The FMB Algorithm An intersection detection algorithm for 2D/3D cuboid and tetrahedron based on the Fourier-Motzkin elimination method

P. Baillehache

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Abstract

This paper introduces how to perform intersection detection and localisation of pair of static/dynamic cuboid/tetrahedron in 2D/3D by using the Fourier-Motzkin elimination method. The mathematical definition and solution of the problem in the two first sections is followed by the algorithm of the solution and its implementation in the C programming language in the four following sections. The last two sections introduce the validation and qualification in term of relative performance of the FMB algorithm against the SAT algorithm.

Contents

1	Not	cations	4													
2	Def 2.1 2.2	Static case	4 4 7													
3	Solu	ution	11													
	3.1	Fourier-Motzkin elimination method	11													
	3.2	2 Application of the Fourier-Motzkin method to the intersection														
		problem	13													
4	\mathbf{Alg}	Algorithms														
	4.1	Frames	14													
	4.2	2D static	14													
	4.3	3D static	14													
	4.4	2D dynamic	14													
	4.5	3D dynamic	14													
5	Imr	plementation	18													
•	5.1	Frames	19													
	0.1	5.1.1 Header	19													
		5.1.2 Body	$\frac{1}{21}$													
	5.2	FMB	43													
		5.2.1 2D static	43													
		5.2.2 3D static	51													
		5.2.3 2D dynamic	61													
		5.2.4 3D dynamic	70													
6	Exa	ample of use	81													
	6.1	2D static	81													
	6.2	3D static	83													
	6.3	2D dynamic	84													
	6.4	3D dynamic	86													
7	Uni	t tests	87													
•	7.1	Code	87													
	1.1	7.1.1 2D static	87													
		7.1.2 3D static	90													
		7.1.3 2D dynamic	94													
		7.1.4 3D dynamic	07													

	7.2	Results														101					
		7.2.1	2D static																		101
		7.2.2	3D static																		104
		7.2.3	2D dynamic																		106
		7.2.4	3D dynamic																		106
8	Vali	dation																			107
O	8.1																				
	0.1	8.1.1	2D static																		
		8.1.2	3D static																		
		8.1.3	2D dynamic																		
		8.1.4	3D dynamic																		
	8.2	Results	S																		
		8.2.1	Failures																		
		8.2.2	2D static																		
		8.2.3	2D dynamic																		121
		8.2.4	3D static																		
		8.2.5	3D dynamic																		122
9	0112	lificati	on against S	ι Δ	T																122
J	9.1																				
	0.1	9.1.1	2D static																		
		9.1.2	3D static																		
		9.1.3	2D dynamic																		
		9.1.4	3D dynamic																		
	9.2	-	S																		
	· -	9.2.1	2D static																		
		9.2.2	3D static																		
		9.2.3	2D dynamic																		
		9.2.4	3D dynamic																		
10	Con	clusior	1																		186
			-																		
11	Ann		1																		186
	11.1		nplementation																		
			Header																		
	11 0		Body																		
	11.2		le																		
			2D static																		
			3D static																		
		11.2.3	2D dynamic																		211

11.2.4	3D dynamic					_	_	_	_	_		_		_		21	1

1 Notations

- $[M]_{r,c}$ is the component at column c and row r of the matrix M
- $[V]_r$ is the r-th component of the vector \overrightarrow{V}

2 Definition of the problem

2.1 Static case

In this paper I'll use the term "Frame" to speak indifferently of cuboid and tetrahedron.

The two Frames are represented as a vector origin and a number of component vectors equal to the dimension D of the space where live the Frames. Each vector is of dimension equal to D.

Lets call $\mathbb A$ and $\mathbb B$ the two Frames tested for intersection. If A and B are two cuboids:

$$\mathbb{A} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}} + C_{\mathbb{A}}. \overrightarrow{X} \end{array} \right\}$$
 (1)

$$\mathbb{B} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} + C_{\mathbb{B}}.\overrightarrow{X} \end{array} \right\}$$
 (2)

where $\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}}$ is the origin of \mathbb{A} and $C_{\mathbb{A}}$ is the matrix of the components of A (one component per column). Idem for $\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}}$ and $C_{\mathbb{B}}$.

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two tetrahedrons:

$$\mathbb{A} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_i \le 1.0 \\ \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}} + C_{\mathbb{A}} . \overrightarrow{X} \end{array} \right\}$$
(3)

$$\mathbb{B} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_i \leq 1.0 \\ \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} . \overrightarrow{X} \end{array} \right\}$$
(4)

I'll assume the Frames are well formed, i.e. their components matrix is invertible. It is then possible to express $\mathbb B$ in $\mathbb A$'s coordinates system, noted as $\mathbb B_{\mathbb A}$. If $\mathbb B$ is a cuboid:

$$\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ \overrightarrow{C_{\mathbb{A}}} \cdot (\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}) \end{array} \right\}$$
 (5)

If \mathbb{B} is a tetrahedron:

$$\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ \sum_{i = 0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\ C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}}.\overrightarrow{X}) \end{array} \right\}$$
(6)

A in its own coordinates system becomes, for a cuboid:

$$\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \right\} \tag{7}$$

and for a tetrahedron:

$$\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \le 1.0 \end{array} \right\}$$
 (8)

The intersection of \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} in \mathbb{A} 's coordinates sytem, can then be expressed as follow.

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two cuboids:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^D \end{array} \right\}$$
(9)

If \mathbb{A} is a cuboid and \mathbb{B} is a tetrahedron:

$$\left\{
\begin{array}{c}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\
C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D}
\end{array} \right\}$$
(10)

If \mathbb{A} is a tetrahedron and \mathbb{B} is a cuboid:

$$\left\{
\begin{array}{l}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} \left[C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}\right) \right]_{i} \leq 1.0
\end{array}\right\}$$
(11)

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two tetrahedrons:

$$\left\{
\begin{array}{c}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\
C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.(\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}} + C_{\mathbb{B}}.\overrightarrow{X}) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} \left[C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.\left(\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}} + C_{\mathbb{B}}.\overrightarrow{X}\right) \right]_{i} \leq 1.0
\end{array}\right\} (12)$$

These can in turn be expressed as systems of linear inequations as follows, given the two shortcuts $\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}} = C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.(\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}})$ and $C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}} = C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.C_{\mathbb{B}}$.

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two cuboids:

If \mathbb{A} is a cuboid and \mathbb{B} is a tetrahedron:

$$\begin{cases}
-[X]_{0} \leq 0.0 \\
... \\
-[X]_{D-1} \leq 0.0 \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{0,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 - [O_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{0} \\
... \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{D-1,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 - [O_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{D-1} \\
-\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{0,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{0} \\
... \\
-\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{D-1,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{A}}]_{D-1} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0
\end{cases} (14)$$

If \mathbb{A} is a tetrahedron and \mathbb{B} is a cuboid:

$$\begin{cases}
[X]_{0} \leq 1.0 \\
... \\
[X]_{D-1} \leq 1.0 \\
-[X]_{0} \leq 0.0
\end{cases}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$-[X]_{D-1} \leq 0.0 \\
... \\
-[X]_{D-1} \leq 0.0 \\
... \\
-\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0} \\
... \\
-\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \\
\sum_{j=0}^{D-1} \left(\left(\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{j,i} \right) \cdot [X]_{i} \right) \leq 1.0 - \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{i}$$

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two tetrahedrons:

$$\begin{cases}
-[X]_{0} \leq 0.0 \\
... \\
-[X]_{D-1} \leq 0.0 \\
-\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0} \\
... \\
-\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1,i} \cdot [X]_{i} \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\
\sum_{j=0}^{D-1} \left(\left(\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{j,i}\right) \cdot [X]_{i}\right) \leq 1.0 - \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{i}
\end{cases}$$
(16)

2.2 Dynamic case

If the frames \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are moving linearly along the vectors $\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}}$ and $\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}}$ respectively during the interval of time $t \in [0.0, 1.0]$, the above definition of the problem is modified as follow.

If A and B are two cuboids:

$$\mathbb{A} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\ \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{A}} . \overrightarrow{X} + \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}} . t \end{array} \right\}$$
(17)

$$\mathbb{B} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\ \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} . \overrightarrow{X} + \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}} . t \end{array} \right\}$$

$$(18)$$

where $\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}}$ is the origin of \mathbb{A} and $C_{\mathbb{A}}$ is the matrix of the components of A (one component per column). Idem for $\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}}$ and $C_{\mathbb{B}}$.

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two tetrahedrons:

$$\mathbb{A} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\ \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{A}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}} \cdot t \end{array} \right\}$$
(19)

$$\mathbb{B} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\ \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} + C_{\mathbb{B}}.\overrightarrow{X} + \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}}.t \end{array} \right\}$$
(20)

If \mathbb{B} is a cuboid, $\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}$ becomes:

$$\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\ C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \left(\overrightarrow{V_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{V_{\mathbb{A}}}\right) \cdot t\right) \end{array} \right\}$$
(21)

If \mathbb{B} is a tetrahedron:

$$\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\ t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\ C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \left(\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}}\right) \cdot t\right) \end{array} \right\}$$
(22)

A in its own coordinates system has the same definition as in the static case. For a cuboid:

$$\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \right\} \tag{23}$$

and for a tetrahedron:

$$\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{A}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^D \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_i \le 1.0 \end{array} \right\}$$
 (24)

The intersection of \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} in \mathbb{A} 's coordinates sytem, can then be expressed as follow.

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two cuboids:

$$\left\{
\begin{array}{c}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\
C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \left(\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}}\right) \cdot t\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D}
\end{array}\right\}$$
(25)

If \mathbb{A} is a cuboid and \mathbb{B} is a tetrahedron:

$$\left\{
\begin{array}{c}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\
C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \left(\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}}\right) \cdot t\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D}
\end{array}\right\} (26)$$

If \mathbb{A} is a tetrahedron and \mathbb{B} is a cuboid:

$$\begin{cases}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
t \in [0.0, 1.0]
\end{cases}$$

$$C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \left(\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}}\right) \cdot t\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} \left[C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}\right)\right]_{i} \leq 1.0$$
(27)

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two tetrahedrons:

$$\begin{cases}
\overrightarrow{X} \in [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
t \in [0.0, 1.0] \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_{i} \leq 1.0 \\
C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X} + \left(\overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{B}} - \overrightarrow{V}_{\mathbb{A}}\right) \cdot t\right) \cap [0.0, 1.0]^{D} \\
\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} \left[C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1} \cdot \left(\overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}}^{-} - \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{A}} + C_{\mathbb{B}} \cdot \overrightarrow{X}\right)\right]_{i} \leq 1.0
\end{cases} (28)$$

These lead to the following systems of linear inequations, given the three shortcuts $\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}} = C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.(\overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{O_{\mathbb{A}}}), \ \overrightarrow{V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}} = C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.(\overrightarrow{V_{\mathbb{B}}} - \overrightarrow{V_{\mathbb{A}}}) \ \text{and} \ C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}} = C_{\mathbb{A}}^{-1}.C_{\mathbb{B}}.$

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two cuboids:

$$\begin{cases} t & \leq 1.0 \\ -t & \leq 0.0 \\ [X]_0 & \leq 1.0 \end{cases} \\ \vdots \\ [X]_{D-1} & \leq 1.0 \\ -[X]_0 & \leq 0.0 \end{cases} \\ \vdots \\ [V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_0 \cdot t + \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0,i} [X]_i & \leq 1.0 - [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_0 \\ \vdots \\ [V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \cdot t + \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1,i} [X]_i & \leq 1.0 - [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \\ -[V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_0 \cdot t - \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0,i} [X]_i & \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_0 \\ \vdots \\ -[V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \cdot t - \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1,i} [X]_i & \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \end{cases}$$

$$A \text{ is a cuboid and } \mathbb{R} \text{ is a tetrahedron:}$$

If \mathbb{A} is a cuboid and \mathbb{B} is a tetrahedron:

If \mathbb{A} is a tetrahedron and \mathbb{B} is a cuboid:

If \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} are two tetrahedrons:

$$\begin{cases} t & \leq 1.0 \\ -t & \leq 0.0 \\ -[X]_0 & \leq 0.0 \end{cases} \\ -[X]_{D-1} & \leq 0.0 \\ -[X]_{D-1} & \leq 0.0 \\ -\sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{0,i} [X]_i & \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_0 \\ -[V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} .t - \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1,i} [X]_i & \leq [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{D-1} \\ \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [X]_i & \leq 1.0 \\ \sum_{j=0}^{D-1} \left([V_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_j .t + \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [C_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_{j,i} [X]_i \right) & \leq 1.0 - \sum_{i=0}^{D-1} [O_{\mathbb{B}_{\mathbb{A}}}]_i \end{cases}$$

3 Solution

3.1 Fourier-Motzkin elimination method

The Fourier-Motzkin elimination method has been introduced by J.J.-B. Fourier in 1827 [1], and described in the Ph.D. thesis of T.S. Motzkin in 1936 [2]. This is a generalization of the Gaussian elimination method to linear systems of inequalities. This method consists of eliminating one variable of the system and rewrite a new system accordingly. Then the elimination operation is repeated on another variable in the new system, and so on until we obtain a trivial system with only one variable. From there, a solution for each variable can be obtained if it exists. The variable elimination is

performed as follow.

Lets write the linear system \mathcal{I} of m inequalities and n variables as

$$\begin{cases}
a_{11}.x_1 + a_{12}.x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}.x_n \leq b_1 \\
a_{21}.x_1 + a_{22}.x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}.x_n \leq b_2 \\
\vdots \\
a_{m1}.x_1 + a_{m2}.x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}.x_n \leq b_m
\end{cases}$$
(33)

with

$$i \in 1, 2, ..., m$$

 $j \in 1, 2, ..., n$
 $x_i \in \mathbb{R}$
 $a_{ij} \in \mathbb{R}$
 $b_j \in \mathbb{R}$ (34)

To eliminate the first variable x_1 , lets multiply each inequality by $1.0/|a_{i1}|$ where $a_{i1} \neq 0.0$. The system becomes

$$\begin{cases}
 x_1 + a'_{i2}.x_2 + \cdots + a'_{in}.x_n \leq b'_i & (i \in \mathcal{I}_+) \\
 a_{i2}.x_2 + \cdots + a_{in}.x_n \leq b_i & (i \in \mathcal{I}_0) \\
 -x_1 + a'_{i2}.x_2 + \cdots + a'_{in}.x_n \leq b'_i & (i \in \mathcal{I}_-)
\end{cases}$$
(35)

where

$$\mathcal{I}_{+} = \{i : a_{i1} > 0.0\}$$

$$\mathcal{I}_{0} = \{i : a_{i1} = 0.0\}$$

$$\mathcal{I}_{-} = \{i : a_{i1} < 0.0\}$$

$$a'_{ij} = a_{ij}/|a_{i1}|$$

$$b'_{i} = b_{i}/|a_{i1}|$$

Then $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{R}^n$ is a solution of \mathcal{I} if and only if

$$\begin{cases}
\sum_{j=2}^{n} ((a'_{kj} + a'_{lj}).x_j) \leq b'_k + b'_l & (k \in \mathcal{I}_+, l \in \mathcal{I}_-) \\
\sum_{j=2}^{n} (a_{ij}.x_j) \leq b_i & i \in \mathcal{I}_0
\end{cases}$$
(36)

and

$$\max_{l \in \mathcal{I}_{-}} (\sum_{j=2}^{n} (a'_{lj}.x_j) - b'_l) \le x_1 \le \min_{k \in \mathcal{I}_{+}} (b'_k - \sum_{j=2}^{n} (a'_{kj}.x_j))$$
(37)

The same method is then applied on this new system to eliminate the second variable x_2 , and so on until we reach the inequality

$$\max_{l \in \mathcal{I}''_{-} \dots'} (-b''_{l} \dots') \le x_n \le \min_{k \in \mathcal{I}''_{+} \dots'} (b''_{k} \dots')$$

$$\tag{38}$$

If this inequality has no solution, then neither the system \mathcal{I} . If it has a solution, the minimum and maximum are the bounding values for the variable x_n . One can get a particular solution to the system \mathcal{I} by choosing a value for x_n between these bounding values, which allow us to set a particular value for the variable x_{n-1} , and so on back up to x_1 .

3.2 Application of the Fourier-Motzkin method to the intersection problem

The Fourier-Motzkin method can be directly applied to obtain the bounds of each variable, if the system has a solution. If the system has no solution, the method will eventually reach an inconsistent inequality.

One solution \overrightarrow{S} within the bounds obtained by the resolution of the system is expressed in the Frame \mathbb{B} 's coordinates system. One can get the equivalent coordinates $\overrightarrow{S'}$ in the real world's coordinates system as follow:

$$\overrightarrow{S}' = \overrightarrow{O}_{\mathbb{B}} + C_{\mathbb{B}}.\overrightarrow{S} \tag{39}$$

Only one inconsistent inequality is sufficient to prove the absence of solution, and then the non intersection of the Frames. One shall check the inconsistence of each inequality as soon as possible during the resolution of the system to optimize the speed of the algorithm.

A sufficient condition for one inequality $\sum_i a_i X_i \leq Y$ to be inconsistent is, given that $\forall i, X_i \in [0.0, 1.0]$:

$$Y < \sum_{i \in I^{-}} a_i \tag{40}$$

where $I^- = \{i, a_i < 0.0\}.$

4 Algorithms

In this section I introduce the algorithms of the solution of the previous section for each case (static/dynamic and 2D/3D), and the algorithms to manipulate the structure used to represent the cuboid and tetrahedron.

4.1 Frames

algo

4.2 2D static

```
FUNCTION Sgn(v)
  IF 0.0 < v
   a = 1
  ELSE
   a = 0
  END IF
  IF v < 0.0
   b = 1
  ELSE
   b = 0
  END IF
  RETURN A - B
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION Neg(x)
  IF x < 0.0
   RETURN x
  ELSE
    RETURN 0.0
  END IF
END FUNCTION
FST_VAR = 0
SND VAR = 1
EPSILON = 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and RETURN
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of // the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// Return FALSE IF the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// ELSE RETURN TRUE
bool ElimVar2D(
    const int iVar,
  const double (*M)[2],
const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[2],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows)
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X \le Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable \,
// per row, the one in argument, which can be located in a dIFferent // column than 'iVar'
// May RETURN inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2D(
     const int iVar,
```

```
const double (*M)[2],
  const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
   AABB2D* const bdgBox)
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and RETURN
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of
// the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// Return TRUE IF the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// ELSE RETURN FALSE
bool ElimVar2D(
    const int iVar
  const double (*M)[2],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[2],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows) {
  // Initialize the number of rows in the result system
  nbRemainRows = 0
  // First we process the rows where the eliminated variable is not null
  // For each row except the last one
  FOR (int iRow = 0)
       iRow < nbRows - 1
       ++iRow) {
    // Shortcuts
    int sgnMIRowIVar = sgn(M[iRow][iVar])
    double fabsMIRowIVar = fabs(M[iRow][iVar])
    double YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar = Y[iRow] / fabsMIRowIVar
    // For each following rows
    FOR (int jRow = iRow + 1
         jRow < nbRows
         ++ jRow) {
      // If coefficients of the eliminated variable in the two rows have
      // dIFferent signs and are not null
      IF (sgnMIRowIVar <> sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) AND
  fabsMIRowIVar > EPSILON AND
          fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON) {
        // Declare a variable to memorize the sum of the negative
        // coefficients in the row
        double sumNegCoeff = 0.0
        // Add the sum of the two normed (relative to the eliminated
        // variable) rows into the result system. This actually
        // eliminate the variable while keeping the constraints on
        // others variables
        FOR (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0
             iCol < nbCols
             ++iCol ) {
```

```
IF (iCol <> iVar) {
            Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol] =
              M[iRow][iCol] / fabsMIRowIVar +
M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
            // Update the sum of the negative coefficient
            sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol])
            // Increment the number of columns in the new inequality
            ++jCol
          END
        END
        // Update the right side of the inequality
        Yp[nbRemainRows] =
          YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar +
          Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
        // If the right side of the inequality IF lower than the sum of // negative coefficients in the row
        // (Add epsilon FOR numerical imprecision)
        IF (Yp[nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON) {</pre>
          // Given that X is in [0,1], the system is inconsistent
//printf("inconsistent %.9f %.9f\n", Yp[nbRemainRows], sumNegCoeff + EPSILON)
          RETURN TRUE
        END
        // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
        ++(nbRemainRows)
      END
    END
  END
  // Then we copy and compress the rows where the eliminated
  // variable is null
  // Loop on rows of the input system
  FOR (int iRow = 0
       iRow < nbRows
       ++iRow) {
    // Shortcut
    const double* MiRow = M[iRow]
    // If the coefficient of the eliminated variable is null on
    // this row
    IF (fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON) {
      // Shortcut
      double* MpnbRemainRows = Mp[nbRemainRows]
      // Copy this row into the result system excluding the eliminated
      // variable
      FOR (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0
```

```
iCol < nbCols
             ++iCol) {
         IF (iCol <> iVar) {
           MpnbRemainRows[jCol] = MiRow[iCol]
           ++jCol
         END
       END
       Yp[nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow]
       // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
       ++(nbRemainRows)
    END
  END
  // If we reach here the system is not inconsistent
  RETURN FALSE
END
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows // system 'M'. X <= 'Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument
// May RETURN inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2D(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[2],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
   AABB2D* const bdgBox) {
  // Shortcuts
  double* min = bdgBox.min + iVar
double* max = bdgBox.max + iVar
  // Initialize the bounds to there maximum maximum and minimum minimum
  *min = 0.0
  *max = 1.0
  // Loop on rows
  FOR (int jRow = 0
        jRow < nbRows
        ++ jRow) {
    // Shortcut
    double MjRowiVar = M[jRow][0]
    // If this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly positive coefficient IF (MjRowiVar > EPSILON) {
```

```
// Get the scaled value of Y FOR this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar
      // If the value is lower than the current maximum bound
      IF (*max > y) {
        // Update the maximum bound
        *max = y
      END
    // Else, IF this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly negative coefficient
    ELSE IF (MjRowiVar < -EPSILON) {
      // Get the scaled value of Y FOR this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar
      // If the value is greater than the current minimum bound
      IF (*min < y) {</pre>
        // Update the minimum bound
        *min = v
      END
    END
  END
END
// Test FOR intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return TRUE IF the two Frames are intersecting, ELSE FALSE
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
// is stored into 'bdgBox', ELSE 'bdgBox' is not modIFied
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use IF
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be dIFferent
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection2D(
  const Frame2D* const that,
const Frame2D* const tho,
         AABB2D* const bdgBox) {
//Frame2DPrint(that) printf("\n")
//Frame2DPrint(tho) printf("\n")
  // Get the projection of the Frame 'tho' in Frame 'that' coordinates
  // system
  Frame2D thoProj
  Frame2DImportFrame(that, tho, &thoProj)
  // Declare two variables to memorize the system to be solved M.X <= Y
  // (M arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
  double M[8][2]
  double Y[8]
  // Create the inequality system
  // -sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 0_j
  M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0]
```

```
M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0]
Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0]
IF (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]))
  RETURN FALSE
M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1]
M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1]
Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1]
IF (Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]))</pre>
  RETURN FALSE
// Variable to memorise the {\tt nb} of rows in the system
int nbRows = 2
IF (that.type == FrameCuboid) {
  // sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 1.0-0_j
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0]
M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0]
  IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]))</pre>
    RETURN FALSE
  ++nbRows
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1]
  IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]))</pre>
    RETURN FALSE
  ++nbRows
ELSE
  // sum_j(sum_iC_j,iX_i) <=1.0-sum_iO_i
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0] + thoProj.comp[0][1]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1]
Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1]
  IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]))</pre>
    RETURN FALSE
  ++nbRows
END
IF (tho.type == FrameCuboid) {
  // X_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  ++nbRows
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  ++nbRows
ELSE
  // sum_iX_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
```

```
++nbRows
           END
           // -X_i <= 0.0
           M[nbRows][0] = -1.0
          M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
           Y[nbRows] = 0.0
           ++nbRows
          M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
          M[nbRows][1] = -1.0
           Y[nbRows] = 0.0
           ++nbRows
           // Solve the system
           // Declare a AABB to memorize the bounding box of the intersection % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
            // in the coordinates system of that
           AABB2D bdgBoxLocal
           // Declare variables to eliminate the first variable
           double Mp[16][2]
           double Yp[16]
           int nbRowsP
            // Eliminate the first variable
           bool inconsistency =
                      ElimVar2D(
                               FST_VAR,
                                М,
                                 Υ,
                                 nbRows,
                                  2,
                                  Мр,
                                 Yp,
                                  &nbRowsP)
            // If the system is inconsistent
           IF inconsistency == TRUE
                      \ensuremath{//} The two Frames are not in intersection
//printf("inconsisten A\n")
                     RETURN FALSE
           END
            // Get the bounds FOR the remaining second variable
            GetBound2D(
                      SND_VAR,
                      Mp,
                      Υp,
                      nbRowsP,
                      &bdgBoxLocal)
            // If the bounds are inconsistent
           IF (bdgBoxLocal.min[SND_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[SND_VAR]) {
                      // The two Frames are not in intersection
//printf("bound %f %f\n",bdgBoxLocal.min[SND_VAR],bdgBoxLocal.max[SND_VAR])
                      RETURN FALSE
```

```
// Else, IF the bounds are consistent here it means
  // the two Frames are in intersection.
  // If the user hasn't requested FOR the resulting bounding box
  ELSE IF (bdgBox == NULL) {
// Immediately RETURN TRUE
//printf("inter\n")
    RETURN TRUE
  END
  \ensuremath{//} Now starts again from the initial systems and eliminate the
  // second variable to get the bounds of the first variable
  // No need to check FOR consistency because we already know here
  // that the Frames are intersecting and the system is consistent
  inconsistency =
    ElimVar2D(
      SND_VAR,
      М,
      Υ.
      nbRows,
      2,
      Mp,
      Υp,
      &nbRowsP)
//printf("inconsistent B d\n",inconsistency)
  // Get the bounds FOR the remaining first variable
  GetBound2D(
    FST_VAR,
    Мр,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    &bdgBoxLocal)
//printf("bound %f %f\n",bdgBoxLocal.min[FST_VAR],bdgBoxLocal.max[FST_VAR])
  // If the user requested the resulting bounding box
  IF (bdgBox <> NULL) {
    // Memorize the result
    *bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal
  // If we've reached here the two Frames are intersecting
//printf("inter\n")
  RETURN TRUE
END
```

4.3 3D static

```
FUNCTION Sgn(v)

IF 0.0 < v

a = 1

ELSE

a = 0

END IF

IF v < 0.0

b = 1

ELSE

b = 0
```

```
END IF
 RETURN A - B
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION Neg(x)
  IF x < 0.0
   RETURN x
  ELSE
    RETURN 0.0
 END IF
END FUNCTION
FST_VAR = 0
SND_VAR = 1
THD_VAR = 2
EPSILON = 0.0000001
FUNCTION ElimVar3D(iVar, M, Y, nbRows, nbCols, Mp, Yp, nbRemainRows)
  nbRemainRows = 0
  FOR iRow = 0..(nbRows - 2)
    FOR jRow = (iRow + 1)..(nbRows - 1)
      IF sgn(M[iRow][iVar]) <> sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) AND
          fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) > EPSILON AND
          fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON
        sumNegCoeff = 0.0
        jCol = 0
        FOR iCol = 0..(nbCols - 1)
          IF iCol <> iVar
            Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol] =
              M[iRow][iCol] / fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) +
              M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
            sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol])
            jCol = jCol + 1
          END IF
        END FOR
        Yp[nbRemainRows] =
          Y[iRow] / fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) +
          Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
        IF Yp[nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff</pre>
          RETURN TRUE
        END IF
        nbRemainRows = nbRemainRows
      END IF
    END FOR
  END FOR
  FOR iRow = 0..(nbRows - 1)
    IF fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON</pre>
      jCol = 0
      FOR iCol = 0..(nbCols -1)
        IF iCol <> iVar
          Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol] = M[iRow][iCol]
          jCol = jCol + 1
        END IF
      END FOR
      Yp[nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow]
      nbRemainRows = nbRemainRows + 1
    END IF
  END FOR
  RETURN FALSE
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION GetBound3D(iVar, M, Y, nbRows, bdgBox)
```

```
bdgBox.min[iVar] = 0.0
  bdgBox.max[iVar] = 1.0
  FOR jRow = 0..(nbRows - 1)
    IF M[jRow][0] > EPSILON
      y = Y[jRow] / M[jRow][0]
      IF bdgBox.max[iVar] > y
        bdgBox.max[iVar] = y
      END IF
    ELSE IF M[jRow][0] < -EPSILON</pre>
      y = Y[jRow] / M[jRow][0]
      IF bdgBox.min[iVar] < y</pre>
        bdgBox.min[iVar] = y
      END IF
    END IF
  END FOR
END FUNCTION
{\tt FUNCTION\ FMBTestIntersection3D(that,\ tho,\ bdgBox)}
  Frame3DImportFrame(that, tho, thoProj)
 M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0]
M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0]
  M[0][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][0]
  Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0]
  IF Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]) + neg(M[0][2])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1]
 M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1]
M[1][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][1]
  Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1]
  IF Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]) + neg(M[1][2])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  M[2][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][2]
  M[2][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][2]
  M[2][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][2]
  Y[2] = thoProj.orig[2]
  IF Y[2] < neg(M[2][0]) + neg(M[2][1]) + neg(M[2][2])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = 3
  IF that.type == FrameCuboid
    M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0]
    M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0]
    M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][0]
    Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0]
    IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +
                     neg(M[nbRows][2]))
      RETURN FALSE
    END IF
    nbRows = nbRows + 1
    M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1]
    M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1]
    M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][1]
    Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1]
    IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                     neg(M[nbRows][2])
      RETURN FALSE
    END IF
    nbRows = nbRows + 1
    M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][2]
    M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][2]
```

```
M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][2]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[2]
  IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
ELSE
  M[nbRows][0] =
    thoProj.comp [0] [0] + thoProj.comp [0] [1] + thoProj.comp [0] [2] \\
    tho Proj. comp [1] [0] + tho Proj. comp [1] [1] + tho Proj. comp [1] [2] \\
  M[nbRows][2] =
    thoProj.comp[2][0] + thoProj.comp[2][1] + thoProj.comp[2][2]
  Y[nbRows] =
    1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1] - thoProj.orig[2]
  IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                   neg(M[nbRows][2])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
END
IF (tho.type == FrameCuboid) {
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
ELSE
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
END
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = -1.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3D(FST_VAR, M, Y, nbRows, 3, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP)
```

```
IF inconsistency == TRUE
   RETURN FALSE
  END
  inconsistency =
    ElimVar3D(FST_VAR, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP, 2, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP)
  IF inconsistency == TRUE
   RETURN FALSE
  GetBound3D(THD_VAR, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP, bdgBoxLocal)
  IF bdgBoxLocal.min[THD_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[THD_VAR]
  ElimVar3D(SND_VAR, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP, 2, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP)
  GetBound3D(SND_VAR, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP, bdgBoxLocal)
 ElimVar3D(THD_VAR, M, Y, nbRows, 3, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP)
ElimVar3D(SND_VAR, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP, 2, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP)
  GetBound3D(FST_VAR, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP, bdgBoxLocal)
  bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal
  RETURN TRUE
END
```

