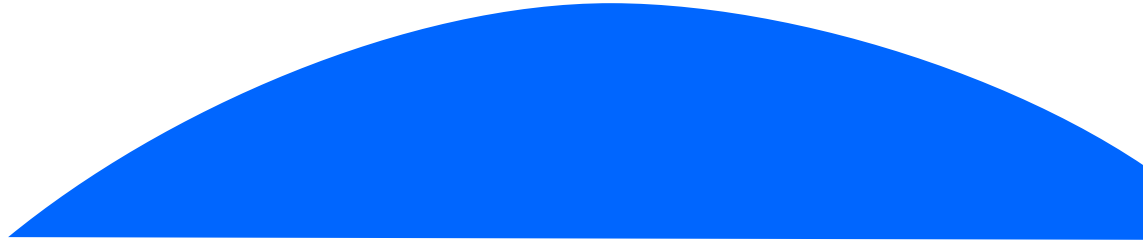
Telefónica

On the way towards “service APIs”



The document provides some discussions to help Telco Global API Alliance conduct the work towards a successful implementation of best-in-class service APIs.

Introduction

Analyst reports claim that API integration work accounts for 50% of the time and cost of building a digital platform

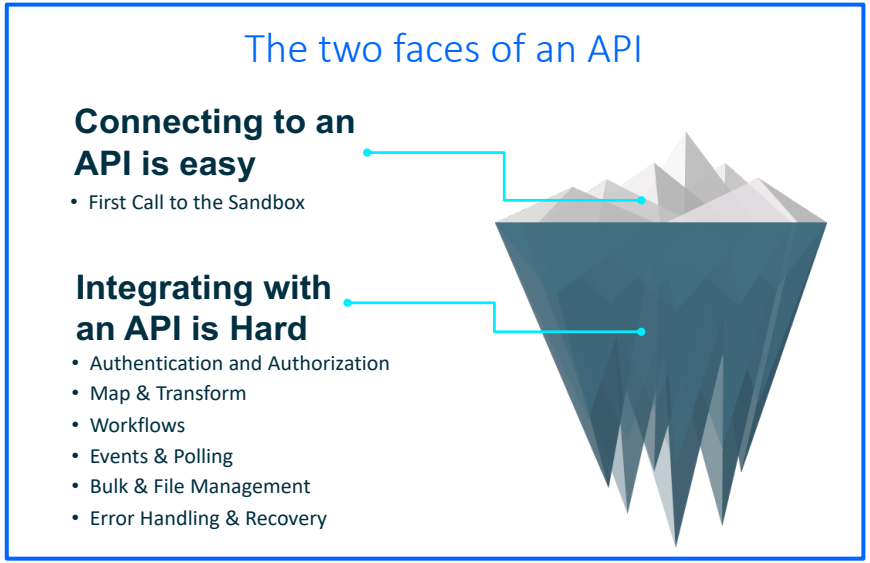
- The cool things we want to create rely on integration; the winners will be those who do the integration well.

As-in situation: API nuance forces developers to..

- sourt out the same complexity repeteadly
- remap and transform data
- rewrite programs for error handling, polling, and other critical functionality

Result: brittle, point-to-point solutions that are poorly document and hard for colleagues to maintain

This presentation outlines trends and best practices for API specification and development, so that Telco Global API Alliance leverage on them to work out service APIs.



Introduction

The key drivers to have a successful API are:

Customer Experience

- Response to **business needs** (who and what for the APIs are going to be used?).
- Enhance **agility** in the relationship with our customers.
- Boost the **Customer Experience**.

[Useful] *[Simple]*

Reliability

- Tokenization criteria and Auth 2.0 authentication.
- End-to-end traceability of all Architecture layers to ensure performance.
- Stability of back-end systems.

[Stable] *[Safe]*

[Performance]

Implementation

- Simple to implement and easy to use.
- Well documented
- Developed under market standards.
- Implementation and standardization of error codes.

