Azure IoT Academy Month Two Day One

1. Introduction

Video: https://youtu.be/IJK0h1f7avY

This hands on lab seeks to introduce the student to the following Azure Services and Technologies:

- Visual Studio Code
- · Azure IoT Hub
- Azure Device Provisioning Service (DPS)
- Azure Virtual Machines
- Azure Edge for Linux on Windows (EFLOW)
- · Azure IoT Edge Routing
- Azure IoT Edge Stream Analytics (ASA) Module
- Azure Logic Apps
- · Azure Monitor & Azure Log Analytics

These services are explored as they're often part of overall IoT solutions. A simplistic approach is taken with this lab to allow to reach many audiences of varying technical experience.

Ideally students taking this course will have:

- Familiarity with the Azure Portal. https://portal.azure.com
- · Completed IoT Academy Month One Content

A good way to become familiar with Azure IoT is to follow Azure IoT Developer Specialty certification path. You can read more at the following link: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/learn/certifications/exams/az-220

Course Content

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- 6. Exercise: Create a Azure Stream Analytics Job
- 7. Exercise: Update the Azure IoT Edge manifest to add modules and routes
- 8. Exercise: Review the data being sent to Grafana
- 9. Exercise: Monitor IoT Hub Events
- 10. Exercise: Create an Azure Logic App to Monitor Events from IoT Hub
- 11. Exercise: View Log Analytics data and setup an alert
- 12. Cleanup

2. Prerequisites

2.1. Install VS Code

Visual Studio Code Download

2.2. Install VS Code Extensions

- 1. Click extensions
- 2. Search for azure iot
- 3. Click install for the Azure IoT Tools extension pack
- 4. Search for bicep
- 5. Click install for the Bicep

2.3. Please ensure you cloned the IoT Academy Repo locally to your machine

2.4. Install Azure CLI

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/cli/azure/install-azure-cli

2.5. Install Azure CLI Bicep Extension

2.6. Supporting Materials

• https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/bicep/install

Open your terminal in VS Code and run the following commands Terminal -> New Terminal if not open yet

```
az bicep install
az bicep upgrade
az bicep version
```

3. Exercise: Deploy Azure Lab Resources with Bicep

Video: https://youtu.be/TMgfs9Eh2xY

3.1. Resources

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/bicep/overview?tabs=bicep https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/bicep/parameters https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/templates/

3.2. Review the Bicep file

- 1. Within the github repo: (https://github.com/AzureIoTGBB/iot-academy-april-2022-internal/tree/main/Month_2/Day_1/hol_files)
- 2. Locate the file at the following location and review the contents.Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/month2_day1.bicep

You'll see in the file:

- · two resources
- · two accepted parameters for iot hub name and location

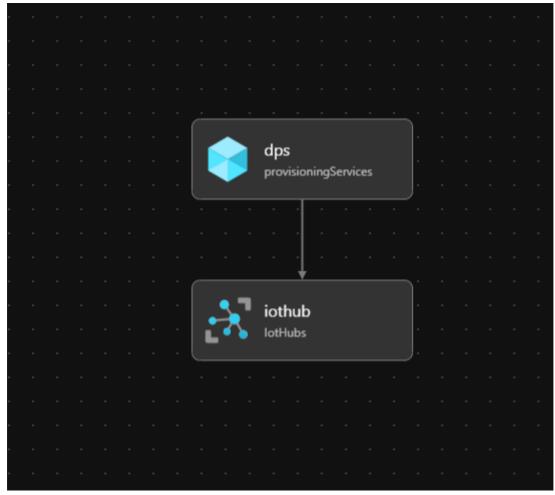
```
Month_2 > Day_1 > hol_files_new > & month2-day1.bicep > {} iothub

1    param location string = resourceGroup().location
2    param iot_hub_name string
3

4    vresource iothub 'Microsoft.Devices/IotHubs@2021-07-02' = {
5     name: iot_hub_name
6     location: location
7     v tags: {
8         environment: 'demo'
9     }
```

3.3. Use the Bicep visualizer to review the resources

- 1. Within VS Code trigger the command pallette Ctrl+Shift+P, or click View, command pallette from the menu.
- 2. Type visual and select the Bicep: Open Bicep Visualizer to the Side entry, press enter.
- 3. Select your Bicep file located at Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/month2_day1.bicep
- 4. Review the diagram as seen below



3.4. Edit your bicep parameters file

1. Look for the Month 2/Day 1/hol files/month2 day1 params. json file and open it

- 2. Edit the following values:
 - 1. first name
 - 2. last_name
 - 3. favorite_animal: this could be any random string value. This is used in the Bicep template to ensure unique resource names are achieved

3.5. Ensure you've selected your subscription and correct tenant

1. Run the following command to ensure your subscription is currently default

```
az account show
```

- 2. If the correct subscription is selected skip this step
 - 1. If your subscription is listed but not default run this step

```
az account set -s "YourSubscriptionIdGoesHere"
```

- 2. Skip the following steps if you subscription is already set correctly. If not, continue.
- 3. If your subscription is not listed you've logged into the wrong tenant. Run the following command to logout and login to the correct tenant.

```
az logout
az login
```

4. List all of your subscriptions to find the right subscriptionId

```
az account show
```

- 5. Find your SubscriptionId and run step 1 to make it default
- 3. Save your SubscriptionId in your notepad. When running az account show your SubscriptionID is the "id" field

3.6. Create an Azure Resource Group

In your terminal run the following command. Ensure you replace the location with the correct value. After the command is run "provisioningState": "Succeeded" can be observed in the result

```
az group create --name rg-iot-academy --location northcentralus
```

3.7. Deploy Lab resources with an Azure Resource Manager Deployment

The resources deployed are:

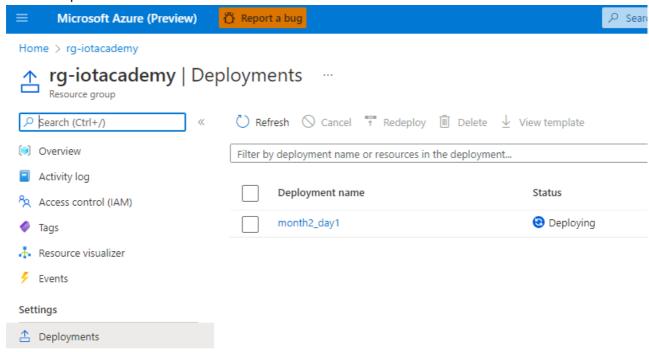
- IoT Hub
- DPS
- · Logic App: used in a later part of the lab
- 1. Change your terminal to the hol_files directory

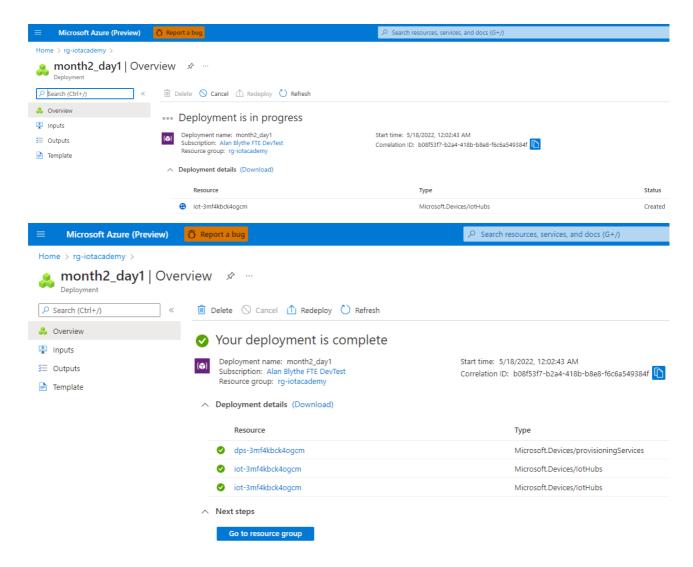
```
cd Month_2/Day_1/hol_files
```

2. Run the following command in your terminal in VS Code

```
az deployment group create --resource-group rg-iot-academy --template-file month2_day1.bicep --parameters month2_day1_params.json
```

- 3. Go to the Azure Portal, find an open the rg-iot-academy resource group.
- 4. Click Deployments, and click the first your deployment in the list. Review the following screenshots for what to expect





5. When the command is done running expect the following in your terminal

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

}

]

,

"provisioningState": "Succeeded",

"templateHash": "5329428304483879022",

"templateLink": null,

"timestamp": "2022-05-19T19:47:30.122735+00:00",

"validatedResources": null

},

"resourceGroup": "rg-iotacademy",

"tags": null,

"type": "Microsoft.Resources/deployments"