4.4 2D dynamic

```
FUNCTION Sgn(v)
  IF 0.0 < v
   a = 1
  ELSE
   a = 0
  END IF
  IF v < 0.0
   b = 1
  ELSE
   b = 0
  END IF
  RETURN A - B
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION Neg(x)
  IF x < 0.0
   RETURN x
  ELSE
    RETURN 0.0
  END IF
END FUNCTION
FST_VAR = 0
SND_VAR = 1
THD_VAR = 2
EPSILON = 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and RETURN
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of // the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows' \,
// Return FALSE IF the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// ELSE RETURN TRUE
bool ElimVar2DTime(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
```

```
const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
       double (*Mp)[3],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows)
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X<='Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument, which can be located in a dIFferent
// column than 'iVar'
// May RETURN inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2DTime(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
   AABB2DTime* const bdgBox)
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and RETURN
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of // the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// Return TRUE IF the system becomes inconsistent during elimination, // ELSE RETURN FALSE
bool ElimVar2DTime(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[3],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows) {
  // Initialize the number of rows in the result system
  nbRemainRows = 0
  // First we process the rows where the eliminated variable is not null
  // For each row except the last one
  FOR (int iRow = 0
       iRow < nbRows - 1
       ++iRow) {
    // Shortcuts
    int sgnMIRowIVar = sgn(M[iRow][iVar])
    double fabsMIRowIVar = fabs(M[iRow][iVar])
    double YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar = Y[iRow] / fabsMIRowIVar
    // For each following rows
    FOR (int jRow = iRow + 1
         jRow < nbRows
         ++ jRow) {
```

```
// If coefficients of the eliminated variable in the two rows have
    // dIFferent signs and are not null \,
    IF (sgnMIRowIVar <> sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) AND
  fabsMIRowIVar > EPSILON AND
        fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON) {
      // Declare a variable to memorize the sum of the negative
      // coefficients in the row
      double sumNegCoeff = 0.0
      // Add the sum of the two normed (relative to the eliminated
      // variable) rows into the result system. This actually
      \ensuremath{//} eliminate the variable while keeping the constraints on
      // others variables
      FOR (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0
           iCol < nbCols
           ++iCol ) {
        IF (iCol <> iVar) {
          Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol] =
            M[iRow][iCol] / fabsMIRowIVar +
M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
          // Update the sum of the negative coefficient
          sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol])
          // Increment the number of columns in the new inequality
          ++jCol
        END
      END
      // Update the right side of the inequality
      Yp[nbRemainRows] =
        YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar +
        Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
      // If the right side of the inequality IF lower than the sum of
      // negative coefficients in the row
      // (Add epsilon FOR numerical imprecision)
      IF (Yp[nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON) {</pre>
        // Given that X is in [0,1], the system is inconsistent
        RETURN TRUE
      END
      // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
      ++(nbRemainRows)
    END
 END
// Then we copy and compress the rows where the eliminated
// variable is null
// Loop on rows of the input system
```

```
FOR (int iRow = 0
       iRow < nbRows
       ++iRow) {
    // Shortcut
    const double* MiRow = M[iRow]
    // If the coefficient of the eliminated variable is null on
    // this row
    IF (fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON) {</pre>
      // Shortcut
      double* MpnbRemainRows = Mp[nbRemainRows]
      // Copy this row into the result system excluding the eliminated
      // variable
      FOR (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0
           iCol < nbCols
           ++iCol) {
        IF (iCol <> iVar) {
          MpnbRemainRows[jCol] = MiRow[iCol]
          ++jCol
        END
      FND
      Yp[nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow]
      // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
      ++(nbRemainRows)
    END
  END
  // If we reach here the system is not inconsistent
  RETURN FALSE
END
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X<='Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
\ensuremath{//} per row, the one in argument
// May RETURN inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2DTime(
    const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
   AABB2DTime* const bdgBox) {
  // Shortcuts
  double* min = bdgBox.min + iVar
  double * max = bdgBox.max + iVar
```

```
// Initialize the bounds to there maximum maximum and minimum minimum
         *min = 0.0
         *max = 1.0
         // Loop on rows
         FOR (int jRow = 0
                              jRow < nbRows
                               ++ jRow) {
                  // Shortcut
                 double MjRowiVar = M[jRow][0]
                 // If this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
                 // and it has a strictly positive coefficient IF (MjRowiVar > EPSILON) {  
                          // Get the scaled value of Y FOR this row
                          double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar
                          // If the value is lower than the current maximum bound
                          IF (*max > y) {
                                  // Update the maximum bound
                                  *max = y
                          END
                  // Else, IF this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
                  // and it has a strictly negative coefficient
                  ELSE IF (MjRowiVar < -EPSILON) {
                          // Get the scaled value of Y FOR this row
                          double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar
                          // If the value is greater than the current minimum bound
                          IF (*min < y) {</pre>
                                  // Update the minimum bound % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1
                                  *min = y
                          END
                 END
         END
 END
 // Test FOR intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
 // Return TRUE IF the two Frames are intersecting, ELSE FALSE
 // If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
 // is stored into 'bdgBox', ELSE 'bdgBox' is not modIFied
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use IF
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
 // The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
 // The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be dIFferent
 // of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
 // The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
 bool FMBTestIntersection2DTime(
         const Frame2DTime* const that,
         const Frame2DTime* const tho,
```

```
AABB2DTime* const bdgBox) {
// Get the projection of the Frame 'tho' in Frame 'that' coordinates
// system
Frame2DTime thoProj
Frame2DTimeImportFrame(that, tho, &thoProj)
// Declare two variables to memorize the system to be solved M.X <= Y
// (M arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
double M[10][3]
double Y[10]
// Create the inequality system
// -V_jT-sum_iC_j, iX_i \le 0_j
M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0]
M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0]
M[0][2] = -thoProj.speed[0]
Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0]
IF (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]) + neg(M[0][2]))
  RETURN FALSE
M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1]
M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1]
M[1][2] = -thoProj.speed[1]
Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1]
IF (Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]) + neg(M[1][2]))
 RETURN FALSE
// Variable to memorise the nb of rows in the system
int nbRows = 2
IF (that.type == FrameCuboid) {
  // V_jT+sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 1.0-0_j
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0]
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.speed[0]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0]
  IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    RETURN FALSE
  ++nbRows
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1]
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.speed[1]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1]
  IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    RETURN FALSE
  ++nbRows
ELSE
  // sum_j(V_jT+sum_iC_j,iX_i)<=1.0-sum_iO_i
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0] + thoProj.comp[0][1]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1]
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.speed[0] + thoProj.speed[1]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1]
  IF (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
```

```
RETURN FALSE
  ++nbRows
END
IF (tho.type == FrameCuboid) {
  // X_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  ++nbRows
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  ++nbRows
ELSE
  // sum_iX_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  ++nbRows
END
// -X_i <= 0.0
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
++nbRows
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
++nbRows
// 0.0 <= t <= 1.0
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = 1.0
Y[nbRows] = 1.0
++nbRows
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = -1.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
++nbRows
\ensuremath{//} Solve the system
// Declare a AABB to memorize the bounding box of the intersection
// in the coordinates system of that
AABB2DTime bdgBoxLocal
```

```
\ensuremath{//} Declare variables to eliminate the first variable
double Mp[25][3]
double Yp[25]
int nbRowsP
\ensuremath{//} Eliminate the first variable in the original system
bool inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
    FST_VAR,
    М,
    Υ,
    nbRows,
    З,
    Мр,
    Υp,
    &nbRowsP)
// If the system is inconsistent
IF inconsistency == TRUE
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
  RETURN FALSE
END
// Declare variables to eliminate the second variable
double Mpp[169][3]
double Ypp[169]
int nbRowsPP
// Eliminate the second variable (which is the first in the new system)
inconsistency =
  {\tt ElimVar2DTime(}
    FST_VAR,
    Mp,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP)
// If the system is inconsistent
IF inconsistency == TRUE
  // The two Frames are not in intersection {\tt RETURN} {\tt FALSE}
END
// Get the bounds FOR the remaining third variable
GetBound2DTime(
  THD_VAR,
  Mpp,
  Ypp,
  nbRowsPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal)
// If the bounds are inconstent
IF (bdgBoxLocal.min[THD_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[THD_VAR]) {
```

```
// The two Frames are not in intersection
 RETURN FALSE
// Else, IF the bounds are consistent here it means
// the two Frames are in intersection.
// If the user hasn't requested FOR the resulting bounding box
ELSE IF (bdgBox == NULL) {
 // Immediately RETURN TRUE
 RETURN TRUE
// Eliminate the third variable (which is the second in the new
// system)
inconsistency =
 ElimVar2DTime(
    SND_VAR,
    Мр,
    Yp,
   nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP)
// Get the bounds FOR the remaining second variable
GetBound2DTime(
 SND_VAR,
 Mpp,
 Ypp,
 nbRowsPP,
 &bdgBoxLocal)
// Now starts again from the initial systems and eliminate the
// second and third variables to get the bounds of the first variable
// No need to check FOR consistency because we already know here
// that the Frames are intersecting and the system is consistent
inconsistency =
 ElimVar2DTime(
   THD_VAR,
    М,
   nbRows,
    З,
    Мр,
    Υp,
    &nbRowsP)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
    SND_VAR,
    Мр,
    Ϋ́р,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP)
GetBound2DTime(
 FST_VAR,
```

```
Mpp,
Ypp,
nbRowsPP,
&bdgBoxLocal)

// If the user requested the resulting bounding box
IF (bdgBox <> NULL) {
    // Memorize the result
    *bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal

END

// If we've reached here the two Frames are intersecting
RETURN TRUE
```

4.5 3D dynamic

```
FUNCTION Sgn(v)
 IF 0.0 < v
   a = 1
  ELSE
   a = 0
  END IF
 IF v < 0.0
b = 1
  ELSE
   b = 0
 END IF
 RETURN A - B
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION Neg(x)
 IF x < 0.0
    RETURN x
  ELSE
    RETURN 0.0
 END IF
END FUNCTION
FST_VAR = 0
SND_VAR = 1
THD_VAR = 2
FOR_VAR = 3
EPSILON = 0.0000001
FUNCTION ElimVar3DTime(iVar, M, Y, nbRows, nbCols, Mp, Yp, nbRemainRows)
  nbRemainRows = 0
  FOR iRow = 0..(nbRows - 2)
    FOR jRow = (iRow + 1)..(nbRows - 1)
      IF Sgn(M[iRow][iVar]) <> sgn(M[jRow][iVar] AND
         fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) > EPSILON AND
         fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON:
        sumNegCoeff = 0.0
        jCol = 0
        FOR iCol = 0..(nbCols - 1)
          IF iCol <> iVar
            Mp*nbRemainRows][jCol] =
              M[iRow][iCol] / fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) +
```

```
M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
            sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol])
            jCol = jCol + 1
          END IF
        END FOR
        Yp[nbRemainRows] =
          Y[iRow] / fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) +
          Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar])
        IF Yp[nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON</pre>
          RETURN TRUE
        END IF
        nbRemainRows = nbRemainRows + 1
      END IF
    END FOR
  END FOR
  FOR iRow = 0..(nbRows - 1)
    IF fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON</pre>
      jCol = 0
      FOR iCol = 0..(nbCols - 1)
        IF iCol <> iVar
          Mp[nbRemainRows][jCol] = M[iRow][iCol]
          jCol = jCol + 1
        END IF
      END FOR
      Yp[nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow]
      nbRemainRows = nbRemainRows + 1
    END IF
  END FOR
 RETURN FALSE
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION GetBound3DTime(iVar, M, Y, nbRows, bdgBox)
  bdgBox.min[iVar] = 0.0
  bdgBox.max[iVar] = 1.0
  FOR jRow = 0..(nbRows - 1)
    IF M[jRow][0] > EPSILON
      y = Y[jRow] / M[jRow][0]
      IF bdgBox.max[iVar] > y
        bdgBox.max[iVar] = y
      END IF
    ELSE IF M[jRow][0] < -EPSILON</pre>
      y = Y[jRow] / M[jRow][0]
      IF bdgBox.min[iVar] < y</pre>
        bdgBox.min[iVar] = y
      END IF
    END IF
  END FOR
END FUNCTION
FUNCTION FMBTestIntersection3DTime(that, tho, bdgBox)
  Frame3DTimeImportFrame(that, tho, thoProj)
  M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0]
  M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0]
  M[0][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][0]
 M[0][3] = -thoProj.speed[0]
  Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0]
  IF (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]) + neg(M[0][2]) + neg(M[0][3]))
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
 M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1]
M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1]
 M[1][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][1]
```

```
M[1][3] = -thoProj.speed[1]
Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1]
IF Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]) + neg(M[1][2]) + neg(M[1][3])
  RETURN FALSE
END IF
M[2][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][2]
M[2][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][2]
M[2][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][2]
M[2][3] = -thoProj.speed[2]
Y[2] = thoProj.orig[2]
IF (Y[2] < neg(M[2][0]) + neg(M[2][1]) + neg(M[2][2]) + neg(M[2][3]))
  RETURN FALSE
nbRows = 3
IF that.type == FrameCuboid
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0]
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][0]
  M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[0]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0]
  IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1]
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][1]
  M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[1]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1]
  IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                 neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][2]
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][2]
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][2]
  M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[2]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[2]
  IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
ELSE
  M[nbRows][0] =
    tho Proj. comp [0] [0] + tho Proj. comp [0] [1] + tho Proj. comp [0] [2] \\
  M[nbRows][1] =
    thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1] + thoProj.comp[1][2]
  M[nbRows][2] =
    thoProj.comp[2][0] + thoProj.comp[2][1] + thoProj.comp[2][2]
  M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[0] + thoProj.speed[1] + thoProj.speed[2]
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1] - thoProj.orig[2]
  IF Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3])
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
END IF
IF tho.type == FrameCuboid
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
```

```
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
ELSE
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0
  nbRows = nbRows + 1
END IF
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = -1.0
M[nbRows][3] = 0.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
M[nbRows][3] = 1.0
Y[nbRows] = 1.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0
M[nbRows][3] = -1.0
Y[nbRows] = 0.0
nbRows = nbRows + 1
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(FST_VAR, M, Y, nbRows, 4, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP)
IF inconsistency == TRUE
  RETURN FALSE
END IF
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(FST_VAR, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP, 3, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP)
IF inconsistency == TRUE
```

```
RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  inconsistency =
    ElimVar3DTime(FST_VAR, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP, 2, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPPP)
  IF inconsistency == TRUE
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  GetBound3DTime(FOR_VAR, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPPP, bdgBoxLocal)
  IF bdgBoxLocal.min[FOR_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[FOR_VAR]
    RETURN FALSE
  END IF
  {\tt ElimVar3DTime(SND\_VAR\,,\ Mpp\,,\ Ypp\,,\ nbRowsPP\,,\ 2\,,\ Mppp\,,\ Yppp\,,\ nbRowsPPP)}
  GetBound3DTime(THD_VAR, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPPP, bdgBoxLocal)
  ElimVar3DTime(FOR_VAR, M, Y, nbRows, 4, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP)
 ElimVar3DTime(THD_VAR, Mp, Yp, nbRowsP, 3, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP)
ElimVar3DTime(SND_VAR, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP, 2, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPP)
  GetBound3DTime(FST_VAR, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPPP, bdgBoxLocal)
  ElimVar3DTime(FST_VAR, Mpp, Ypp, nbRowsPP, 2, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPPP)
  GetBound3DTime(SND_VAR, Mppp, Yppp, nbRowsPPP, bdgBoxLocal)
  bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal
  RETURN TRUE
END FUNCTION
origP3DTime = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
speedP3DTime = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
compP3DTime = [
  [1.0, 0.0, 0.0],
  [0.0, 1.0, 0.0],
[0.0, 0.0, 1.0]]
P3DTime =
  Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
    FrameCuboid, origP3DTime, speedP3DTime, compP3DTime)
origQ3DTime = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
speedQ3DTime = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
compQ3DTime = [
  [1.0, 0.0, 0.0],
  [0.0, 1.0, 0.0],
  [0.0, 0.0, 1.0]]
Q3DTime =
  Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
   FrameCuboid, origQ3DTime, speedQ3DTime, compQ3DTime)
isIntersecting3DTime =
 FMBTestIntersection3DTime(P3DTime, Q3DTime, bdgBox3DTimeLocal)
IF isIntersecting3DTime
 PRINT "Intersection detected in AABB "
  Frame3DTimeExportBdgBox(Q3DTime, bdgBox3DTimeLocal, bdgBox3DTime)
  AABB3DTimePrint(bdgBox3DTime)
ELSE
 PRINT "No intersection."
END IF
```

5 Implementation

In this section I introduce an implementation of the algorithms of the previous section in the C language.

5.1 Frames

5.1.1 Header

```
#ifndef __FRAME_H_
#define __FRAME_H_
// ----- Includes -----
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// ----- Macros -----
// ----- Enumerations -----
typedef enum {
 FrameCuboid,
  {\tt FrameTetrahedron}
} FrameType;
// ----- Data structures -----
// Axis aligned bounding box structure
typedef struct {
 // x,y
  double min[2];
  double max[2];
} AABB2D;
typedef struct {
  // x,y,z
  double min[3];
  double max[3];
} AABB3D;
typedef struct {
  // x,y,t
  double min[3];
  double max[3];
} AABB2DTime;
typedef struct {
  // x,y,z,t
  double min[4];
 double max[4];
} AABB3DTime;
// Axis unaligned cuboid and tetrahedron structure
typedef struct {
 FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
  // AABB of the frame
 AABB2D bdgBox;
  // Inverted components used during computation
  double invComp[2][2];
} Frame2D;
typedef struct {
```

```
FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
  double comp[3][3];
  // AABB of the frame
  AABB3D bdgBox;
  // Inverted components used during computation
  double invComp[3][3];
} Frame3D;
typedef struct {
 FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
 double comp[2][2];
 // AABB of the frame
 AABB2DTime bdgBox;
  // Inverted components used during computation
 double invComp[2][2];
  double speed[2];
} Frame2DTime;
typedef struct {
 FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
  double comp[3][3];
 // AABB of the frame
  AABB3DTime bdgBox;
  // Inverted components used during computation
  double invComp[3][3];
 double speed[3];
} Frame3DTime;
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Print the AABB 'that' on stdout
// Output format is
// (min[0], min[1], min[2], min[3])-(max[0], max[1], max[2], max[3])
void AABB2DPrint(const AABB2D* const that);
void AABB3DPrint(const AABB3D* const that);
void AABB2DTimePrint(const AABB2DTime* const that);
void AABB3DTimePrint(const AABB3DTime* const that);
// Print the Frame 'that' on stdout
// Output format is
// (orig[0], orig[1], orig[2])
// (comp[0][0], comp[0][1], comp[0][2])
// (comp[1][0], comp[1][1], comp[1][2])
// (comp[2][0], comp[2][1], comp[2][2])
// (speed[0], speed[1], speed[2])
void Frame2DPrint(const Frame2D* const that);
void Frame3DPrint(const Frame3D* const that);
void Frame2DTimePrint(const Frame2DTime* const that);
void Frame3DTimePrint(const Frame3DTime* const that);
// Create a static Frame structure of FrameType 'type',
// at position 'orig' with components 'comp' ([iComp][iAxis])
Frame2D Frame2DCreateStatic(
  const FrameType type,
     const double orig[2]
     const double comp[2][2]);
Frame3D Frame3DCreateStatic(
  const FrameType type
    const double orig[3],
```

```
const double comp[3][3]);
Frame2DTime Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
  const FrameType type,
     const double orig[2]
     const double speed[2],
     const double comp[2][2]);
{\tt Frame3DTime\ Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(}
  const FrameType type,
     const double orig[3],
     const double speed[3],
     const double comp[3][3]);
// Project the Frame 'Q' in the Frame 'P' 's coordinates system and
// memorize the result in the Frame 'Qp'
void Frame2DImportFrame(
  const Frame2D* const P,
  const Frame2D* const Q,
        Frame2D* const Qp);
void Frame3DImportFrame(
  const Frame3D* const P,
  const Frame3D* const Q,
        Frame3D* const Qp);
void Frame2DTimeImportFrame(
  const Frame2DTime* const P,
  const Frame2DTime* const Q,
    Frame2DTime* const Qp);
void Frame3DTimeImportFrame(
  const Frame3DTime* const P,
  const Frame3DTime* const Q,
        Frame3DTime* const Qp);
// Export the AABB 'bdgBox' from 'that' 's coordinates system to
// the real coordinates system and update 'bdgBox' with the resulting
// AABB
void Frame2DExportBdgBox(
  const Frame2D* const that,
   const AABB2D* const bdgBox,
         AABB2D* const bdgBoxProj);
void Frame3DExportBdgBox(
  const Frame3D* const that,
   const AABB3D* const bdgBox,
         AABB3D* const bdgBoxProj);
void Frame2DTimeExportBdgBox(
  const Frame2DTime* const that,
const AABB2DTime* const bdgBox,
         AABB2DTime* const bdgBoxProj);
void Frame3DTimeExportBdgBox(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
   const AABB3DTime* const bdgBox,
          AABB3DTime* const bdgBoxProj);
// Power function for integer base and exponent // Return 'base' \hat{\ } 'exp'
int powi(
            int base,
  unsigned int exp);
#endif
```

5.1.2 Body

```
#include "frame.h"
// ----- Macros -----
#define EPSILON 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Update the inverse components of the Frame 'that'
void Frame2DUpdateInv(Frame2D* const that);
void Frame3DUpdateInv(Frame3D* const that);
void Frame2DTimeUpdateInv(Frame2DTime* const that);
void Frame3DTimeUpdateInv(Frame3DTime* const that);
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Create a static Frame structure of FrameType 'type',
// at position 'orig' with components 'comp'
// arrangement is comp[iComp][iAxis]
Frame2D Frame2DCreateStatic(
  const FrameType type,
     const double orig[2]
     const double comp[2][2]) {
  // Create the new Frame
  Frame2D that;
  that.type = type;
  for (int iAxis = 2;
    iAxis--;) {
    that.orig[iAxis] = orig[iAxis];
    for (int iComp = 2;
         iComp --;) {
      that.comp[iComp][iAxis] = comp[iComp][iAxis];
    }
  }
  // Create the bounding box
  for (int iAxis = 2;
       iAxis--;) {
    double min = orig[iAxis];
    double max = orig[iAxis];
    for (int iComp = 2;
         iComp --;) {
      if (that.type == FrameCuboid) {
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0) {</pre>
          min += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
        }
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0) {
          max += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
```

```
}
      } else if (that.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0 &&</pre>
          min > orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {
          min = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
        }
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0 &&
          max < orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {</pre>
          max = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
        }
      }
    that.bdgBox.min[iAxis] = min;
    that.bdgBox.max[iAxis] = max;
  }
  // Calculate the inverse matrix
  Frame2DUpdateInv(&that);
 // Return the new Frame
  return that;
Frame3D Frame3DCreateStatic(
  const FrameType type,
     const double orig[3],
     const double comp[3][3]) {
  // Create the new Frame
  Frame3D that;
  that.type = type;
  for (int iAxis = 3;
       iAxis--;) {
    that.orig[iAxis] = orig[iAxis];
    for (int iComp = 3;
         iComp --;) {
      that.comp[iComp][iAxis] = comp[iComp][iAxis];
    }
  }
  // Create the bounding box
  for (int iAxis = 3;
       iAxis--;) {
```

```
double min = orig[iAxis];
    double max = orig[iAxis];
    for (int iComp = 3;
         iComp --;) {
      if (that.type == FrameCuboid) {
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0) {
          min += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0) {
          max += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      } else if (that.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0 &&
          min > orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {
          min = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
        if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0 &&
          max < orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {</pre>
          max = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
        }
      }
    }
    that.bdgBox.min[iAxis] = min;
    that.bdgBox.max[iAxis] = max;
 }
  // Calculate the inverse matrix
  Frame3DUpdateInv(&that);
  // Return the new Frame
  return that;
{\tt Frame2DTime\ Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(}
  const FrameType type,
     const double orig[2],
     const double speed[2],
     const double comp[2][2]) {
  // Create the new Frame
```

```
Frame2DTime that;
that.type = type;
for (int iAxis = 2;
     iAxis--;) {
  that.orig[iAxis] = orig[iAxis];
that.speed[iAxis] = speed[iAxis];
  for (int iComp = 2;
       iComp--;) {
    that.comp[iComp][iAxis] = comp[iComp][iAxis];
 }
}
// Create the bounding box
for (int iAxis = 2;
     iAxis--;) {
  double min = orig[iAxis];
  double max = orig[iAxis];
  for (int iComp = 2;
       iComp --;) {
    if (that.type == FrameCuboid) {
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0) {</pre>
        min += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      }
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0) {
        max += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      }
    } else if (that.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0 &&</pre>
        min > orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {
        min = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0 &&
        max < orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {</pre>
        max = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      }
    }
  if (that.speed[iAxis] < 0.0) {</pre>
```

```
min += that.speed[iAxis];
    }
    if (that.speed[iAxis] > 0.0) {
       max += that.speed[iAxis];
    that.bdgBox.min[iAxis] = min;
that.bdgBox.max[iAxis] = max;
  }
  that.bdgBox.min[2] = 0.0;
  that.bdgBox.max[2] = 1.0;
  // Calculate the inverse matrix
  Frame2DTimeUpdateInv(&that);
  // Return the new Frame
  return that;
}
Frame3DTime Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
  const FrameType type,
      const double orig[3],
      const double speed[3]
     const double comp[3][3]) {
  // Create the new Frame
  Frame3DTime that;
  that.type = type;
  for (int iAxis = 3;
        iAxis--;) {
    that.orig[iAxis] = orig[iAxis];
that.speed[iAxis] = speed[iAxis];
    for (int iComp = 3;
          iComp --;) {
       that.comp[iComp][iAxis] = comp[iComp][iAxis];
    }
  }
  // Create the bounding box
  for (int iAxis = 3;
        iAxis--;) {
    double min = orig[iAxis];
double max = orig[iAxis];
    for (int iComp = 3;
    iComp--;) {
```

```
if (that.type == FrameCuboid) {
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0) {</pre>
        min += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0) {
        max += that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      }
    } else if (that.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] < 0.0 &&
        min > orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {
        min = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      if (that.comp[iComp][iAxis] > 0.0 &&
        max < orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis]) {</pre>
        max = orig[iAxis] + that.comp[iComp][iAxis];
      }
    }
  }
  if (that.speed[iAxis] < 0.0) {</pre>
    min += that.speed[iAxis];
  }
  if (that.speed[iAxis] > 0.0) {
    max += that.speed[iAxis];
  that.bdgBox.min[iAxis] = min;
  that.bdgBox.max[iAxis] = max;
that.bdgBox.min[3] = 0.0;
that.bdgBox.max[3] = 1.0;
// Calculate the inverse matrix
Frame3DTimeUpdateInv(&that);
// Return the new Frame
return that;
```