[Documentation] *[Market standards]*

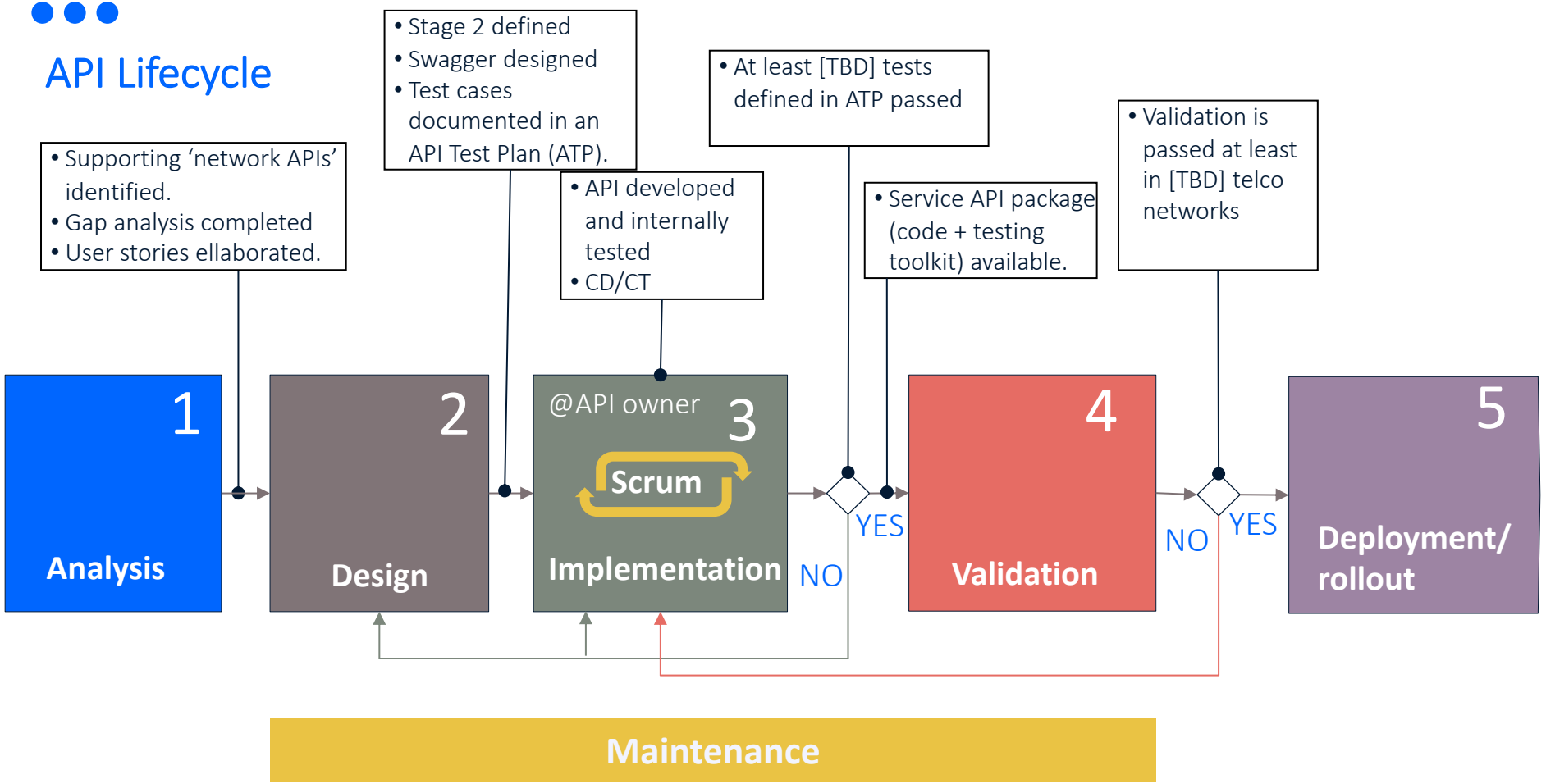
[Automation]

