KOM Questions – Lecture 5a

Data Communications and Networking (Fourth Edition)

Media Access Control

- 1.1 What is multiple access control (MAC) and why is it necessary?
- 1.2 Briefly describe the three types of methods for media access control.
- 1.3 Stations in a pure Aloha network send frames of size 1000 bits at the rate of 1 Mbps. What is the vulnerable time for this network?
- 1.4 What is the general idea behind CSMA methods?
- 1.5 Briefly describe the persistence methods for CSMA. What are they used for?
- 1.6 Can collisions be detected in wireless networks? Why/why not?
- 1.7 How can channels be divided (for channelization methods)?
- 1.8 What is the idea behind CDMA? How are codes generated?
- 1.9 Alice and Bob are experimenting with CDMA using a W_2 Walsh table. Alice uses the code $C_1 = [+1, +1]$ and Bob uses the code $C_2 = [+1, -1]$. Assume that they simultaneously send a hexadecimal digit to each other. Alice sends 6_{16} and Bob sends B_{16} . Show how they can detect what the other person has sent (with computations for all "steps" for a single bit).

Media Access Control Page 1 of 1