}

```
// Update the inverse components of the Frame 'that'
void Frame2DUpdateInv(Frame2D* const that) {
  // Shortcuts
  double (*tc)[2] = that->comp;
  double (*tic)[2] = that->invComp;
  double det = tc[0][0] * tc[1][1] - tc[1][0] * tc[0][1];
  if (fabs(det) < EPSILON) {</pre>
    fprintf(stderr,
       "FrameUpdateInv: det == 0.0\n");
    exit(1);
  tic[0][0] = tc[1][1] / det;
  tic[0][1] = -tc[0][1] / det;
  tic[1][0] = -tc[1][0] / det;
  tic[1][1] = tc[0][0] / det;
}
void Frame3DUpdateInv(Frame3D* const that) {
  // Shortcuts
  double (*tc)[3] = that->comp;
double (*tic)[3] = that->invComp;
  // Update the inverse components
  double det =
    tc[0][0] * (tc[1][1] * tc[2][2] - tc[1][2] * tc[2][1]) -
    tc[1][0] * (tc[0][1] * tc[2][2] - tc[0][2] * tc[2][1]) + tc[2][0] * (tc[0][1] * tc[1][2] - tc[0][2] * tc[1][1]);
  if (fabs(det) < EPSILON) {
    fprintf(stderr,
       "FrameUpdateInv: det == 0.0\n");
    exit(1);
  }
  tic[0][0] = (tc[1][1]* tc[2][2]- tc[2][1]* tc[1][2]) / det;
  tic[0][1] = (tc[2][1]* tc[0][2]- tc[2][2]* tc[0][1]) / det;
  tic[0][2] = (tc[0][1]* tc[1][2]- tc[0][2]* tc[1][1]) / det;
tic[1][0] = (tc[2][0]* tc[1][2]- tc[2][2]* tc[1][0]) / det;
  tic[1][1] = (tc[0][0]* tc[2][2]- tc[2][0]* tc[0][2]) / det;
  tic[1][2] = (tc[0][2]* tc[1][0]- tc[1][2]* tc[0][0]) / det;
tic[2][0] = (tc[1][0]* tc[2][1]- tc[2][0]* tc[1][1]) / det;
  tic[2][1] = (tc[0][1]* tc[2][0]- tc[2][1]* tc[0][0]) / det;
  tic[2][2] = (tc[0][0]* tc[1][1]- tc[1][0]* tc[0][1]) / det;
// Update the inverse components of the Frame 'that'
void Frame2DTimeUpdateInv(Frame2DTime* const that) {
  // Shortcuts
  double (*tc)[2] = that->comp;
double (*tic)[2] = that->invComp;
  double det = tc[0][0] * tc[1][1] - tc[1][0] * tc[0][1];
  if (fabs(det) < EPSILON) {
    fprintf(stderr,
       "FrameUpdateInv: det == 0.0\n");
     exit(1);
```

```
tic[0][0] = tc[1][1] / det;
  tic[0][1] = -tc[0][1] / det;
tic[1][0] = -tc[1][0] / det;
  tic[1][1] = tc[0][0] / det;
}
void Frame3DTimeUpdateInv(Frame3DTime* const that) {
   // Shortcuts
  double (*tc)[3] = that->comp;
  double (*tic)[3] = that->invComp;
   // Update the inverse components
   double det =
     tc[0][0] * (tc[1][1] * tc[2][2] - tc[1][2] * tc[2][1]) -
tc[1][0] * (tc[0][1] * tc[2][2] - tc[0][2] * tc[2][1]) +
tc[2][0] * (tc[0][1] * tc[1][2] - tc[0][2] * tc[1][1]);
   if (fabs(det) < EPSILON) {
     fprintf(stderr,
        "FrameUpdateInv: det == 0.0\n");
     exit(1);
  tic[0][0] = (tc[1][1]* tc[2][2]- tc[2][1]* tc[1][2]) / det;
  tic[0][1] = (tc[2][1]* tc[0][2] - tc[2][2]* tc[0][1]) / det;
tic[0][2] = (tc[0][1]* tc[1][2] - tc[0][2]* tc[1][1]) / det;
  tic[1][0] = (tc[2][0]* tc[1][2]- tc[2][2]* tc[1][0]) / det;
  tic[1][1] = (tc[0][0]* tc[2][2]- tc[2][0]* tc[0][2]) / det;
tic[1][2] = (tc[0][2]* tc[1][0]- tc[1][2]* tc[0][0]) / det;
  tic[2][0] = (tc[1][0]* tc[2][1] - tc[2][0]* tc[1][1]) / det;
  tic[2][1] = (tc[0][1]* tc[2][0]- tc[2][1]* tc[0][0]) / det;
  tic[2][2] = (tc[0][0]* tc[1][1]- tc[1][0]* tc[0][1]) / det;
}
// Project the Frame 'Q' in the Frame 'P' 's coordinates system and
// memorize the result in the Frame 'Qp'
void Frame2DImportFrame(
  const Frame2D* const P,
   const Frame2D* const Q,
          Frame2D* const Qp) {
   // Shortcuts
  const double* qo = Q->orig;
    double* qpo = Qp->orig;
const double* po = P->orig;
  const double (*pi)[2] = P->invComp;
    double (*qpc)[2] = Qp->comp;
   const double (*qc)[2] = Q->comp;
   // Calculate the projection
   double v[2];
   for (int i = 2;
         i--;) {
     v[i] = qo[i] - po[i];
  }
```

```
for (int i = 2;
         i--;) {
     qpo[i] = 0.0;
     for (int j = 2; j--;) {
        qpo[i] += pi[j][i] * v[j];
qpc[j][i] = 0.0;
        for (int k = 2;
              k--;) {
          qpc[j][i] += pi[k][i] * qc[j][k];
    }
}
 void Frame3DImportFrame(
   const Frame3D* const P,
   const Frame3D* const Q,
Frame3D* const Qp) {
   // Shortcuts
   const double* qo = Q->orig;
    double* qpo = Qp->orig;
const double* po = P->orig;
   const double (*pi)[3] = P->invComp;
   double (*qpc)[3] = Qp->comp;
const double (*qc)[3] = Q->comp;
   // Calculate the projection
   double v[3];
   for (int i = 3;
        i--;) {
     v[i] = qo[i] - po[i];
   }
   for (int i = 3;
         i--;) {
     qpo[i] = 0.0;
     for (int j = 3;
           j--;) {
        qpo[i] += pi[j][i] * v[j];
qpc[j][i] = 0.0;
        for (int k = 3;
              k--;) {
          qpc[j][i] += pi[k][i] * qc[j][k];
        }
```

```
}
}
 void Frame2DTimeImportFrame(
   const Frame2DTime* const P,
const Frame2DTime* const Q,
           Frame2DTime* const Qp) {
   // Shortcuts
   const double* qo = Q->orig;
   double* qpo = Qp->orig;
const double* po = P->orig;
   const double* qs = Q->speed;
    double* qps = Qp->speed;
const double* ps = P->speed;
   const double (*pi)[2] = P->invComp;
    double (*qpc)[2] = Qp->comp;
const double (*qc)[2] = Q->comp;
   // Calculate the projection
    double v[2];
   double s[2];
   for (int i = 2;
         i--;) {
      v[i] = qo[i] - po[i];
s[i] = qs[i] - ps[i];
   }
   for (int i = 2;
          i--;) {
      qpo[i] = 0.0;
      qps[i] = 0.0;
      for (int j = 2;
             j--;) {
         qpo[i] += pi[j][i] * v[j];
         qps[i] += pi[j][i] * s[j];
qpc[j][i] = 0.0;
         for (int k = 2;
               k--;) {
            qpc[j][i] += pi[k][i] * qc[j][k];
      }
}
 void Frame3DTimeImportFrame(
   const Frame3DTime* const P,
const Frame3DTime* const Q,
            Frame3DTime* const Qp) {
   // Shortcuts
```

```
const double* qo = Q->orig;
    double* qpo = Qp->orig;
const double* po = P->orig;
   const double* qs = Q->speed;
  double* qps = Qp->speed;
const double* ps = P->speed;
   const double (*pi)[3] = P->invComp;
    double (*qpc)[3] = Qp->comp;
   const double (*qc)[3] = Q -> comp;
   // Calculate the projection
   double v[3];
   double s[3];
   for (int i = 3;
        i--;) {
     v[i] = qo[i] - po[i];
s[i] = qs[i] - ps[i];
   for (int i = 3;
        i--;) {
     qpo[i] = 0.0;
     qps[i] = 0.0;
     for (int j = 3;
           j--;) {
        qpo[i] += pi[j][i] * v[j];
        qps[i] += pi[j][i] * s[j];
        qpc[j][i] = 0.0;
        for (int k = 3;
              k--;) {
          qpc[j][i] += pi[k][i] * qc[j][k];
    }
}
// Export the AABB 'bdgBox' from 'that''s coordinates system to // the real coordinates system and update 'bdgBox' with the resulting
// AABB
void Frame2DExportBdgBox(
   const Frame2D* const that,
    const AABB2D* const bdgBox,
           AABB2D* const bdgBoxProj) {
   // Shortcuts
   double* bbpma = bdgBoxProj->max;
   const double (*tc)[2] = that->comp;
```

```
\ensuremath{//} Initialise the coordinates of the result AABB with the projection
// of the first corner of the AABB in argument
for (int i = 2;
     i--;) {
  bbpma[i] = to[i];
  for (int j = 2;
       j--;) {
    bbpma[i] += tc[j][i] * bbmi[j];
  bbpmi[i] = bbpma[i];
}
// Loop on vertices of the AABB
// skip the first vertex which is the origin already computed above
int nbVertices = powi(2, 2);
for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
     iVertex -- && iVertex;) {
  // Declare a variable to memorize the coordinates of the vertex in
  // 'that' 's coordinates system
  double v[2];
  // Calculate the coordinates of the vertex in
  // 'that' 's coordinates system
for (int i = 2;
    v[i] = ((iVertex & (1 << i)) ? bbma[i] : bbmi[i]);</pre>
  }
  // Declare a variable to memorize the projected coordinates
  // in real coordinates system
  double w[2];
  // Project the vertex to real coordinates system
  for (int i = 2;
i--;) {
    w[i] = to[i];
    for (int j = 2;
         j--;) {
      w[i] += tc[j][i] * v[j];
 }
  // Update the coordinates of the result AABB
  for (int i = 2;
       i--;) {
    if (bbpmi[i] > w[i]) {
```

```
bbpmi[i] = w[i];
       if (bbpma[i] < w[i]) {</pre>
         bbpma[i] = w[i];
      }
    }
  }
}
void Frame3DExportBdgBox(
  const Frame3D* const that,
  const AABB3D* const bdgBox,
          AABB3D* const bdgBoxProj) {
  // Shortcuts
  const double* to
                         = that->orig;
  const double* bbmi = bdgBox->min;
const double* bbma = bdgBox->max;
         double* bbpmi = bdgBoxProj->min;
         double* bbpma = bdgBoxProj->max;
  const double (*tc)[3] = that->comp;
  // Initialise the coordinates of the result AABB with the projection // of the first corner of the AABB in argument \,
  for (int i = 3;
        i--;) {
    bbpma[i] = to[i];
    for (int j = 3; j--;) {
       bbpma[i] += tc[j][i] * bbmi[j];
    bbpmi[i] = bbpma[i];
  }
  // Loop on vertices of the AABB
  // skip the first vertex which is the origin already computed above
  int nbVertices = powi(2, 3);
  for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
        iVertex -- && iVertex;) {
    // Declare a variable to memorize the coordinates of the vertex in // 'that' 's coordinates system \,
    double v[3];
     // Calculate the coordinates of the vertex in
     // 'that' 's coordinates system
    for (int i = 3;
       v[i] = ((iVertex & (1 << i)) ? bbma[i] : bbmi[i]);</pre>
```

```
}
   // Declare a variable to memorize the projected coordinates
   // in real coordinates system
   double w[3];
   \ensuremath{//} Project the vertex to real coordinates system
   for (int i = 3;
        i--;) {
      w[i] = to[i];
     for (int j = 3;
          j--;) {
        w[i] += tc[j][i] * v[j];
   }
    // Update the coordinates of the result AABB
   for (int i = 3;
        i--;) {
      if (bbpmi[i] > w[i]) {
        bbpmi[i] = w[i];
      if (bbpma[i] < w[i]) {</pre>
        bbpma[i] = w[i];
   }
 }
void Frame2DTimeExportBdgBox(
 // Shortcuts
 const double* to
                    = that->orig;
 const double* ts
                     = that->speed;
 const double* bbmi = bdgBox->min;
 const double* bbma = bdgBox->max;
        double* bbpmi = bdgBoxProj->min;
        double* bbpma = bdgBoxProj->max;
 const double (*tc)[2] = that->comp;
 // The time component is not affected
 bbpmi[2] = bbmi[2];
bbpma[2] = bbma[2];
 \ensuremath{//} Initialise the coordinates of the result AABB with the projection
  // of the first corner of the AABB in argument
 for (int i = 2;
      i--;) {
```

```
bbpma[i] = to[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[2];
  for (int j = 2;
       j--;) {
    bbpma[i] += tc[j][i] * bbmi[j];
  }
  bbpmi[i] = bbpma[i];
// Loop on vertices of the AABB
// skip the first vertex which is the origin already computed above
int nbVertices = powi(2, 2);
for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
     iVertex -- && iVertex;) {
 // Declare a variable to memorize the coordinates of the vertex in // 'that' 's coordinates system \,
  double v[2];
  \ensuremath{//} Calculate the coordinates of the vertex in
  // 'that' 's coordinates system
  for (int i = 2;
       i--;) {
    v[i] = ((iVertex & (1 << i)) ? bbma[i] : bbmi[i]);</pre>
  // Declare a variable to memorize the projected coordinates
  // in real coordinates system
  double w[2];
  // Project the vertex to real coordinates system
  for (int i = 2;
       i--;) {
    w[i] = to[i];
    for (int j = 2;
         j--;) {
      w[i] += tc[j][i] * v[j];
    }
  }
  // Update the coordinates of the result AABB
  for (int i = 2;
       i--;) {
    if (bbpmi[i] > w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[2]) {
      bbpmi[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[2];
    if (bbpmi[i] > w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[2]) {
      bbpmi[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[2];
```

```
if (bbpma[i] < w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[2]) {</pre>
         bbpma[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[2];
      if (bbpma[i] < w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[2]) {</pre>
         bbpma[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[2];
    }
  }
}
void Frame3DTimeExportBdgBox(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
const AABB3DTime* const bdgBox,
          AABB3DTime* const bdgBoxProj) {
  // Shortcuts
  const double* to
                        = that->orig;
  const double* ts
                        = that->speed;
  const double* bbmi = bdgBox->min;
  const double* bbma = bdgBox->max;
         double* bbpmi = bdgBoxProj->min;
double* bbpma = bdgBoxProj->max;
  const double (*tc)[3] = that->comp;
  // The time component is not affected
  bbpmi[3] = bbmi[3];
  bbpma[3] = bbma[3];
  // Initialise the coordinates of the result AABB with the projection
  // of the first corner of the AABB in argument
  for (int i = 3;
       i--;) {
    bbpma[i] = to[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[3];
    for (int j = 3;
         j--;) {
      bbpma[i] += tc[j][i] * bbmi[j];
    bbpmi[i] = bbpma[i];
  // Loop on vertices of the AABB
  // skip the first vertex which is the origin already computed above
  int nbVertices = powi(2, 3);
  for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
    iVertex-- && iVertex;) {
    // Declare a variable to memorize the coordinates of the vertex in
    // 'that' 's coordinates system
    double v[3];
```

```
// 'that' 's coordinates system
    for (int i = 3;
         i--;) {
      v[i] = ((iVertex & (1 << i)) ? bbma[i] : bbmi[i]);</pre>
    // Declare a variable to memorize the projected coordinates
    // in real coordinates system
    double w[3];
    // Project the vertex to real coordinates system
    for (int i = 3;
         i--;) {
      w[i] = to[i];
      for (int j = 3;
           j--;) {
        w[i] += tc[j][i] * v[j];
   }
    // Update the coordinates of the result AABB
    for (int i = 3;
         i--;) {
      if (bbpmi[i] > w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[3]) {
        bbpmi[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[3];
      if (bbpmi[i] > w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[3]) {
        bbpmi[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[3];
      if (bbpma[i] < w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[3]) {</pre>
        bbpma[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbmi[3];
      if (bbpma[i] < w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[3]) {</pre>
        bbpma[i] = w[i] + ts[i] * bbma[3];
   }
  }
}
// Print the AABB 'that' on stdout
// Output format is (min[0], min[1], ...)-(max[0], max[1], ...)
void AABB2DPrint(const AABB2D* const that) {
  printf("minXY(");
```

// Calculate the coordinates of the vertex in

```
for (int i = 0;
      i < 2;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->min[i]);
    if (i < 1)
      printf(",");
  printf(")-maxXY(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 2;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->max[i]);
    if (i < 1)
     printf(",");
  printf(")");
void AABB3DPrint(const AABB3D* const that) {
  printf("minXYZ(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
      ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->min[i]);
    if (i < 2)
     printf(",");
  }
  printf(")-maxXYZ(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->max[i]);
    if (i < 2)
     printf(",");
  printf(")");
}
void AABB2DTimePrint(const AABB2DTime* const that) {
  printf("minXYT(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->min[i]);
    if (i < 2)
      printf(",");
  printf(")-maxXYT(");
```

```
for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->max[i]);
    if (i < 2)
      printf(",");
  printf(")");
void AABB3DTimePrint(const AABB3DTime* const that) {
  printf("minXYZT(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 4;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->min[i]);
    if (i < 3)
     printf(",");
  printf(")-maxXYZT(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 4;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->max[i]);
    if (i < 3)
     printf(",");
  printf(")");
// Print the Frame 'that' on stdout
// Output format is (orig[0], orig[1], orig[2])
// (comp[0][0], comp[0][1], comp[0][2])
// (comp[1][0], comp[1][1], comp[1][2])
// (comp[2][0], comp[2][1], comp[2][2])
void Frame2DPrint(const Frame2D* const that) {
 if (that->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
   printf("T");
  } else if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
 printf("C");
}
  printf("o(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 2;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->orig[i]);
    if (i < 1)
     printf(",");
  char comp[2] = {'x','y'};
  for (int j = 0;
```

```
j < 2;
      ++j) {
   printf(") %c(", comp[j]);
   for (int i = 0;
        i < 2;
        ++i) {
     printf("%f", that->comp[j][i]);
     if (i < 1)
       printf(",");
   }
 printf(")");
}
if (that->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
   printf("T");
  } else if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
   printf("C");
 printf("o(");
 for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
      ++i) {
   printf("%f", that->orig[i]);
   if (i < 2)
     printf(",");
  char comp[3] = {'x','y','z'};
 for (int j = 0;
j < 3;
      ++j) {
   printf(") %c(", comp[j]);
   for (int i = 0;
        i < 3;
        ++i) {
     printf("%f", that->comp[j][i]);
     if (i < 2)
       printf(",");
   }
 }
 printf(")");
}
void Frame2DTimePrint(const Frame2DTime* const that) {
 if (that->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
   printf("T");
  } else if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
   printf("C");
 printf("o(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 2;
      ++i) {
```

```
printf("%f", that->orig[i]);
    if (i < 1)
     printf(",");
  printf(") s(");
  for (int i = 0;
     i < 2;
      ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->speed[i]);
    if (i < 1)
     printf(",");
  }
  char comp[2] = {'x','y'};
  for (int j = 0;
      j < 2;
       ++j) {
    printf(") %c(", comp[j]);
    for (int i = 0;
        i < 2;
        ++i) {
      printf("%f", that->comp[j][i]);
      if (i < 1)
        printf(",");
   }
  }
  printf(")");
}
void Frame3DTimePrint(const Frame3DTime* const that) {
  if (that->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
   printf("T");
  } else if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
   printf("C");
  printf("o(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->orig[i]);
    if (i < 2)
     printf(",");
  printf(") s(");
  for (int i = 0;
      i < 3;
       ++i) {
    printf("%f", that->speed[i]);
    if (i < 2)
      printf(",");
  char comp[3] = {'x','y', 'z'};
```

```
for (int j = 0;
       j < 3;
       ++j) {
    printf(") %c(", comp[j]);
    for (int i = 0;
         i < 3;
         ++i) {
      printf("%f", that->comp[j][i]);
      if (i < 2)
        printf(",");
    }
  printf(")");
// Power function for integer base and exponent
// Return 'base' ^ 'exp'
int powi(
            int base,
  unsigned int exp) {
    int res = 1;
    for (;
         exp;
          --exp) {
      res *= base;
    }
    return res;
```

5.2 FMB

Header

5.2.1 2D static

bool FMBTestIntersection2D(
 const Frame2D* const that,

// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different

// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system

// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)

```
const Frame2D* const tho,
         AABB2D* const bdgBox);
#endif
   Body
#include "fmb2d.h"
// ----- Macros -----
// Return 1.0 if v is positive, -1.0 if v is negative, 0.0 else
#define sgn(v) (((0.0 < (v)) ? 1 : 0) - (((v) < 0.0) ? 1 : 0))
// Return x if x is negative, 0.0 else
#define neg(x) (x < 0.0 ? x : 0.0)
#define FST_VAR 0
#define SND_VAR 1
#define EPSILON 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of // the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// Return false if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return true
bool ElimVar2D(
    const int iVar,
  const double (*M)[2],
  const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[2],
       double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows);
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X<='Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument, which can be located in a different
// column than 'iVar'
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2D(
    const int iVar
  const double (*M)[2],
  const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
   AABB2D* const bdgBox);
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of
// the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
```

```
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
\ensuremath{//} Return true if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return false
bool ElimVar2D(
                  const int iVar
       const double (*M)[2],
       const double* Y,
                  const int nbRows,
                   const int nbCols,
                              double (*Mp)[2],
                              double* Yp,
               int* const nbRemainRows) {
        // Initialize the number of rows in the result system
        *nbRemainRows = 0;
        // First we process the rows where the eliminated variable is not null
        // For each row except the last one
        for (int iRow = 0;
                           iRow < nbRows - 1;
                           ++iRow) {
               // Shortcuts
               int sgnMIRowIVar = sgn(M[iRow][iVar]);
               double fabsMIRowIVar = fabs(M[iRow][iVar]);
               double YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar = Y[iRow] / fabsMIRowIVar;
               // For each following rows
               for (int jRow = iRow + 1;
                                   jRow < nbRows;</pre>
                                   ++ jRow) {
                       // If coefficients of the eliminated variable in the two rows have
                       // different signs and are not null
                       if (sgnMIRowIVar != sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) &&
                                      fabsMIRowIVar > EPSILON &&
                                      fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON) {
                               // Declare a variable to memorize the sum of the negative
                               // coefficients in the row
                              double sumNegCoeff = 0.0;
                               // Add the sum of the two normed (relative to the eliminated % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right
                               // variable) rows into the result system. This actually
                               // eliminate the variable while keeping the constraints on
                               // others variables
                              for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
                                                 iCol < nbCols;</pre>
                                                 ++iCol ) {
                                      if (iCol != iVar) {
                                              Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol] =
                                                    M[iRow][iCol] / fabsMIRowIVar +
M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
                                              // Update the sum of the negative coefficient
                                              sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol]);
                                              // Increment the number of columns in the new inequality
                                              ++jCol;
```

```
}
      // Update the right side of the inequality
      Yp[*nbRemainRows] =
        YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar +
        Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
      // If the right side of the inequality if lower than the sum of
      // negative coefficients in the row
      // (Add epsilon for numerical imprecision)
      if (Yp[*nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON) {</pre>
        // Given that X is in [0,1], the system is inconsistent
        return true;
      \ensuremath{//} Increment the nb of rows into the result system
      ++(*nbRemainRows);
    }
 }
}
// Then we copy and compress the rows where the eliminated
// variable is null
// Loop on rows of the input system
for (int iRow = 0;
     iRow < nbRows;</pre>
     ++iRow) {
  // Shortcut
  const double* MiRow = M[iRow];
  // If the coefficient of the eliminated variable is null on
  // this row
  if (fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON) {</pre>
    // Shortcut
    double* MpnbRemainRows = Mp[*nbRemainRows];
    // Copy this row into the result system excluding the eliminated
    // variable
    for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
         iCol < nbCols;</pre>
         ++iCol) {
      if (iCol != iVar) {
        MpnbRemainRows[jCol] = MiRow[iCol];
        ++jCol;
      }
    }
```

```
Yp[*nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow];
      // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
      ++(*nbRemainRows);
   }
  }
  // If we reach here the system is not inconsistent
  return false;
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'. X <= 'Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument
^{-} // May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
\slash\hspace{-0.4em} // mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2D(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[2],
  const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
   AABB2D* const bdgBox) {
  // Shortcuts
  double* min = bdgBox->min + iVar;
  double* max = bdgBox->max + iVar;
  // Initialize the bounds to there maximum maximum and minimum minimum
  *min = 0.0;
  *max = 1.0;
  // Loop on rows
  for (int jRow = 0;
       jRow < nbRows;
       ++ jRow) {
    // Shortcut
    double MjRowiVar = M[jRow][0];
    // If this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly positive coefficient
    if (MjRowiVar > EPSILON) {
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      // If the value is lower than the current maximum bound
      if (*max > y) {
        // Update the maximum bound
        *max = v;
      }
    // Else, if this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
```

```
// and it has a strictly negative coefficient
    } else if (MjRowiVar < -EPSILON) {</pre>
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      // If the value is greater than the current minimum bound
      if (*min < y) {
        // Update the minimum bound
        *min = y;
      }
    }
 }
}
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
// is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm) \,
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection2D(
  const Frame2D* const that
  const Frame2D* const tho,
         AABB2D* const bdgBox) {
//Frame2DPrint(that);printf("\n");
//Frame2DPrint(tho); printf("\n");
  // Get the projection of the Frame 'tho' in Frame 'that' coordinates
  // system
  Frame2D thoProj;
  Frame2DImportFrame(that, tho, &thoProj);
  // Declare two variables to memorize the system to be solved M.X <= Y
  // (M arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
  double M[8][2];
  double Y[8];
  // Create the inequality system
  // -sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 0_j
  M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0];
  M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0];
  Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]))
   return false;
 M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1];
  Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]))
   return false;
  // Variable to memorise the nb of rows in the system
```

```
int nbRows = 2;
if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 1.0-0_j
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0];
M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]))</pre>
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]))</pre>
   return false;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_j(sum_iC_j,iX_i) <=1.0-sum_iO_i
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0] + thoProj.comp[0][1];
M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]))</pre>
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
}
if (tho->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // X_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_iX_i <=1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
}
// -X_i <= 0.0
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0;
```

```
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
// Solve the system
// Declare a AABB to memorize the bounding box of the intersection
// in the coordinates system of that
AABB2D bdgBoxLocal;
// Declare variables to eliminate the first variable
double Mp[16][2];
double Yp[16];
int nbRowsP;
// Eliminate the first variable
bool inconsistency =
  ElimVar2D(
    FST_VAR,
    Μ,
    Υ.
    nbRows,
    2,
    Mp,
    Υp,
    &nbRowsP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
  return false;
// Get the bounds for the remaining second variable
GetBound2D(
  SND_VAR,
  Mр,
  Yp,
  nbRowsP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
// If the bounds are inconsistent
if (bdgBoxLocal.min[SND_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[SND_VAR]) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
  return false;
// Else, if the bounds are consistent here it means
// the two Frames are in intersection.
// If the user hasn't requested for the resulting bounding box
} else if (bdgBox == NULL) {
  // Immediately return true
  return true;
// Now starts again from the initial systems and eliminate the
// second variable to get the bounds of the first variable
// No need to check for consistency because we already know here
// that the Frames are intersecting and the system is consistent
```

```
ElimVar2D(
      SND_VAR,
      Μ,
      Υ,
      nbRows,
      2,
      Мр,
      Yp,
      &nbRowsP);
  // Get the bounds for the remaining first variable
  GetBound2D(
    FST_VAR,
    Mp,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    &bdgBoxLocal);
  // If the user requested the resulting bounding box
  if (bdgBox != NULL) {
    // Memorize the result
    *bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal;
  // If we've reached here the two Frames are intersecting
  return true;
}
5.2.2
        3D static
Header
#ifndef __FMB3D_H_
#define __FMB3D_H_
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "frame.h"
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
\ensuremath{//} If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
// is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
```

#endif

bool FMBTestIntersection3D(
 const Frame3D* const that,
 const Frame3D* const tho,

AABB3D* const bdgBox);

inconsistency =

// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)

// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system

```
Body
#include "fmb3d.h"
// ----- Macros -----
// Return 1.0 if v is positive, -1.0 if v is negative, 0.0 else #define sgn(v) (((0.0 < (v)) ? 1 : 0) - (((v) < 0.0) ? 1 : 0))
// Return x if x is negative, 0.0 else
#define neg(x) (x < 0.0 ? x : 0.0)
#define FST_VAR 0
#define SND_VAR 1
#define THD_VAR 2
#define EPSILON 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of // the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// Return false if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return true
bool ElimVar3D(
    const int iVar,
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[3],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows);
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'. X <= 'Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument, which can be located in a different
// column than 'iVar'
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound3D(
    const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double * Y,
    const int nbRows,
   AABB3D* const bdgBox);
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of
// the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// Return true if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return false
bool ElimVar3D(
```

```
const int iVar,
const double (*M)[3],
const double* Y,
  const int nbRows,
   const int nbCols,
      double (*Mp)[3],
      double* Yp,
  int* const nbRemainRows) {
// Initialize the number of rows in the result system
*nbRemainRows = 0;
// First we process the rows where the eliminated variable is not null
// For each row except the last one
for (int iRow = 0;
     iRow < nbRows - 1;
     ++iRow) {
 // Shortcuts
  int sgnMIRowIVar = sgn(M[iRow][iVar]);
  double fabsMIRowIVar = fabs(M[iRow][iVar]);
  double YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar = Y[iRow] / fabsMIRowIVar;
  // For each following rows
  for (int jRow = iRow + 1;
       jRow < nbRows;</pre>
       ++ jRow) {
    // If coefficients of the eliminated variable in the two rows have
    // different signs and are not null
    if (sgnMIRowIVar != sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) &&
        fabsMIRowIVar > EPSILON &&
        fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON) {
      // Declare a variable to memorize the sum of the negative \,
      // coefficients in the row
      double sumNegCoeff = 0.0;
      \ensuremath{//} Add the sum of the two normed (relative to the eliminated
      // variable) rows into the result system. This actually
      \ensuremath{//} eliminate the variable while keeping the constraints on
      // others variables
      for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
           iCol < nbCols;</pre>
           ++iCol ) {
        if (iCol != iVar) {
          Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol] =
            M[iRow][iCol] / fabsMIRowIVar +
M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
          // Update the sum of the negative coefficient
          sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol]);
          // Increment the number of columns in the new inequality
          ++jCol;
        }
      }
```

```
// Update the right side of the inequality
      Yp[*nbRemainRows] =
        YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar +
        Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
      // If the right side of the inequality if lower than the sum of
      // negative coefficients in the row
      // (Add epsilon for numerical imprecision)
      if (Yp[*nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON) {</pre>
        // Given that X is in [0,1], the system is inconsistent
        return true;
      }
      // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
      ++(*nbRemainRows);
    }
  }
}
// Then we copy and compress the rows where the eliminated % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) ^{2}
// variable is null
// Loop on rows of the input system
for (int iRow = 0;
     iRow < nbRows;
     ++iRow) {
  // Shortcut
  const double* MiRow = M[iRow];
  // If the coefficient of the eliminated variable is null on
  // this row
  if (fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON) {
    // Shortcut
    double* MpnbRemainRows = Mp[*nbRemainRows];
    // Copy this row into the result system excluding the eliminated
    // variable
    for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
         iCol < nbCols;
         ++iCol) {
      if (iCol != iVar) {
        MpnbRemainRows[jCol] = MiRow[iCol];
        ++ jCol;
      }
    }
    Yp[*nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow];
    // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
```

```
++(*nbRemainRows);
    }
  }
  // If we reach here the system is not inconsistent
  return false;
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows // system 'M'. X <= 'Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound3D(
     const int iVar,
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
   AABB3D* const bdgBox) {
  // Shortcuts
  double* min = bdgBox->min + iVar;
double* max = bdgBox->max + iVar;
  // Initialize the bounds to there maximum maximum and minimum minimum
  *min = 0.0;
  *max = 1.0;
  // Loop on rows
  for (int jRow = 0;
        jRow < nbRows;</pre>
        ++ jRow) {
    // Shortcut
    double MjRowiVar = M[jRow][0];
    // If this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly positive coefficient
if (MjRowiVar > EPSILON) {
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      \ensuremath{//} If the value is lower than the current maximum bound
      if (*max > y) {
         // Update the maximum bound
         *max = y;
      }
    // Else, if this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly negative coefficient
    } else if (MjRowiVar < -EPSILON) {</pre>
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
```

```
double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      // If the value is greater than the current minimum bound
      if (*min < y) {
        // Update the minimum bound
        *min = v;
      }
    }
  }
}
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
\ensuremath{//} Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
// is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection3D(
  const Frame3D* const that,
  const Frame3D* const tho,
         AABB3D* const bdgBox) {
  // Get the projection of the Frame 'tho' in Frame 'that' coordinates
  // system
  Frame3D thoProj;
  Frame3DImportFrame(that, tho, &thoProj);
  // Declare two variables to memorize the system to be solved M.X <= Y
  // (M arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
  double M[12][3];
  double Y[12];
  // Create the inequality system
  // -sum_iC_j,iX_i \le 0_j
  M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0];
  M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0];
  M[0][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][0];
  Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]) + neg(M[0][2]))
    return false;
  M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1];
  M[1][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][1];
  Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]) + neg(M[1][2]))
    return false;
  M[2][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][2];
  M[2][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][2];
M[2][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][2];
  Y[2] = thoProj.orig[2];
```

```
if (Y[2] < neg(M[2][0]) + neg(M[2][1]) + neg(M[2][2]))
  return false;
// Variable to memorise the nb of rows in the system
int nbRows = 3;
if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 1.0-0_j
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][0];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                   neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][1];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][2];
M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][2];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][2];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[2];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_j(sum_iC_j,iX_i) <=1.0-sum_iO_i
  M[nbRows][0] =
    thoProj.comp[0][0] + thoProj.comp[0][1] + thoProj.comp[0][2];
  M[nbRows][1] =
    thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1] + thoProj.comp[1][2];
  M[nbRows][2] =
    thoProj.comp[2][0] + thoProj.comp[2][1] + thoProj.comp[2][2];
    1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1] - thoProj.orig[2];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
}
if (tho->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // X_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
```

```
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 1.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_iX_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
}
// -X_i <= 0.0
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = -1.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
// Solve the system
// Declare a AABB to memorize the bounding box of the intersection
// in the coordinates system of that
AABB3D bdgBoxLocal;
\ensuremath{//} Declare variables to eliminate the first variable
double Mp[36][3];
double Yp[36];
int nbRowsP;
// Eliminate the first variable in the original system
bool inconsistency =
  ElimVar3D(
    FST_VAR,
    Μ,
    Υ,
    nbRows,
```

```
Mр,
    Yp,
    &nbRowsP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
  return false;
}
// Declare variables to eliminate the second variable
double Mpp[324][3];
double Ypp[324];
int nbRowsPP;
// Eliminate the second variable (which is the first in the new system)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3D(
    FST_VAR,
    Mρ,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
 // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
// Get the bounds for the remaining third variable
GetBound3D(
  THD_VAR,
 Mpp,
  Ypp,
  nbRowsPP,
 &bdgBoxLocal);
// If the bounds are inconstent
if (bdgBoxLocal.min[THD_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[THD_VAR]) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
// Else, if the bounds are consistent here it means
\ensuremath{//} the two Frames are in intersection.
// If the user hasn't requested for the resulting bounding box
} else if (bdgBox == NULL) {
  // Immediately return true
  return true;
}
// Eliminate the third variable (which is the first in the new
```

```
// system)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3D(
    SND_VAR,
    Mp,
    Υp,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
\ensuremath{//} Get the bounds for the remaining second variable
GetBound3D(
  SND_VAR,
  Mpp,
  Ypp,
  nbRowsPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
// Now starts again from the initial systems and eliminate the
// second and third variables to get the bounds of the first variable // No need to check for consistency because we already know here
// that the Frames are intersecting and the system is consistent
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3D(
    THD_VAR,
    М,
    Υ,
    nbRows,
    3,
    Mp,
    Yp,
    &nbRowsP);
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3D(
    SND_VAR,
    Mp,
    Υp,
    nbRowsP,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
&nbRowsPP);
GetBound3D(
  FST_VAR,
  Mpp,
  Ypp,
  nbRowsPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
// If the user requested the resulting bounding box
if (bdgBox != NULL) {
  // Memorize the result
  *bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal;
}
// If we've reached here the two Frames are intersecting
```

```
}
5.2.3
        2D dynamic
Header
#ifndef __FMB2DT_H_
#define __FMB2DT_H_
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "frame.h"
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection // is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A) \,
// The resulting \overline{\mathtt{AABB}} is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection2DTime(
  const Frame2DTime* const that,
  const Frame2DTime* const tho,
         AABB2DTime* const bdgBox);
#endif
   Body
#include "fmb2dt.h"
// ----- Macros -----
// Return 1.0 if v is positive, -1.0 if v is negative, 0.0 else #define sgn(v) (((0.0 < (v)) ? 1 : 0) - (((v) < 0.0) ? 1 : 0))
// Return x if x is negative, 0.0 else
#define neg(x) (x < 0.0 ? x : 0.0)
#define FST_VAR 0
#define SND_VAR 1
#define THD_VAR 2
#define EPSILON 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of
// the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// Return false if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return true
```

return true;

bool ElimVar2DTime(

```
const int iVar,
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[3],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows);
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X<='Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument, which can be located in a different
// column than 'iVar'
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2DTime(
    const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
   AABB2DTime* const bdgBox);
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of
// the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// Return true if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return false
bool ElimVar2DTime(
    const int iVar
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
       double (*Mp)[3],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows) {
  // Initialize the number of rows in the result system
  *nbRemainRows = 0;
  // First we process the rows where the eliminated variable is not null
  // For each row except the last one
  for (int iRow = 0;
       iRow < nbRows - 1;
       ++iRow) {
    // Shortcuts
    int sgnMIRowIVar = sgn(M[iRow][iVar]);
    double fabsMIRowIVar = fabs(M[iRow][iVar]);
    double YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar = Y[iRow] / fabsMIRowIVar;
    // For each following rows
    for (int jRow = iRow + 1;
         jRow < nbRows;
```

```
++ jRow) {
   // If coefficients of the eliminated variable in the two rows have
   // different signs and are not null
   if (sgnMIRowIVar != sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) &&
        fabsMIRowIVar > EPSILON &&
        fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON) {
      // Declare a variable to memorize the sum of the negative
      // coefficients in the row
      double sumNegCoeff = 0.0;
     // Add the sum of the two normed (relative to the eliminated
      // variable) rows into the result system. This actually
      // eliminate the variable while keeping the constraints on
      // others variables
     for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
           iCol < nbCols;</pre>
           ++iCol ) {
        if (iCol != iVar) {
          Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol] =
            M[iRow][iCol] / fabsMIRowIVar +
            M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
          // Update the sum of the negative coefficient
          sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol]);
          // Increment the number of columns in the new inequality
          ++jCol;
       }
     }
      // Update the right side of the inequality
      Yp[*nbRemainRows] =
        YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar +
       Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
      // If the right side of the inequality if lower than the sum of
      // negative coefficients in the row
      // (Add epsilon for numerical imprecision)
     if (Yp[*nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON) {</pre>
        // Given that X is in [0,1], the system is inconsistent
        return true;
      // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
     ++(*nbRemainRows);
   }
 }
// Then we copy and compress the rows where the eliminated
// variable is null
```