Scalability

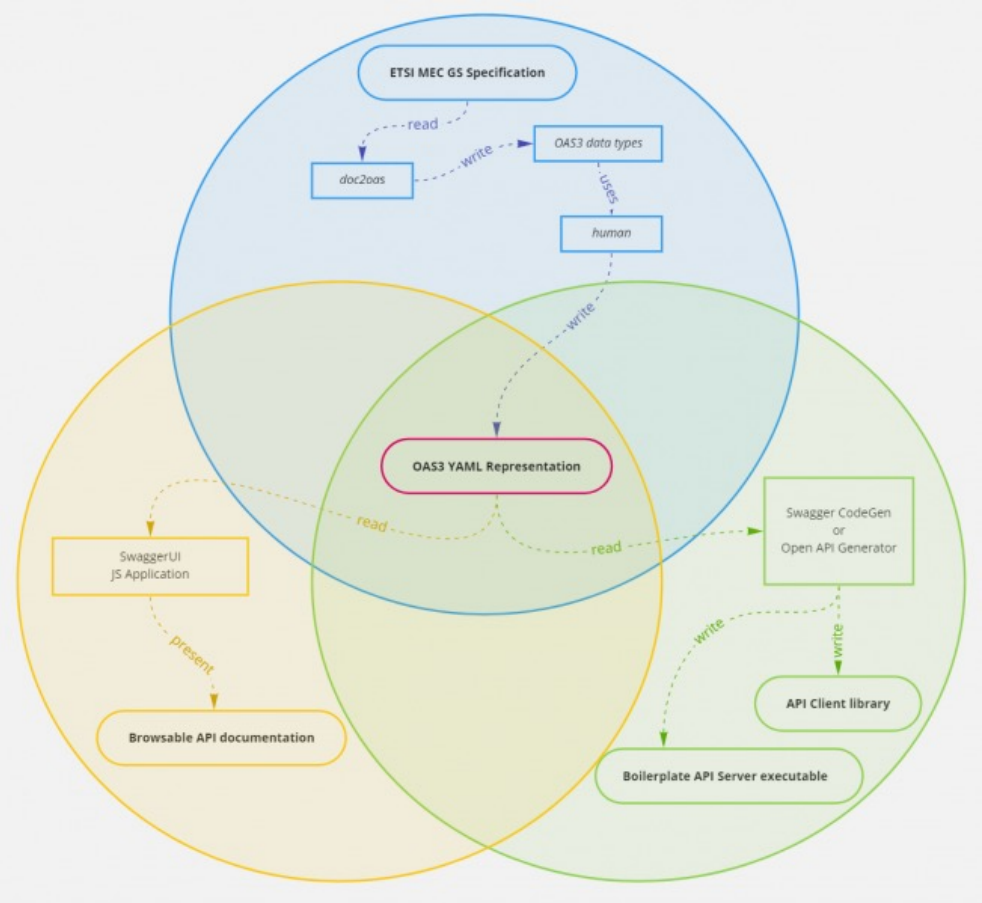
- Demand planning.
- Definition of evolution roadmap.

[Future proof] *[Reusable]*

API Lifecycle



API development



- Handbook for API development: https://opensource.zalando.com/restful-api-guidelines/index.html#100
- Examples from SDOs: ETSI ISG MEC: https://mecwiki.etsi.org/index.php?title=OpenAPI_development_guidelines
- The left-side figure provides a high-level overview of the Open API Specification (OAS) creation and usage – example applied to MEC ISG

As shown on the figure, OAS YAML file is used in 3 different contexts:

- To accurately reflect the API
- To provide graphical UI documentation as an input to SwaggerUI JS Application
- To provide out-of-the-box API client library/package or server stub as an input to code generation tool

Way forward

Actions for the ‘commonalities’ workstream (1/2)

1. **Document the principles/criteria that the in-scope service APIs shall fulfill -> OPAG collaboration**
   - The input from customers (e.g. hyperscalers) is a must. Customer shall declare their expectations on the usability of APIs.
   - Used as a basis to decide whether a SDO API is eligilible for direct usability or not.
2. **Draft a template to describe user stories.**
   - Business-driven use cases is what really should drive the API design + implemnetation work in the TGA Alliance.
3. **Decide on the service API spec format**
   - There is a tendency in the industry in going for OSA3
   - However, industry-wide validators and benchmarks (e.g. TMForum) keep using Swagger 2.0.
4. **Decide on the authentication and authorization solution**
   - Authentication mechanisms: OAuth2, OpenID, SAML, TLS, JWT Authentication,…
   - Authentication workflow: for some service APIs, the operator may be required to call an identity provider (IDP) service.

