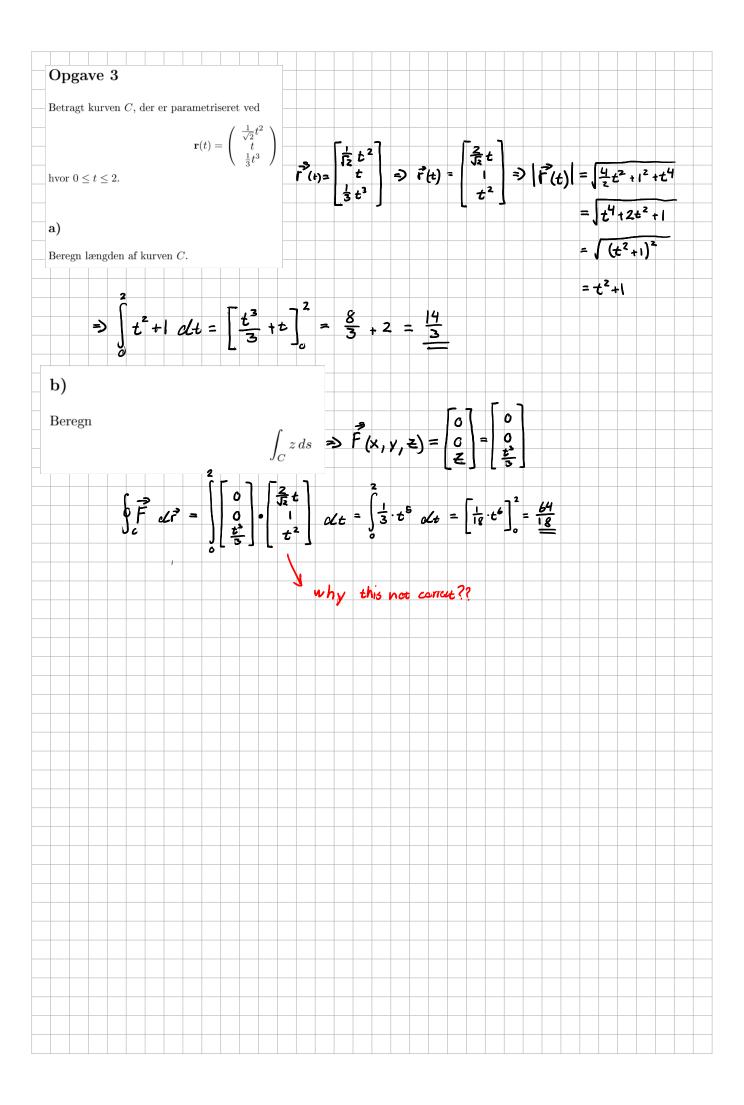


Opgave 2 Betragt vektorfeltet $\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 4y + 2z \\ 4x + 2yz \\ 2x + u^2 \end{pmatrix}$ **a**) Beregn $\int \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{dr}$ hvor C er en ret linje fra (1,1,1) til (5,7,9). b) Beregn fluxen af \mathbf{F} op gennem disken D, der ligger i xy-planet med centrum i (0,0) og med radius 2. The line from point (1, 1, 1) to (5, 7, 9) if t=0..1 $r(t) = r + \rho_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6t + 1 \\ 8t + 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 4t + 1 \\ y = 6t + 1 \\ z = 8t + 1 \end{cases}$ $\oint_{C} F(x,y,Z) \, di^{3} = \begin{cases} 4(6t+1) + 2(8t+1) \\ 4(4t+1) + 2(6t+1)(8t+1) \\ 2(4t+1) + (6t+1)^{2} 4(4t+1) + 8(4t+1)^{2} 4(4t+1)^{2} 4(4t+1)^$ $\oint_{\mathcal{C}} ec{F}(x,y) \; \mathrm{d}ec{r} = \int_{a}^{b} ec{F}(x(t),y(t)) \cdot ec{r}'(t) \mathrm{d}t$ Add them up (magic??) $\Rightarrow \int_{0}^{1} |b(6t+1) + 8(8t+1) + 24(4t+1) + 12(6t+1)(8t+1) + |b(4t+1) + 8(6t+1)|^{2}$ $= \int_{0}^{1} |40(4t+1) + 16(6t+1) + 8(8t+1) + 12(48t^{2} + 14t+1) + 8(36t^{2} + 12t+1) cdt$ = 160 t + 40 + 96t + 16 + 64t + 8 + 576t2 + 168t + 12 + 288t2 + 96t + 8 cct $= \left[864t^{2} + 584t + 84 \right] = \left[288t^{3} + 294t^{2} + 84t \right] = \frac{288 + 292 + 84 = 664}{288 + 294}$