}

```
// Loop on rows of the input system
  for (int iRow = 0;
       iRow < nbRows;
       ++iRow) {
    // Shortcut
    const double* MiRow = M[iRow];
    // If the coefficient of the eliminated variable is null on
    // this row
    if (fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON) {</pre>
      // Shortcut
      double* MpnbRemainRows = Mp[*nbRemainRows];
      // Copy this row into the result system excluding the eliminated
      // variable
      for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
           iCol < nbCols;</pre>
            ++iCol) {
        if (iCol != iVar) {
           MpnbRemainRows[jCol] = MiRow[iCol];
          ++jCol;
        }
      }
      Yp[*nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow];
      // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
      ++(*nbRemainRows);
    }
  }
  // If we reach here the system is not inconsistent
  return false;
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows // system 'M'.X<='Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound2DTime(
     const int iVar,
  const double (*M)[3],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
   AABB2DTime* const bdgBox) {
  // Shortcuts
```

```
double* max = bdgBox->max + iVar;
  // Initialize the bounds to there maximum maximum and minimum minimum
  *min = 0.0;
  *max = 1.0;
  // Loop on rows
  for (int jRow = 0;
       jRow < nbRows;</pre>
       ++ jRow) {
    // Shortcut
    double MjRowiVar = M[jRow][0];
    // If this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly positive coefficient
    if (MjRowiVar > EPSILON) {
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      // If the value is lower than the current maximum bound
      if (*max > y) {
        // Update the maximum bound
        *max = y;
    // Else, if this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly negative coefficient
    } else if (MjRowiVar < -EPSILON) {</pre>
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      // If the value is greater than the current minimum bound
      if (*min < y) {
        // Update the minimum bound
        *min = y;
      }
    }
  }
}
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
// is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection2DTime(
```

double* min = bdgBox->min + iVar;

```
const Frame2DTime* const that,
const Frame2DTime* const tho,
       AABB2DTime* const bdgBox) {
// Get the projection of the Frame 'tho' in Frame 'that' coordinates
// system
Frame2DTime thoProj;
Frame2DTimeImportFrame(that, tho, &thoProj);
// Declare two variables to memorize the system to be solved M.X <= Y \,
// (M arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
double M[10][3];
double Y[10];
// Create the inequality system
// -V_jT-sum_iC_j,iX_i <= 0_j
M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0];
M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0];
M[0][2] = -thoProj.speed[0];
Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0];
if (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]) + neg(M[0][2]))
  return false;
M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1];
M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1];
M[1][2] = -thoProj.speed[1];
Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1];
if (Y[1] < neg(M[1][0]) + neg(M[1][1]) + neg(M[1][2]))
  return false;
// Variable to memorise the nb of rows in the system
int nbRows = 2;
if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // V_jT+sum_iC_j, iX_i <= 1.0-0_j
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.speed[0];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false:
  ++nbRows:
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.speed[1];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                  neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_j(V_jT+sum_iC_j,iX_i) <=1.0-sum_iO_i
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0] + thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.speed[0] + thoProj.speed[1];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1];
```

```
if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                    neg(M[nbRows][2]))
    return false;
  ++nbRows;
if (tho->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // X_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_iX_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
}
// -X_i <= 0.0
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
// 0.0 <= t <= 1.0 
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 1.0;
Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = -1.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
// Solve the system
// Declare a AABB to memorize the bounding box of the intersection
```

```
// in the coordinates system of that
AABB2DTime bdgBoxLocal;
// Declare variables to eliminate the first variable
double Mp[25][3];
double Yp[25];
int nbRowsP;
// Eliminate the first variable in the original system
bool inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
    FST_VAR,
   М,
   Υ,
    nbRows,
    3,
    Mp,
    Yp,
    &nbRowsP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
}
// Declare variables to eliminate the second variable
double Mpp[169][3];
double Ypp[169];
int nbRowsPP;
// Eliminate the second variable (which is the first in the new system)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
   FST_VAR,
    Mр,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
// Get the bounds for the remaining third variable
GetBound2DTime(
  THD_VAR,
  Mpp,
  Ypp,
  nbRowsPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
// If the bounds are inconstent
```

```
if (bdgBoxLocal.min[THD_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[THD_VAR]) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
  return false;
// Else, if the bounds are consistent here it means
// the two Frames are in intersection.
// If the user hasn't requested for the resulting bounding box
} else if (bdgBox == NULL) {
  // Immediately return true
 return true;
// Eliminate the third variable (which is the second in the new
// system)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
    SND_VAR,
    Мр,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
// Get the bounds for the remaining second variable
GetBound2DTime(
  SND_VAR,
  Mpp,
 Ypp,
  nbRowsPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
// Now starts again from the initial systems and eliminate the
// second and third variables to get the bounds of the first variable
^{\prime\prime} // No need to check for consistency because we already know here
// that the Frames are intersecting and the system is consistent
inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
    THD_VAR,
    Μ,
    Υ,
    nbRows,
    3,
    Mp,
    Yp,
    &nbRowsP);
inconsistency =
  ElimVar2DTime(
    SND_VAR,
    Mp,
    Yp,
    nbRowsP,
    2,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
```

```
GetBound2DTime(
    FST_VAR,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    nbRowsPP,
    &bdgBoxLocal);
  // If the user requested the resulting bounding box
  if (bdgBox != NULL) {
    // Memorize the result
    *bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal;
  // If we've reached here the two Frames are intersecting
  return true;
}
5.2.4
        3D dynamic
Header
#ifndef __FMB3DT_H_
#define __FMB3DT_H_
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "frame.h"
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection // is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection3DTime(
  {\tt const} Frame3DTime* const that,
  const Frame3DTime* const tho,
          AABB3DTime* const bdgBox);
#endif
   Body
#include "fmb3dt.h"
// ----- Macros -----
// Return 1.0 if v is positive, -1.0 if v is negative, 0.0 else #define sgn(v) (((0.0 < (v)) ? 1 : 0) - (((v) < 0.0) ? 1 : 0))
```

// Return x if x is negative, 0.0 else #define neg(x) (x < 0.0 ? x : 0.0)

```
#define FST_VAR 0
#define SND_VAR 1
#define THD_VAR 2
#define FOR_VAR 3
#define EPSILON 0.0000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of
// the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// Return false if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return true
bool ElimVar3DTime(
     {\tt const\ int\ iVar}
  const double (*M)[4],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[4],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows);
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X \le Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
// per row, the one in argument, which can be located in a different
// column than 'iVar'
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound3DTime(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[4],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
   AABB3DTime* const bdgBox);
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Eliminate the 'iVar'-th variable in the system 'M'.X<='Y'
// using the Fourier-Motzkin method and return
// the resulting system in 'Mp' and 'Yp', and the number of rows of // the resulting system in 'nbRemainRows'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// Return true if the system becomes inconsistent during elimination,
// else return false
bool ElimVar3DTime(
     const int iVar
  const double (*M)[4],
  const double* Y,
     const int nbRows,
     const int nbCols,
        double (*Mp)[4],
        double* Yp,
    int* const nbRemainRows) {
  // Initialize the number of rows in the result system
```

```
*nbRemainRows = 0;
// First we process the rows where the eliminated variable is not null
// For each row except the last one
for (int iRow = 0;
     iRow < nbRows - 1;
     ++iRow) {
  // Shortcuts
  int sgnMIRowIVar = sgn(M[iRow][iVar]);
  double fabsMIRowIVar = fabs(M[iRow][iVar]);
  double YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar = Y[iRow] / fabsMIRowIVar;
  // For each following rows
  for (int jRow = iRow + 1;
       jRow < nbRows;
       ++ jRow) {
    // If coefficients of the eliminated variable in the two rows have
    // different signs and are not null
    if (sgnMIRowIVar != sgn(M[jRow][iVar]) &&
fabsMIRowIVar > EPSILON &&
        fabs(M[jRow][iVar]) > EPSILON) {
      // Declare a variable to memorize the sum of the negative
      // coefficients in the row
      double sumNegCoeff = 0.0;
      // Add the sum of the two normed (relative to the eliminated
      // variable) rows into the result system. This actually
      // eliminate the variable while keeping the constraints on
      // others variables
      for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
           iCol < nbCols;</pre>
           ++iCol ) {
        if (iCol != iVar) {
          Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol] =
            M[iRow][iCol] / fabsMIRowIVar +
M[jRow][iCol] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
          // Update the sum of the negative coefficient
          sumNegCoeff += neg(Mp[*nbRemainRows][jCol]);
          // Increment the number of columns in the new inequality
          ++jCol;
        }
      // Update the right side of the inequality
      Yp[*nbRemainRows] =
        {\tt YIRowDivideByFabsMIRowIVar} \ +
        Y[jRow] / fabs(M[jRow][iVar]);
      // If the right side of the inequality if lower than the sum of
      // negative coefficients in the row
      // (Add epsilon for numerical imprecision)
      if (Yp[*nbRemainRows] < sumNegCoeff - EPSILON) {</pre>
```

```
// Given that X is in [0,1], the system is inconsistent
                                                             return true;
                                                 // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
                                                 ++(*nbRemainRows);
                                    }
                         }
             }
              // Then we copy and compress the rows where the eliminated
             // variable is null
              // Loop on rows of the input system
             for (int iRow = 0;
                                           iRow < nbRows;</pre>
                                           ++iRow) {
                         // Shortcut
                         const double* MiRow = M[iRow];
                         // If the coefficient of the eliminated variable is null on
                         // this row if (fabs(M[iRow][iVar]) < EPSILON) {
                                     // Shortcut
                                     double* MpnbRemainRows = Mp[*nbRemainRows];
                                     // Copy this row into the result system excluding the eliminated % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left
                                    for (int iCol = 0, jCol = 0;
                                                                   iCol < nbCols;
                                                                   ++iCol) {
                                                 if (iCol != iVar) {
                                                             MpnbRemainRows[jCol] = MiRow[iCol];
                                                            ++ jCol;
                                                }
                                     Yp[*nbRemainRows] = Y[iRow];
                                     // Increment the nb of rows into the result system
                                     ++(*nbRemainRows);
                        }
             }
             // If we reach here the system is not inconsistent
            return false;
}
```

```
// Get the bounds of the 'iVar'-th variable in the 'nbRows' rows
// system 'M'.X<='Y' and store them in the 'iVar'-th axis of the
// AABB 'bdgBox'
// ('M' arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
// The system is supposed to have been reduced to only one variable
\ensuremath{//} per row, the one in argument
// May return inconsistent values (max < min), which would
// mean the system has no solution
void GetBound3DTime(
    const int iVar,
 const double (*M)[4],
const double* Y,
    const int nbRows,
  AABB3DTime* const bdgBox) {
  // Shortcuts
  double* min = bdgBox->min + iVar;
  double* max = bdgBox->max + iVar;
  // Initialize the bounds to there maximum maximum and minimum minimum
  *min = 0.0;
  *max = 1.0;
  // Loop on rows
  for (int jRow = 0;
       jRow < nbRows;</pre>
       ++ jRow) {
    // Shortcut
    double MjRowiVar = M[jRow][0];
    // If this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      // If the value is lower than the current maximum bound
      if (*max > y) {
        // Update the maximum bound
        *max = y;
      }
    // Else, if this row has been reduced to the variable in argument
    // and it has a strictly negative coefficient
    } else if (MjRowiVar < -EPSILON) {</pre>
      // Get the scaled value of Y for this row
      double y = Y[jRow] / MjRowiVar;
      \ensuremath{//} If the value is greater than the current minimum bound
      if (*min < y) {
        // Update the minimum bound
        *min = y;
      }
```

```
}
  }
}
// Test for intersection between Frame 'that' and Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
// If the Frame are intersecting the AABB of the intersection
// is stored into 'bdgBox', else 'bdgBox' is not modified
// If 'bdgBox' is null, the result AABB is not memorized (to use if
// unnecessary and want to speed up the algorithm)
// The resulting AABB may be larger than the smallest possible AABB
// The resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(A,B) may be different
// of the resulting AABB of FMBTestIntersection(B,A)
// The resulting AABB is given in 'tho' 's local coordinates system
bool FMBTestIntersection3DTime(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
  const Frame3DTime* const tho,
         AABB3DTime* const bdgBox) {
  // Get the projection of the Frame 'tho' in Frame 'that' coordinates
  // system
  Frame3DTime thoProj;
  Frame3DTimeImportFrame(that, tho, &thoProj);
  // Declare two variables to memorize the system to be solved M.X <= Y
  // (M arrangement is [iRow][iCol])
  double M[14][4];
  double Y[14];
  // Create the inequality system
  // -V_jT-sum_iC_j,iX_i <= O_j
  M[0][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][0];
  M[0][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][0];
  M[0][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][0];
  M[0][3] = -thoProj.speed[0];
  Y[0] = thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[0] < neg(M[0][0]) + neg(M[0][1]) + neg(M[0][2]) + neg(M[0][3]))
    return false;
  M[1][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[1][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][1];
  M[1][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][1];
  M[1][3] = -thoProj.speed[1];
  Y[1] = thoProj.orig[1];
  return false;
  M[2][0] = -thoProj.comp[0][2];
  M[2][1] = -thoProj.comp[1][2];
  M[2][2] = -thoProj.comp[2][2];
  M[2][3] = -thoProj.speed[2];
  Y[2] = thoProj.orig[2];
   \text{if } (Y[2] < \operatorname{neg}(M[2][0]) + \operatorname{neg}(M[2][1]) + \operatorname{neg}(M[2][2]) + \operatorname{neg}(M[2][3]) ) \\
    return false;
  // Variable to memorise the nb of rows in the system
  int nbRows = 3;
  if (that->type == FrameCuboid) {
```

```
// V_jT+sum_iC_j, iX_i \le 1.0-0_j
  M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][0];
 M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][0];
  M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][0];
 M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[0];
 Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                 neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3]))
   return false;
 ++nbRows;
 M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][1];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][1];
 M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][1];
  M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[1];
 Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[1];
  if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +
                 neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3]))
   return false:
 ++nbRows:
 M[nbRows][0] = thoProj.comp[0][2];
  M[nbRows][1] = thoProj.comp[1][2];
 M[nbRows][2] = thoProj.comp[2][2];
 M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[2];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[2];
 return false;
 ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_j(V_jT+sum_iC_j,iX_i)<=1.0-sum_iO_i
 M[nbRows][0] =
    thoProj.comp[0][0] + thoProj.comp[0][1] + thoProj.comp[0][2];
  M[nbRows][1] =
    thoProj.comp[1][0] + thoProj.comp[1][1] + thoProj.comp[1][2];
  M[nbRows][2] =
    thoProj.comp[2][0] + thoProj.comp[2][1] + thoProj.comp[2][2];
  M[nbRows][3] = thoProj.speed[0] + thoProj.speed[1] + thoProj.speed[2];
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0 - thoProj.orig[0] - thoProj.orig[1] - thoProj.orig[2];
 if (Y[nbRows] < neg(M[nbRows][0]) + neg(M[nbRows][1]) +</pre>
                 neg(M[nbRows][2]) + neg(M[nbRows][3]))
   return false;
  ++nbRows;
}
if (tho->type == FrameCuboid) {
  // X_i <= 1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
 M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
 Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
 M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
```

```
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
  M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
} else {
  // sum_iX_i <=1.0
  M[nbRows][0] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][1] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][2] = 1.0;
  M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
  Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
  ++nbRows;
}
// -X_i <= 0.0
M[nbRows][0] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = -1.0;
M[nbRows][3] = 0.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
// 0.0 <= t <= 1.0 
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][3] = 1.0;
Y[nbRows] = 1.0;
++nbRows;
M[nbRows][0] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][1] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][2] = 0.0;
M[nbRows][3] = -1.0;
Y[nbRows] = 0.0;
++nbRows;
// Solve the system
```

```
// Declare a AABB to memorize the bounding box of the intersection
// in the coordinates system of that
AABB3DTime bdgBoxLocal;
// Declare variables to eliminate the first variable
double Mp[49][4];
double Yp[49];
int nbRowsP;
// Eliminate the first variable in the original system
bool inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(
    FST_VAR,
   М,
   Υ,
   nbRows,
    4,
    Мр,
    Yp,
    &nbRowsP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
// Declare variables to eliminate the second variable
double Mpp[625][4];
double Ypp[625];
int nbRowsPP;
// Eliminate the second variable (which is the first in the new system)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(
    FST_VAR,
   Mp,
   Υp,
    nbRowsP,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
// Declare variables to eliminate the third variable
double Mppp[97969][4];
double Yppp[97969];
int nbRowsPPP;
// Eliminate the third variable (which is the first in the new system)
inconsistency =
```

```
ElimVar3DTime(
    FST_VAR,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    nbRowsPP,
    2,
    Mppp,
    Yppp,
    &nbRowsPPP);
// If the system is inconsistent
if (inconsistency == true) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
  return false;
// Get the bounds for the remaining fourth variable
GetBound3DTime(
  FOR_VAR,
  Mppp,
  Yppp,
  nbRowsPPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
// If the bounds are inconstent
if (bdgBoxLocal.min[FOR_VAR] >= bdgBoxLocal.max[FOR_VAR]) {
  // The two Frames are not in intersection
 return false;
// Else, if the bounds are consistent here it means
\ensuremath{//} the two Frames are in intersection.
// If the user hasn't requested for the resulting bounding box
} else if (bdgBox == NULL) {
  // Immediately return true
  return true;
// Eliminate the fourth variable (which is the second in the new
// system)
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(
    SND_VAR,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    nbRowsPP,
    Mppp,
    Yppp,
    &nbRowsPPP);
// Get the bounds for the remaining third variable
GetBound3DTime(
  THD_VAR,
  Mppp,
  Yppp,
  nbRowsPPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
```

```
\ensuremath{//} Now starts again from the initial systems and eliminate the
/\!/ third and fourth variables to get the bounds of the first and /\!/ second variables.
// No need to check for consistency because we already know here \,
// that the Frames are intersecting and the system is consistent
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(
    FOR_VAR,
    М,
    nbRows,
    4,
    Mp,
    Υp,
    &nbRowsP);
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(
    THD_VAR,
    Mp,
    Ϋ́р,
    nbRowsP,
    3,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    &nbRowsPP);
inconsistency =
  ElimVar3DTime(
    SND_VAR,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    nbRowsPP,
    {\tt Mppp},
    Yppp,
    &nbRowsPPP);
GetBound3DTime(
  FST_VAR,
  Mppp,
  Yppp,
  nbRowsPPP,
  &bdgBoxLocal);
inconsistency =
  {\tt ElimVar3DTime(}
    FST_VAR,
    Mpp,
    Ypp,
    nbRowsPP,
    2,
    Mppp,
    Yppp,
    &nbRowsPPP);
{\tt GetBound3DTime}\,(
  SND_VAR,
  Mppp,
  Yppp,
  nbRowsPPP,
```

```
&bdgBoxLocal);

// If the user requested the resulting bounding box
if (bdgBox != NULL) {

    // Memorize the result
    *bdgBox = bdgBoxLocal;
}

// If we've reached here the two Frames are intersecting return true;
```

6 Example of use

In this section I give a minimal example of how to use the code given in the previous section.

6.1 2D static

```
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
// Include FMB algorithm library
#include "fmb2d.h"
// Main function
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  // Create the two objects to be tested for intersection
  double origP2D[2] = {0.0, 0.0};
double compP2D[2][2] = {
    {1.0, 0.0}, // First component {0.0, 1.0}}; // Second component
  Frame2D P2D =
    Frame2DCreateStatic(
      FrameCuboid,
      origP2D,
      compP2D);
  double origQ2D[2] = \{0.0,0.0\};
  double compQ2D[2][2] = {
    {1.0, 1.0},
  {-1.0, 1.0}};
Frame2D Q2D =
    Frame2DCreateStatic(
      FrameCuboid,
      origQ2D,
      compQ2D);
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result of the intersection
  // detection
```

```
AABB2D bdgBox2DLocal;
// Test for intersection between P and {\tt Q}
bool isIntersecting2D =
  {\tt FMBTestIntersection2D(}
    &P2D,
    &Q2D.
    &bdgBox2DLocal);
// If the two objects are intersecting
if (isIntersecting2D) {
  printf("Intersection detected in AABB ");
  // Export the local bounding box toward the real coordinates
  // system
  AABB2D bdgBox2D;
  {\tt Frame 2DExportBdgBox}\,(
    &Q2D,
    &bdgBox2DLocal,
    &bdgBox2D);
  // Clip with the AABB of 'Q2D' and 'P2D' to improve results
  for (int iAxis = 2;
       iAxis--;) {
    if (bdgBox2D.min[iAxis] < P2D.bdgBox.min[iAxis]) {</pre>
      bdgBox2D.min[iAxis] = P2D.bdgBox.min[iAxis];
    if (bdgBox2D.max[iAxis] > P2D.bdgBox.max[iAxis]) {
      bdgBox2D.max[iAxis] = P2D.bdgBox.max[iAxis];
    if (bdgBox2D.min[iAxis] < Q2D.bdgBox.min[iAxis]) {</pre>
      bdgBox2D.min[iAxis] = Q2D.bdgBox.min[iAxis];
    if (bdgBox2D.max[iAxis] > Q2D.bdgBox.max[iAxis]) {
      bdgBox2D.max[iAxis] = Q2D.bdgBox.max[iAxis];
    }
  AABB2DPrint(&bdgBox2D);
  printf("\n");
// Else, the two objects are not intersecting
} else {
  printf("No intersection.\n");
return 0;
```

}

6.2 3D static

```
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
// Include FMB algorithm library
#include "fmb3d.h"
// Main function
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  // Create the two objects to be tested for intersection
  double origP3D[3] = {0.0, 0.0, 0.0};
double compP3D[3][3] = {
    {1.0, 0.0, 0.0}, // First component {0.0, 1.0, 0.0}, // Second component {0.0, 0.0, 1.0}}; // Third component
  Frame3D P3D =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
      FrameTetrahedron,
      origP3D,
      compP3D);
  double origQ3D[3] = \{0.5, 0.5, 0.5\};
  double compQ3D[3][3] = {
    {2.0, 0.0, 0.0},
{0.0, 2.0, 0.0},
    {0.0, 0.0, 2.0}};
  Frame3D Q3D =
    {\tt Frame3DCreateStatic(}
      FrameTetrahedron,
      origQ3D,
      compQ3D);
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result of the intersection
  // detection
  AABB3D bdgBox3DLocal;
  // Test for intersection between P and Q
  bool isIntersecting3D =
    FMBTestIntersection3D(
      &P3D,
      &Q3D,
      &bdgBox3DLocal);
  // If the two objects are intersecting
  if (isIntersecting3D) {
    printf("Intersection detected in AABB ");
    // Export the local bounding box toward the real coordinates
    // system
    AABB3D bdgBox3D;
    Frame3DExportBdgBox(
      &Q3D,
      &bdgBox3DLocal,
      &bdgBox3D);
```

```
// Clip with the AABB of 'Q3D' and 'P3D' to improve results
    for (int iAxis = 2;
         iAxis--;) {
      if (bdgBox3D.min[iAxis] < P3D.bdgBox.min[iAxis]) {</pre>
        bdgBox3D.min[iAxis] = P3D.bdgBox.min[iAxis];
      if (bdgBox3D.max[iAxis] > P3D.bdgBox.max[iAxis]) {
        bdgBox3D.max[iAxis] = P3D.bdgBox.max[iAxis];
      if (bdgBox3D.min[iAxis] < Q3D.bdgBox.min[iAxis]) {</pre>
        bdgBox3D.min[iAxis] = Q3D.bdgBox.min[iAxis];
      if (bdgBox3D.max[iAxis] > Q3D.bdgBox.max[iAxis]) {
        bdgBox3D.max[iAxis] = Q3D.bdgBox.max[iAxis];
      }
    AABB3DPrint(&bdgBox3D);
    printf("\n");
  // Else, the two objects are not intersecting
  } else {
    printf("No intersection.\n");
 return 0;
6.3
       2D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
// Include FMB algorithm library
#include "fmb2dt.h"
// Main function
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  // Create the two objects to be tested for intersection
  double origP2DTime[2] = \{0.0, 0.0\};
  double speedP2DTime[2] = {0.0, 0.0};
  double compP2DTime[2][2] = {
    {1.0, 0.0}, // First component {0.0, 1.0}}; // Second component
```

```
Frame2DTime P2DTime =
    {\tt Frame2DTimeCreateStatic} (
      FrameCuboid,
      origP2DTime,
      speedP2DTime,
      compP2DTime);
  double origQ2DTime[2] = {-1.0,0.0};
double speedQ2DTime[2] = {1.0,0.0};
  double compQ2DTime[2][2] = {
    {1.0, 0.0},
{0.0, 1.0}};
  Frame2DTime Q2DTime =
    Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
      FrameCuboid,
      origQ2DTime,
      speedQ2DTime,
      compQ2DTime);
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result of the intersection
  // detection
  AABB2DTime bdgBox2DTimeLocal;
  // Test for intersection between P and Q
  bool isIntersecting2DTime =
    {\tt FMBTestIntersection2DTime(}
      &P2DTime,
      &Q2DTime,
      &bdgBox2DTimeLocal);
  // If the two objects are intersecting
  if (isIntersecting2DTime) {
    printf("Intersection detected in AABB ");
    // Export the local bounding box toward the real coordinates
    // system
    AABB2DTime bdgBox2DTime;
    {\tt Frame2DTimeExportBdgBox}\,(
      &Q2DTime,
      &bdgBox2DTimeLocal,
      &bdgBox2DTime);
    AABB2DTimePrint(&bdgBox2DTime);
    printf("\n");
  // Else, the two objects are not intersecting
  } else {
    printf("No intersection.\n");
 return 0;
       3D dynamic
6.4
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
// Include FMB algorithm library
#include "fmb3dt.h"
// Main function
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  // Create the two objects to be tested for intersection double origP3DTime[3] = \{0.0, 0.0, 0.0\}; double speedP3DTime[3] = \{0.0, 0.0, 0.0\};
  double compP3DTime[3][3] = {
    {1.0, 0.0, 0.0}, // First component {0.0, 1.0, 0.0}, // Second component {0.0, 0.0, 1.0}}; // Third component
  Frame3DTime P3DTime =
    Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
       FrameCuboid,
       origP3DTime,
       speedP3DTime,
       compP3DTime);
  double origQ3DTime[3] = {-1.0, 0.0, 0.0};
double speedQ3DTime[3] = {1.0, 0.0, 0.0};
  double compQ3DTime[3][3] = {
     {1.0, 0.0, 0.0},
  {0.0, 1.0, 0.0},
{0.0, 0.0, 1.0}};
Frame3DTime Q3DTime =
     Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
       FrameCuboid,
       origQ3DTime,
       speedQ3DTime,
       compQ3DTime);
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result of the intersection
  // detection
  AABB3DTime bdgBox3DTimeLocal;
  // Test for intersection between P and Q
  bool isIntersecting3DTime =
    {\tt FMBTestIntersection3DTime} \, (
       &P3DTime,
       &Q3DTime,
       &bdgBox3DTimeLocal);
  // If the two objects are intersecting
  if (isIntersecting3DTime) {
    printf("Intersection detected in AABB ");
     // Export the local bounding box toward the real coordinates
     // system
     AABB3DTime bdgBox3DTime;
     {\tt Frame3DTimeExportBdgBox(}
       &Q3DTime,
       &bdgBox3DTimeLocal,
       &bdgBox3DTime);
     AABB3DTimePrint(&bdgBox3DTime);
     printf("\n");
```

```
// Else, the two objects are not intersecting
} else {
   printf("No intersection.\n");
}
return 0;
```

7 Unit tests

In this section I introduce the code I've used to test the algorithm and its implementation. The test consists of running the algorithm on a set of cases for which the solution has been computed by hand. The code of the implementation of the SAT algorithm is given in annex (p.186)

