operations & notifications + input/output attributes (based on info model) -> *collaboration with OPAG*
- API Test Plans (ATP) Design

### Provision of governance and lifecycle tools

- Centralized portal to manage the governance and lifecycle of in-scope APIs.
- This portal includes the following tools: API visor, code generator, document repository, certification/validation toolkit, user mgmt. & profiles. Further details in the next slide.
- Portal instance dedicated for the TGA initiative.

### Validation stage

- Contribute to the testing of developed service APIs in our lab facility, leveraging certification/validation toolkit.



# TEF API Design Phase

## API Design Patterns

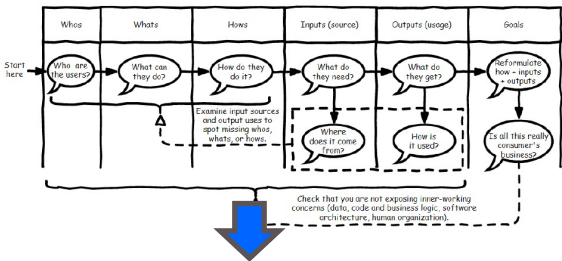
### Customer Experience

Respond to business needs



API Design Patterns

To make yourself a set of basic questions that are summarized in the API Goals Canvas Methodology.



Who's	What's	How's	Inputs (source)	Outputs (usage)	Goals
Admin users	Manage catalog	Add product	Catalog (API), Product info (user)	Add product (get, update, delete, replace)	Add product to catalog
		Get product's information	Product (search, add)	Product info (user)	Get product
		Update product's information	Product (get, search, add), Updated info (user)		Update product
		Replace product	Product (get, search, add)		Replace product
		Delete product	Product (get, search, add)		Delete product
		Search for products	Catalog (API), Free query (user)	Products matching query (get, update, delete, replace)	Search for products in catalog using a free query

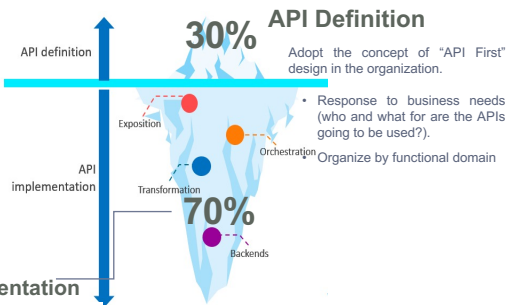
### Implementation

Strictly the API is **only the interface** that a certain software exposes



But you can't have a good API without a good implementation both parts are needed

**API = Interface + Implementation**

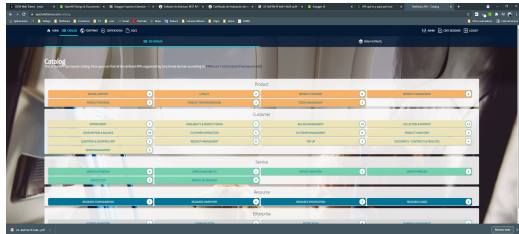


### API Implementation

Mapping the Network Southbound interfaces with the API proposes (Northbound)

### Scalability

- Have clear policy of versioning and APIs evolution
- Have good documentation and test cases to enhance reuse
- Have a Portal where APIs can be inventoried by functional criteria and have their technical information available





## TEF API lifecycle & governance toolkit

TEF has a tool made available to developer teams for the certification of T-Open APIs (Telefónica adaptation of TM Forum Open APIs).