}
```

4. Exercise: Deploy a Windows 10 Azure VM

Video: https://youtu.be/JffdKqj1kGA

Next, let's:

· Deploy an Azure Windows 10 VM using Bicep

- · Add an IoT Edge Device
- Retrieve Device Credentials for the Edge Device
- RDP to the Windows 10 VM to install and configure EFLOW

Some links that cover EFLOW and the steps in this section https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/iot-edge-for-linux-on-windows?view=iotedge-2020-11 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/quickstart?view=iotedge-2020-11#code-try-0

4.1. Deploy another bicep template to create the VM

Note: when picking the vm_size it the VM has to support Nested Virtualization. Some good options are: Standard D2 v3 Standard D2 v4 Standard D2s v3 Standard D2s v4

All the VM SKUs can be reviewed at the following link: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/sizes-general

- 1. Open the Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/createvm.bicep file and review the contents. Notice many resources in this file and the time savings this provides.
- 2. Open the Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/createvm_params.json file
- 3. Set the values of the fields similarly to the previous Bicep deployment
 - 1. vm_size: you may need to find an available size in your selected location. This could be done by using the Azure Portal to create a VM and cancelling the process before **Review and Create**
 - 2. vm_admin_password: change the value to your preference or leave default.
 - 3. client_ipaddress: as in Month 1. Use bing and search for what is my ip, replace with the found value
 - 4. first_name: ensure you use the same value from your other Bicep params file
 - 5. last name: ensure you use the same value from your other Bicep params file
 - 6. favorite animal: ensure you use the same value from your other Bicep params file
- 4. Create your deployment group to Deploy your VM Bicep template

az deployment group create --resource-group rg-iot-academy --template-file createvm.bicep --parameters createvm_params.json

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

}

]

}

],

"provisioningState": "Succeeded",

"templateHash": "5329428304483879022",

"templateLink": null,

"timestamp": "2022-05-19T19:47:30.122735+00:00",

"validatedResources": null

},

"resourceGroup": "rg-iotacademy",

"tags": null,

"type": "Microsoft.Resources/deployments"

}
```

When you complete you'll see Succeeded

4.2. Create an Azure IoT DPS Enrollment

Resources https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/cli/azure/iot/dps/enrollment?view=azure-cli-latest#az-iot-dps-enrollment-create

1. Find your Azure IoT DPS name with the following command. Take note of your DPS resource name

```
az iot dps list -o table
```

2. Run the following command after replace your dps_name with yours found in the previous command

```
az iot dps enrollment create -g rg-iot-academy --dps-name {dps_name} --
enrollment-id iot-academy-edge-device --edge-enabled true --tags "
{'environment':'dev'}" --attestation-type symmetrickey
e.g. az iot dps enrollment create -g rg-iot-academy --dps-name dps-
qdiyctqfomakk --enrollment-id iot-academy-edge-device --edge-enabled true -
-tags "{'environment':'dev'}" --attestation-type symmetrickey
```

- 3. Copy the primaryKey and save it to your notepad
- 4. Run the following command to retrieve the scopeld for your DPS instance. Replace the {name} with your value found in step 1 of this section

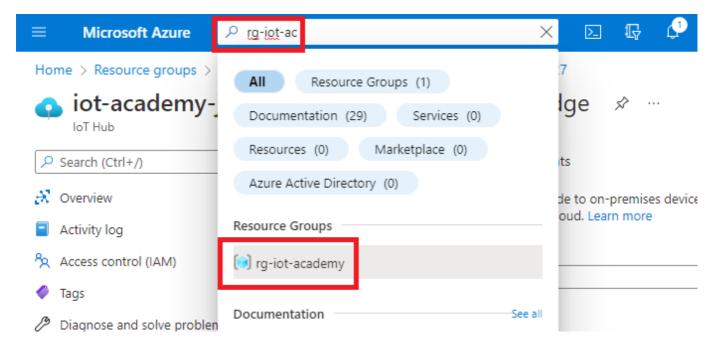
```
az iot dps show --name {name}
```

5. find idScope and note the value in your notepad e.g. "idScope": "OneO0600B86"

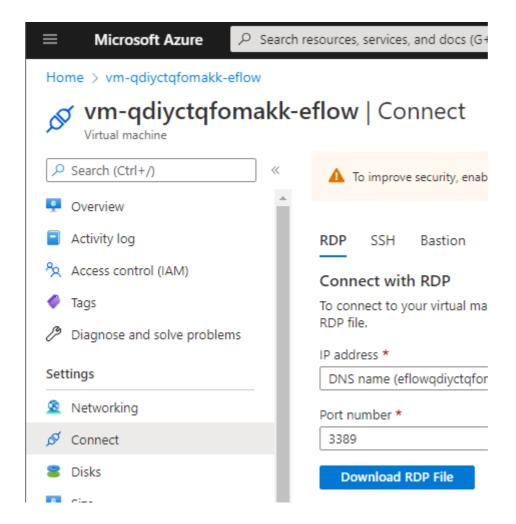
You'll then see results as follows

4.3. Login to your Windows 10 VM

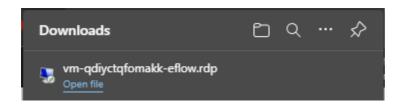
1. Browse to the Azure Portal and search for your resource group



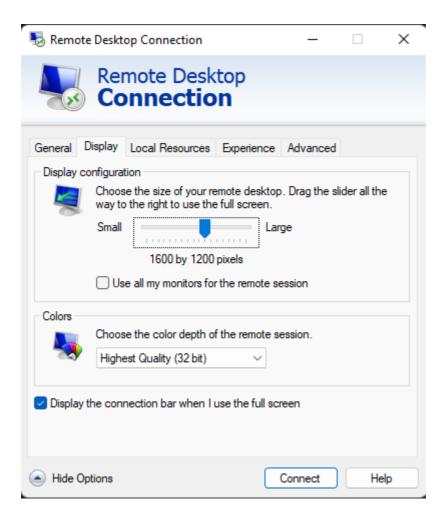
- 2. Find your VM in the list of resources, prefixed with vm-, and click it
- 3. Click Connect and then RDP
- 4. Click Download RDP File



Notice the download in your browser



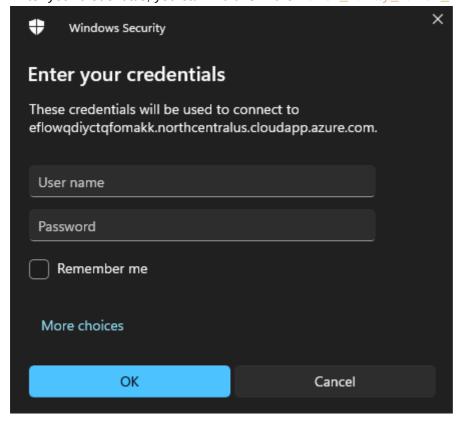
5. Optional Step: You can also edit the RDP file, from Windows Explorer, to change settings such as resolution, the RDP session will default to full screen.



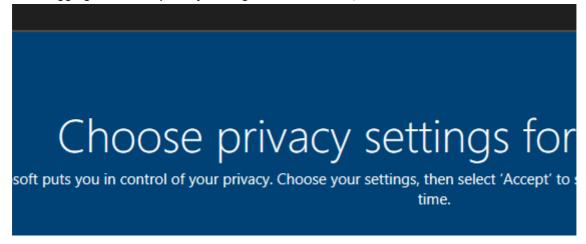
- 6. Open the RDP file
- 7. If presented with a confirmation for if you would like to connect due to a certificate issue, click yes



8. Enter your credentials, you can find this in the Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/createvm.bicep file



9. After logging in confirm privacy settings and click Accept



Exercise: Install Azure IoT Edge for Linux on Windows (EFLOW)

Video: https://youtu.be/AIFSLh7ihAw

5.1. Install EFLOW

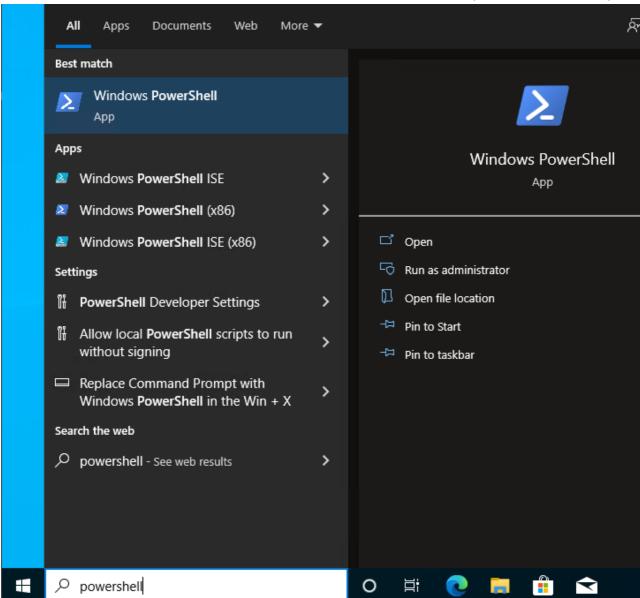
5.2. Resources

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/how-to-provision-single-device-linux-on-windows-symmetric? view=iotedge-2020-11&tabs=azure-portal%2Cpowershell https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/nested-virtualization?view=iotedge-2020-11 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-

edge/troubleshoot?view=iotedge-2020-11 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/reference-iot-edge-for-linux-on-windows-functions?view=iotedge-2020-11

Now that you're logged into the VM

1. Run PowerShell, click into the search box on the bottom left, and search for powershell, Click Open



2. Run the following scripts

```
$msiPath = $([io.Path]::Combine($env:TEMP, 'AzureIoTEdge.msi'))
$ProgressPreference = 'SilentlyContinue'
Invoke-WebRequest "https://aka.ms/AzEflowMSI" -OutFile $msiPath
```

```
Start-Process -Wait msiexec -ArgumentList
"/i","$([io.Path]::Combine($env:TEMP, 'AzureIoTEdge.msi'))","/qn"
```