7.1 Code

7.1.1 2D static

```
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb2d.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
} Param2D;
// Validation function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
```

```
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation2D(
 const Param2D paramP,
const Param2D paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame2D P =
    Frame2DCreateStatic(
     paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame2D Q =
    Frame2DCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame2D* that = &P;
  Frame2D* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
       iPair --;) {
    // Test intersection with FMB
    bool isIntersectingFMB =
      FMBTestIntersection2D(
        that,
        tho,
        NULL);
    // Test intersection with {\tt SAT}
    bool isIntersectingSAT =
      SATTestIntersection2D(
        that,
        tho);
    // If the results are different
    if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
      // Print the disagreement
      printf("Validation2D has failed\n");
      Frame2DPrint(that);
      printf(" against ");
      Frame2DPrint(tho);
      printf("\n");
      printf("FMB : ");
      if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
        printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      printf("SAT : ");
      if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      // Stop the validation
      exit(0);
    }
```

```
// If the Frames are in intersection
                       if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
                                  // Update the number of intersection % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left(
                                  nbInter++;
                       // If the Frames are not in intersection
                       } else {
                                  // Update the number of no intersection
                                  nbNoInter++;
                     }
                       // Flip the pair of Frames \,
                       that = &Q;
                       tho = &P;
           }
}
// Main function
 void Validate2D(void) {
            \ensuremath{//} Initialise the random generator
            srandom(time(NULL));
            // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
           // Validation function
            Param2D paramP;
           Param2D paramQ;
            // Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
           nbInter = 0;
nbNoInter = 0;
            // Loop on the tests
            for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
                                       iTest--;) {
                       // Create two random {\tt Frame} definitions
                       Param2D* param = &paramP;
for (int iParam = 2;
                                                   iParam--;) {
                                  // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
                                  if (rnd() < 0.5)
                                         param -> type = FrameCuboid;
                                  else
                                            param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
                                  for (int iAxis = 2;
                                                              iAxis--;) {
                                             param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
                                             for (int iComp = 2;
                                                                        iComp--;) {
                                                         param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
                                                                    -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
```

```
}
      }
      param = &paramQ;
    }
    // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
    double detP =
      paramP.comp[0][0] * paramP.comp[1][1] -
paramP.comp[1][0] * paramP.comp[0][1];
    double detQ =
      paramQ.comp[0][0] * paramQ.comp[1][1] -
      paramQ.comp[1][0] * paramQ.comp[0][1];
    // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
    if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
      // Run the validation on the two Frames
      Validation2D(
        paramP,
        paramQ);
    }
  // If we reached it means the validation was successfull
  // Print results
  printf("Validation2D has succeed.\n");
  printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
  printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 2D static =====\n");
  Validate2D();
return 0;
}
7.1.2 3D static
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb3d.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
```

```
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
 double comp[3][3];
} Param3D;
// Validation function
\ensuremath{//} Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation3D(
 const Param3D paramP,
 const Param3D paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame3D P =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
     paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame3D Q =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame3D* that = &P;
  Frame3D* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
       iPair--;) {
    // Test intersection with FMB
    bool isIntersectingFMB =
      FMBTestIntersection3D(
        that,
        tho.
        NULL);
    // Test intersection with SAT
    bool isIntersectingSAT =
      SATTestIntersection3D(
        that,
        tho);
    // If the results are different
    if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
```

```
// Print the disagreement
      printf("Validation3D has failed\n");
      Frame3DPrint(that);
      printf(" against ");
      Frame3DPrint(tho);
      printf("\n");
      printf("FMB : ");
      if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      printf("SAT : ");
      if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      // Stop the validation
      exit(0);
   }
    // If the Frames are in intersection
    if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
      // Update the number of intersection
      nbInter++;
    // If the Frames are not in intersection
    } else {
      // Update the number of no intersection
      nbNoInter++;
   // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
tho = &P;
  }
}
void Validate3D(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
  // Validation function
  Param3D paramP;
  Param3D paramQ;
  // Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
  nbInter = 0;
  nbNoInter = 0;
  // Loop on the tests
  for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
       iTest--;) {
    // Create two random Frame definitions
```

```
Param3D* param = &paramP;
  for (int iParam = 2;
       iParam--;) {
    // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
    if (rnd() < 0.5)
     param -> type = FrameCuboid;
    else
      param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
    for (int iAxis = 3;
         iAxis--;) {
      param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      for (int iComp = 3;
           iComp--;) {
        param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
          -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
    }
    param = &paramQ;
  // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
  double detP =
    paramP.comp[0][0] * (paramP.comp[1][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
    paramP.comp[1][2] * paramP.comp[2][1])
   paramP.comp[1][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
    paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) +
   paramP.comp[2][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[1][2]-
    paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[1][1]);
  double detQ =
    paramQ.comp[0][0] * (paramQ.comp[1][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
    paramQ.comp[1][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) -
    paramQ.comp[1][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
    paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) +
   paramQ.comp[2][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[1][2]-
    paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[1][1]);
  // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
  if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Validation3D(
      paramP,
      paramQ);
 }
// If we reached it means the validation was successfull
// Print results
printf("Validation3D has succeed.\n");
printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
```

```
printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 3D static =====\n");
  Validate3D();
return 0;
7.1.3 2D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb2dt.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
  double speed[2];
} Param2DTime;
// Validation function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation2DTime(
  const Param2DTime paramP,
  const Param2DTime paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame2DTime P =
    Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.speed,
      paramP.comp);
```

```
Frame2DTime Q =
  Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
   paramQ.type,
    paramQ.orig,
    paramQ.speed,
    paramQ.comp);
// Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
Frame2DTime* that = &P;
Frame2DTime* tho = &Q;
// Loop on pairs of Frames
for (int iPair = 2;
     iPair--;) {
  // Test intersection with FMB
  bool isIntersectingFMB =
    FMBTestIntersection2DTime(
      that.
      tho,
      NULL);
  // Test intersection with {\tt SAT}
  bool isIntersectingSAT =
    {\tt SATTestIntersection2DTime(}
      that,
      tho);
  // If the results are different
  if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
    // Print the disagreement
    printf("Validation2D has failed\n");
    Frame2DTimePrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame2DTimePrint(tho);
    printf("\n");
    printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
     printf("no ");
     printf("intersection\n"); \\
    printf("SAT : ");
    if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
  printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    // Stop the validation
    exit(0);
  }
  // If the Frames are in intersection
  if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
    // Update the number of intersection
    nbInter++;
  // If the Frames are not in intersection
  } else {
    // Update the number of no intersection
```

```
nbNoInter++;
    // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
    tho = &P;
  }
}
// Main function
void Validate2DTime(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
  // Validation function
  Param2DTime paramP;
  Param2DTime paramQ;
  // Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
  nbInter = 0;
  nbNoInter = 0;
  // Loop on the tests
for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
       iTest--;) {
    // Create two random Frame definitions
    Param2DTime* param = &paramP;
    for (int iParam = 2;
         iParam --;) {
      // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
      if (rnd() < 0.5)
       param -> type = FrameCuboid;
      else
        param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
      for (int iAxis = 2;
           iAxis--;) {
        param->orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
        param -> speed[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
        for (int iComp = 2;
             iComp--;) {
          param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
            -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
        }
      param = &paramQ;
    }
```

```
// Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
    double detP =
      paramP.comp[0][0] * paramP.comp[1][1] -
      paramP.comp[1][0] * paramP.comp[0][1];
    double detQ =
      paramQ.comp[0][0] * paramQ.comp[1][1] -
paramQ.comp[1][0] * paramQ.comp[0][1];
    // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
    if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
      // Run the validation on the two Frames
      Validation2DTime(
        paramP,
        paramQ);
    }
  }
  // If we reached it means the validation was successfull
  // Print results
  printf ("Validation2DTime \ has \ succeed.\n");\\
  printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
  printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 2D dynamic ======\n");
  Validate2DTime();
  return 0;
7.1.4 3D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb3dt.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
```

```
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function \ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
  double comp[3][3];
  double speed[3];
} Param3DTime;
// Validation function
\ensuremath{//} Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation3DTime(
  const Param3DTime paramP,
  const Param3DTime paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame3DTime P =
    Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.speed,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame3DTime Q =
    Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.speed,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame3DTime* that = &P;
  Frame3DTime* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
       iPair--;) {
    // Test intersection with {\tt FMB}
    bool isIntersectingFMB =
      FMBTestIntersection3DTime(
        that.
        tho,
        NULL);
    // Test intersection with SAT
    bool isIntersectingSAT =
      SATTestIntersection3DTime(
        that,
        tho);
    // If the results are different
    if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
      // Print the disagreement
      printf("Validation3D has failed\n");
      Frame3DTimePrint(that);
      printf(" against ");
      Frame3DTimePrint(tho);
```

```
printf("\n");
      printf("FMB : ");
      if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
     printf("SAT : ");
      if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      // Stop the validation
      exit(0);
   // If the Frames are in intersection
   if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
      // Update the number of intersection
     nbInter++;
    // If the Frames are not in intersection
   } else {
      // Update the number of no intersection
      nbNoInter++;
   // Flip the pair of Frames
   that = &Q;
tho = &P;
 }
// Main function
void Validate3DTime(void) {
 // Initialise the random generator
 srandom(time(NULL));
 // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
 // Validation function
 Param3DTime paramP;
 Param3DTime paramQ;
 // Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
 nbInter = 0;
 nbNoInter = 0;
 // Loop on the tests
 for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
       iTest--;) {
    // Create two random Frame definitions
   Param3DTime* param = &paramP;
   for (int iParam = 2;
         iParam--;) {
      // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
```

```
if (rnd() < 0.5)
     param -> type = FrameCuboid;
      param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
    for (int iAxis = 3;
         iAxis--;) {
      param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      param -> speed[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      for (int iComp = 3;
           iComp --;) {
        param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
          -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      }
    }
    param = &paramQ;
 }
  // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
  double detP =
    paramP.comp[0][0] * (paramP.comp[1][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
    paramP.comp[1][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) -
   paramP.comp[1][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
    paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) +
    paramP.comp[2][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[1][2]-
    paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[1][1]);
  double detQ =
    paramQ.comp[0][0] * (paramQ.comp[1][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
    paramQ.comp[1][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1])
   paramQ.comp[1][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
   paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) +
   paramQ.comp[2][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[1][2]-
    paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[1][1]);
  // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
 if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Validation3DTime(
      paramP,
      paramQ);
 }
// If we reached it means the validation was successfull
// Print results
printf("Validation3DTime has succeed.\n");
printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
```

}

}

```
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   printf("===== 3D dynamic =====\n");
   Validate3DTime();
   return 0;
}
```

7.2 Results

7.2.1 2D static

```
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) \times (0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.500000, 0.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.500000, 0.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y (0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
C_0(-0.500000, -0.500000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) \times (0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.500000, 0.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
 Succeed
Co(0.500000,0.500000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
C_{0}(-0.500000, -0.500000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) \times (0.000000, 1.000000)
 Succeed
Co(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
Co(0.250000, -0.250000) x(0.500000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 2.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.250000,-0.250000) x(0.500000,0.000000) y(0.000000,2.000000)
C_0(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
against
C_0(-0.250000, 0.250000) x(2.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 0.500000)
Succeed
Co(-0.250000, 0.250000) x(2.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 0.500000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
```

```
Co(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,1.000000) y(-1.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 1.000000) y(-1.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
C_0(-0.500000, -0.500000) \times (1.000000, 1.000000) y (-1.000000, 1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y (0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Co(-0.500000, -0.500000) \times (1.000000, 1.000000) y(-1.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(1.500000, 1.500000) \times (1.000000, -1.000000) y (-1.000000, -1.000000)
Co(1.000000, 0.000000) \times (-1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(1.000000, 0.000000) \times (-1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(1.500000,1.500000) x(1.000000,-1.000000) y(-1.000000,-1.000000)
Succeed
Co(1.000000, 0.500000) \times (-0.500000, 0.500000) y (-0.500000, -0.500000)
against
\texttt{Co} \hspace{0.04cm}(0.000000,1.000000) \hspace{0.1cm} \texttt{x} \hspace{0.04cm}(1.000000,0.000000) \hspace{0.1cm} \texttt{y} \hspace{0.04cm}(0.000000,-1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000,1.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,-1.000000)
against
Co(1.000000, 0.500000) x(-0.500000, 0.500000) y(-0.500000, -0.500000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(1.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(2.000000, -1.000000) x(0.000000, 1.000000) y(-0.500000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(2.000000,-1.000000) x(0.000000,1.000000) y(-0.500000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y (1.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) y (0.500000, 1.000000)
against
Co(1.000000, 1.000000) \times (-0.500000, -0.500000) y(0.000000, -1.000000)
Succeed
Co(1.000000, 1.000000) x(-0.500000, -0.500000) y(0.000000, -1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) y(0.500000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) \times (0.500000, 1.000000)
```

```
\texttt{Co}(1.000000,2.000000) \ \texttt{x}(-0.500000,-0.500000) \ \texttt{y}(0.000000,-1.000000)
Succeed
C_0(1.000000, 2.000000) x(-0.500000, -0.500000) y(0.000000, -1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) y (0.500000, 1.000000)
To(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.500000) y(0.500000,1.000000)
against
Co(1.000000, 2.000000) x(-0.500000, -0.500000) y(0.000000, -1.000000)
Succeed
Co(1.000000, 2.000000) x(-0.500000, -0.500000) y(0.000000, -1.000000)
against
T_0(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) \times (0.500000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) y (0.500000, 1.000000)
\overline{T_0}(1.000000, 2.000000) \times (-0.500000, -0.500000) y (0.000000, -1.000000)
Succeed
To (1.000000, 2.000000) x (-0.500000, -0.500000) y (0.000000, -1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.500000) y(0.500000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
To (0.000000, 0.000000) x (1.000000, 0.000000) y (0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
To (0.000000, 0.000000) x (1.000000, 0.000000) y (0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
 To(0.000000, -0.500000) \ x(1.000000, 0.000000) \ y(0.000000, 1.000000) 
Succeed
To (0.000000, -0.500000) x (1.000000, 0.000000) y (0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
\texttt{Co} \hspace{0.04cm} (0.500000, 0.500000) \hspace{0.3cm} \texttt{x} \hspace{0.04cm} (-0.500000, 0.000000) \hspace{0.3cm} \texttt{y} \hspace{0.04cm} (0.000000, -0.500000)
against
T_{0}(0.000000, -0.500000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
To(0.000000,-0.500000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
C_0(0.500000, 0.500000) x(-0.500000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, -0.500000)
Succeed
Co(0.500000, 0.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
To(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
```

against

```
Succeed
To (0.000000, 0.000000) x (1.000000, 0.000000) y (0.000000, 1.000000)
C_0(0.500000, 0.500000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
 Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
against
To(1.500000,1.500000) x(-1.500000,0.000000) y(0.000000,-1.500000)
Succeed
To(1.500000,1.500000) x(-1.500000,0.000000) y(0.000000,-1.500000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000, 1.000000)
Succeed
To(0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000)
To(1.000000,1.000000) x(-1.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,-1.000000)
Failed
Expected : no intersection
Got : intersection
7.2.2 3D static
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000) \ \ z \, (0.000000, 0.000000, 1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) 
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Co(0.500000, 0.500000, 0.500000) \times (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) 
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.500000, 0.500000, 0.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000) z(0.000000, 0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
```

Co(-0.500000,-0.500000,-0.500000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)

Succeed

```
Co(-0.500000, -0.500000, -0.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
   (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(1.500000, 1.500000, 1.500000) x(-1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,-1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,-1.000000)
Succeed
Co(1.500000,1.500000,1.500000) x(-1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,-1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,-1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
C_0(0.500000, 1.500000, -1.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,-1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.500000, 1.500000, -1.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
   (0.000000, -1.000000, 0.000000) z(0.000000, 0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
   (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,-1.000000)
against
Co(0.500000,1.500000,-1.500000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,-1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Succeed
Co(0.500000, 1.500000, -1.500000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000, -1.000000, 0.000000) z(0.000000, 0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y
   (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,-1.000000)
Succeed
C_0(-1.000000, -1.000000, -1.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
    (1.000000,1.000000,1.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) y
   (0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z(0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Failed
Expected: no intersection
Got : intersection
       2D dynamic
7.2.3
```

Co(0.000000, 0.000000) s(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y(0.000000)

```
(0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(-1.000000, 0.000000) s(-1.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000)
Co(-1.000000, 0.000000) s(-1.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000)
against
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) s(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000)
 Succeed
Co(0.000000, 0.000000) s(0.000000, 0.000000) x(1.000000, 0.000000) y
    (0.000000, 1.000000)
against
Co(-1.000000,-1.000000) s(1.000000,0.000000) x(1.000000,0.000000) y
    (0.000000,1.000000)
Expected: no intersection
Got : intersection
7.2.4 3D dynamic
Co(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) s(0.000000,0.000000,0.000000) x
     (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \ y (0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000) \ z
    (0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
\texttt{Co} \hspace{0.1cm} (-1.000000 \hspace{0.1cm}, 0.000000 \hspace{0.1cm}, 0.000000) \hspace{0.1cm} \texttt{s} \hspace{0.1cm} (-1.000000 \hspace{0.1cm}, 0.000000 \hspace{0.1cm}, 0.000000) \hspace{0.1cm} \texttt{x}
     (1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z
    (0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
C_0(-1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) s(-1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x
     (1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z
    (0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
Co(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) s(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) x
     (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \ y (0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000) \ z
     (0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
 Succeed
\texttt{Co}(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \texttt{s}(0.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \texttt{x}
     (1.000000, 0.000000, 0.000000) \ y (0.000000, 1.000000, 0.000000) \ z
     (0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
against
\texttt{Co(-1.000000,-1.000000,0.000000)} \;\; \texttt{s(1.000000,0.000000,0.000000)} \;\; \texttt{x}
     (1.000000,0.000000,0.000000) y(0.000000,1.000000,0.000000) z
     (0.000000,0.000000,1.000000)
 Failed
Expected : no intersection
```

8 Validation

Got : intersection

In this section I introduce the code I've used to validate the algorithm and its implementation. The validation consists of running the FMB algorithm on randomly generated pairs of Frame and check that its result is equal to the one of running the SAT algorithm on the same pair of Frames. The code of the implementation of the SAT algorithm is given in annex (p.186)

8.1 Code

8.1.1 2D static

```
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb2d.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
\ensuremath{//} Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
} Param2D;
// Validation function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation2D(
  const Param2D paramP,
  const Param2D paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame2D P =
    Frame2DCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame2D Q =
    {\tt Frame 2DC reate Static} \, (
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
```

```
paramQ.comp);
// Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
Frame2D* that = &P;
Frame2D* tho = &Q;
\ensuremath{//} Loop on pairs of Frames
for (int iPair = 2;
     iPair--;) {
  // Test intersection with FMB
  bool isIntersectingFMB =
    FMBTestIntersection2D(
      that,
      tho,
      NULL);
  // Test intersection with {\tt SAT}
  bool isIntersectingSAT =
    SATTestIntersection2D(
      that,
      tho);
  // If the results are different
  if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
    // Print the disagreement
    printf("Validation2D has failed\n");
    Frame2DPrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame2DPrint(tho);
    printf("\n");
    printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    printf("SAT : ");
    if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
      printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    // Stop the validation
    exit(0);
  \ensuremath{//} If the Frames are in intersection
  if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
    // Update the number of intersection
    nbInter++;
  // If the Frames are not in intersection
    // Update the number of no intersection
    nbNoInter++;
  // Flip the pair of Frames
  that = &Q;
```

```
tho = \&P;
  }
}
// Main function
void Validate2D(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
  // Validation function
  Param2D paramP;
Param2D paramQ;
  \ensuremath{//} Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
  nbInter = 0;
  nbNoInter = 0;
  // Loop on the tests
  for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
        iTest--;) {
    // Create two random {\tt Frame} definitions
    Param2D* param = &paramP;
    for (int iParam = 2;
          iParam--;) {
      // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
      if (rnd() < 0.5)
        param -> type = FrameCuboid;
      else
        param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
      for (int iAxis = 2;
         param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
         for (int iComp = 2;
              iComp--;) {
           param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
             -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
         }
      }
      param = &paramQ;
    \ensuremath{//} Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
    double detP =
      paramP.comp[0][0] * paramP.comp[1][1] -
paramP.comp[1][0] * paramP.comp[0][1];
    double detQ =
      paramQ.comp[0][0] * paramQ.comp[1][1] -
```

```
paramQ.comp[1][0] * paramQ.comp[0][1];
    // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
    if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
      // Run the validation on the two Frames
      Validation2D(
        paramP,
        paramQ);
    }
  }
  // If we reached it means the validation was successfull
  // Print results
  printf("Validation2D has succeed.\n");
  printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
  printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 2D static =====\n");
  Validate2D();
 return 0;
8.1.2 3D static
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb3d.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
```

```
double comp[3][3];
} Param3D;
// Validation function
\ensuremath{//} Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation3D(
  const Param3D paramP,
  const Param3D paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame3D P =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame3D Q =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame3D* that = &P;
  Frame3D* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
       iPair --;) {
    // Test intersection with {\tt FMB}
    bool isIntersectingFMB =
      FMBTestIntersection3D(
        that,
        tho.
        NULL);
    // Test intersection with SAT
    bool isIntersectingSAT =
      SATTestIntersection3D(
        that,
        tho);
    // If the results are different
    if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
      // Print the disagreement
      printf("Validation3D has failed\n");
      Frame3DPrint(that);
      printf(" against ");
      Frame3DPrint(tho);
      printf("\n");
      printf("FMB : ");
      if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      printf("SAT : ");
      if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
        printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
```

```
// Stop the validation
      exit(0);
    }
    // If the Frames are in intersection
    if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
      // Update the number of intersection
      nbInter++;
    // If the Frames are not in intersection
    } else {
      // Update the number of no intersection
      nbNoInter++;
    }
    // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = \&Q;
    tho = \&P;
  }
}
void Validate3D(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
  // Validation function
  Param3D paramP;
  Param3D paramQ;
  // Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
  nbInter = 0;
  nbNoInter = 0;
  // Loop on the tests
  for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
       iTest--;) {
    // Create two random Frame definitions
    Param3D* param = &paramP;
for (int iParam = 2;
         iParam --;) {
      // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
      if (rnd() < 0.5)
        param -> type = FrameCuboid;
        param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
      for (int iAxis = 3;
           iAxis--;) {
        param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
        for (int iComp = 3;
```

```
param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
            -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
        }
      }
      param = &paramQ;
    // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
    double detP =
      paramP.comp[0][0] * (paramP.comp[1][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
      paramP.comp[1][2] * paramP.comp[2][1])
      paramP.comp[1][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
      paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) +
paramP.comp[2][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[1][2]-
      paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[1][1]);
    double detQ =
      paramQ.comp[0][0] * (paramQ.comp[1][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
      paramQ.comp[1][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1])
      paramQ.comp[1][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
      paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) +
      paramQ.comp[2][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[1][2]-
      paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[1][1]);
    // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
    if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
      // Run the validation on the two Frames
      Validation3D(
        paramP,
        paramQ);
    }
  // If we reached it means the validation was successfull
  // Print results
  printf("Validation3D has succeed.\n");
  printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
  printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 3D static ======\n");
  Validate3D();
  return 0;
8.1.3
        2D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
```

iComp--;) {

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb2dt.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
 FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
  double speed[2];
} Param2DTime;
// Validation function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation2DTime(
  const Param2DTime paramP,
  const Param2DTime paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame2DTime P =
    Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
     paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.speed,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame2DTime Q =
    Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.speed,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame2DTime* that = &P;
  Frame2DTime* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
       iPair--;) {
```

```
// Test intersection with FMB
    bool isIntersectingFMB =
      FMBTestIntersection2DTime(
        that,
        tho,
        NULL);
    // Test intersection with SAT
    bool isIntersectingSAT =
      {\tt SATTestIntersection2DTime(}
        that,
        tho);
    // If the results are different
    if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
      // Print the disagreement
      printf("Validation2D has failed\n");
      Frame2DTimePrint(that);
      printf(" against ");
      Frame2DTimePrint(tho);
      printf("\n");
      printf("FMB : ");
      if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
       printf("no ");
      {\tt printf("intersection\n");}
      printf("SAT : ");
      if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
       printf("no ");
      printf("intersection\n");
      // Stop the validation
      exit(0);
    // If the Frames are in intersection
    if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
      // Update the number of intersection
      nbInter++;
    // If the Frames are not in intersection
    } else {
      // Update the number of no intersection
      nbNoInter++;
    // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
tho = &P;
 }
// Main function
void Validate2DTime(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
```

}

```
srandom(time(NULL));
// Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
// Validation function
Param2DTime paramP;
Param2DTime paramQ;
// Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
nbInter = 0;
nbNoInter = 0;
// Loop on the tests
for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
     iTest--;) {
  // Create two random Frame definitions
 Param2DTime* param = &paramP;
 for (int iParam = 2;
       iParam--;) {
    // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
    if (rnd() < 0.5)
     param -> type = FrameCuboid;
    else
     param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
    for (int iAxis = 2;
         iAxis--;) {
      param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      param -> speed[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      for (int iComp = 2;
           iComp--;) {
        param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
          -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
     }
    }
    param = &paramQ;
  // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
  double detP =
   paramP.comp[0][0] * paramP.comp[1][1] -
    paramP.comp[1][0] * paramP.comp[0][1];
 double detQ =
    paramQ.comp[0][0] * paramQ.comp[1][1] -
    paramQ.comp[1][0] * paramQ.comp[0][1];
  // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
  if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Validation2DTime(
      paramP,
      paramQ);
```

```
}
  // If we reached it means the validation was successfull
  // Print results
  printf("Validation2DTime has succeed.\n");
  printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
  printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 2D dynamic ======\n");
  Validate2DTime();
 return 0;
8.1.4 3D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb3dt.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of tests of the validation
#define NB_TESTS 1000000
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection
unsigned long int nbInter;
unsigned long int nbNoInter;
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Validation function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
  double comp[3][3];
  double speed[3];
} Param3DTime;
// Validation function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and check the results are identical
void Validation3DTime(
```

const Param3DTime paramP,

```
const Param3DTime paramQ) {
// Create the two Frames
Frame3DTime P =
 Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
   paramP.type,
    paramP.orig,
    paramP.speed,
    paramP.comp);
Frame3DTime Q =
  Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
    paramQ.type,
   paramQ.orig,
    paramQ.speed,
    paramQ.comp);
// Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
Frame3DTime* that = &P;
Frame3DTime* tho = &Q;
// Loop on pairs of Frames
for (int iPair = 2;
     iPair--;) {
  // Test intersection with {\tt FMB}
  bool isIntersectingFMB =
    FMBTestIntersection3DTime(
      that.
      tho,
      NULL);
 // Test intersection with SAT
 bool isIntersectingSAT =
    SATTestIntersection3DTime(
      that,
      tho);
  // If the results are different
 if (isIntersectingFMB != isIntersectingSAT) {
    // Print the disagreement
    printf("Validation3D has failed\n");
    Frame3DTimePrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame3DTimePrint(tho);
   printf("\n");
    printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
   printf("SAT : ");
    if (isIntersectingSAT == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    // Stop the validation
    exit(0);
 // If the Frames are in intersection
```

```
if (isIntersectingFMB == true) {
      // Update the number of intersection
      nbInter++;
    // If the Frames are not in intersection
    } else {
      // Update the number of no intersection
      nbNoInter++;
    // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
tho = &P;
  }
}
// Main function
void Validate3DTime(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Declare two variables to memorize the arguments to the
  // Validation function
  Param3DTime paramP;
  Param3DTime paramQ;
  // Initialize the number of intersection and no intersection
  nbInter = 0;
  nbNoInter = 0;
  // Loop on the tests
  for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
       iTest--;) {
    // Create two random Frame definitions
    Param3DTime* param = &paramP;
    for (int iParam = 2;
         iParam --;) {
      // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
      if (rnd() < 0.5)
        param -> type = FrameCuboid;
      else
        param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
      for (int iAxis = 3;
            iAxis--;) {
        param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
param -> speed[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
        for (int iComp = 3;
              iComp--;) {
           param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
             -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
```

```
}
      param = &paramQ;
    }
    // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
    double detP =
      paramP.comp[0][0] * (paramP.comp[1][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
      paramP.comp[1][2] * paramP.comp[2][1])
      paramP.comp[1][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
      paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) +
      paramP.comp[2][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[1][2]-
      paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[1][1]);
    double detQ =
      paramQ.comp[0][0] * (paramQ.comp[1][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
      paramQ.comp[1][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1])
      paramQ.comp[1][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
      paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) +
paramQ.comp[2][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[1][2]-
      paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[1][1]);
    // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
    if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
      // Run the validation on the two Frames
      Validation3DTime(
        paramP
        paramQ);
    }
  }
  // If we reached it means the validation was successfull
  // Print results
  printf("Validation3DTime has succeed.\n");
  printf("Tested %lu intersections ", nbInter);
 printf("and %lu no intersections\n", nbNoInter);
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  printf("===== 3D dynamic ======\n");
  Validate3DTime();
 return 0;
```

8.2 Results

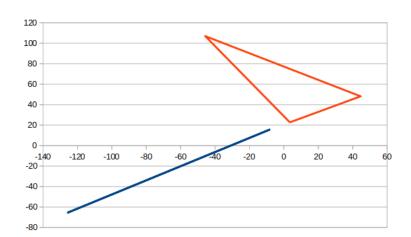
8.2.1 Failures

Validation has failed in one case: when one or both of the frame are degenerated (at least two of there components ae colinear). An example is given

below for reference:

SAT : no intersection

```
===== 2D static ======
Validation2D has failed
Co(-63.571705,-22.581119) x(55.239119,38.152177) y(-62.031537,-42.843548) against To(3.474294,22.751011) x(-49.195251,84.166201) y(41.179031,-95.350316)
FMB : intersection
```



This case can be detected and avoided prior to the intersection test by checking the determinant of the frame: degenerated frames have a null determinant. In the example above the determinant of the first frame is equal to -0.001667.

8.2.2 2D static

```
==== 2D static ===== Validation2D has succeed. Tested 469382 intersections and 1530548 no intersections
```

8.2.3 2D dynamic

```
===== 2D dynamic ======= Validation2DTime has succeed.
Tested 744748 intersections and 1255166 no intersections
```

8.2.4 3D static

```
===== 3D static ======
Validation3D has succeed.
Tested 316682 intersections and 1683318 no intersections
```

8.2.5 3D dynamic

```
===== 3D dynamic ======= Validation3DTime has succeed.
Tested 523352 intersections and 1476646 no intersections
```

9 Qualification against SAT

In this section I introduce the code I've used to qualify the algorithm and its implementation. The qualification consists of running the FMB algorithm on randomly generated pairs of Frame, and check its execution time against the one of running the SAT algorithm on the same pair of Frames.

9.1 Code

9.1.1 2D static

```
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb2d.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of run
#define NB_RUNS 9
// Nb of tests per run
#define NB_TESTS 100000
// Nb of times the test is run on one pair of frame, used to
// slow down the processus and be able to measure time
#define NB_REPEAT_2D 1500
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Qualification function
typedef struct {
 FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
} Param2D;
```

```
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection, and \min/\max/\text{total} time of execution for each
double minInter;
double maxInter;
double sumInter;
unsigned long countInter;
double minNoInter;
double maxNoInter;
double sumNoInter;
unsigned long countNoInter;
double minInterCC;
double maxInterCC;
double sumInterCC;
unsigned long countInterCC;
double minNoInterCC;
double maxNoInterCC;
double sumNoInterCC;
unsigned long countNoInterCC;
double minInterCT;
double maxInterCT;
double sumInterCT;
unsigned long countInterCT;
double minNoInterCT;
double maxNoInterCT;
double sumNoInterCT;
unsigned long countNoInterCT;
double minInterTC;
double maxInterTC;
double sumInterTC;
unsigned long countInterTC;
double minNoInterTC;
double maxNoInterTC;
double sumNoInterTC;
unsigned long countNoInterTC;
double minInterTT;
double maxInterTT;
double sumInterTT;
unsigned long countInterTT;
double minNoInterTT;
double maxNoInterTT;
double sumNoInterTT;
unsigned long countNoInterTT;
// Qualification function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and measure the time of execution of each
void Qualification2DStatic(
        const Param2D paramP
        const Param2D paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame2D P =
    Frame2DCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame2D Q =
```

```
Frame2DCreateStatic(
    paramQ.type,
    paramQ.orig,
    paramQ.comp);
// Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
Frame2D* that = &P:
Frame2D* tho = &Q;
// Loop on pairs of Frames
for (int iPair = 2;
     iPair --;) {
  // Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
  // test on the same pair,
  // to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
  bool isIntersectingFMB[NB_REPEAT_2D] = {false};
  // Start measuring time
  struct timeval start;
  gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
  // Run the FMB intersection test
  for (int i = NB_REPEAT_2D;
      i--;) {
    isIntersectingFMB[i] =
      FMBTestIntersection2D(
        that.
        tho,
        NULL);
  }
  // Stop measuring time
  struct timeval stop;
  gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
  // Calculate the delay of execution
  unsigned long deltausFMB = 0;
  if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
   printf("time warps, try again\n");
    exit(0);
  if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
    printf("deltausFMB >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
    exit(0);
  if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
    deltausFMB = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
    deltausFMB += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
  } else {
    deltausFMB = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
  }
  \ensuremath{//} Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
  // test on the same pair,
  ^{-} // to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
  bool isIntersectingSAT[NB_REPEAT_2D] = {false};
  // Start measuring time
  gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
```

```
// Run the FMB intersection test
for (int i = NB_REPEAT_2D;
     i--;) {
  isIntersectingSAT[i] =
    SATTestIntersection2D(
      that,
      tho);
// Stop measuring time
gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
// Calculate the delay of execution
unsigned long deltausSAT = 0;
if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
  printf("time warps, try again\n");
  exit(0);
if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
  printf("deltausSAT >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
  exit(0);
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
  deltausSAT = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
  deltausSAT += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
} else {
  deltausSAT = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
// If the delays are greater than 10ms
if (deltausFMB >= 10 && deltausSAT >= 10) {
  // If FMB and SAT disagrees
  if (isIntersectingFMB[0] != isIntersectingSAT[0]) {
    printf("Qualification has failed\n");
    Frame2DPrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame2DPrint(tho);
    printf("\n");
    printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB[0] == false)
  printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    printf("SAT : ");
    if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    // Stop the qualification test
    exit(0);
  // Get the ratio of execution time
  double ratio = ((double)deltausFMB) / ((double)deltausSAT);
  // If the Frames intersect
  if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == true) {
```

```
// Update the counters
if (countInter == 0) {
  minInter = ratio;
maxInter = ratio;
} else {
  if (minInter > ratio)
   minInter = ratio;
  if (maxInter < ratio)</pre>
   maxInter = ratio;
sumInter += ratio;
++countInter;
if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countInterCC == 0) {
    minInterCC = ratio;
    maxInterCC = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minInterCC > ratio)
      minInterCC = ratio;
    if (maxInterCC < ratio)</pre>
     maxInterCC = ratio;
  sumInterCC += ratio;
  ++countInterCC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
           paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countInterCT == 0) {
    minInterCT = ratio;
    maxInterCT = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minInterCT > ratio)
      minInterCT = ratio;
    if (maxInterCT < ratio)</pre>
      maxInterCT = ratio;
  sumInterCT += ratio;
  ++countInterCT;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
           paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countInterTC == 0) {
    minInterTC = ratio;
    maxInterTC = ratio;
```

```
} else {
      if (minInterTC > ratio)
        minInterTC = ratio;
      if (maxInterTC < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterTC = ratio;
    sumInterTC += ratio;
    ++countInterTC;
  } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
             paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
    if (countInterTT == 0) {
      minInterTT = ratio;
      maxInterTT = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minInterTT > ratio)
        minInterTT = ratio;
      if (maxInterTT < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterTT = ratio;
    sumInterTT += ratio;
    ++countInterTT;
  }
\ensuremath{//} Else, the Frames do not intersect
} else {
  // Update the counters
  if (countNoInter == 0) {
    minNoInter = ratio;
    maxNoInter = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInter > ratio)
     minNoInter = ratio;
    if (maxNoInter < ratio)</pre>
     maxNoInter = ratio;
  sumNoInter += ratio;
  ++countNoInter;
  if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
      paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
    if (countNoInterCC == 0) {
      minNoInterCC = ratio;
      maxNoInterCC = ratio;
    } else {
```

```
if (minNoInterCC > ratio)
      minNoInterCC = ratio;
    if (maxNoInterCC < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInterCC = ratio;
  sumNoInterCC += ratio;
  ++countNoInterCC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
           paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countNoInterCT == 0) {
    minNoInterCT = ratio;
    maxNoInterCT = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInterCT > ratio)
      minNoInterCT = ratio;
    if (maxNoInterCT < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInterCT = ratio;
  sumNoInterCT += ratio;
  ++countNoInterCT;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
           paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countNoInterTC == 0) {
    minNoInterTC = ratio;
    maxNoInterTC = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInterTC > ratio)
    minNoInterTC = ratio;
if (maxNoInterTC < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInterTC = ratio;
  sumNoInterTC += ratio;
  ++countNoInterTC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
           paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countNoInterTT == 0) {
    minNoInterTT = ratio;
    maxNoInterTT = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInterTT > ratio)
    minNoInterTT = ratio;
if (maxNoInterTT < ratio)
      maxNoInterTT = ratio;
```