### Tool capabilities:

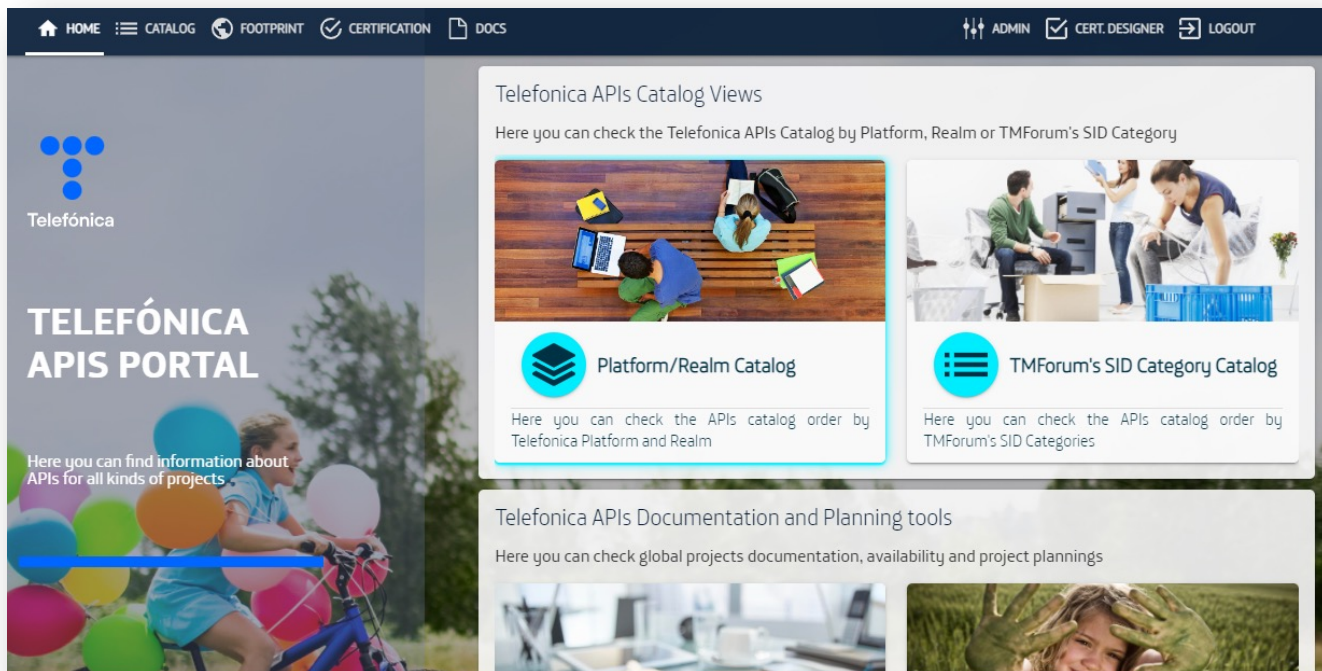
- Configuration of (deployment) environment: to register the endpoint where developer hosts the microservices
- Configuration of environment variables
- Test campaign automation: automation of tests cases detailed in the API Test Plan
- Support for Q&A process
- Reporting

### Steps:

1. Select the tests to be run
2. Fill in the variable values
3. Launch certification and check the results
4. Certification report

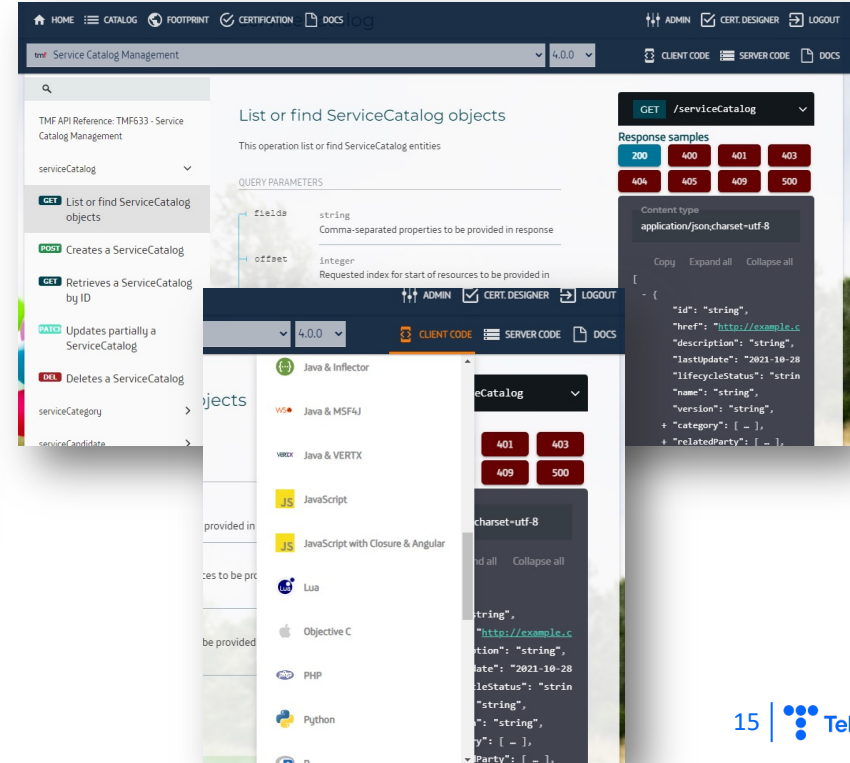
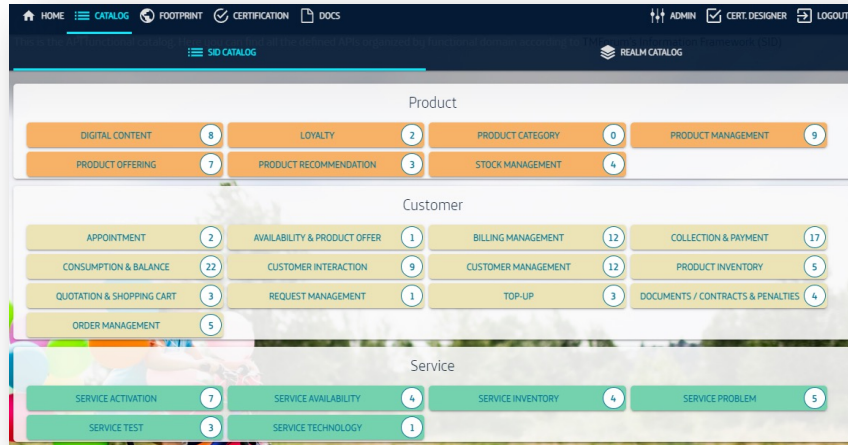
# Catalog & Documentation centralization Portal