Actions for the ‘commonalities’ workstream (2/2)

5. **Decide on the testing principles and tools for validation in telco network(s)**
   - Document this is a must, so as to ensure consistency.
6. **Decide on the criteria to go from step 3 (implementation) to step 4 (validation)**
   - This is important to manage expectations, especially on API developer side.
   - We do not need to have the API fully implemented – fleeing from traditional waterfall approach.
   - Example: At least [TBD] tests defined in the ATP passed.
7. **Decide on the criteria for API documentation publication**
   - Documentation should include: 1) complete API specifiation, with all methods and attributes; 2) API code and version; 3) succeed tests cases and related documentation
   - In order to manage expectations from customers and external fora/SDO, it is recommedable to publish ‘sucess test cases’ vs ’ATP’ (i.e. all test cases planned for the service API to be 100% functional). The goal is to get this ratio increased for every new API release/version.

What Telefónica can provide to the TGA initiative?

For prioritized API families, TEF can contribute in the….

Analysis stage

- Identification of network capabilities (functional requirements) -> *collaboration with OPAG*
- Gap analysis, in relation to existing 3GPP network APIs -> *collaboration with OPAG.*
- Ellaboration of user stories

Design stage

- Stage 2 solution for service APIs, including operations & notifications + input/output attributes (based on info model) -> *collaboration with OPAG*
- API Test Plans (ATP) Design

Provision of governance and lifecycle tools

- Centralized portal to manage the governance and lifecycle of in-scope APIs.
- This portal includes the following tools: API visor, code generator, document repository, certification/validation toolkit, user mgmt. & profiles. Further details in the next slide.
- Portal instance dedicated for the TGA initiative.

Validation stage

- Contribute to the testing of developed service APIs in our lab facility, leveraging certification/validation toolkit.

TEF API Design Phase

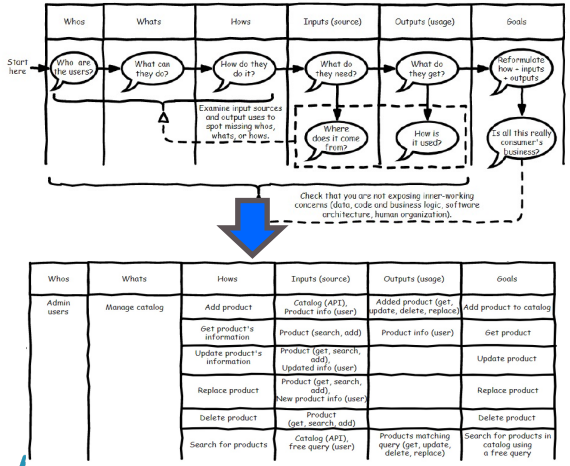
API Design Patterns

Customer Experience

Respond to business needs

API Design Patterns

To make yourself a set of basic questions that are summarized in the API Goals Canvas Methodology.

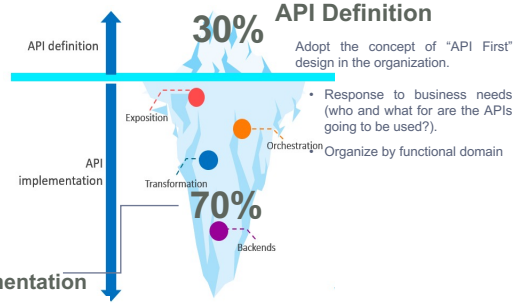


Implementation

Strictly the API **is only the interface** that a certain software exposes

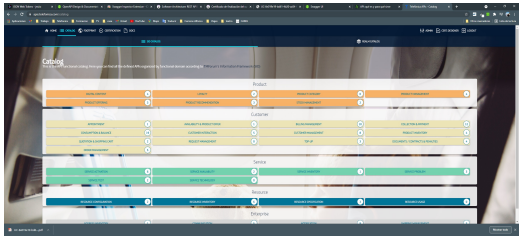
But you can't have a good API without a good implementation both parts are needed