```
}
          sumNoInterTT += ratio;
          ++countNoInterTT;
     }
    // Else, if time of execution for FMB was less than a 10ms
    } else if (deltausFMB < 10) {
      printf("deltausFMB < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");</pre>
      exit(0);
    // Else, if time of execution for SAT was less than a 10ms
    } else if (deltausSAT < 10) {</pre>
      printf("deltausSAT < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");
      exit(0);
    // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
tho = &P;
  }
}
void Qualify2DStatic(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Loop on runs
  for (int iRun = 0;
       iRun < NB_RUNS;</pre>
       ++iRun) {
    // Ratio intersection/no intersection for the displayed results
    double ratioInter = 0.1 + 0.8 * (double)iRun / (double)(NB_RUNS - 1);
    // Initialize counters
    minInter = 0.0;
    maxInter = 0.0;
    sumInter = 0.0;
    countInter = 0;
    minNoInter = 0.0;
    maxNoInter = 0.0;
    sumNoInter = 0.0;
    countNoInter = 0;
    minInterCC = 0.0;
    maxInterCC = 0.0;
    sumInterCC = 0.0;
    countInterCC = 0;
    minNoInterCC = 0.0;
    maxNoInterCC = 0.0;
    sumNoInterCC = 0.0;
    countNoInterCC = 0;
```

```
minInterCT = 0.0;
maxInterCT = 0.0;
sumInterCT = 0.0;
countInterCT = 0;
minNoInterCT = 0.0;
maxNoInterCT = 0.0;
sumNoInterCT = 0.0;
countNoInterCT = 0;
minInterTC = 0.0;
maxInterTC = 0.0;
sumInterTC = 0.0;
countInterTC = 0;
minNoInterTC = 0.0;
maxNoInterTC = 0.0;
sumNoInterTC = 0.0;
countNoInterTC = 0;
minInterTT = 0.0;
maxInterTT = 0.0;
sumInterTT = 0.0;
countInterTT = 0;
minNoInterTT = 0.0;
maxNoInterTT = 0.0;
sumNoInterTT = 0.0;
countNoInterTT = 0;
// Declare two variables to memozie the arguments to the
\begin{tabular}{ll} // & {\tt Qualification} & {\tt function} \\ \end{tabular}
Param2D paramP;
Param2D paramQ;
// Loop on the number of tests
for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
     iTest--;) {
  // Create two random Frame definitions
  Param2D* param = &paramP;
for (int iParam = 2;
       iParam--;) {
    // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron \,
    if (rnd() < 0.5)
      param -> type = FrameCuboid;
    else
      param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
    for (int iAxis = 2;
          iAxis--;) {
      param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      for (int iComp = 2;
            iComp --;) {
         param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
           -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      }
    }
```

```
param = &paramQ;
  // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
  double detP =
    paramP.comp[0][0] * paramP.comp[1][1] -
    paramP.comp[1][0] * paramP.comp[0][1];
  double detQ =
    paramQ.comp[0][0] * paramQ.comp[1][1] - paramQ.comp[1][0] * paramQ.comp[0][1];
  // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
  if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Qualification2DStatic(
      paramP.
      paramQ);
  }
}
// Display the results
if (iRun == 0) {
  printf("percPairInter\t");
  printf("countInter\tcountNoInter\t");
  printf("minInter\tavgInter\tmaxInter\t");
  printf("minNoInter\tavgNoInter\tmaxNoInter\t");
  printf("minTotal\tavgTotal\tmaxTotal\t");
  printf("countInterCC\tcountNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minInterCC\tavgInterCC\tmaxInterCC\t");
  printf("minNoInterCC\tavgNoInterCC\tmaxNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minTotalCC\tavgTotalCC\tmaxTotalCC\t");
  printf("countInterCT\tcountNoInterCT\t");
  printf("minInterCT\tavgInterCT\tmaxInterCT\t");
  printf("minNoInterCT\tavgNoInterCT\tmaxNoInterCT\t");
  printf("minTotalCT\tavgTotalCT\tmaxTotalCT\t");
  printf("countInterTC\tcountNoInterTC\t");
  printf("minInterTC\tavgInterTC\tmaxInterTC\t");
  printf("minNoInterTC\tavgNoInterTC\tmaxNoInterTC\t");
  printf("minTotalTC\tavgTotalTC\tmaxTotalTC\t");
  printf("countInterTT\tcountNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minInterTT\tavgInterTT\tmaxInterTT\t");
  printf("minNoInterTT\tavgNoInterTT\tmaxNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minTotalTT\tavgTotalTT\tmaxTotalTT\n");
}
printf("%.1f\t", ratioInter);
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInter, countNoInter);
double avgInter = sumInter / (double)countInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t", minInter, avgInter, maxInter);
```

```
double avgNoInter = sumNoInter / (double)countNoInter;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInter, avgNoInter, maxNoInter);
    double avg =
     ratioInter * avgInter + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInter;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInter < minInter ? minNoInter : minInter),</pre>
      (maxNoInter > maxInter ? maxNoInter : maxInter));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCC, countNoInterCC);
    double avgInterCC = sumInterCC / (double)countInterCC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterCC, avgInterCC, maxInterCC);
double avgNoInterCC = sumNoInterCC / (double)countNoInterCC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCC, avgNoInterCC, maxNoInterCC);
    double avgCC =
      ratioInter * avgInterCC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInterCC < minInterCC ? minNoInterCC : minInterCC),</pre>
      avgCC,
      (maxNoInterCC > maxInterCC ? maxNoInterCC : maxInterCC));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCT, countNoInterCT);
    double avgInterCT = sumInterCT / (double)countInterCT;
    printf("\%f\t\%f\t", minInterCT, avgInterCT, maxInterCT);\\
    double avgNoInterCT = sumNoInterCT / (double)countNoInterCT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCT, avgNoInterCT, maxNoInterCT);
    double avgCT =
      ratioInter * avgInterCT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInterCT < minInterCT ? minNoInterCT : minInterCT),</pre>
      avgCT,
      (maxNoInterCT > maxInterCT ? maxNoInterCT : maxInterCT));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTC, countNoInterTC);
    double avgInterTC = sumInterTC / (double)countInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTC, avgInterTC, maxInterTC);
double avgNoInterTC = sumNoInterTC / (double)countNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTC, avgNoInterTC, maxNoInterTC);
    double avgTC =
      ratioInter * avgInterTC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInterTC < minInterTC ? minNoInterTC : minInterTC),</pre>
      avgTC,
      (maxNoInterTC > maxInterTC ? maxNoInterTC : maxInterTC));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTT, countNoInterTT);
    double avgInterTT = sumInterTT / (double)countInterTT;
    printf("\%f\t\%f\t", minInterTT, avgInterTT, maxInterTT);\\
    double avgNoInterTT = sumNoInterTT / (double)countNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTT, avgNoInterTT, maxNoInterTT);
    double avgTT =
      ratioInter * avgInterTT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\n",
      (minNoInterTT < minInterTT ? minNoInterTT : minInterTT),</pre>
      avgTT,
      (maxNoInterTT > maxInterTT ? maxNoInterTT : maxInterTT));
 }
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
```

}

```
return 0;
}
9.1.2 3D static
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb3d.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of run
#define NB_RUNS 9
// Nb of tests per run
#define NB_TESTS 100000
// Nb of times the test is run on one pair of frame, used to
// slow down the processus and be able to measure time
#define NB_REPEAT_3D 800
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Qualification function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
double comp[3][3];
} Param3D;
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection, and min/max/total time of execution for each
double minInter;
double maxInter;
double sumInter;
unsigned long countInter;
double minNoInter;
double maxNoInter;
double sumNoInter;
unsigned long countNoInter;
double minInterCC;
double maxInterCC;
double sumInterCC;
unsigned long countInterCC;
double minNoInterCC;
double maxNoInterCC;
double sumNoInterCC;
unsigned long countNoInterCC;
```

Qualify2DStatic();

```
double minInterCT;
double maxInterCT;
double sumInterCT;
unsigned long countInterCT;
double minNoInterCT;
double maxNoInterCT;
double sumNoInterCT;
unsigned long countNoInterCT;
double minInterTC;
double maxInterTC;
double sumInterTC;
unsigned long countInterTC;
double minNoInterTC;
double maxNoInterTC;
double sumNoInterTC;
unsigned long countNoInterTC;
double minInterTT;
double maxInterTT;
double sumInterTT;
unsigned long countInterTT;
double minNoInterTT;
double maxNoInterTT;
double sumNoInterTT;
unsigned long countNoInterTT;
// Qualification function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and measure the time of execution of each
void Qualification3DStatic(
        const Param3D paramP
        const Param3D paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame3D P =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame3D Q =
    Frame3DCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame3D* that = &P;
  Frame3D* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
       iPair--;) {
    // Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
    // test on the same pair,
    // to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
    bool isIntersectingFMB[NB_REPEAT_3D] = {false};
    // Start measuring time
    struct timeval start;
```

```
gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
// Run the FMB intersection test
for (int i = NB_REPEAT_3D;
     i--;) {
  isIntersectingFMB[i] =
    FMBTestIntersection3D(
      that,
      tho,
      NULL);
}
// Stop measuring time
struct timeval stop;
gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
// Calculate the delay of execution
unsigned long deltausFMB = 0;
if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
  printf("time warps, try again\n");
  exit(0);
}
if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
  printf("deltausFMB >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
  exit(0);
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
  deltausFMB = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
  deltausFMB += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
} else {
  deltausFMB = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
// Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
// test on the same pair,
// to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
bool isIntersectingSAT[NB_REPEAT_3D] = {false};
// Start measuring time
gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
// Run the FMB intersection test
for (int i = NB_REPEAT_3D;
     i--;) {
  isIntersectingSAT[i] =
    {\tt SATTestIntersection3D} \, (
      that,
      tho);
// Stop measuring time
gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
// Calculate the delay of execution
unsigned long deltausSAT = 0;
if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
  printf("time warps, try again\n");
  exit(0);
```

```
if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
  printf("deltausSAT >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
  exit(0);
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
  deltausSAT = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
  deltausSAT += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
} else {
  deltausSAT = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
// If the delays are greater than 10ms if (deltausFMB >= 10 && deltausSAT >= 10) {
  // If FMB and SAT disagrees
  if (isIntersectingFMB[0] != isIntersectingSAT[0]) {
    printf("Qualification has failed\n");
    Frame3DPrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame3DPrint(tho);
    printf("\n");
    printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB[0] == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    printf("SAT : ");
    if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == false)
      printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    \ensuremath{//} Stop the qualification test
    exit(0);
  // Get the ratio of execution time
  double ratio = ((double)deltausFMB) / ((double)deltausSAT);
  // If the Frames intersect
  if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == true) {
    // Update the counters
    if (countInter == 0) {
      minInter = ratio;
      maxInter = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minInter > ratio)
        minInter = ratio;
      if (maxInter < ratio)</pre>
        maxInter = ratio;
    sumInter += ratio;
    ++countInter;
    if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
```

```
if (countInterCC == 0) {
    minInterCC = ratio;
    maxInterCC = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minInterCC > ratio)
      minInterCC = ratio;
    if (maxInterCC < ratio)</pre>
      maxInterCC = ratio;
  sumInterCC += ratio;
  ++countInterCC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
             paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countInterCT == 0) {
    minInterCT = ratio;
    maxInterCT = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minInterCT > ratio)
    minInterCT = ratio;
if (maxInterCT < ratio)
      maxInterCT = ratio;
  sumInterCT += ratio;
  ++countInterCT;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron && paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countInterTC == 0) {
    minInterTC = ratio;
    maxInterTC = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minInterTC > ratio)
    minInterTC = ratio;
if (maxInterTC < ratio)
      maxInterTC = ratio;
  sumInterTC += ratio;
  ++countInterTC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron && paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countInterTT == 0) {
    minInterTT = ratio;
    maxInterTT = ratio;
```

```
} else {
      if (minInterTT > ratio)
        minInterTT = ratio;
      if (maxInterTT < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterTT = ratio;
    sumInterTT += ratio;
    ++countInterTT;
// Else, the Frames do not intersect
} else {
  // Update the counters
  if (countNoInter == 0) {
    minNoInter = ratio;
    maxNoInter = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInter > ratio)
    minNoInter = ratio;
if (maxNoInter < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInter = ratio;
  sumNoInter += ratio;
  ++countNoInter;
  if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
    if (countNoInterCC == 0) {
      minNoInterCC = ratio;
maxNoInterCC = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minNoInterCC > ratio)
        minNoInterCC = ratio;
      if (maxNoInterCC < ratio)</pre>
        maxNoInterCC = ratio;
    sumNoInterCC += ratio;
    ++countNoInterCC;
  } else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
              paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
    if (countNoInterCT == 0) {
      minNoInterCT = ratio;
      maxNoInterCT = ratio;
    } else {
```

```
if (minNoInterCT > ratio)
          minNoInterCT = ratio;
        if (maxNoInterCT < ratio)</pre>
          maxNoInterCT = ratio;
      sumNoInterCT += ratio;
      ++countNoInterCT;
    } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
                paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
      if (countNoInterTC == 0) {
        minNoInterTC = ratio;
maxNoInterTC = ratio;
      } else {
        if (minNoInterTC > ratio)
          minNoInterTC = ratio;
        if (maxNoInterTC < ratio)</pre>
          maxNoInterTC = ratio;
      sumNoInterTC += ratio;
      ++countNoInterTC;
    } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
                paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
      if (countNoInterTT == 0) {
        minNoInterTT = ratio;
        maxNoInterTT = ratio;
      } else {
        if (minNoInterTT > ratio)
          minNoInterTT = ratio;
        if (maxNoInterTT < ratio)</pre>
          maxNoInterTT = ratio;
      sumNoInterTT += ratio;
      ++countNoInterTT;
   }
  }
// Else, if time of execution for FMB was less than a 10ms
} else if (deltausFMB < 10) {
  printf("deltausFMB < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");</pre>
  exit(0);
// Else, if time of execution for SAT was less than a 10ms
} else if (deltausSAT < 10) {
  printf("deltausSAT < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");</pre>
  exit(0);
```

```
// Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
tho = &P;
  }
}
void Qualify3DStatic(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Loop on runs
  for (int iRun = 0;
       iRun < NB_RUNS;</pre>
       ++iRun) {
    // Ratio intersection/no intersection for the displayed results
    double ratioInter = 0.1 + 0.8 * (double)iRun / (double)(NB_RUNS - 1);
    // Initialize counters
    minInter = 0.0;
    maxInter = 0.0;
    sumInter = 0.0;
    countInter = 0;
minNoInter = 0.0;
    maxNoInter = 0.0;
    sumNoInter = 0.0;
    countNoInter = 0;
    minInterCC = 0.0;
    maxInterCC = 0.0;
    sumInterCC = 0.0;
    countInterCC = 0;
    minNoInterCC = 0.0;
    maxNoInterCC = 0.0;
    sumNoInterCC = 0.0;
    countNoInterCC = 0;
    minInterCT = 0.0;
    maxInterCT = 0.0;
    sumInterCT = 0.0;
    countInterCT = 0;
    minNoInterCT = 0.0;
    maxNoInterCT = 0.0;
    sumNoInterCT = 0.0;
    countNoInterCT = 0;
    minInterTC = 0.0;
    maxInterTC = 0.0;
    sumInterTC = 0.0;
    countInterTC = 0;
    minNoInterTC = 0.0;
    maxNoInterTC = 0.0;
    sumNoInterTC = 0.0;
    countNoInterTC = 0;
    minInterTT = 0.0;
    maxInterTT = 0.0;
```

```
sumInterTT = 0.0;
countInterTT = 0;
minNoInterTT = 0.0;
maxNoInterTT = 0.0;
sumNoInterTT = 0.0;
countNoInterTT = 0;
// Declare two variables to memozie the arguments to the
// Qualification function
Param3D paramP;
Param3D paramQ;
// Loop on the number of tests
for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
                      iTest--;) {
         // Create two random Frame definitions
         Param3D* param = &paramP;
         for (int iParam = 2;
                              iParam --;) {
                  // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
                 if (rnd() < 0.5)
                         param -> type = FrameCuboid;
                  else
                         param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
                 for (int iAxis = 3;
                                       iAxis--;) {
                          param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
                          for (int iComp = 3;
                                               iComp --;) {
                                  param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
                                            -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
                         }
                 }
                 param = &paramQ;
         // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right
         double detP =
                 paramP.comp[0][0] * (paramP.comp[1][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
                 paramP.comp[1][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) -
                 paramP.comp[1][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
                 paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) +
                 paramP.comp[2][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[1][2]-
                 paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[1][1]);
         double detQ =
                 paramQ.comp[0][0] * (paramQ.comp[1][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
                 paramQ.comp[1][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) -
                 paramQ.comp[1][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
                 paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) +
paramQ.comp[2][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[1][2]-
                 paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[1][1]);
```

```
// If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
  if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Qualification3DStatic(
      paramP,
      paramQ);
  }
}
// Display the results
if (iRun == 0) {
  printf("percPairInter\t");
  printf("countInter\tcountNoInter\t");
  printf("minInter\tavgInter\tmaxInter\t");
  printf("minNoInter\tavgNoInter\tmaxNoInter\t");
  printf("minTotal\tavgTotal\tmaxTotal\t");
  printf("countInterCC\tcountNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minInterCC\tavgInterCC\tmaxInterCC\t");
  printf("minNoInterCC\tavgNoInterCC\tmaxNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minTotalCC\tavgTotalCC\tmaxTotalCC\t");
  printf("countInterCT\tcountNoInterCT\t");
  printf("minInterCT\tavgInterCT\tmaxInterCT\t");
  printf("minNoInterCT\tavgNoInterCT\tmaxNoInterCT\t");
  printf("minTotalCT\tavgTotalCT\tmaxTotalCT\t");
  printf("countInterTC\tcountNoInterTC\t");
  printf("minInterTC\tavgInterTC\tmaxInterTC\t");
  printf("minNoInterTC\tavgNoInterTC\tmaxNoInterTC\t");
  printf("minTotalTC\tavgTotalTC\tmaxTotalTC\t");
  printf("countInterTT\tcountNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minInterTT\tavgInterTT\tmaxInterTT\t");
  printf("minNoInterTT\tavgNoInterTT\tmaxNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minTotalTT\tavgTotalTT\tmaxTotalTT\n");
printf("%.1f\t", ratioInter);
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInter, countNoInter);
double avgInter = sumInter / (double)countInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInter, avgInter, maxInter);
double avgNoInter = sumNoInter / (double)countNoInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInter, avgNoInter, maxNoInter);
double avg =
  ratioInter * avgInter + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
 (minNoInter < minInter ? minNoInter : minInter),</pre>
  (maxNoInter > maxInter ? maxNoInter : maxInter));
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCC, countNoInterCC);
double avgInterCC = sumInterCC / (double)countInterCC;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterCC, avgInterCC, maxInterCC);
double avgNoInterCC = sumNoInterCC / (double)countNoInterCC;
```

```
double avgCC =
      ratioInter * avgInterCC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInterCC < minInterCC ? minNoInterCC : minInterCC),</pre>
      avgCC,
      (maxNoInterCC > maxInterCC ? maxNoInterCC : maxInterCC));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCT, countNoInterCT);
    double avgInterCT = sumInterCT / (double)countInterCT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t", minInterCT, avgInterCT, maxInterCT);
double avgNoInterCT = sumNoInterCT / (double)countNoInterCT;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCT, avgNoInterCT, maxNoInterCT);
    double avgCT =
      ratioInter * avgInterCT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t";
      (minNoInterCT < minInterCT ? minNoInterCT : minInterCT),</pre>
      avgCT,
       (maxNoInterCT > maxInterCT ? maxNoInterCT : maxInterCT));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTC, countNoInterTC);
    double avgInterTC = sumInterTC / (double)countInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTC, avgInterTC, maxInterTC);
    double avgNoInterTC = sumNoInterTC / (double)countNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTC, avgNoInterTC, maxNoInterTC);
    double avgTC =
      ratioInter * avgInterTC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInterTC < minInterTC ? minNoInterTC : minInterTC),</pre>
      avgTC,
      (maxNoInterTC > maxInterTC ? maxNoInterTC : maxInterTC));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTT, countNoInterTT);
    double avgInterTT = sumInterTT / (double)countInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTT, avgInterTT, maxInterTT);
double avgNoInterTT = sumNoInterTT / (double)countNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTT, avgNoInterTT, maxNoInterTT);
    double avgTT =
      ratioInter * avgInterTT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\n",
      (minNoInterTT < minInterTT ? minNoInterTT : minInterTT),</pre>
      avgTT.
       (maxNoInterTT > maxInterTT ? maxNoInterTT : maxInterTT));
  }
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  Qualify3DStatic();
  return 0;
9.1.3 2D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
```

printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCC, avgNoInterCC, maxNoInterCC);

```
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb2dt.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of run
#define NB_RUNS 9
// Nb of tests per run
#define NB_TESTS 100000
// Nb of times the test is run on one pair of frame, used to
// slow down the processus and be able to measure time
#define NB_REPEAT_2D 1500
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Qualification function
typedef struct {
 FrameType type;
  double orig[2];
  double comp[2][2];
  double speed[2];
} Param2DTime;
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection, and \min/\max/\text{total} time of execution for each
double minInter;
double maxInter;
double sumInter;
unsigned long countInter;
double minNoInter;
double maxNoInter;
double sumNoInter;
unsigned long countNoInter;
double minInterCC;
double maxInterCC;
double sumInterCC;
unsigned long countInterCC;
double minNoInterCC;
double maxNoInterCC;
double sumNoInterCC;
unsigned long countNoInterCC;
double minInterCT;
double maxInterCT;
double sumInterCT;
unsigned long countInterCT;
double minNoInterCT;
double maxNoInterCT;
double sumNoInterCT;
unsigned long countNoInterCT;
double minInterTC;
double maxInterTC;
double sumInterTC;
```

```
unsigned long countInterTC;
double minNoInterTC;
double maxNoInterTC;
double sumNoInterTC;
unsigned long countNoInterTC;
double minInterTT;
double maxInterTT;
double sumInterTT;
unsigned long countInterTT;
double minNoInterTT;
double maxNoInterTT;
double sumNoInterTT;
unsigned long countNoInterTT;
// Qualification function
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and measure the time of execution of each
void Qualification2DDynamic(
        const Param2DTime paramP,
        const Param2DTime paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
  Frame2DTime P =
    Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.speed,
      paramP.comp);
  Frame2DTime Q =
    Frame2DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.speed,
      paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
  Frame2DTime* that = &P;
  Frame2DTime* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
      iPair--;) {
    // Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
    // test on the same pair,
    // to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
    bool isIntersectingFMB[NB_REPEAT_2D] = {false};
    // Start measuring time
    struct timeval start;
    gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
    // Run the FMB intersection test
    for (int i = NB_REPEAT_2D;
         i--;) {
      isIntersectingFMB[i] =
        FMBTestIntersection2DTime(
          that,
          tho,
```

```
NULL);
}
// Stop measuring time
struct timeval stop;
gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
// Calculate the delay of execution
unsigned long deltausFMB = 0;
if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
        printf("time warps, try again\n");
         exit(0);
if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
         printf("deltausFMB >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
          exit(0);
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
         deltausFMB = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
deltausFMB += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
         deltausFMB = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
// Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
// test on the same pair,
// to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
bool isIntersectingSAT[NB_REPEAT_2D] = {false};
// Start measuring time
gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
// Run the FMB intersection test
for (int i = NB_REPEAT_2D;
                      i--;) {
         isIntersectingSAT[i] =
                   SATTestIntersection2DTime(
                           that,
                           tho);
// Stop measuring time
gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
// Calculate the delay of execution
unsigned long deltausSAT = 0;
if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
        printf("time warps, try again\n");
         exit(0);
if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
         printf("deltausSAT >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
         exit(0);
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
         deltausSAT = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
         deltausSAT += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
} else {
         deltausSAT = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
```

```
// If the delays are greater than 10ms
if (deltausFMB >= 10 && deltausSAT >= 10) {
  // If FMB and SAT disagrees
  if (isIntersectingFMB[0] != isIntersectingSAT[0]) {
    printf("Qualification has failed\n");
    Frame2DTimePrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame2DTimePrint(tho);
   printf("\n");
printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB[0] == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    printf("SAT : ");
    if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
    // Stop the qualification test
    exit(0);
  }
  // Get the ratio of execution time
  double ratio = ((double)deltausFMB) / ((double)deltausSAT);
  // If the Frames intersect
  if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == true) {
    // Update the counters
    if (countInter == 0) {
      minInter = ratio;
      maxInter = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minInter > ratio)
       minInter = ratio;
      if (maxInter < ratio)</pre>
        maxInter = ratio;
    sumInter += ratio;
    ++countInter;
    if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
      if (countInterCC == 0) {
        minInterCC = ratio;
        maxInterCC = ratio;
      } else {
        if (minInterCC > ratio)
          minInterCC = ratio;
        if (maxInterCC < ratio)</pre>
```

```
maxInterCC = ratio;
  sumInterCC += ratio;
  ++countInterCC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid && paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countInterCT == 0) {
    minInterCT = ratio;
maxInterCT = ratio;
  } else {
     if (minInterCT > ratio)
     minInterCT = ratio;
if (maxInterCT < ratio)</pre>
       maxInterCT = ratio;
  sumInterCT += ratio;
  ++countInterCT;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron && paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countInterTC == 0) {
    minInterTC = ratio;
maxInterTC = ratio;
  } else {
     if (minInterTC > ratio)
       minInterTC = ratio;
     if (maxInterTC < ratio)</pre>
       maxInterTC = ratio;
  sumInterTC += ratio;
  ++countInterTC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
             paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countInterTT == 0) {
    minInterTT = ratio;
maxInterTT = ratio;
  } else {
     if (minInterTT > ratio)
       minInterTT = ratio;
     if (maxInterTT < ratio)</pre>
       maxInterTT = ratio;
  sumInterTT += ratio;
  ++countInterTT;
```

```
}
// Else, the Frames do not intersect
} else {
            // Update the counters % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left(
            if (countNoInter == 0) {
                         minNoInter = ratio;
                         maxNoInter = ratio;
            } else {
                        if (minNoInter > ratio)
                                  minNoInter = ratio;
                         if (maxNoInter < ratio)</pre>
                                  maxNoInter = ratio;
            sumNoInter += ratio;
            ++countNoInter;
            if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
                                    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
                        if (countNoInterCC == 0) {
                                     minNoInterCC = ratio;
                                    maxNoInterCC = ratio;
                        } else {
                                      if (minNoInterCC > ratio)
                                                minNoInterCC = ratio;
                                      if (maxNoInterCC < ratio)</pre>
                                                maxNoInterCC = ratio;
                         sumNoInterCC += ratio;
                         ++countNoInterCC;
            } else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
                                                                                 paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
                         if (countNoInterCT == 0) {
                                     minNoInterCT = ratio;
                                    maxNoInterCT = ratio;
                         } else {
                                      if (minNoInterCT > ratio)
                                               minNoInterCT = ratio;
                                      if (maxNoInterCT < ratio)</pre>
                                                maxNoInterCT = ratio;
                         sumNoInterCT += ratio;
                         ++countNoInterCT;
            } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
```

```
if (countNoInterTC == 0) {
            minNoInterTC = ratio;
            maxNoInterTC = ratio;
          } else {
            if (minNoInterTC > ratio)
              minNoInterTC = ratio;
            if (maxNoInterTC < ratio)</pre>
              maxNoInterTC = ratio;
          sumNoInterTC += ratio;
          ++countNoInterTC;
        } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
                    paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
          if (countNoInterTT == 0) {
            minNoInterTT = ratio;
            maxNoInterTT = ratio;
          } else {
            if (minNoInterTT > ratio)
              minNoInterTT = ratio;
            if (maxNoInterTT < ratio)</pre>
              maxNoInterTT = ratio;
          sumNoInterTT += ratio;
          ++countNoInterTT;
     }
    // Else, if time of execution for FMB was less than a 10ms
    } else if (deltausFMB < 10) {
      printf("deltausFMB < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");</pre>
      exit(0);
    // Else, if time of execution for SAT was less than a 10\,\mathrm{ms}
    } else if (deltausSAT < 10) {
      printf("deltausSAT < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");
      exit(0);
   }
    // Flip the pair of Frames \,
    that = &Q;
tho = &P;
  }
}
```

paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {

```
void Qualify2DDynamic(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Loop on runs
  for (int iRun = 0;
       iRun < NB_RUNS;</pre>
       ++iRun) {
    // Ratio intersection/no intersection for the displayed results
    double ratioInter = 0.1 + 0.8 * (double)iRun / (double)(NB_RUNS - 1);
    // Initialize counters
    minInter = 0.0;
    maxInter = 0.0;
    sumInter = 0.0;
    countInter = 0;
    minNoInter = 0.0;
    maxNoInter = 0.0;
    sumNoInter = 0.0;
    countNoInter = 0;
    minInterCC = 0.0;
    maxInterCC = 0.0;
    sumInterCC = 0.0;
    countInterCC = 0;
    minNoInterCC = 0.0;
    maxNoInterCC = 0.0;
    sumNoInterCC = 0.0;
    countNoInterCC = 0;
   minInterCT = 0.0;
    maxInterCT = 0.0;
    sumInterCT = 0.0;
    countInterCT = 0;
    minNoInterCT = 0.0;
    maxNoInterCT = 0.0;
    sumNoInterCT = 0.0;
    countNoInterCT = 0;
    minInterTC = 0.0;
    maxInterTC = 0.0;
    sumInterTC = 0.0;
    countInterTC = 0;
    minNoInterTC = 0.0;
    maxNoInterTC = 0.0;
    sumNoInterTC = 0.0;
    countNoInterTC = 0;
    minInterTT = 0.0;
    maxInterTT = 0.0;
    sumInterTT = 0.0;
    countInterTT = 0;
    minNoInterTT = 0.0;
    maxNoInterTT = 0.0;
    sumNoInterTT = 0.0;
    countNoInterTT = 0;
    // Declare two variables to memozie the arguments to the
    // Qualification function
    Param2DTime paramP;
```

```
Param2DTime paramQ;
// Loop on the number of tests
for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
     iTest--;) {
  // Create two random Frame definitions
  Param2DTime* param = &paramP;
  for (int iParam = 2;
       iParam--;) {
    // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron \,
    if (rnd() < 0.5)
     param -> type = FrameCuboid;
    else
      param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
    for (int iAxis = 2;
         iAxis--;) {
      param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      param -> speed[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      for (int iComp = 2;
           iComp --;) {
        param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
           -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      }
    }
    param = &paramQ;
  // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
  double detP =
    paramP.comp[0][0] * paramP.comp[1][1] -
paramP.comp[1][0] * paramP.comp[0][1];
  double detQ =
    paramQ.comp[0][0] * paramQ.comp[1][1] -
    paramQ.comp[1][0] * paramQ.comp[0][1];
  // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
  if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Qualification2DDynamic(
      paramP,
      paramQ);
  }
}
// Display the results
if (iRun == 0) {
```

```
printf("percPairInter\t");
  printf("countInter\tcountNoInter\t");
  printf("minInter\tavgInter\tmaxInter\t");
  printf("minNoInter\tavgNoInter\tmaxNoInter\t");
  printf("minTotal\tavgTotal\tmaxTotal\t");
  printf("countInterCC\tcountNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minInterCC\tavgInterCC\tmaxInterCC\t");
  printf("minNoInterCC\tavgNoInterCC\tmaxNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minTotalCC\tavgTotalCC\tmaxTotalCC\t");
  printf("countInterCT\tcountNoInterCT\t");
  printf("minInterCT\tavgInterCT\tmaxInterCT\t");
  printf("minNoInterCT\tavgNoInterCT\tmaxNoInterCT\t");
  printf ("minTotalCT \setminus tavgTotalCT \setminus tmaxTotalCT \setminus t");\\
  printf("countInterTC\tcountNoInterTC\t");
  printf ("minInterTC \setminus tavgInterTC \setminus tmaxInterTC \setminus t");\\
  printf("minNoInterTC\tavgNoInterTC\tmaxNoInterTC\t");
  printf ("minTotalTC \setminus tavgTotalTC \setminus tmaxTotalTC \setminus t");\\
  printf("countInterTT\tcountNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minInterTT\tavgInterTT\tmaxInterTT\t");
  printf("minNoInterTT\tavgNoInterTT\tmaxNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minTotalTT\tavgTotalTT\tmaxTotalTT\n");
printf("%.1f\t", ratioInter);
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInter, countNoInter);
double avgInter = sumInter / (double)countInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInter, avgInter, maxInter);
double avgNoInter = sumNoInter / (double)countNoInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInter, avgNoInter, maxNoInter);
double avg =
  ratioInter * avgInter + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
  (minNoInter < minInter ? minNoInter : minInter),</pre>
  (maxNoInter > maxInter ? maxNoInter : maxInter));
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCC, countNoInterCC);
double avgInterCC = sumInterCC / (double)countInterCC;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterCC, avgInterCC, maxInterCC);
double avgNoInterCC = sumNoInterCC / (double)countNoInterCC;
printf("\%f\t\%f\t", minNoInterCC, avgNoInterCC, maxNoInterCC);\\
double avgCC =
 ratioInter * avgInterCC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCC;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
  (minNoInterCC < minInterCC ? minNoInterCC : minInterCC),</pre>
  avgCC.
  (maxNoInterCC > maxInterCC ? maxNoInterCC : maxInterCC));
printf("\%lu\t", countInterCT, countNoInterCT);\\
double avgInterCT = sumInterCT / (double)countInterCT;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterCT, avgInterCT, maxInterCT);
double avgNoInterCT = sumNoInterCT / (double)countNoInterCT;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCT, avgNoInterCT, maxNoInterCT);
double avgCT =
  ratioInter * avgInterCT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCT;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
```