3. Run the following script

```
Deploy-Eflow
```

4. Accept the agreement and the next question

```
[Y] Yes, I Agree [N] No, I decline [?] Help (default is "Y"): y

Diagnostic data

Send diagnostic data:
Send information about how you use features, plus additional information reporting. Diagnostic data is used to help keep the service secure product improvements. Required diagnostic data will always be included a data. Regardless of your choice, the service will be equally secure and

Required diagnostic data:
Send only info about your installation of the service, its setting performing properly. Diagnostic data is used to help keep this service so make product improvements.

[O] Optional [R] Required [?] Help (default is "R"):
```

5. When prompted allow the VM to restart. Wait a few minutes before moving on to the next step.

```
- Microsoft Update is enabled.

[05/20/2022 00:09:52] Step 1: Preparing host for Azure IoT Edge for Linux on Windows

[05/20/2022 00:09:52] Checking host for required features

- Checking the status of 'Microsoft-Hyper-V'

- Enabling 'Microsoft-Hyper-V' ...

- Checking the status of 'Microsoft-Hyper-V-Management-PowerShell'

- Checking the status of 'Microsoft-Hyper-V-Hypervisor'

- Checking the status of 'OpenSSH.Client*'

[05/20/2022 00:10:19] Required features were enabled. A Windows restart is required. After the deployment again.

Press enter to reboot now or close the PowerShell window and reboot manually.:
```

- 6. After the VM restarts, reconnect your RDP session as in the earlier step. You may need to wait a few minutes for it to restart.
- 7. Open PowerShell and run the Deploy-Eflow command again

```
Deploy-Eflow -memoryInMB 2048 -acceptEula Yes -acceptOptionalTelemetry Yes
```

After some time, maybe 5 minutes, you should a success message as seen in the screenshot below.

8. Replace the {primaryKey} and {scopeId} values that you took note of in earlier and then run the following command

Provision-EflowVm -provisioningType DpsSymmetricKey -scopeId {scopeId} - registrationId iot-academy-edge-device -symmKey {primaryKey} e.g. Provision-EflowVm -provisioningType DpsSymmetricKey -scopeId OneOO6OOB86 -registrationId iot-academy-edge-device -symmKey Yh1Y5pVwuo1Kroa7yZWmD42CTNpB5aTcJvFl1mu5E=

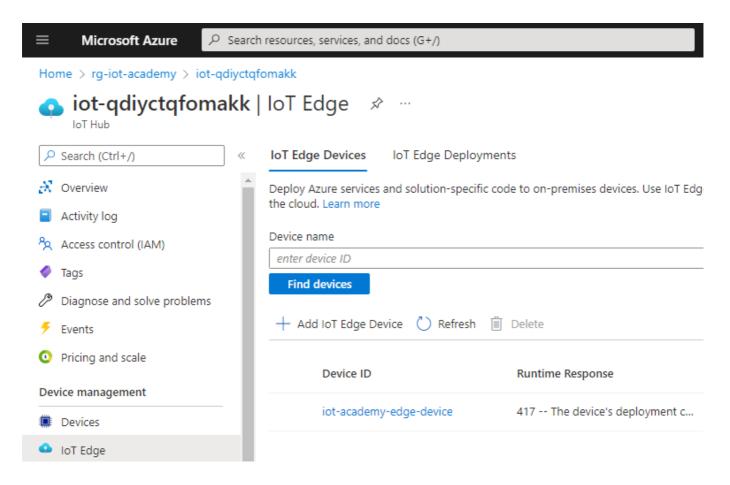
After running the command you will see a success message as follows.

```
[05/20/2022 02:07:43] Provisioning virtual machine...
[05/20/2022 02:07:44] Attention: iotedge was previously provisioned!

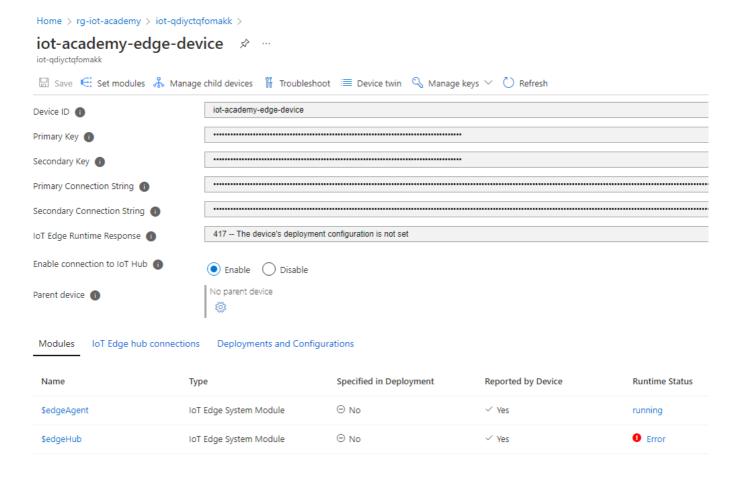
[05/20/2022 02:07:49] Re-provisioning iotedge...
[05/20/2022 02:07:49] Setting provisioning information for provisioning type: DpsSymmetricKey
[05/20/2022 02:07:56] Provisioning Completed. iotedge service running.

OK
PS C:\Users\iotacademy> __
```

- 9. Now navigate back to the Azure Portal and find your resource group and navigate to it
- 10. Find your IoT Hub resource in the list prefixed with iot -. Click it
- 11. Click IoT Edge. Click your device iot-academy-edge-device



12. After some time you'll notice the edgeAgent running and a normal condition for edgeHub to be in error state since we have not provided configuration



6. Exercise: Create a Azure Stream Analytics Job

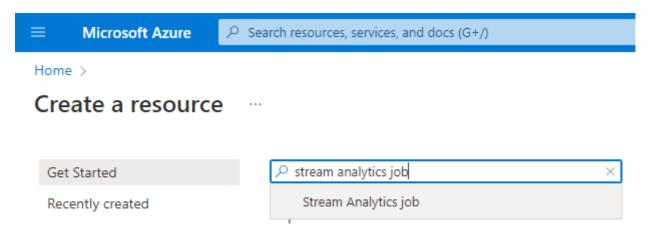
Video: https://youtu.be/1T64Xnu0m3U

6.1. Resources

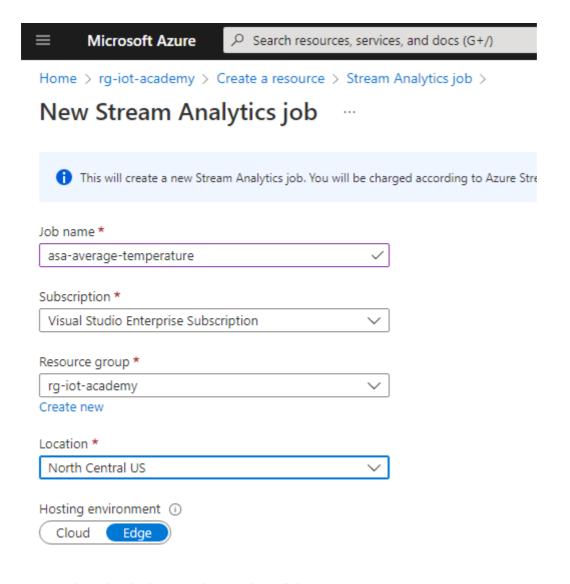
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/reference-iot-edge-for-linux-on-windows-functions?view=iotedge-2020-11

6.2. Create a new ASA Job

- 1. Go to the Azure Portal home page
- 2. Click Create a resource
- 3. Search for stream analytics job



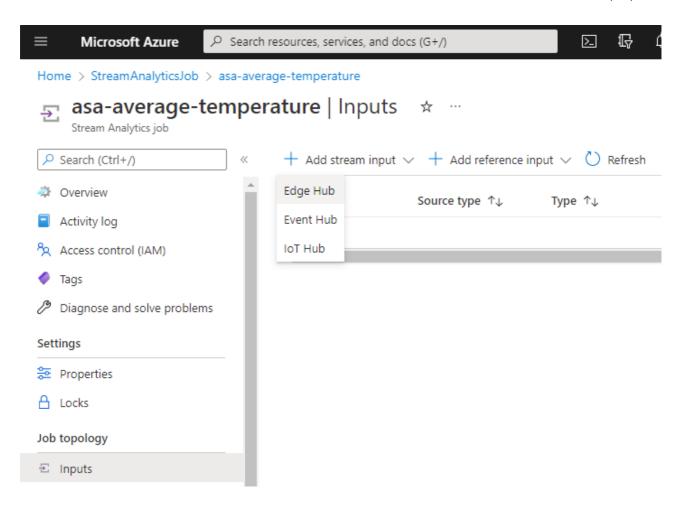
- 4. Click Stream Analytics job
- 5. Click Create
- 6. Enter the details for the job:
- Job name: asa-average-temperature
- Resource group: rg-iot-academy
- Location: your region e.g. East US 2
- Hosting environment: Edge