API = Interface + Implementation



Scalability

- Have clear policy of versioning and APIs evolution
- Have good documentation and test cases to enhance reuse
- Have a Portal where APIs can be inventoried by functional criteria and have their technical information available



TEF API lifecycle & governance toolkit

TEF has a tool made available to developer teams for the certification of T-Open APIs (Telefónica adaptation of TM Forum Open APIs).

Tool capabilities:

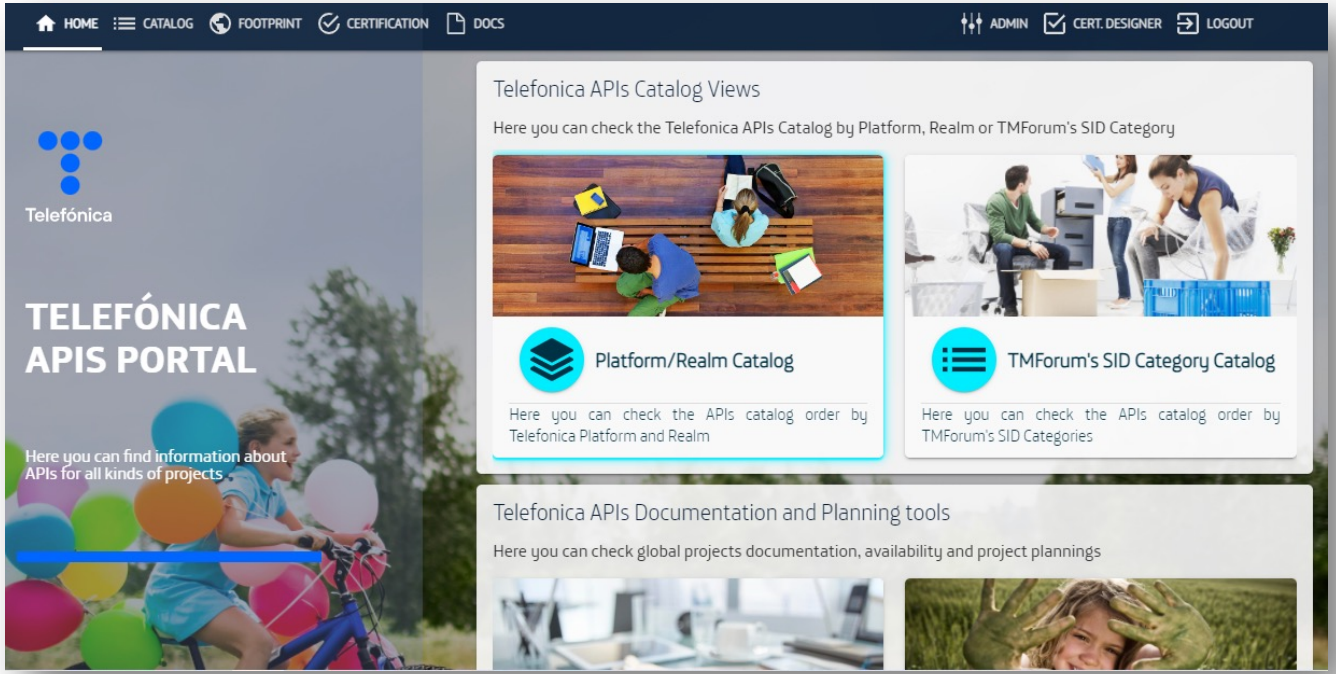
- Configuration of (deployment) environment: to register the endpoint where developer hosts the microservices
- Configuration of environment variables
- Test campaign automation: automation of tests cases detailed in the API Test Plan
- Support for Q&A process
- Reporting