```
(minNoInterCT < minInterCT ? minNoInterCT : minInterCT),</pre>
      avgCT,
      (maxNoInterCT > maxInterCT ? maxNoInterCT : maxInterCT));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTC, countNoInterTC);
    double avgInterTC = sumInterTC / (double)countInterTC;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTC, avgInterTC, maxInterTC);
    double avgNoInterTC = sumNoInterTC / (double)countNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTC, avgNoInterTC, maxNoInterTC);
    double avgTC =
      ratioInter * avgInterTC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
      (minNoInterTC < minInterTC ? minNoInterTC : minInterTC),</pre>
      avgTC,
      (maxNoInterTC > maxInterTC ? maxNoInterTC : maxInterTC));
    printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTT, countNoInterTT);
    double avgInterTT = sumInterTT / (double)countInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTT, avgInterTT, maxInterTT);
double avgNoInterTT = sumNoInterTT / (double)countNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTT, avgNoInterTT, maxNoInterTT);
    double avgTT =
      ratioInter * avgInterTT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\n",
      (minNoInterTT < minInterTT ? minNoInterTT : minInterTT),</pre>
      avgTT,
      (maxNoInterTT > maxInterTT ? maxNoInterTT : maxInterTT));
  }
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  Qualify2DDynamic();
  return 0;
9.1.4 3D dynamic
// Include standard libraries
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
// Include FMB and SAT algorithm library
#include "fmb3dt.h"
#include "sat.h"
// Epsilon to detect degenerated triangles
#define EPSILON 0.1
// Range of values for the random generation of Frames
#define RANGE_AXIS 100.0
// Nb of run
#define NB_RUNS 9
// Nb of tests per run
#define NB_TESTS 100000
// Nb of times the test is run on one pair of frame, used to
```

```
// slow down the processus and be able to measure time
#define NB_REPEAT_3D 800
// Helper macro to generate random number in [0.0, 1.0]
#define rnd() (double)(rand())/(double)(RAND_MAX)
// Helper structure to pass arguments to the Qualification function
typedef struct {
  FrameType type;
  double orig[3];
  double comp[3][3];
  double speed[3];
} Param3DTime;
// Global variables to count nb of tests resulting in intersection
// and no intersection, and min/max/total time of execution for each
double minInter;
double maxInter;
double sumInter;
unsigned long countInter;
double minNoInter;
double maxNoInter;
double sumNoInter;
unsigned long countNoInter;
double minInterCC;
double maxInterCC;
double sumInterCC;
unsigned long countInterCC;
double minNoInterCC;
double maxNoInterCC;
double sumNoInterCC;
unsigned long countNoInterCC;
double minInterCT;
double maxInterCT;
double sumInterCT;
unsigned long countInterCT;
double minNoInterCT;
double maxNoInterCT;
double sumNoInterCT;
unsigned long countNoInterCT;
double minInterTC;
double maxInterTC;
double sumInterTC;
unsigned long countInterTC;
double minNoInterTC;
double maxNoInterTC;
double sumNoInterTC;
unsigned long countNoInterTC;
double minInterTT;
double maxInterTT;
double sumInterTT;
unsigned long countInterTT;
double minNoInterTT;
double maxNoInterTT;
double sumNoInterTT;
unsigned long countNoInterTT;
// Qualification function
```

```
// Takes two Frame definition as input, run the intersection test on
// them with FMB and SAT, and measure the time of execution of each
void Qualification3DDynamic(
        const Param3DTime paramP,
        const Param3DTime paramQ) {
  // Create the two Frames
 Frame3DTime P =
   Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
      paramP.type,
      paramP.orig,
      paramP.speed,
      paramP.comp);
 Frame3DTime Q =
    Frame3DTimeCreateStatic(
     paramQ.type,
      paramQ.orig,
      paramQ.speed,
     paramQ.comp);
  // Helper variables to loop on the pair (that, tho) and (tho, that)
 Frame3DTime* that = &P;
Frame3DTime* tho = &Q;
  // Loop on pairs of Frames
  for (int iPair = 2;
      iPair --;) {
   // Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
    // test on the same pair,
    // to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
   bool isIntersectingFMB[NB_REPEAT_3D] = {false};
    // Start measuring time
    struct timeval start;
    gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
    // Run the FMB intersection test
   for (int i = NB_REPEAT_3D;
        i--;) {
      isIntersectingFMB[i] =
        FMBTestIntersection3DTime(
          that.
          tho,
          NULL);
   }
    struct timeval stop;
    gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
    // Calculate the delay of execution
    unsigned long deltausFMB = 0;
    if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
     printf("time warps, try again\n");
      exit(0);
    if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
      printf("deltausFMB >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
      exit(0);
```

```
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
  deltausFMB = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
deltausFMB += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
} else {
 deltausFMB = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
// Declare an array to memorize the results of the repeated
// test on the same pair,
// to prevent optimization from the compiler to remove the for loop
bool isIntersectingSAT[NB_REPEAT_3D] = {false};
// Start measuring time
gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
// Run the FMB intersection test
for (int i = NB_REPEAT_3D;
     i--;) {
  isIntersectingSAT[i] =
    SATTestIntersection3DTime(
      that,
      tho);
// Stop measuring time
gettimeofday(&stop, NULL);
// Calculate the delay of execution
unsigned long deltausSAT = 0;
if (stop.tv_sec < start.tv_sec) {</pre>
  printf("time warps, try again\n");
  exit(0);
if (stop.tv_sec > start.tv_sec + 1) {
  printf("deltausSAT >> 1s, decrease NB_REPEAT\n");
  exit(0);
if (stop.tv_usec < start.tv_usec) {</pre>
  deltausSAT = stop.tv_sec - start.tv_sec;
  deltausSAT += stop.tv_usec + 1000000 - start.tv_usec;
} else {
  deltausSAT = stop.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
}
// If the delays are greater than 10ms
if (deltausFMB >= 10 && deltausSAT >= 10) {
  // If FMB and SAT disagrees
  if (isIntersectingFMB[0] != isIntersectingSAT[0]) {
    printf("Qualification has failed\n");
    Frame3DTimePrint(that);
    printf(" against ");
    Frame3DTimePrint(tho);
    printf("\n");
    printf("FMB : ");
    if (isIntersectingFMB[0] == false)
     printf("no ");
    printf("intersection\n");
```

```
printf("SAT : ");
  if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == false)
   printf("no ");
  printf("intersection\n");
  // Stop the qualification test
exit(0);
// Get the ratio of execution time
double ratio = ((double)deltausFMB) / ((double)deltausSAT);
// If the Frames intersect
if (isIntersectingSAT[0] == true) {
  // Update the counters
  if (countInter == 0) {
    minInter = ratio;
maxInter = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minInter > ratio)
    minInter = ratio;
if (maxInter < ratio)</pre>
      maxInter = ratio;
  sumInter += ratio;
  ++countInter;
  if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
    if (countInterCC == 0) {
      minInterCC = ratio;
      maxInterCC = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minInterCC > ratio)
        minInterCC = ratio;
      if (maxInterCC < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterCC = ratio;
    sumInterCC += ratio;
    ++countInterCC;
  } else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
              paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
    if (countInterCT == 0) {
      minInterCT = ratio;
      maxInterCT = ratio;
    } else {
```

```
if (minInterCT > ratio)
        minInterCT = ratio;
      if (maxInterCT < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterCT = ratio;
    sumInterCT += ratio;
    ++countInterCT;
  } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
             paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
    if (countInterTC == 0) {
      minInterTC = ratio;
maxInterTC = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minInterTC > ratio)
        minInterTC = ratio;
      if (maxInterTC < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterTC = ratio;
    sumInterTC += ratio;
    ++countInterTC;
  } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
              paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
    if (countInterTT == 0) {
      minInterTT = ratio;
      maxInterTT = ratio;
    } else {
      if (minInterTT > ratio)
        minInterTT = ratio;
      if (maxInterTT < ratio)</pre>
        maxInterTT = ratio;
    sumInterTT += ratio;
    ++countInterTT;
\ensuremath{//} Else, the Frames do not intersect
} else {
  // Update the counters
  if (countNoInter == 0) {
    minNoInter = ratio;
    maxNoInter = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInter > ratio)
      minNoInter = ratio;
```

```
if (maxNoInter < ratio)</pre>
    maxNoInter = ratio;
sumNoInter += ratio;
++countNoInter;
if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
    paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countNoInterCC == 0) {
    minNoInterCC = ratio;
    maxNoInterCC = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInterCC > ratio)
      minNoInterCC = ratio;
    if (maxNoInterCC < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInterCC = ratio;
  sumNoInterCC += ratio;
  ++countNoInterCC;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameCuboid &&
           paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  if (countNoInterCT == 0) {
    minNoInterCT = ratio;
    maxNoInterCT = ratio;
  } else {
    if (minNoInterCT > ratio)
      minNoInterCT = ratio;
    if (maxNoInterCT < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInterCT = ratio;
  sumNoInterCT += ratio;
  ++countNoInterCT;
} else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
           paramQ.type == FrameCuboid) {
  if (countNoInterTC == 0) {
    minNoInterTC = ratio;
    maxNoInterTC = ratio;
    if (minNoInterTC > ratio)
    minNoInterTC = ratio;
if (maxNoInterTC < ratio)</pre>
      maxNoInterTC = ratio;
  sumNoInterTC += ratio;
```

```
++countNoInterTC;
        } else if (paramP.type == FrameTetrahedron &&
                    paramQ.type == FrameTetrahedron) {
          if (countNoInterTT == 0) {
            minNoInterTT = ratio;
            maxNoInterTT = ratio;
          } else {
            if (minNoInterTT > ratio)
              minNoInterTT = ratio;
            if (maxNoInterTT < ratio)
              maxNoInterTT = ratio;
          }
          sumNoInterTT += ratio;
          ++countNoInterTT;
     }
    // Else, if time of execution for FMB was less than a 10ms
    } else if (deltausFMB < 10) {
      printf("deltausFMB < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");</pre>
      exit(0);
    // Else, if time of execution for SAT was less than a 10\,\mathrm{ms}
    } else if (deltausSAT < 10) {</pre>
      printf("deltausSAT < 10ms, increase NB_REPEAT\n");</pre>
      exit(0);
    }
    // Flip the pair of Frames
    that = &Q;
    tho = &P;
  }
}
void Qualify3DDynamic(void) {
  // Initialise the random generator
  srandom(time(NULL));
  // Loop on runs
  for (int iRun = 0;
       iRun < NB_RUNS;</pre>
       ++iRun) {
    // Ratio intersection/no intersection for the displayed results
    double ratioInter = 0.1 + 0.8 * (double)iRun / (double)(NB_RUNS - 1);
    // Initialize counters
    minInter = 0.0;
    maxInter = 0.0;
```

```
sumInter = 0.0;
countInter = 0;
minNoInter = 0.0;
maxNoInter = 0.0;
sumNoInter = 0.0;
countNoInter = 0;
minInterCC = 0.0;
maxInterCC = 0.0;
sumInterCC = 0.0;
countInterCC = 0;
minNoInterCC = 0.0;
maxNoInterCC = 0.0;
sumNoInterCC = 0.0;
countNoInterCC = 0;
minInterCT = 0.0;
maxInterCT = 0.0;
sumInterCT = 0.0;
countInterCT = 0;
minNoInterCT = 0.0;
maxNoInterCT = 0.0;
sumNoInterCT = 0.0;
countNoInterCT = 0;
minInterTC = 0.0;
maxInterTC = 0.0;
sumInterTC = 0.0;
countInterTC = 0;
minNoInterTC = 0.0;
maxNoInterTC = 0.0;
sumNoInterTC = 0.0;
countNoInterTC = 0;
minInterTT = 0.0;
maxInterTT = 0.0;
sumInterTT = 0.0;
countInterTT = 0;
minNoInterTT = 0.0;
maxNoInterTT = 0.0;
sumNoInterTT = 0.0;
countNoInterTT = 0;
// Declare two variables to memozie the arguments to the
// Qualification function
Param3DTime paramP;
Param3DTime paramQ;
// Loop on the number of tests
for (unsigned long iTest = NB_TESTS;
     iTest--;) {
  // Create two random Frame definitions
  Param3DTime* param = &paramP;
  for (int iParam = 2;
       iParam--;) {
    // 50% chance of being a Cuboid or a Tetrahedron
    if (rnd() < 0.5)
     param -> type = FrameCuboid;
    else
      param -> type = FrameTetrahedron;
```

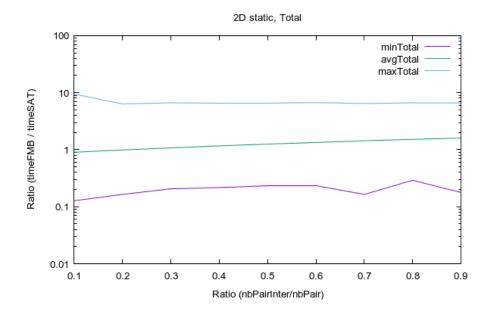
```
for (int iAxis = 3;
         iAxis--;) {
      param -> orig[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      param -> speed[iAxis] = -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      for (int iComp = 3;
           iComp --;) {
        param -> comp[iComp][iAxis] =
          -RANGE_AXIS + 2.0 * rnd() * RANGE_AXIS;
      }
    }
    param = &paramQ;
  // Calculate the determinant of the Frames' components matrix
double detP =
  paramP.comp[0][0] * (paramP.comp[1][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
  paramP.comp[1][2] * paramP.comp[2][1])
  paramP.comp[1][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[2][2]-
  paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[2][1]) +
  paramP.comp[2][0] * (paramP.comp[0][1] * paramP.comp[1][2]-
  paramP.comp[0][2] * paramP.comp[1][1]);
double detQ =
  paramQ.comp[0][0] * (paramQ.comp[1][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
  paramQ.comp[1][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) -
  paramQ.comp[1][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[2][2]-
 paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[2][1]) +
  paramQ.comp[2][0] * (paramQ.comp[0][1] * paramQ.comp[1][2]-
  paramQ.comp[0][2] * paramQ.comp[1][1]);
  // If the determinants are not null, ie the Frame are not degenerate
  if (fabs(detP) > EPSILON && fabs(detQ) > EPSILON) {
    // Run the validation on the two Frames
    Qualification3DDynamic(
      paramP,
      paramQ);
  }
}
// Display the results
if (iRun == 0) {
  printf("percPairInter\t");
  printf("countInter\tcountNoInter\t");
  printf("minInter\tavgInter\tmaxInter\t");
  printf("minNoInter\tavgNoInter\tmaxNoInter\t");
  printf("minTotal\tavgTotal\tmaxTotal\t");
  printf("countInterCC\tcountNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minInterCC\tavgInterCC\tmaxInterCC\t");
```

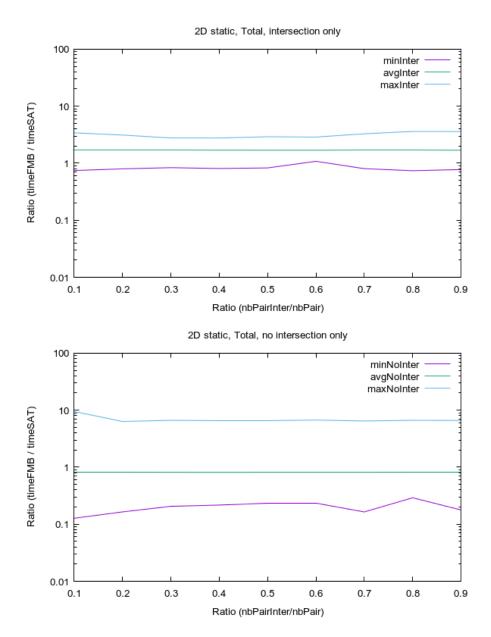
```
printf("minNoInterCC\tavgNoInterCC\tmaxNoInterCC\t");
  printf("minTotalCC\tavgTotalCC\tmaxTotalCC\t");
  printf("countInterCT\tcountNoInterCT\t");
  printf("minInterCT\tavgInterCT\tmaxInterCT\t");
  printf("minNoInterCT\tavgNoInterCT\tmaxNoInterCT\t");
  printf ("minTotalCT \setminus tavgTotalCT \setminus tmaxTotalCT \setminus t");\\
  printf("countInterTC\tcountNoInterTC\t");
  printf("minInterTC\tavgInterTC\tmaxInterTC\t");
  printf("minNoInterTC\tavgNoInterTC\tmaxNoInterTC\t");
  printf("minTotalTC\tavgTotalTC\tmaxTotalTC\t");
  printf("countInterTT\tcountNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minInterTT\tavgInterTT\tmaxInterTT\t");
  printf("minNoInterTT\tavgNoInterTT\tmaxNoInterTT\t");
  printf("minTotalTT\tavgTotalTT\tmaxTotalTT\n");
printf("%.1f\t", ratioInter);
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInter, countNoInter);
double avgInter = sumInter / (double)countInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t", minInter, avgInter, maxInter);
double avgNoInter = sumNoInter / (double)countNoInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInter, avgNoInter, maxNoInter);
double avg =
  ratioInter * avgInter + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInter;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
  (minNoInter < minInter ? minNoInter : minInter),</pre>
  avg,
  (maxNoInter > maxInter ? maxNoInter : maxInter));
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCC, countNoInterCC);
double avgInterCC = sumInterCC / (double)countInterCC;
printf("\%f\t\%f\t", minInterCC, avgInterCC, maxInterCC);\\
double avgNoInterCC = sumNoInterCC / (double)countNoInterCC;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCC, avgNoInterCC, maxNoInterCC);
double avgCC =
  ratioInter * avgInterCC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCC;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
  (minNoInterCC < minInterCC ? minNoInterCC : minInterCC),</pre>
  avgCC,
  (maxNoInterCC > maxInterCC ? maxNoInterCC : maxInterCC));
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterCT, countNoInterCT);
double avgInterCT = sumInterCT / (double)countInterCT;
printf("\%f\t\%f\t", minInterCT, avgInterCT, maxInterCT);\\
double avgNoInterCT = sumNoInterCT / (double)countNoInterCT;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterCT, avgNoInterCT, maxNoInterCT);
double avgCT =
  ratioInter * avgInterCT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterCT;
printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
  (minNoInterCT < minInterCT ? minNoInterCT : minInterCT),</pre>
  avgCT,
  (maxNoInterCT > maxInterCT ? maxNoInterCT : maxInterCT));
printf("%lu\t%lu\t", countInterTC, countNoInterTC);
double avgInterTC = sumInterTC / (double)countInterTC;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTC, avgInterTC, maxInterTC);
double avgNoInterTC = sumNoInterTC / (double)countNoInterTC;
```

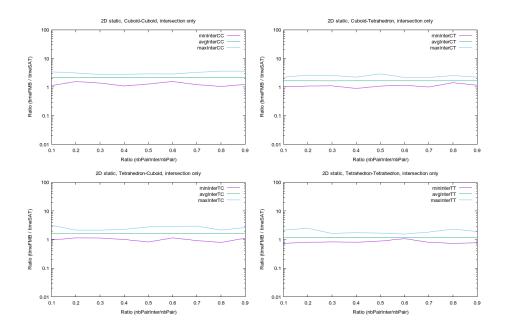
```
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTC, avgNoInterTC, maxNoInterTC);
    double avgTC =
      ratioInter * avgInterTC + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTC;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\t",
       (minNoInterTC < minInterTC ? minNoInterTC : minInterTC),</pre>
      avgTC,
       (maxNoInterTC > maxInterTC ? maxNoInterTC : maxInterTC));
    printf("\%lu\t", countInterTT, countNoInterTT);\\
    double avgInterTT = sumInterTT / (double)countInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t", minInterTT, avgInterTT, maxInterTT);
double avgNoInterTT = sumNoInterTT / (double)countNoInterTT;
printf("%f\t%f\t", minNoInterTT, avgNoInterTT, maxNoInterTT);
    double avgTT =
      ratioInter * avgInterTT + (1.0 - ratioInter) * avgNoInterTT;
    printf("%f\t%f\t%f\n",
      (minNoInterTT < minInterTT ? minNoInterTT : minInterTT),</pre>
      avgTT,
       (maxNoInterTT > maxInterTT ? maxNoInterTT : maxInterTT));
  }
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  Qualify3DDynamic();
  return 0;
```

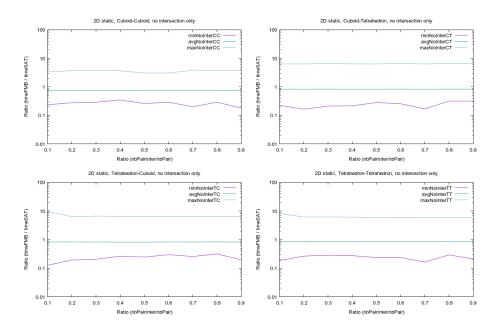
9.2 Results

9.2.1 2D static









9.2.2 3D static

```
percPairInter countInter countNoInter minInter
                                                               avgInter
     \verb|maxInter| minNoInter| avgNoInter| maxNoInter|

    maxInter
    minNoInter
    avgNoInter
    maxNoInterCC

    minTotal
    avgTotal
    maxTotal
    countInterCC

    countNoInterCC
    minInterCC
    avgInterCC
    maxInterCC

    minNoInterCC
    avgNoInterCC
    maxNoInterCC
    minTotalCC

    avgTotalCC
    countInterCT
    countNoInterCT
    minNoInterCT

    minInterCT
    maxNoInterCT
    minNoInterCT
    avgTotalCT

    maxTotalCT
    countInterTC
    countNoInterTC
    avgTotalCT

    avgInterTC
    maxInterTC
    minNoInterTC
    avgNoInterTC

    maxNoInterTC
    minTotalTC
    avgTotalTC
    maxTotalTC

    countInterTT
    countInterTT
    minInterTT
    avgInterTT

   countInterTT countNoInterTT minInterTT
maxInterTT minNoInterTT avgNoInterT
minTotalTT avgTotalTT maxTotalTT
                                                   avgInterTT
                                   	exttt{minInterTT} \\ 	exttt{avgNoInterTT}
                                                    maxNoInterTT
                                    maxTotalTT
0.1 31320 168680 0.192922
                                    0.513427 1.139241
9.967742 0.039084
                                                       1.139241
    0.039084
               0.549450
                                                                    0.545848
       9.967742 10468
                                    39740 0.509569 0.770473
    0.433088 0.723122 0.044234 0.535085 9.062500
          0.044234 0.524885 9.062500 7860
                                                                  41994
    9.967742 0.048253 0.526985 9.967742
           44712 0.192922 0.237842 0.343811 0.039084
           0.712014 8.666667 0.039084 0.664596
    8.666667
    31610 168390 0.188849
                                                 0.02
0.037657
0.770
                                      0.516288
                                                      0.887430
                                   9.483871
    0.037657
               0.547060
                                                                    0.540906
          9.483871 10744 39436 0.665595 0.770501
    9.483871 0.048013 0.511880 9.483871
           44572 0.188849 0.237693 0.326506 0.037657
           0.711275 8.708333 0.037657 0.616559
    8.708333
    8.708333

31992 168008 0.180296 0.513761 0.906593

0.039381 0.547419 9.483871 0.039381 0.537322

9.483871 10746 39256 0.671033 0.770159

0.906593 0.065022 0.398679 3.027778 0.065022
   31992 168008 0.180296
    0.510123 3.027778 7934
    0.282869 0.432582 0.657984 0.048013
          9.483871 0.048013 0.501105 9.483871
    5302
           44376 0.180296 0.237995 0.508494 0.039381
          0.705027 8.666667 0.039381 0.564917
    8.666667
   8.666667
31360 168640 0.191465 0.515778 1.375000
0.547455 9.531250 0.038244

    1.375000
    0.065760
    0.396725
    3.000000
    0.065760

    0.546301
    3.000000
    7730
    41988
    0.224696

    0.433092
    0.816076
    0.046667
    0.532354
    9.531250

          0.046667 0.492649 9.531250 7848
    0.248731 0.433076 0.629794 0.047544
                                                                    0.530855
         9.064516 0.047544 0.491743 9.064516
          44892 0.191465 0.237845 0.287141 0.038244 0.709616 8.791667 0.038244 0.520908
    8.791667
```

```
0.512272 1.122523
9.387097 0.039531
0.5 31298 168702 0.193364
  0.039531 0.548295
                                              0.530284
       9.387097 10360
                        39864 0.494598 0.770385
  1.122523 0.064588
                        0.394956 3.048611 0.064588
      0.582670 3.048611 7948
  0.046823 0.484990 9.354839 7798
  9.387097 0.045741 0.483691 9.387097
2 44678 0.193364 0.237719 0.290798 0.039531
0.708856 8.750000 0.039531 0.473287
  8.750000
  0.244792 0.433197 0.695122 0.045814
      9.387097 0.045814 0.472679 9.387097

      44818
      0.190972
      0.238296
      0.356265
      0.037088

      0.711268
      8.833333
      0.037088
      0.427485

  8.833333
  8.833333

31346 168654 0.196450 0.513240 0.928821

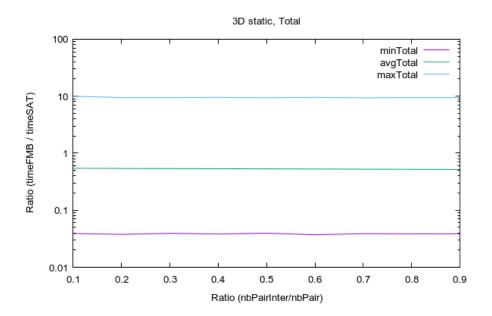
0.547391 9.354839 0.038849

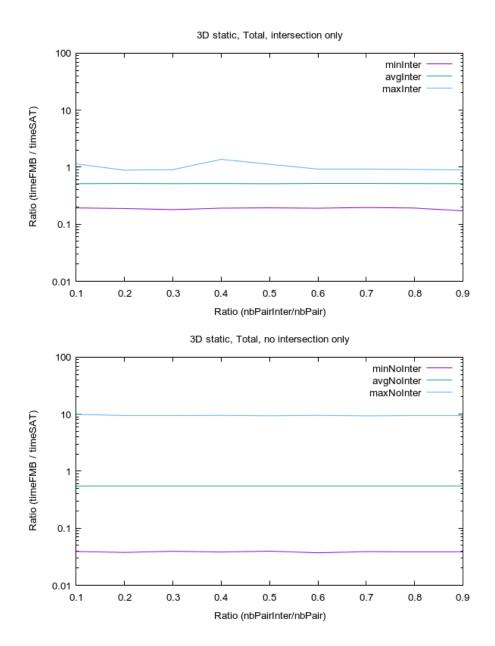
0.7705
                                              0.523485
      9.354839 10340
                        39238 0.537079 0.770524
  42280
0.530850
  0.285714 0.433199 0.630528 0.048232
   9.354839 0.048232 0.462494 9.354839
      44734 0.196450 0.238099 0.308354 0.038849
       0.707887 8.833333 0.038849 0.379036
  8.833333
                        0.514874
  8.833333
31974 168026 0.191908 0.514874 0.913858
0.546999 9.406250 0.038462
0.8
   9.406250 10838
                        39246 0.516169 0.770267
  0.913858 0.067757 0.394635 2.972414 0.067757
  0.045016 0.452473 9.290323 7932
  0.284341 0.432851 0.775862 0.047771
                                              0.536222
       9.406250 0.047771 0.453525 9.406250
      44438 0.191908 0.237973 0.345920 0.038462
       0.708918 9.043478 0.038462 0.332162
  9.043478
                                    0.894621
                         0.513610
  31648 168350 0.172107
0.038621 0.550359
9.406250 10616
                       0.513610 0.894621
9.406250 0.038621
                                             0.517285
                        39358 0.623881 0.770097
  0.894621 0.067720 0.398861 3.172414 0.067720 0.732974 3.172414 8090 42400 0.261614
                                  42400 0.261614
0.534675 9.125000
  0.433045 0.618705 0.047297
      0.047297 0.443208 9.125000 7686
                                              41646
  0.246261 0.432869 0.649199 0.048822 0.533386

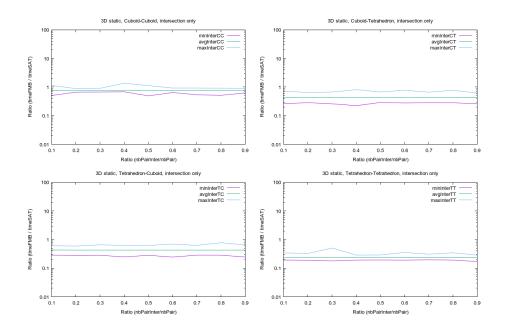
    9.406250
    0.048822
    0.442921
    9.406250

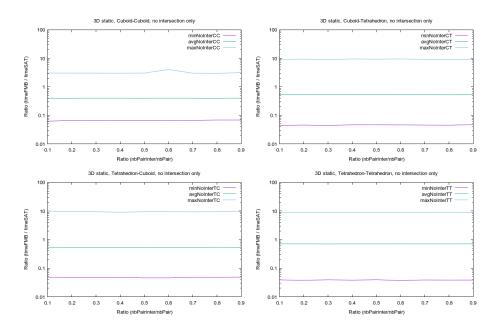
    44946
    0.172107
    0.237635
    0.286061
    0.038621

       0.713545 8.791667 0.038621 0.285226
  8.791667
```









9.2.3 2D dynamic

```
percPairInter countInter countNoInter minInter
                                                                             avgInter
         \verb|maxInter| minNoInter| avgNoInter| maxNoInter|
    minTotal avgTotal maxTotal countInterCC countNoInterCC minNoInterCC avgInterCC maxInterCC minNoInterCC avgNoInterCC minNoInterCC avgNoInterCC minTotalCC
    avgTotalCC maxTotalCC countInterCT countNoInterCT
minInterCT avgInterCT maxInterCT minNoInterCT
avgNoInterCT maxNoInterCT minTotalCT avgTotalCT
maxTotalCT countInterTC countNoInterTC minInterTC
avgInterTC maxInterTC minNoInterTC avgNoInterTC
maxNoInterTC minTotalTC avgTotalTC
maxTotalTC maxTotalTC maxTotalTC
                                           avgTotalTC
    countInterTT countNoInterTT minInterTT
maxInterTT minNoInterTT avgNoInterT
minTotalTT avgTotalTT maxTotalTT
                                                               avgInterTT
                                           {	t minInterTT} \\ {	t avgNoInterTT}
                                                               maxNoInterTT
                                            maxTotalTT
0.1 74046 125938 1.101266
0.104294 1.265262
                                            2.358536 5.560345
16.440000 0.104294
                                                                                  1.374590
      16.440000 19576
                                            30470 2.027322 3.186238
    5.560345 0.185185 1.286871 16.440000 0.185185
            1.476808 16.440000 18680
                                                               31210 1.324201

    2.244966
    3.937500
    0.150538
    1.254232

    15.454545
    0.150538
    1.353305
    15.454545
    18516

     31278 1.227468 2.247905 3.297710 0.104294

    1.256146
    15.304348
    0.104294
    1.355322

    15.304348
    17274
    32980
    1.101266
    1.661932
    3

    0.166667
    1.264382
    12.826087
    0.166667

                                                                                 3.208556
    2.366872
                                                                 5.846154
                                                             0.123188
     0.123188 1.250572
                                            15.840000
                                                                                   1.473832
        15.840000 20148
                                            29806 2.384615 3.186520
     5.846154 0.173469 1.252414 15.840000 0.173469
        1.639235 15.840000 18576
                                                              31568 1.010526

    2.244579
    5.407692
    0.123188
    1.248257

    15.391304
    0.123188
    1.447521
    15.391304
    18466

     31102 1.464646 2.247188 3.135338 0.124031

    1.249569
    15.636364
    0.124031
    1.449092

    15.636364
    17090
    33236
    1.273171
    1.662805

    0.141509
    1.252057
    12.884615
    0.141509

                                                                                   3.266234
    1.334207 12.884615
75180 124818 1.308081
                                              2.364470
                                                                  5.167939
                                           16.800000 0.123077
     0.123077 1.269131
                                                                                 1.597733
      16.800000 20308
                                           30156 2.044444 3.185785
     3.739130 0.213333 1.278537 16.800000 0.213333
         1.850712 16.800000 18778
                                                              30970 1.489583