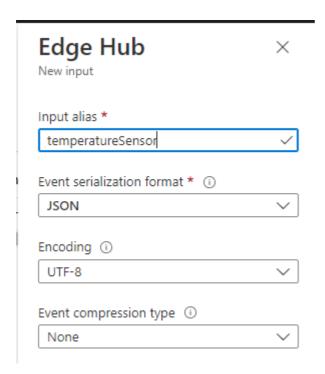
7. When the deployment is complete click Go to resource

6.3. Creating an ASA Input

• Click Inputs, Click Add stream input, Click Edge Hub



- Enter the input details:
 - Input alias: temperatureSensor
 - · All other values: default

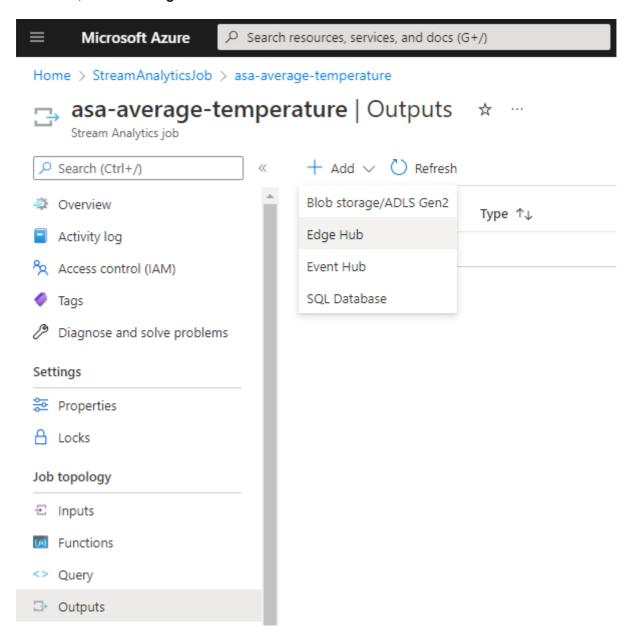


• Click Save

6.4. Creating an ASA Output

1. Click Outputs

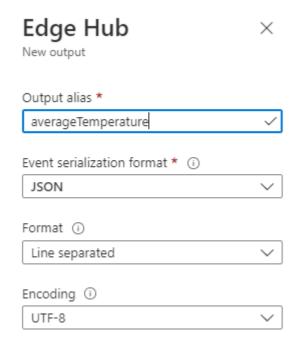
2. Click Add, then click Edge Hub



3. Enter the details as shown below:

• Output alias: averageTemperature

· All other values: default



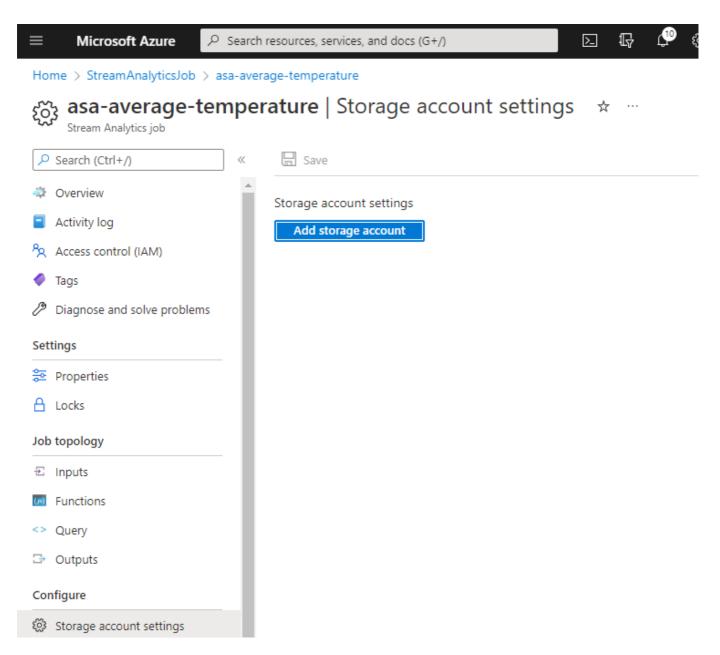
4. Click Save

6.5. Writing an ASA Query

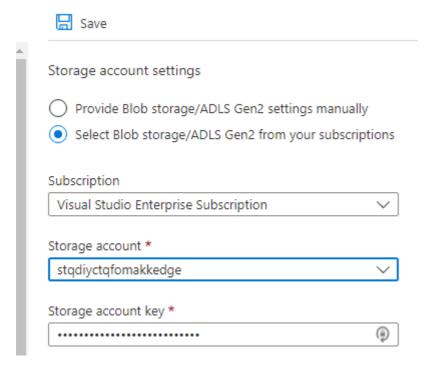
- 1. Click Query
- 2. Copy and paste the query below into the query window

```
SELECT
System.Timestamp() AS WindowEnd, avg(ambient.temperature)
AverageTemperature
INTO
averageTemperature
FROM
temperatureSensor
GROUP BY TumblingWindow(Duration(minute, 1))
```

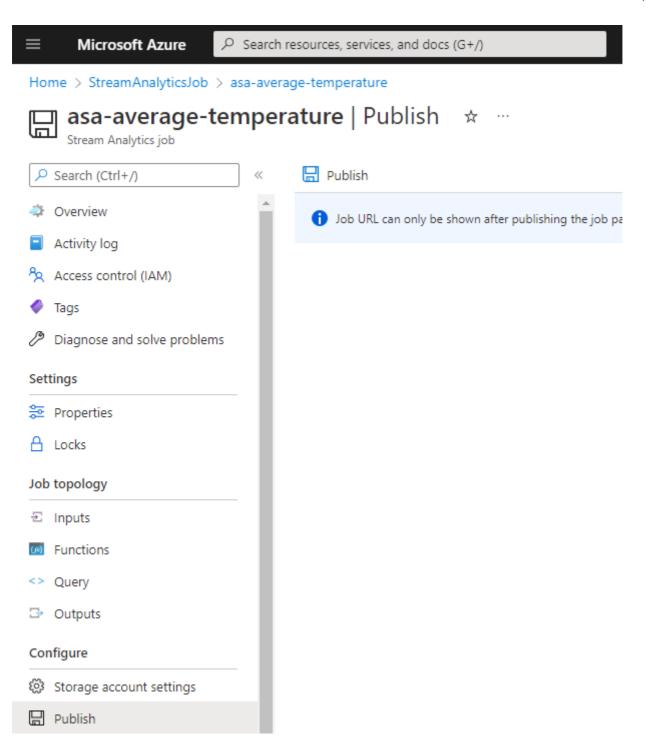
- 3. Click Save query
- 4. Click Publish, Click Storage account settings, then click Add storage account



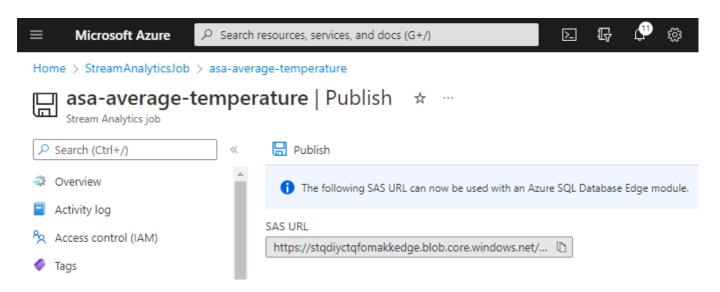
5. Select your subscription, then select the storage account formed such as st*****edge. Your common student prefix will be in place of the ******.



- 6. Click Save
- 7. Click Publish. Then, click Yes



8. Copy the SAS URL to your notepad for later



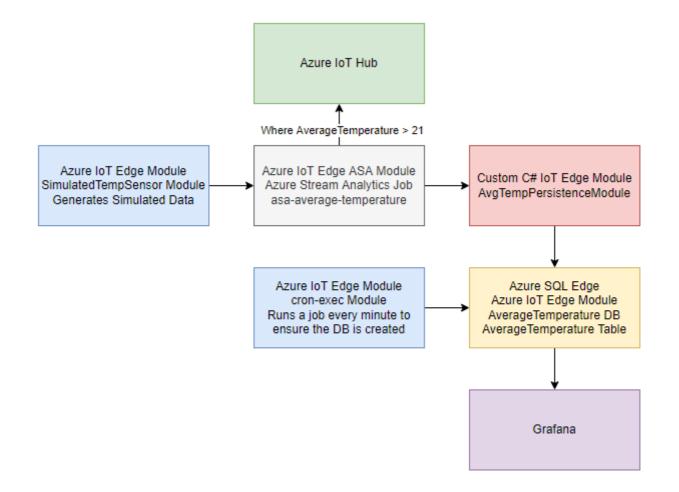
7. Exercise: Update the Azure IoT Edge manifest to add modules and routes

Video: https://youtu.be/UbGhG7gxmnU

7.1. Intro and Edge Architecture

This section of the lab focuses on deploying Azure IoT Edge Modules and configuring routes.

The diagram below shows how the data flows between each step.