Steps:

1. Select the tests to be run
2. Fill in the variable values
3. Launch certification and check the results
4. Certification report

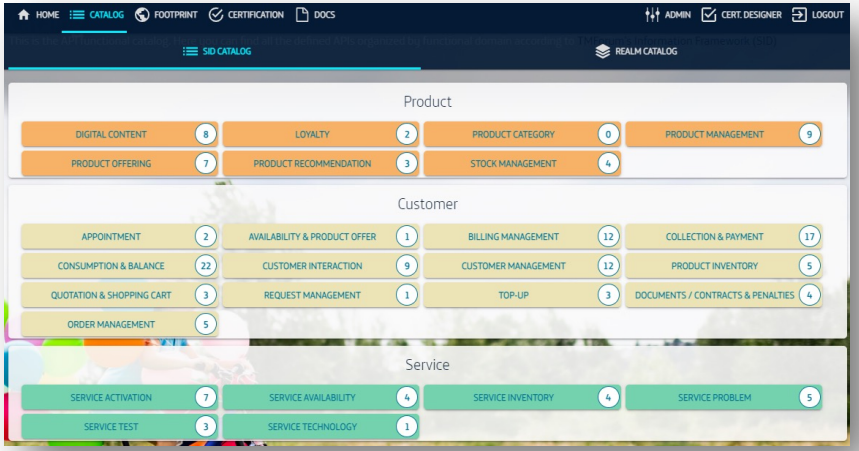
Catalog & Documentation centralization Portal

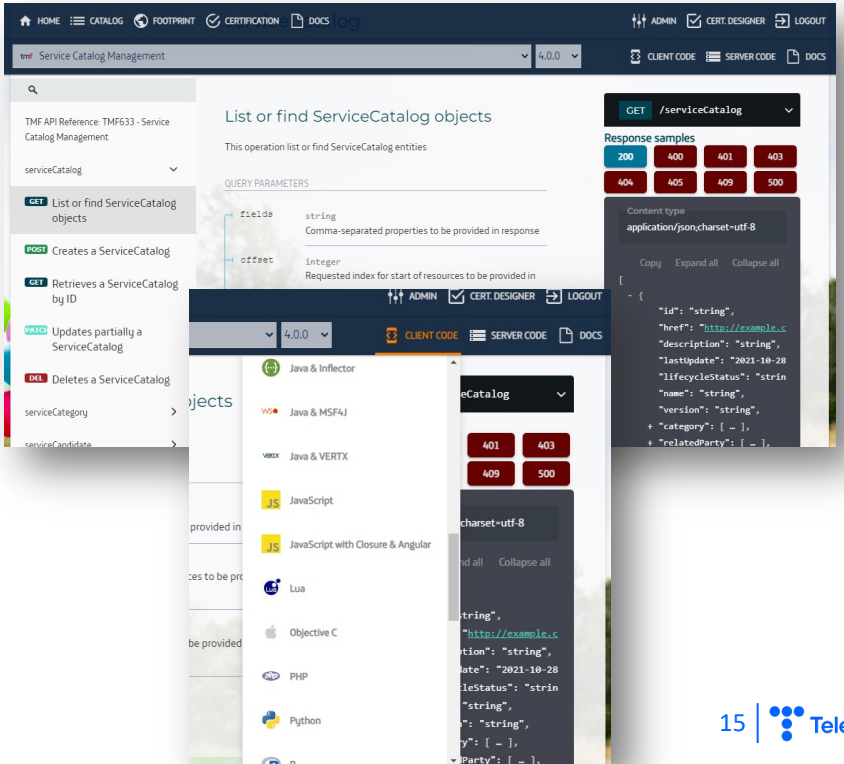
When we are working in the interfaces design to create API Contracts It's so important the catalog centralization in order to make accessible, checkable and categorized all the information with a friendly user interface focused in all kind of profiles (Developers, consumers, exposers…)



Catalog & Documentation centralization Portal

This kind of centralization makes available tools like API Catalog, API Contract Viewer, API Documentation Linked, API Code generator, Planification Tools, Testing Tools…