b)	7 = [c]
Beregn fluxen af \mathbf{F} op gennem disken D , der ligger i xy -planet med centrum i $(0,0)$ og med radius 2.	
$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 4y + 2z \\ 4x + 2yz \\ 2x + y^2 \end{pmatrix}$	$\chi^2 + y^2 = 4$
$\mathcal{L}_{\text{lwx}} = \iint_{S} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dS \implies$ Convert to polar coordinates	$ \left(\int_{S} \left[\frac{4y + 2z}{4x + 2yz} \right] \cdot \left[\frac{c}{c} \right] ds = \left(\int_{S} 2x + y^{2} ds \right) $
	$\mathrm{d} \mathrm{A} = r \mathrm{d} heta \mathrm{d} \mathrm{r} \hspace{0.5cm} x^2 + y^2 = a^2 \Rightarrow a$
$\iint 2x + y^2 dx dy \Rightarrow \iint_{0}^{2} 2 \cdot r^2 \cos(\theta) + r^2$	2. Sin (4) ² . T clo clr
$=\int_{1}^{2}\left[2r^{2}\sin(\theta)+r^{2}\right]$	$\left(\frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{5 \ln(28)}{3 \ln(28)}\right) \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\Gamma$
	$\pi r^3 \propto r = \left[\frac{\pi r^4}{4}\right]_0^2 = \frac{16\pi}{4} = 4\pi$



Opgave 4

Betragt differentialligningen

$$y''(t) + 4y(t) = \exp(-2t) = e^{-2t}$$

hvor y(0) = 0 og y'(0) = 0.

Brug nu Laplacetransformation til at løse ligningen og således bestemme y(t).

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) \cdot s^2 + 4 \cdot Y(s) = \frac{1}{5+2} \Rightarrow Y(s) \cdot (s^2 + 4) = \frac{1}{5+2} \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{1}{5+2} \cdot \frac{1}{5^2+4}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(5) = \frac{A}{5+2} + \frac{B \cdot 5 + L}{5^2 + 4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3+z} \cdot \frac{1}{5^2+4} = \frac{A}{5+2} + \frac{B \cdot 5 + C}{5^2+4} \Rightarrow 1 \cdot 1 = A \cdot (5^2+4) + (B \cdot 5 + C)(5+2)$$

$$\begin{cases}
A + B = 0 \Rightarrow A = -B \\
2B + C = G \Rightarrow -2B = C \Rightarrow 2A = C
\end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{2} - C \Rightarrow 2C \\
\Rightarrow 2A = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$(4A + 2c = 1 \Rightarrow 2A + C = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2A = \frac{1}{2} - C \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{2} - C \Rightarrow 2C = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2A = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{\frac{1}{8}}{5+2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8} \cdot s + \frac{1}{4}}{5^2 + 4} = \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{5+2} - \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{5}{5^2 + 4} + \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{2}{5^2 + 2^2}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{8} \cdot e^{-26} + \frac{1}{8} \cdot COS(2t) + \frac{1}{8} \cdot Sin(2t)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{8} \left(e^{-2t} + \cos(2t) + \sin(2t) \right)$$