A guick review of the components:

- Simulated Temperature Sensor Module
 - Generates a message every 5 seconds, for 2000, messages. The payload includes temperature and humidity data.
 - o Distributed by Microsoft on the Azure Marketplace
- Azure IoT Edge ASA Module
 - Provides the capability to run stream analytics jobs at the edge
 - Distributed by Microsoft on the Azure Marketplace
- Average Temperature Persistence Module
 - A custom module, written for this lab, which gives example for how to implement the Azure IoT
 Edge Module SDK. This module inserts records into an Azure SQL Edge database.
 - Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/avg_temp_persistence_module
- · Azure SQL Edge Module
 - A module designed to run SQL Server.
 - Distributed by Microsoft on the Azure Marketplace
- · cron-exec Module
 - A module that runs a custom docker container for running cron jobs. The only cron job in this
 implementation connects to AzureSqlEdge and creates the database and table for this PoC if it
 does not exist.
 - Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/cron_exec
- Grafana
 - runs a container image that provides Grafana for telemetry visualization. This PoC pulls telemetry from the Azure SQL Edge AverageTemperature database.
 - Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/grafana_average_temp

Some alternatives to this approach would be to use the following. This current architecture was chosen for exposure and example to different approaches.

- 1. An Azure Function in place of the custom module
 - 1. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/tutorial-deploy-function?view=iotedge-2020-11
- 2. Use Azure SQL Edge Data streaming
 - 1. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql-edge/stream-data
 - 2. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql-edge/create-stream-analytics-job

7.2. Resources

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-hub/iot-hub-devguide-messages-d2c https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/module-composition?view=iotedge-2020-11 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-edge https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/how-to-vs-code-develop-module?view=iotedge-2020-11 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql-edge/tutorial-set-up-iot-edge-modules https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/how-to-use-create-options?view=iotedge-2020-11 https://docs.docker.com/engine/api/v1.32/#operation/ContainerCreate https://github.com/marvin-garcia/AzureSqlEdge

7.3. Review the deployment manifest

Now, we'll review the details for the how the integration of all the components is orchestrated with Azure IoT Edge.

Open the Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/edge_manifest_modules.json file to review the contents

Notice the modules and routes sections

The following screenshots shows the configured routes. You can use the line numbers to navigate the actual file.

```
"modules": {
                           "asa-average-temperature": {
20
                           "AvgTempPersistenceModule": {
                           "cron_exec": {
                            "version": "1.0",
                            "type": "docker",
                            "status": "running",
                            "restartPolicy": "always",
                            "settings": {
                              "image": "criotacademyspring2022.azurecr.io/cron exec:latest",
                               "createOptions": ""
                           "SimulatedTemperatureSensor": {
41 >
                           "AzureSQLEdge": {
                           "grafana_average_temp": {
                      "runtime": { ···
                      "schemaVersion": "1.1",
                      "systemModules": {
               $edgeHub": {
                  "properties.desired": {
                      "routes": {
                          "TempSensorToAverageTemp": "FROM /messages/modules/SimulatedTemperatureSens
                         "AverageTempToPersistence": "FROM /messages/modules/asa-average-temperature
                         "AverageAlertTempToIoTHub": "FROM /messages/modules/asa-average-temperature
```

```
FROM /messages/modules/SimulatedTemperatureSensor/* INTO
BrokeredEndpoint("/modules/asa-average-temperature/inputs/temperatureSensor
FROM /messages/modules/asa-average-temperature/* INTO
BrokeredEndpoint("/modules/AvgTempPersistenceModule/inputs/input1
FROM /messages/modules/asa-average-temperature/* WHERE
$body.Weather.Temperature > 21 INTO
BrokeredEndpoint("/modules/AvgTempPersistenceModule/inputs/input1")
```

7.4. Create the an IoT Edge deployment using the CLI

In the previous steps you successfully deployed an Azure IoT Edge device using EFLOW. In this step you'll be configured your Edge device to run Azure IoT Edge Modules.

1. List your iot hubs to get the name

```
az iot hub list -o table
```

- 2. Edit the Month_2/Day_1/hol_files/edge_manifest_modules.json
- 3. Replace {sas_url} with your SAS URL saved in notepad earlier
- 4. Replace {subscription_id} with your SubscriptionID that you saved in notepad earlier
- 5. Run the command below after replacing {hub_name} below

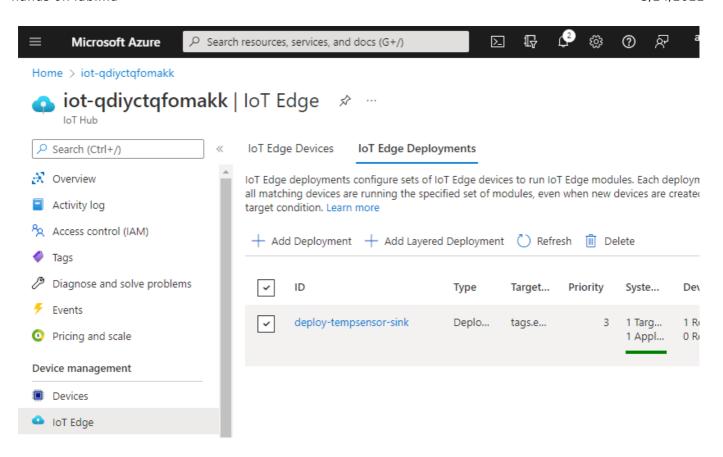
Notice the **target-condition** this is what is going to target your Edge device since it does in fact have the **dev** tag as follows: **tags.environment='dev'**.

```
az iot edge deployment create -d deploy-tempsensor-sink -n {hub_name} --
content edge_manifest_modules.json --target-condition
"tags.environment='dev'" --priority 3

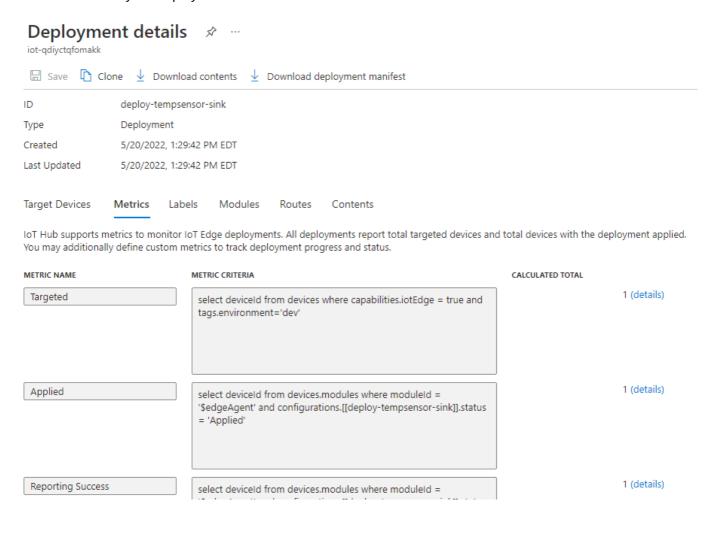
Some Examples
e.g. az iot edge deployment create -d deploy-tempsensor-sink -n iot-
qdiyctqfomakk --content edge_manifest_modules.json --target-condition
"tags.environment='dev'" --priority 3
e.g. to delete, az iot edge deployment delete -d deploy-tempsensor-sink -n
iot-qdiyctqfomakk
```

7.5. Review the IoT Edge deployment in the Azure Portal

1. Visit the Azure Portal, view your IoT Hub, click IoT Edge, then click IoT Edge Deployments



2. Click your deployment, the details of your deployment can be viewed here: modules, routes, and rollout metrics for your deployment



3. Wait for your deployment to rollout to your device and then move on to the next section. This could take a bit of time for the deployment to roll out.

If you go back to the page used on step 1. You can use the refresh button until System Metrics states 1 Targeted, 1 Applied

8. Exercise: Review the data being sent to Grafana

Video: https://youtu.be/TvzvFG79spE

8.1. Login to your Windows 10 VM

You should still have your RDP session from earlier. If you closed it or it ended, follow the steps in section Login to your Windows 10 VM once again

8.2. Get the IP address of the EFLOW VM

- 1. Go to, or open, the PowerShell window
- 2. Run the following command to get the IP address of the EFlow VM

Get-EflowVmAddr

You'll get a result such as 172.20.126.50 Replace {eflow_vm_ip} below with the value

8.3. Login to Grafana

- 1. In the VM open Edge browser and navigate to http://{eflow_vm_ip}:3000
- 2. After the page loads, login with:

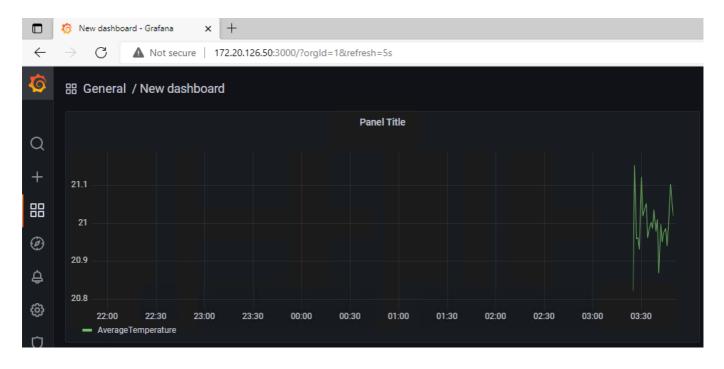
username: adminpassword: admin

3. When prompted to change your password use password1! in password and confirmation boxes and click ok.

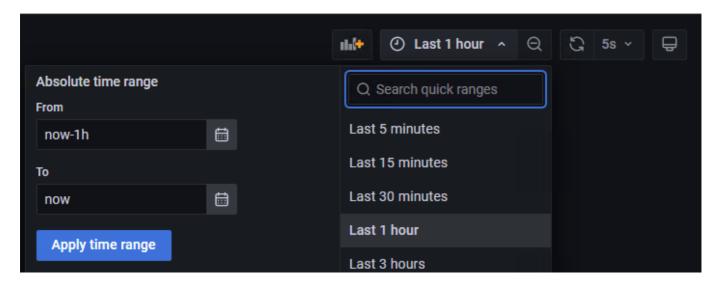
8.4. Review the provided dashboard and chart provided by this hands on lab

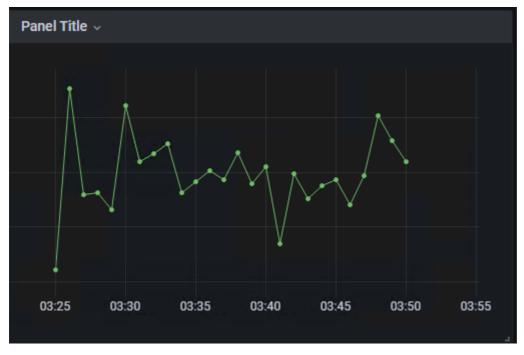
1. Review the data on the provided chart.