When we are working in the interfaces design to create API Contracts It's so important the catalog centralization in order to make accessible, checkable and categorized all the information with a friendly user interface focused in all kind of profiles (Developers, consumers, exposers...)



# Catalog & Documentation centralization Portal

This kind of centralization makes available tools like API Catalog, API Contract Viewer, API Documentation Linked, API Code generator, Planification Tools, Testing Tools...



# Catalog & Documentation centralization Portal

This kind of centralization makes available tools like API Catalog, API Contract Viewer, API Documentation Linked, API Code generator, Planification Tools, Testing Tools...

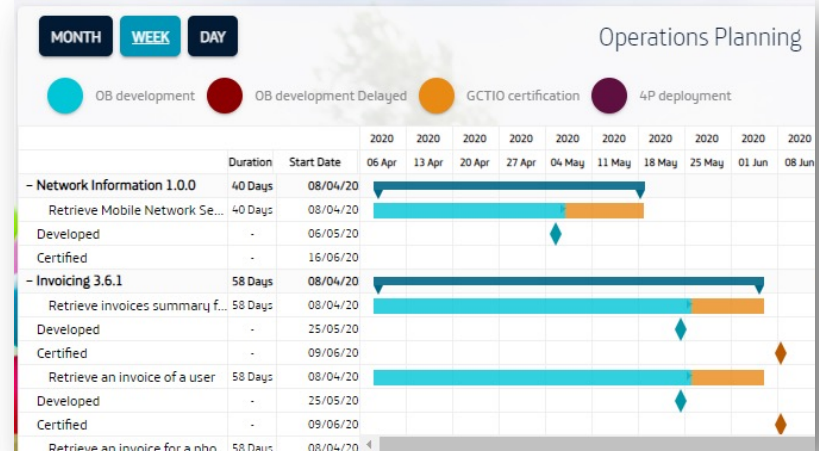
The screenshot shows a web application interface for API testing. The top navigation bar includes links for HOME, DOCS, CERTIFICATION, FOOTPRINT, CATALOG, ADMIN, CERT. DESIGNER, and LOGOUT. The main section is titled 'Report' and contains a table with test results. The table has columns for 'Test', 'Request', 'Response', and 'Result'. The test cases listed are 'ERR Retrieve user profile [invalid user\_id using /me]', 'ERR Retrieve user profile [invalid user\_id]', 'Retrieve user profile using /me', and 'Retrieve user profile'. Each test case has a 'REQUEST' button, a 'RESPONSE' button, and a green checkmark in the 'Result' column. At the bottom of the table, there are buttons for 'BACK', 'SAVE', 'DOWNLOAD', 'CHECK', and 'CERTIFY'.

Save Report and active the other functions

Download PDF report

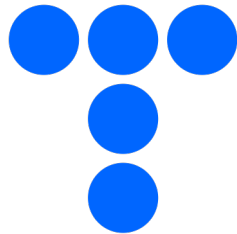
Check which operations are ready to deliver to CTIO

This functionality is only available for CTIO certifiers



The screenshot shows the 'User Profile' interface. The top navigation bar includes links for CLIENT CODE, SERVER CODE, and DOCS. The main section is titled 'Certifications' and contains a table with operations and countries. The operations listed are 'getUserProfileInfo' and 'listUserProfileInfos'. The countries listed are Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Germany, United Kingdom, France, and Uruguay. The interface also shows a version number '3.5.1' and a 'User Profile' link.





**Telefónica**