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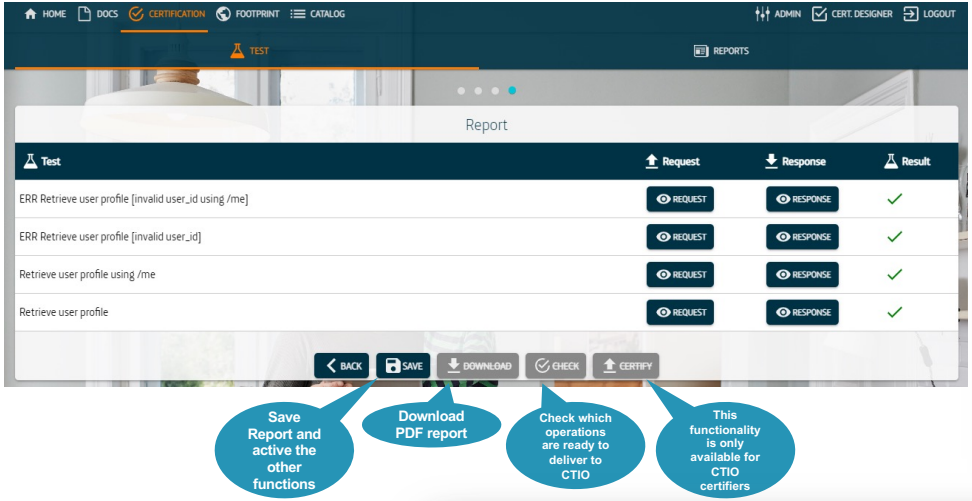

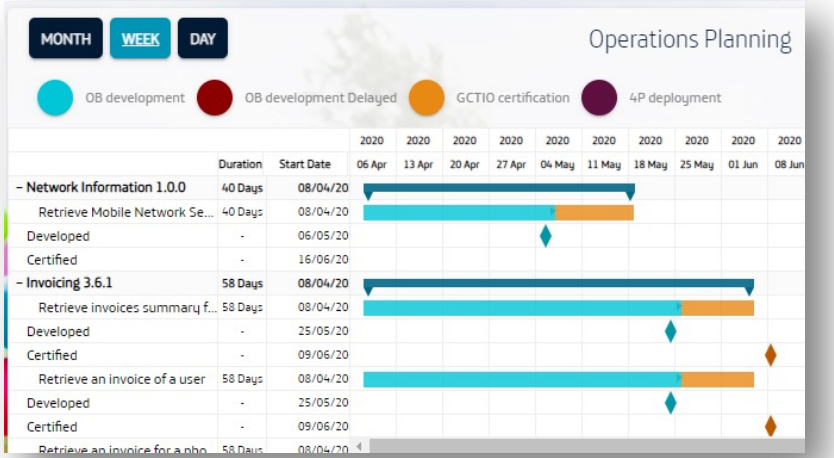

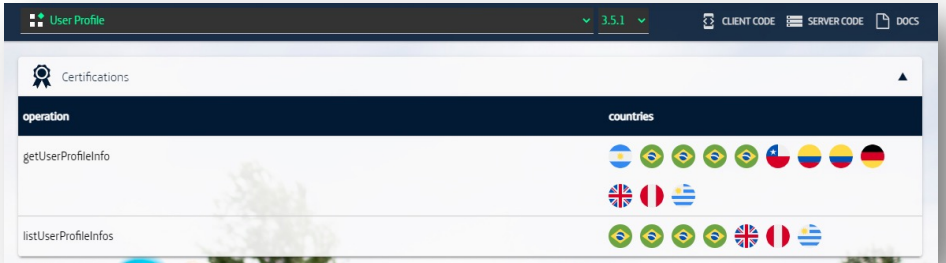

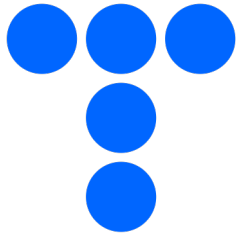

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