You may need to allow some time to pass for a lot of data to show on the graph



You can also change the time range to a shorter time and see a bit better graph. There is also an auto-refresh option available.





2. After seeing data, move on to the next Exercise

9. Exercise: Monitor IoT Hub Events

Video: https://youtu.be/cWtMkYIbII0

9.1. Resources

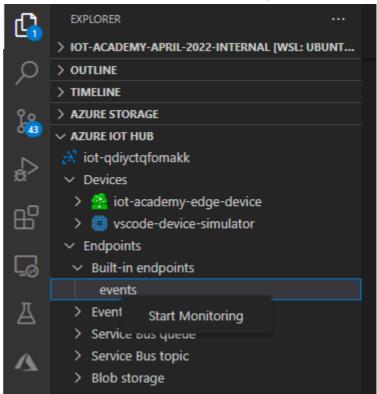
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-hub/iot-hub-vscode-iot-toolkit-cloud-device-messaging

9.2. Sign in and select the correct IoT Hub

- 1. Open VSCode
- 2. Use the command pallette, View -> Command Pallette
- 3. Type select iot and press enter after selecting Azure IoT Hub: Select IoT Hub
- 4. Select your subscription. If successful skip to step 6
- 5. If it's not visible you'll need to sign in with the correct account
 - 1. Command Pallette: Azure: Sign Out
 - 2. Command Pallette: Azure: Sign In to Azure Cloud
- 6. Select your IoT Hub created for this lab`

9.3. Start monitoring the IoT Hub built-in event endpoint

1. Right click Explorer -> Azure IoT Hub -> Your Hub -> Built-in endpoints ->



events and click Start Monitoring

2. Average Temperature telemetry is produced once a minute. As not all averages temperatures meet the criteria for AverageTemperature > 21, it may take some time to see events flowing. You'll events in

your output window when they arrive.

```
[IoTHubMonitor] [11:20:00 AM] Message received from [iot-academy-edge-device/asa-average-temperature]:
{
    "WindowEnd": "2022-05-22T15:20:00.00000000Z",
    "AverageTemperature": 21.078679946986345
}
[IoTHubMonitor] [11:21:00 AM] Message received from [iot-academy-edge-device/asa-average-temperature]:
{
    "WindowEnd": "2022-05-22T15:21:00.00000000Z",
    "AverageTemperature": 21.12592386504657
}
```

10. Exercise: Create an Azure Logic App to Monitor Events from IoT Hub

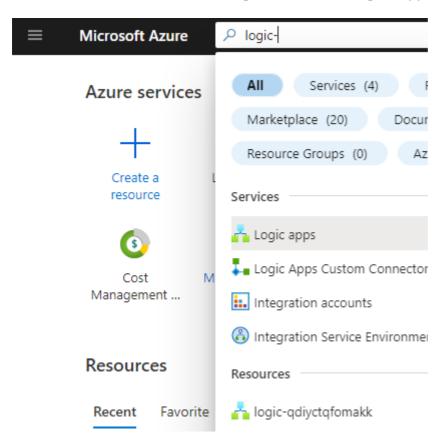
Video: https://youtu.be/n0ATDWwxfRg

10.1. Resources

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/event-grid/publish-iot-hub-events-to-logic-apps https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/connectors/azureloganalyticsdatacollector/#creating-a-connection

10.2. Open your pre-created Logic App in the portal

Go to the Azure Portal, search for logic-, search for Logic App and select it

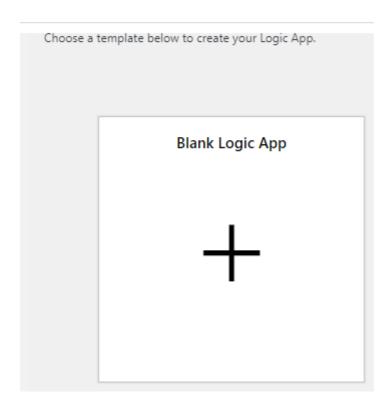


10.3. Add a HTTP Request Trigger to your Logic App

1. Click Blank Logic App

Home > logic-qdiyctqfomakk >

Logic Apps Designer



2. Search for http request and click When a HTTP request is received

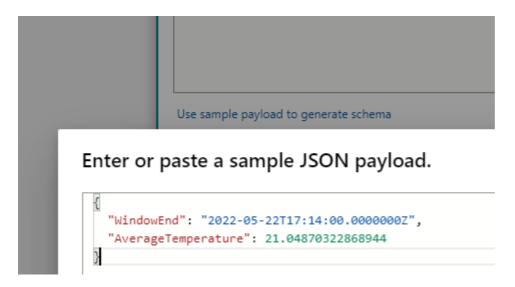


4. Click Use sample payload to generate schema Copy the json to your clipboard

```
Γ
        {
            "id": "5749a230-6ebf-950f-3d26-53cc8315a4ad",
            "topic": "/SUBSCRIPTIONS/7451D6D6-9082-46D9-9373-
CCD5FCDA6673/RESOURCEGROUPS/RG-IOT-
ACADEMY/PROVIDERS/MICROSOFT.DEVICES/IOTHUBS/IOT-QDIYCTQFOMAKK",
            "subject": "devices/iot-academy-edge-device/asa-average-
temperature",
            "eventType": "Microsoft.Devices.DeviceTelemetry",
            "data": {
                "properties": {},
                "systemProperties": {
                    "iothub-content-type": "application/json",
                    "iothub-content-encoding": "utf-8",
                    "iothub-connection-device-id": "iot-academy-edge-
device",
                    "iothub-connection-module-id": "asa-average-
```

```
temperature",
                    "iothub-connection-auth-method": "
{\"scope\":\"module\",\"type\":\"sas\",\"issuer\":\"iothub\",\"acceptingIpF
ilterRule\":null}",
                    "iothub-connection-auth-generation-id":
"637886649142604368",
                    "iothub-enqueuedtime": "2022-05-22T20:19:00.3160000Z",
                    "iothub-message-source": "Telemetry"
                },
                "body": {
                    "WindowEnd": "2022-05-22T20:19:00.0000000Z",
                    "AverageTemperature": 21.038353595978126
            },
            "dataVersion": "",
            "metadataVersion": "1",
            "eventTime": "2022-05-22T20:19:00.316Z"
        }
    ]
```

- 5. Paste in your json
- 6. Click Done



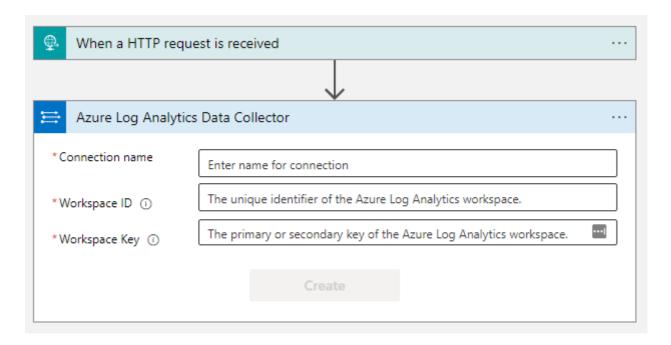
- 7. Click Save
- 8. Copy the HTTP Post URL to your clipboard, save in your notepad

10.4. Add a Step for sending data to an Azure Log Analytics workspace

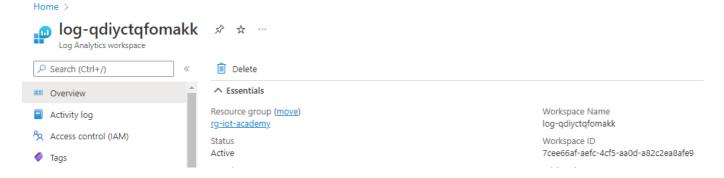
- 1. Click New step
- Search for Send data. Look for and select Send Data: Azure Log Analytics Data Collector



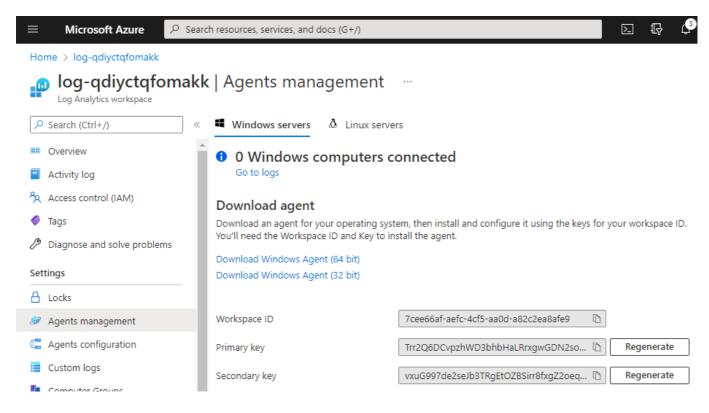
3. Next you'll notice that connection information for your Log Analytics Workspace is needed.



- 4. Name: log-analytics
- 5. In another browser tab go to the Azure Portal. Search for log-. Click your Log Analytics resource.
- 6. Copy the Workspace ID to your clipboard, such as 7cee66af-aefc-4cf5-aa0d-a82c2ea8afe9



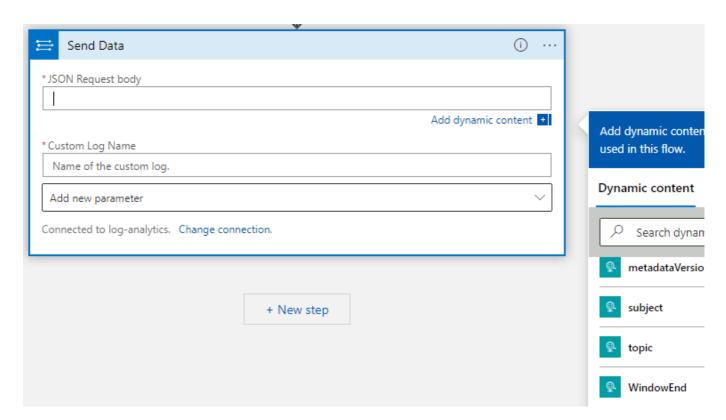
- 7. Back to your Logic App browser tab. Paste your Workspace ID in the appropriate box
- 8. Back to your Log Analytics tab. Click Agents Management. Copy the Primary Key to your clipboard



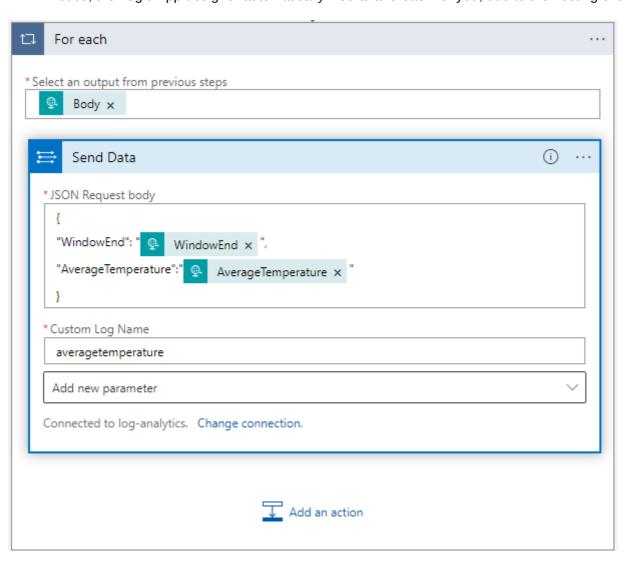
- 9. Back to your Logic App browser tab. Paste your Primary Key. Click Ok.
- 10. Click Create
- 11. Click Save
- 12. Paste the following json into the JSON Request body box

```
{
"WindowEnd": "@{items('For_each')?['data']?['body']?['WindowEnd']}",
"AverageTemperature":"@{items('For_each')?['data']?['body']?
['AverageTemperature']}"
}
```

13. Click in the JSON Request Body field and select WindowEnd in the Dynamic Content box.

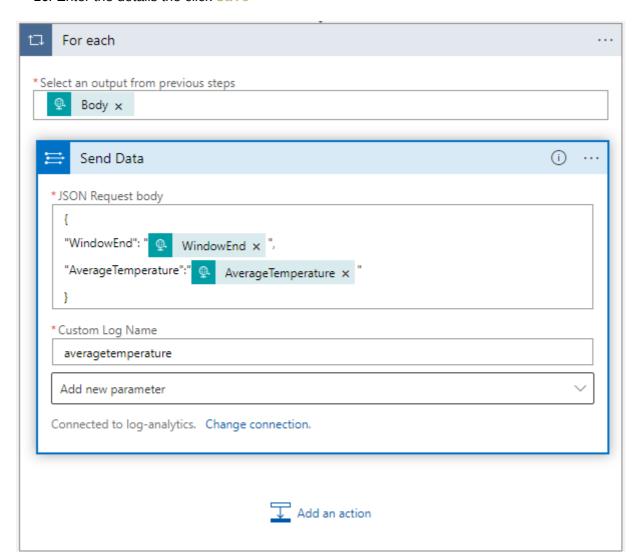


14. Notice, the Logic App designer automatically inserts a foreach for you, due to the nesting of the json.



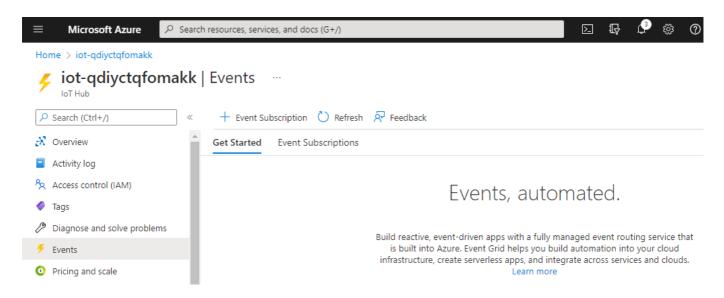
15. Click the x on the WindowEnd field. Place your cursor between the two ". Look on the right panel dynamic fields and click WindowEnd.

16. Enter the details the click Save



10.5. Configure IoT Hub to send events to your logic app

- 1. In a new browser tab, search for iot -. Click your IoT Hub instance.
- 2. Click Events. Click + Event Subscription



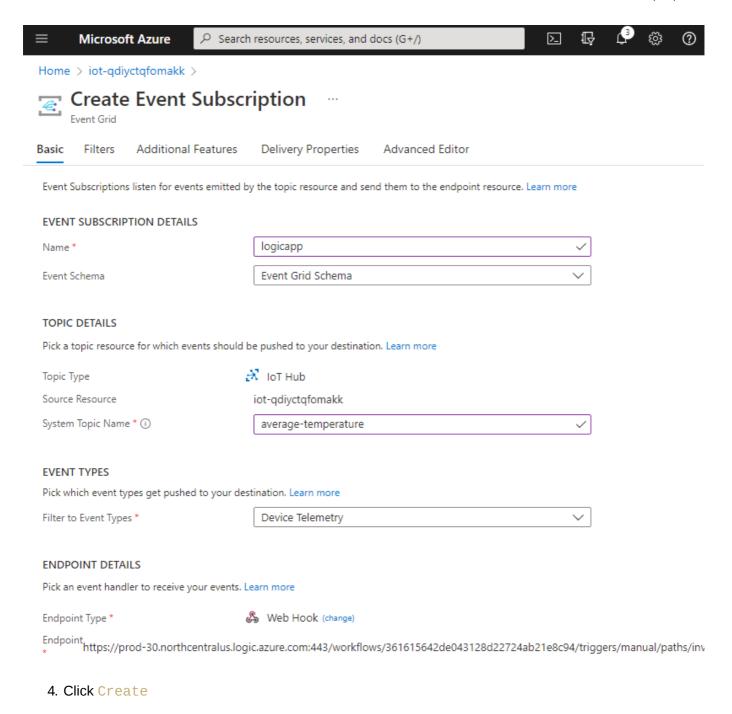
3. Enter the following details

· Name: logicapp

· Event Grid Schema

• Filter to Event Types: Only Device Telemetry

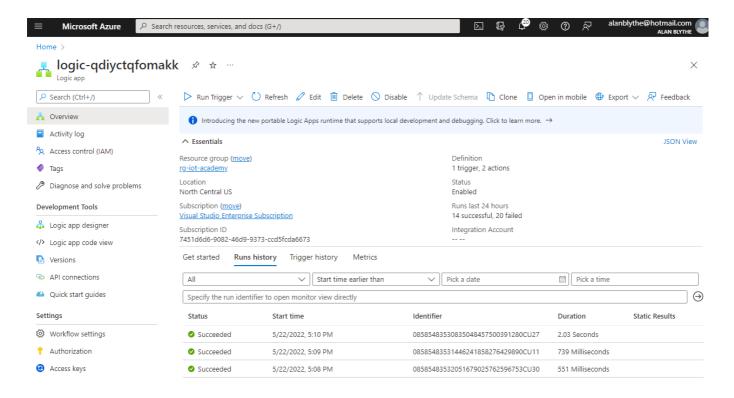
Endpoint: The HTTP Post URL you saved to your notepad



Note: Filters can also be added here similar to how we filtered telemetry for > 21 earlier in the lab.

10.6. Ensure your Logic is receiving the webhook and succeeding

- 1. Navigate back to your browser tab where you have the Logic App open
- 2. Review the execution history on the Overview page. If you don't see any runs, give it a few minutes to show up. Use the refresh button if necessary.

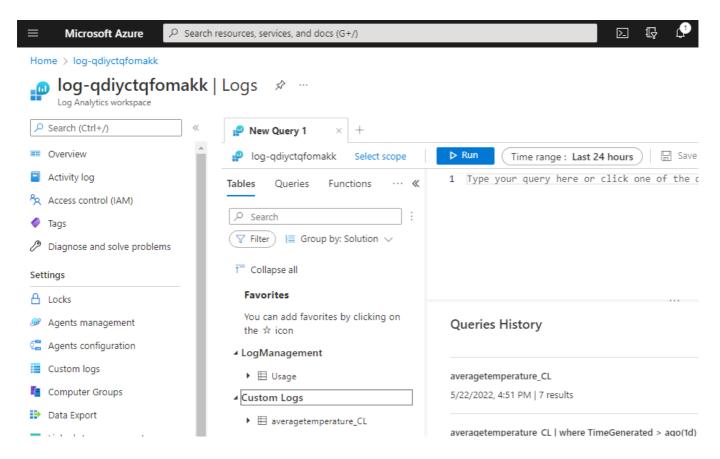


11. Exercise: View Log Analytics data and setup an alert

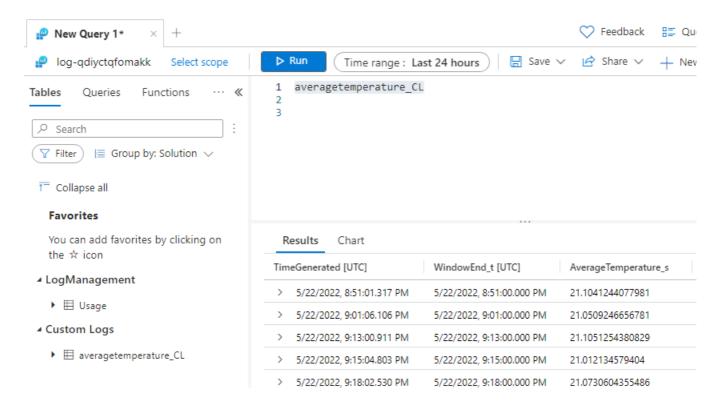
Video: https://youtu.be/GhwsPXFdye0

11.1. Query the Log Analytics Data

- 1. Go back to your browser tab where Log Analytics is open. If you can't find it search for iot-
- 2. Click Logs and close the Queries window that pops up.



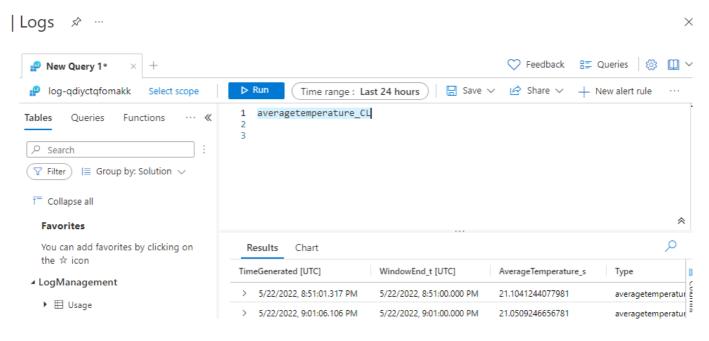
- 3. Ensure you see the averagetemperature_CL table. If not, it may take some time to show up
- 4. Paste averagetemperature_CL into the query window and click the Run button



5. Once you see logs move onto the next section

11.2. Create an Azure Monitor Alert

1. On the upper right click New alert rule



2. Now on the Condition tab. Enter the following

• Search Query: averagetemperature_CL

Measure: Table RowsAggregation Type: Count

• Aggregation Granularity: 5 minutes

• Operator: Greater than

• Threshold Value: 2

• Frequency of Evaluation: 5 minutes

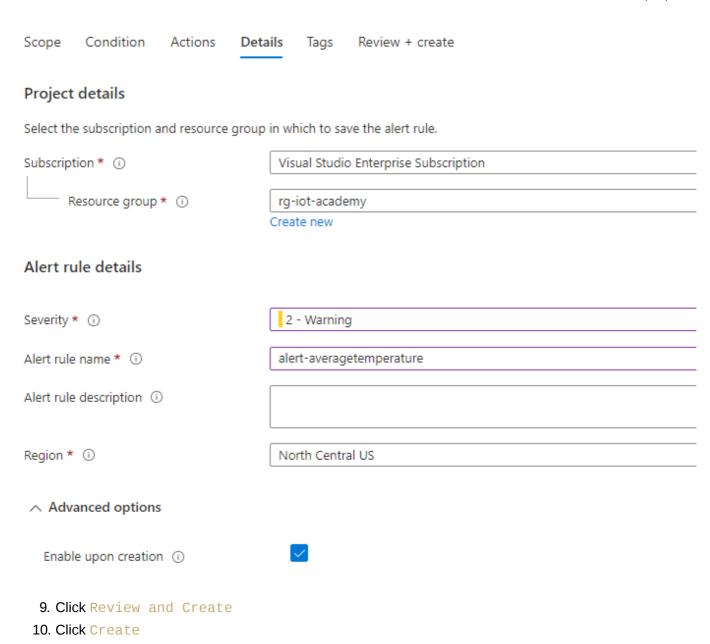
3. Click Next. Review the Actions tab. Here you can configure emails or SMS to be sent.

4. Click Next: Details

5. Enter a name: alert-averagetemperature

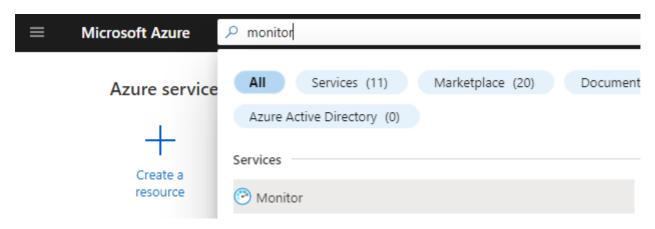
6. Change Severity to: Warning7. Region: Default or your region

8. Leave the result default, ensure it's enabled

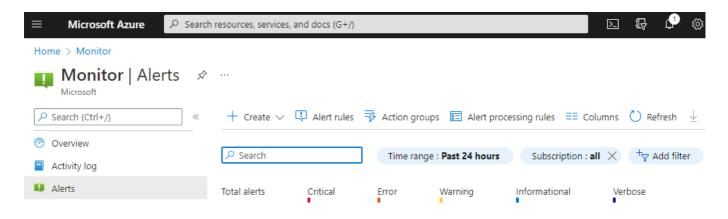


11.3. Review your Alert in Azure Monitor

1. Open a new browser tab to https://portal.azure.com and search for Monitor. Click Monitor



2. Click Alerts. Review the Alerts page



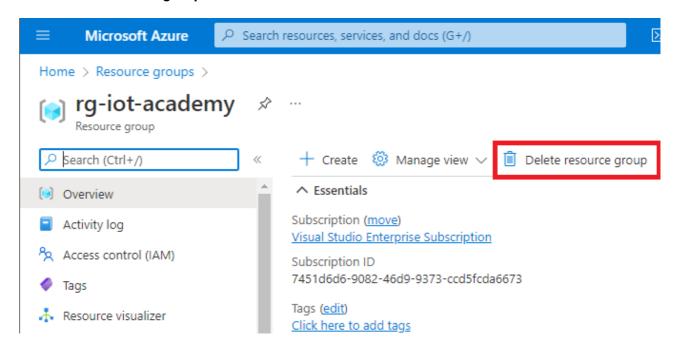
3. Wait some time, after a while an alert should trigger based on the temperature simulator data being sent. The Refresh button will need to be used to see new alerts arrive.

12. Cleanup

Note: If you are continuing to Month 2 Day 2, this should be done after Day 2 is complete, as the IoT Hub resource is reused.

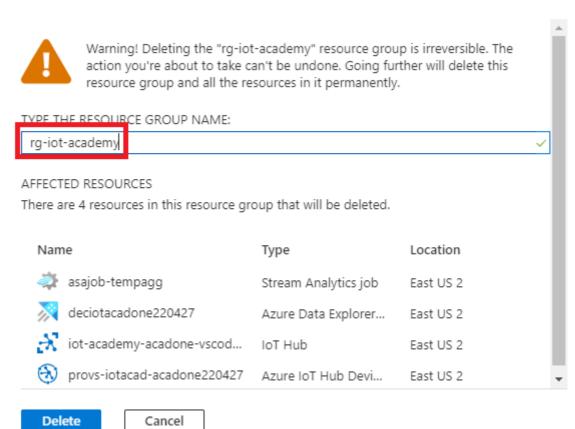
It's important to not leave your Azure resources provisioned until the next Azure IoT Academy session as there may not be enough Azure credit for the next sessions.

- 1. Navigate to the Azure Portal home page
- 2. Click Resource groups
- 3. Click rg-iot-academy
- 4. Click Delete resource group



5. Type the type the name of your resource group and click **Delete**





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