      2.244046
      2.937500
      0.123077
      1.267639

      15.681818
      0.123077
      1.560561
      15.681818
      18670

     31220 1.398058 2.248496 5.167939 0.140187

    1.270668
    15.727273
    0.140187
    1.564016

    15.727273
    17424
    32472
    1.308081
    1.661261

    0.146789
    1.260340
    12.136364
    0.1467

                                                                             2.085526
         0.146789
                                  1.260340 12.136364 0.146789
    1.380616 12.136364
74734 125254 0.954248
0.122302 1.256788
                                            2.361784
                                                                 5.512605
      1.122302 1.256788 15.869565 0.122302 1.
15.869565 19968 29824 1.741784 3.186249
     5.512605 0.208333
                                            1.271941 15.615385 0.208333
                                                              31734 1.432836
      2.037664 15.615385 18546

    2.244966
    4.206107
    0.149533
    1.277040

    15.590909
    0.149533
    1.664210
    15.590909
    18856

     31254 0.954248 2.247703 3.141732 0.122302
    2.168831
     1.409774 12.125000
```

```
0.5 74738 125254 1.278008
                                                   2.356772 4.664122
28.269231 0.135922
                                                       2.356772
    0.135922 1.259032
                                                                                                 1.807902
               28.269231 19864
                                                   29840 1.795122 3.186071
                                                   1.246942 28.269231 0.217949
      4.121739 0.217949
           2.216507 28.269231 18442
                                                                         31200 1.278008

      2.244074
      3.586466
      0.135922
      1.275640

      21.291667
      0.135922
      1.759857
      21.291667

     31060 1.298387 2.246330 4.664122 0.150943

    1.276893
    15.652174
    0.150943
    1.761612

    15.652174
    17732
    33154
    1.284314
    1.661446
    2

    0.164948
    1.237552
    12.080000
    0.164948

                                                                                                  2.140127
     1.449499 12.080000
74628 125350 1.123932
                                                   2.363098
                                                                             4.213675

      74628
      125350
      1.123932
      2.363098
      4.213675

      0.120301
      1.248680
      18.291667
      0.120301
      1.917330

      18.291667
      20046
      29684
      2.469799
      3.186141

      4.213675
      0.200000
      1.232842
      15.480000
      0.200000

       2.404821 15.480000 18854
                                                                         31428 1.576923

    2.244446
    3.594771
    0.120301
    1.245951

    18.291667
    0.120301
    1.845048
    18.291667
    18418

     31382 1.350711 2.247641 3.065359 0.142857
     1.285934 15.590909 0.142857 1.862958
15.590909 17310 32856 1.123932 1.662047 2.260331
                                        1.230014 14.000000 0.154545
       0.154545
     1.489234 14.000000
                                                 2.361307

    74516
    125482
    1.171315
    2.361307
    5.077586

    0.133858
    1.237286
    16.160000
    0.133858

    16.160000
    19900
    29680
    1.569620
    3.1865

                                                                           5.077586
                                                                                                 2.024101
                                                   29680 1.569620 3.186544
                                                   1.250191 16.160000 0.180723
00 18678 31774 1.402913
     5.077586 0.180723
       2.605638 16.160000 18678

      2.244859
      3.105263
      0.135593
      1.246248

      15.636364
      0.135593
      1.945276
      15.636364

                                                                                                  18596
     31614 1.171315 2.247502 3.023810 0.133858

    1.231862
    15.636364
    0.133858
    1.942810

    15.636364
    17342
    32414
    1.301020
    1.661799
    2.029240

    0.133858
    1.221973
    12.375000
    0.133858

     1.529851 12.375000
                                                   2.357291
                                                                           6.146552
    74406 125590 1.146245 2.357291 6.146552
0.140187 1.249232 15.692308 0.140187 2.135679
15.692308 19734 30328 2.044199 3.185984
6.146552 0.148148 1.242731 15.692308 0.148148
0.8

    2.797334
    15.692308
    18390
    31264
    1.295154

    2.244468
    3.015625
    0.141667
    1.251463

    15.590909
    0.141667
    2.045867
    15.590909
    18700

     31424 1.146245 2.247202 3.503759 0.140187
     1.247893 15.652174 0.140187 2.047340
15.652174 17582 32574 1.203704 1.662266 2.053691
       0.157895 1.254434 12.708333 0.157895
     1.580699 12.708333
                                                     2.360736

    74570
    125418
    1.170648
    2.360736
    4.405172

    0.132743
    1.257176
    15.818182
    0.132743
    2.250380

    15.818182
    1.455840
    3.186189

      4.405172 0.208955 1.253846 15.400000 0.208955
       2.992955 15.400000 18778 30828 1.523560

      2.244802
      3.137405
      0.132743
      1.273717

      15.818182
      0.132743
      2.147693
      15.818182

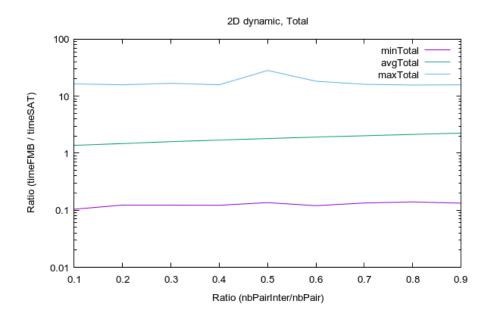
                                                                                                  18468
     31302 1.170648 2.248282 3.000000 0.148148

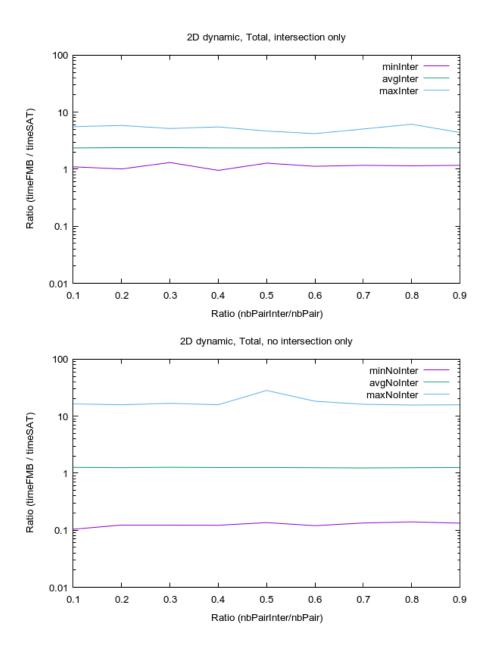
    1.243697
    15.458333
    0.148148
    2.147824

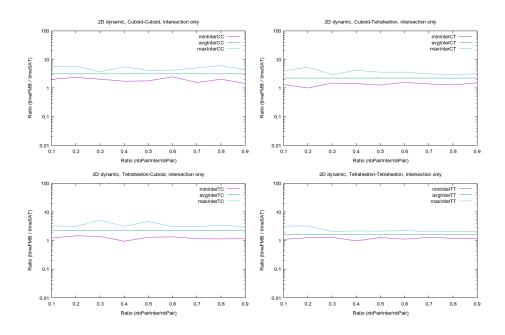
    15.458333
    17424
    32700
    1.177570
    1.662121
    2

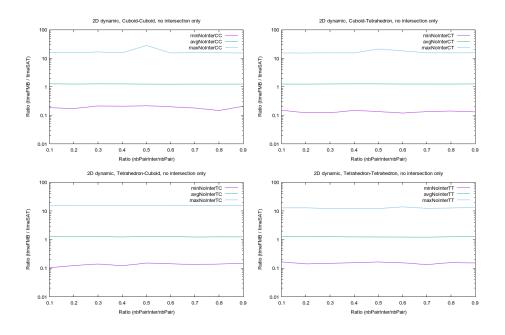
    0.153061
    1.257600
    13.625000
    0.153061

                                                                                                  2.101266
      1.621669 13.625000
```









9.2.4 3D dynamic

```
percPairInter countInter countNoInter minInter
                                                                          avgInter
        maxInter minNoInter avgNoInter maxNoInter
    minTotal avgTotal maxTotal countInterCC countNoInterCC minNoInterCC avgInterCC maxInterCC minNoInterCC avgNoInterCC minNoInterCC avgNoInterCC minTotalCC
    avgTotalCC maxTotalCC countInterCT countNoInterCT
minInterCT avgInterCT maxInterCT minNoInterCT
avgNoInterCT maxNoInterCT minTotalCT avgTotalCT
maxTotalCT countInterTC countNoInterTC minInterTC
avgInterTC maxInterTC minNoInterTC avgNoInterTC
maxNoInterTC minTotalTC avgTotalTC
maxTotalTC maxTotalTC maxTotalTC
                                         avgTotalTC
    countInterTT countNoInterTT minInterTT
maxInterTT minNoInterTT avgNoInterT
minTotalTT avgTotalTT maxTotalTT
                                                            avgInterTT
                                          {	t minInterTT} \\ {	t avgNoInterTT}
                                                            maxNoInterTT
                                          maxTotalTT
0.1 52242 147758 0.290873
0.025934 0.671612
                                                          3.23,
0.025934
2.600
                                           1.610162
                                                                               0.765467
                                          29.638889
    29.638889 15868 33980 1.931278 2.600608
3.297670 0.037657 0.603900 13.069565 0.037657
           0.803571 13.069565 13058
                                                             36978 0.449164

    1.412344
    2.617218
    0.027090
    0.665125

    22.600000
    0.027090
    0.739847
    22.600000

                                                                          13250
    36660 0.478892 1.410781 2.536491 0.027712
    0.649125 22.660000 0.027712 0.725291
22.660000 10066 40140 0.290873 0.567892 0.767698
0.025934 0.755444 29.638889 0.025934
    0.736689 29.638889
                                          1.610094
                                                               3.073128
     51968 148032 0.288125
                                                           0.025895
    0.025895 0.681211
                                          27.083333
                                                                                0.866988
      27.083333 16000
                                          33800 2.165796 2.600005
     3.073128 0.037815 0.595727 12.866953 0.037815
                                                            37106 0.477951
         0.996583 12.866953 12758

    1.413804
    2.515855
    0.025895
    0.672838

    21.607843
    0.025895
    0.821031
    21.607843
    12918

    36676 0.481333 1.410064 2.714615 0.026094

      0.672286
      22.326923
      0.026094
      0.819842

      22.326923
      10292
      40450
      0.288125
      0.565564

                                                                                0.902900
          0.026114 0.768414 27.083333 0.026114
    0.727844 27.083333
52534 147466 0.298597
                                             1.615679
                                                               3.197023
                                        28.189189 0.026636
    0.026636 0.676677
                                                                               0.958378
    28.189189 16162 33762 2.323899 2.599717
3.197023 0.037229 0.586140 12.696203 0.037229
          1.190213 12.696203 13356
                                                            36606 0.422657

    1.413241
    2.608926
    0.026709
    0.677594

    17.431694
    0.026709
    0.898288
    17.431694
    12958

    36890 0.440848 1.412361 2.504228 0.026636

      0.665728
      22.403846
      0.026636
      0.889718

      22.403846
      10058
      40208
      0.298597
      0.565204

                                                                              0.921448
                                 0.761911 28.189189 0.027687
      0.027687
    0.702899 28.189189
                                          1.610209
    52786 147214 0.297082
0.025241 0.675886
                                                               3.168854
0.4 52786
                                          26.743590 0.025241 1.
33810 1.895429 2.600550
      26.743590 16066
     3.168854 0.036254
                                          0.583432 12.761702 0.036254
     1.390280 12.761702 12978
                                                           36786 0.474486

    1.412238
    2.537809
    0.026814
    0.675101

    21.431373
    0.026814
    0.969956
    21.431373
    13520

    37028 0.484043 1.413193 2.557088 0.025241
    0.680432 26.743590
```

```
0.5 52224 147776 0.299807
                                             1.611474 2.959471
27.054054 0.026054
                                                  1.611474
    0.026054 0.676503
     27.054054 15940
2.959471 0.036400
                                              34064 2.181041 2.601277
                                              0.586448 12.869198 0.036400
          1.593862 12.869198 13140
                                                                  36612 0.441212

      1.412264
      2.542945
      0.026134
      0.660885

      21.788462
      0.026134
      1.036575
      21.788462

                                                                                        12976

      0.669565
      22.215686
      0.026562
      1.042158

      22.215686
      10168
      39762
      0.299807
      0.568282

                                                                                        0.754330
      0.026054
                                    0.774547 27.054054 0.026054
    0.671414 27.054054
52376 147624 0.300454
                                              1.618063
                                                                     3.089552

    0.025719
    0.684046
    27.914286
    0.025719
    1

    27.914286
    16082
    33828
    2.023129
    2.600989

    3.089552
    0.037578
    0.619900
    13.000000
    0

                                              0.619900 13.000000 0.037578
      1.808553 13.000000 13282
                                                                 37088 0.470886

    1.413226
    2.740684
    0.026625
    0.665423

    22.117647
    0.026625
    1.114105
    22.117647
    13122

     37048 0.476345 1.411448 2.521672 0.026415

    0.670271
    22.250000
    0.026415
    1.114977

    22.250000
    9890
    39660
    0.300454
    0.568967
    0.804613

                                    0.769042 27.914286 0.025719
       0.025719
     0.648997 27.914286
                                            1.604377
                                                                   3.107989
    52274 147726 0.305812
0.025797 0.678458
                                              1.604377 3.107989
27.891892 0.025797
                                               33878 1.924213 2.600096
      27.891892 15864
                                              0.588855 12.987124 0.037461
24 13030 36792 0.458587
     3.107989 0.037461
       1.996723 12.987124 13030

      1.412099
      2.717910
      0.027153
      0.664762

      21.600000
      0.027153
      1.187898
      21.600000
      13030

     37472 0.470896 1.409149 2.546646 0.025994

      0.680269
      22.192308
      0.025994
      1.190485

      22.192308
      10350
      39584
      0.305812
      0.566028
      0.754795

      0.025797
      0.766159
      27.891892
      0.025797

     0.626068 27.891892
                                                                   3.169039
                                               1.614248
    52466 147534 0.294821
0.025335 0.677598
0.8
                                             27.421053 0.025335
                                                                                       1.426918

    0.025335
    0.677598
    27.421053
    0.025335
    1.425510

    27.421053
    16156
    34018
    2.141829
    2.600649

    3.169039
    0.038015
    0.582432
    12.827731
    0.038015

    2.197005
    12.827731
    13282
    36602
    0.440934

    1.411897
    2.590315
    0.026214
    0.677350

    22.352941
    0.026214
    1.264988
    22.352941
    12868

     37268 0.427838 1.411432 2.538224 0.026583

      0.680214
      21.615385
      0.026583
      1.265189

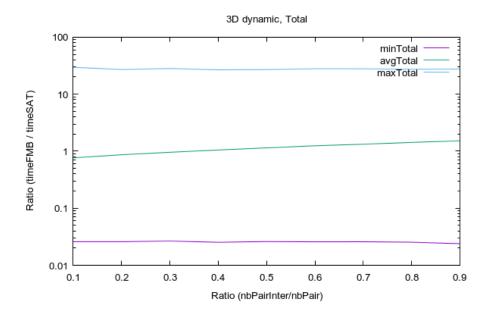
      21.615385
      10160
      39646
      0.294821
      0.567117
      0.769333

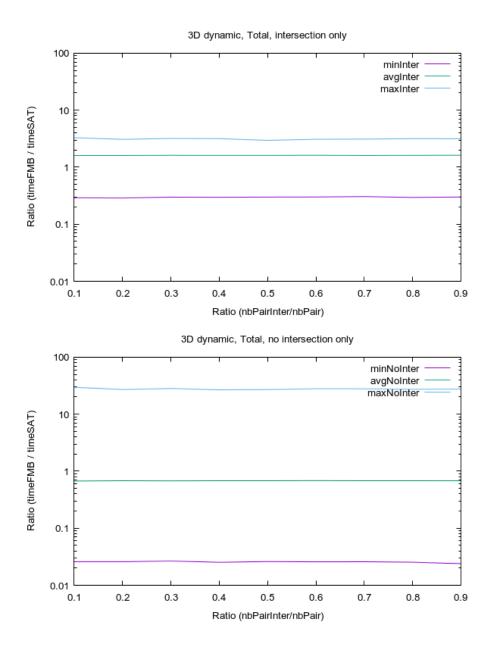
       0.025335 0.757024 27.421053 0.025335
     0.605098 27.421053
                                                1.619654
     51814 148186 0.300334
0.023910 0.679205
                                                                      3.154047
                                              27.648649 0.023910 1
34092 1.712674 2.601062
                                                                                      1.525609
          27.648649 15954
     3.154047 0.036400 0.593939 13.017241 0.036400
       2.400350 13.017241 13132 36996 0.468387

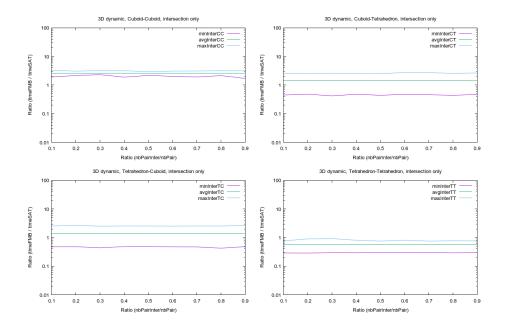
      1.412616
      2.660363
      0.026709
      0.684034

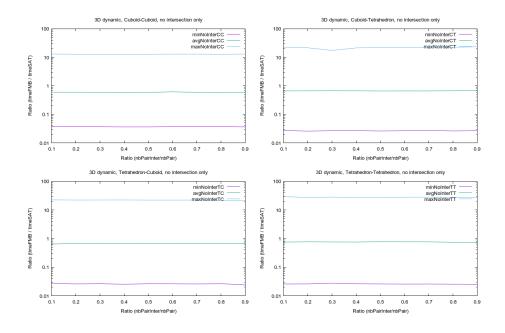
      23.625000
      0.026709
      1.339758
      23.625000

                                                                                        13014
     37236 0.481258 1.412127 2.723614 0.023910
     0.669694 21.580000 0.023910 1.337884
21.580000 9714 39862 0.300334 0.565729 0.764037
0.024963 0.756531 27.648649 0.024963
     0.584809 27.648649
```









10 Conclusion

The validation proves that the FMB algorithm correctly identifies intersection of pairs of Frames in accordance with the results of the SAT algorithm.

The qualification proves that the FMB algorithm is in average 50% slower than the SAT algorithm in 2D, and 17% faster in 3D.

11 Annex

11.1 SAT implementation

In this section I introduce the code of the implementation of the SAT algorithm, used to validate and qualify the FMB algorithm.

11.1.1 Header

```
#ifndef __SAT_H_
#define __SAT_H_
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "frame.h"
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Test for intersection between 2D Frame 'that' and 2D Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection2D(
 const Frame2D* const that,
 const Frame2D* const tho);
// Test for intersection between moving 2D Frame 'that' and 2D
// Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection2DTime(
 const Frame2DTime* const that,
 const Frame2DTime* const tho);
// Test for intersection between 3D Frame 'that' and 3D Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection3D(
 const Frame3D* const that,
  const Frame3D* const tho);
// Test for intersection between moving 3D Frame 'that' and 3D
// Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection3DTime(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
```

```
const Frame3DTime* const tho);
#endif
11.1.2
        \mathbf{Body}
#include "sat.h"
// ----- Macros -----
#define EPSILON 0.000001
// ----- Functions declaration -----
// Check the intersection constraint along one axis
bool CheckAxis3D(
  const Frame3D* const that,
  const Frame3D* const tho,
  const double* const axis);
// Check the intersection constraint along one axis
bool CheckAxis3DTime(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
  const Frame3DTime* const tho,
  const double* const axis,
const double* const relSpeed);
// ----- Functions implementation -----
// Test for intersection between 2D Frame 'that' and 2D Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection2D(
  const Frame2D* const that,
  const Frame2D* const tho) {
  // Declare a variable to loop on Frames and commonalize code
  const Frame2D* frameEdge = that;
  // Loop to commonalize code when checking SAT based on that's edges
  // and then tho's edges
  for (int iFrame = 2;
       iFrame --;) {
    // Shortcuts
    FrameType frameEdgeType = frameEdge->type;
    const double* frameEdgeCompA = frameEdge->comp[0];
    const double* frameEdgeCompB = frameEdge -> comp[1];
    // Declare a variable to memorize the number of edges, by default 2
    int nbEdges = 2;
    // Declare a variable to memorize the third edge in case of
    // tetrahedron
    double thirdEdge[2];
    // If the frame is a tetrahedron
    if (frameEdgeType == FrameTetrahedron) {
      // Initialise the third edge
      thirdEdge[0] = frameEdgeCompB[0] - frameEdgeCompA[0];
thirdEdge[1] = frameEdgeCompB[1] - frameEdgeCompA[1];
```

```
// Correct the number of edges
  nbEdges = 3;
// Loop on the frame's edges
for (int iEdge = nbEdges;
     iEdge--;) {
  // Get the current edge
  const double* edge =
    (iEdge == 2 ? thirdEdge : frameEdge->comp[iEdge]);
  \ensuremath{//} Declare variables to memorize the boundaries of projection
  // of the two frames on the current edge
  double bdgBoxA[2];
  double bdgBoxB[2];
  // Declare two variables to loop on Frames and commonalize code
  const Frame2D* frame = that;
  double* bdgBox = bdgBoxA;
  // Loop on Frames
  for (int iFrame = 2;
       iFrame--;) {
    // Shortcuts
    const double* frameOrig = frame->orig;
    const double* frameCompA = frame->comp[0];
    const double* frameCompB = frame->comp[1];
    FrameType frameType = frame->type;
    // \operatorname{Get} the number of vertices of frame
    int nbVertices = (frameType == FrameTetrahedron ? 3 : 4);
    \ensuremath{//} Declare a variable to memorize if the current vertex is
    // the first in the loop, used to initialize the boundaries
    bool firstVertex = true;
    // Loop on vertices of the frame
    for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
         iVertex--;) {
      // Get the vertex
      double vertex[2];
      vertex[0] = frameOrig[0];
vertex[1] = frameOrig[1];
      switch (iVertex) {
        case 3:
          vertex[0] += frameCompA[0] + frameCompB[0];
          vertex[1] += frameCompA[1] + frameCompB[1];
          break;
        case 2:
          vertex[0] += frameCompA[0];
          vertex[1] += frameCompA[1];
          break;
        case 1:
          vertex[0] += frameCompB[0];
          vertex[1] += frameCompB[1];
          break:
        default:
```

```
// Get the projection of the vertex on the normal of the edge \,
                                                     // Orientation of the normal doesn't matter, so we
                                                     // use arbitrarily the normal (edge[1], -edge[0])
                                                     double proj = vertex[0] * edge[1] - vertex[1] * edge[0];
                                                     // If it's the first vertex
                                                     if (firstVertex == true) {
                                                                          // Initialize the boundaries of the projection of the // Frame on the edge \,
                                                                          bdgBox[0] = proj;
                                                                          bdgBox[1] = proj;
                                                                          // Update the flag to memorize we did the first vertex % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right
                                                                          firstVertex = false;
                                                     // Else, it's not the first vertex
                                                     } else {
                                                                // Update the boundaries of the projection of the Frame on
                                                                // the edge
                                                                if (bdgBox[0] > proj)
                                                                          bdgBox[0] = proj;
                                                               if (bdgBox[1] < proj)
  bdgBox[1] = proj;</pre>
                                                    }
                                          // Switch the frame to check the vertices of the second Frame
                                          frame = tho;
                                          bdgBox = bdgBoxB;
                                }
                                // If the projections of the two frames on the edge are
                                // not intersecting
                                if (bdgBoxB[1] < bdgBoxA[0] ||</pre>
                                                     bdgBoxA[1] < bdgBoxB[0]) {
                                                // There exists an axis which separates the Frames,
                                                // thus they are not in intersection
                                               return false;
                               }
                      // Switch the frames to test against the second Frame's edges
                     frameEdge = tho;
            // If we reaches here, it means the two Frames are intersecting
          return true;
}
```

break;

}

```
// Test for intersection between moving 2D Frame 'that' and 2D \,
// Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection2DTime(
  const Frame2DTime* const that,
  const Frame2DTime* const tho) {
  // Declare a variable to loop on Frames and commonalize code
  const Frame2DTime* frameEdge = that;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the speed of tho relative to that
  double relSpeed[2];
  relSpeed[0] = tho->speed[0] - that->speed[0];
  relSpeed[1] = tho->speed[1] - that->speed[1];
  // Loop to commonalize code when checking SAT based on that's edges
  // and then tho's edges
  for (int iFrame = 2;
       iFrame--;) {
    // Shortcuts
    FrameType frameEdgeType = frameEdge->type;
    const double* frameEdgeCompA = frameEdge->comp[0];
    const double* frameEdgeCompB = frameEdge->comp[1];
    // Declare a variable to memorize the number of edges, by default 2
    int nbEdges = 2;
    // Declare a variable to memorize the third edge in case of
    // tetrahedron
    double thirdEdge[2];
    // If the frame is a tetrahedron
    if (frameEdgeType == FrameTetrahedron) {
      // Initialise the third edge
      thirdEdge[0] = frameEdgeCompB[0] - frameEdgeCompA[0];
thirdEdge[1] = frameEdgeCompB[1] - frameEdgeCompA[1];
      // Correct the number of edges
      nbEdges = 3;
    }
    // If the current frame is the second frame
    if (iFrame == 1) {
      // Add one more edge to take into account the movement
      // of tho relative to that
      ++nbEdges;
   }
    // Loop on the frame's edges
    for (int iEdge = nbEdges;
         iEdge--;) {
      // Get the current edge
      const double* edge =
        (iEdge == 3 ? relSpeed :
          (iEdge == 2 ?
```

```
(frameEdgeType == FrameTetrahedron ? thirdEdge : relSpeed) :
                        frameEdge ->comp[iEdge]));
// Declare variables to memorize the boundaries of projection
// of the two frames on the current edge
double bdgBoxA[2];
double bdgBoxB[2];
// Declare two variables to loop on Frames and commonalize code
const Frame2DTime* frame = that;
double* bdgBox = bdgBoxA;
// Loop on Frames
for (int iFrame = 2;
                    iFrame--;) {
       // Shortcuts
        const double* frameOrig = frame->orig;
         const double* frameCompA = frame->comp[0];
        const double* frameCompB = frame->comp[1];
       FrameType frameType = frame->type;
       // Get the number of vertices of frame
       int nbVertices = (frameType == FrameTetrahedron ? 3 : 4);
        // Declare a variable to memorize if the current vertex is
        // the first in the loop, used to initialize the boundaries
       bool firstVertex = true;
       // Loop on vertices of the frame
       for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
                             iVertex--;) {
                 // Get the vertex
                 double vertex[2];
                vertex[0] = frameOrig[0];
                vertex[1] = frameOrig[1];
                switch (iVertex) {
                        case 3:
                                vertex[0] += frameCompA[0] + frameCompB[0];
                                vertex[1] += frameCompA[1] + frameCompB[1];
                               break;
                         case 2:
                                vertex[0] += frameCompA[0];
vertex[1] += frameCompA[1];
                                break;
                        case 1:
                                vertex[0] += frameCompB[0];
                                vertex[1] += frameCompB[1];
                               break;
                        default:
                                break:
               }
                // Get the projection of the vertex on the normal of the edge % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right
                \ensuremath{//} Orientation of the normal doesn't matter, so we
                // use arbitrarily the normal (edge[1], -edge[0])
                double proj = vertex[0] * edge[1] - vertex[1] * edge[0];
                // If it's the first vertex
                if (firstVertex == true) {
```

```
// Frame on the edge
           bdgBox[0] = proj;
bdgBox[1] = proj;
           // Update the flag to memorize we did the first vertex firstVertex = false;
      // Else, it's not the first vertex
      } else {
         // Update the boundaries of the projection of the Frame on
         // the edge
         if (bdgBox[0] > proj)
           bdgBox[0] = proj;
         if (bdgBox[1] < proj)</pre>
           bdgBox[1] = proj;
      }
      // If we are checking the second frame's vertices
      if (frame == tho) {
         // Check also the vertices moved by the relative speed
        vertex[0] += relSpeed[0];
vertex[1] += relSpeed[1];
         proj = vertex[0] * edge[1] - vertex[1] * edge[0];
         if (bdgBox[0] > proj)
           bdgBox[0] = proj;
         if (bdgBox[1] < proj)</pre>
           bdgBox[1] = proj;
      }
    }
    // Switch the frame to check the vertices of the second Frame
    frame = tho;
bdgBox = bdgBoxB;
  \ensuremath{//} If the projections of the two frames on the edge are
  // not intersecting
  if (bdgBoxB[1] < bdgBoxA[0] ||</pre>
      bdgBoxA[1] < bdgBoxB[0]) {
     // There exists an axis which separates the Frames,
     // thus they are not in intersection
     return false;
  }
}
// Switch the frames to test against the second Frame's edges
frameEdge = tho;
```

// Initialize the boundaries of the projection of the

```
}
  // If we reaches here, it means the two Frames are intersecting
  return true;
// Test for intersection between 3D Frame 'that' and 3D Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection3D(
  const Frame3D* const that,
  const Frame3D* const tho) {
  // Declare two variables to memorize the opposite edges in case
  // of tetrahedron
  double oppEdgesThat[3][3];
  double oppEdgesTho[3][3];
  // Declare two variables to memorize the number of edges, by default 3
  int nbEdgesThat = 3;
  int nbEdgesTho = 3;
  // If the first Frame is a tetrahedron
  if (that->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
    // Shortcuts
    const double* frameCompA = that->comp[0];
    const double* frameCompB = that->comp[1];
const double* frameCompC = that->comp[2];
    // Initialise the opposite edges
    oppEdgesThat[0][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompA[0];
oppEdgesThat[0][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompA[1];
    oppEdgesThat[0][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompA[2];
    oppEdgesThat[1][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompC[0];
    oppEdgesThat[1][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompC[1];
    oppEdgesThat[1][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompC[2];
    oppEdgesThat[2][0] = frameCompC[0] - frameCompA[0];
    oppEdgesThat[2][1] = frameCompC[1] - frameCompA[1];
oppEdgesThat[2][2] = frameCompC[2] - frameCompA[2];
    // Correct the number of edges
    nbEdgesThat = 6;
  }
  // If the second Frame is a tetrahedron
  if (tho->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
    // Shortcuts
    const double* frameCompA = tho->comp[0];
    const double* frameCompB = tho->comp[1];
const double* frameCompC = tho->comp[2];
    // Initialise the opposite edges
    oppEdgesTho[0][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompA[0];
oppEdgesTho[0][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompA[1];
    oppEdgesTho[0][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompA[2];
    oppEdgesTho[1][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompC[0];
```

```
oppEdgesTho[1][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompC[1];
  oppEdgesTho[1][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompC[2];
  oppEdgesTho[2][0] = frameCompC[0] - frameCompA[0];
  oppEdgesTho[2][1] = frameCompC[1] - frameCompA[1];
  oppEdgesTho[2][2] = frameCompC[2] - frameCompA[2];
  // Correct the number of edges
  nbEdgesTho = 6;
}
// Declare variables to loop on Frames and commonalize code
const Frame3D* frame = that;
const double (*oppEdgesA)[3] = oppEdgesThat;
// Loop to commonalize code when checking SAT based on that's edges
// and then tho's edges
for (int iFrame = 2;
     iFrame --;) {
  // Shortcuts
  FrameType frameType = frame->type;
  const double* frameCompA = frame->comp[0];
  const double* frameCompB = frame->comp[1];
  const double* frameCompC = frame->comp[2];
  // Declare a variable to memorize the number of faces, by default 3
  int nbFaces = 3;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the normal to faces
  // Arrangement is normFaces[iFace][iAxis]
 double normFaces[4][3];
  // Initialise the normal to faces
 normFaces[0][0] =
    frameCompA[1] * frameCompB[2] -
    frameCompA[2] * frameCompB[1];
  normFaces[0][1] =
    frameCompA[2] * frameCompB[0] -
    frameCompA[0] * frameCompB[2];
  normFaces[0][2] =
    frameCompA[0] * frameCompB[1] -
    frameCompA[1] * frameCompB[0];
  normFaces[1][0] =
    frameCompA[1] * frameCompC[2] -
    frameCompA[2] * frameCompC[1];
  normFaces[1][1] =
    frameCompA[2] * frameCompC[0] -
    frameCompA[0] * frameCompC[2];
  normFaces[1][2] =
    frameCompA[0] * frameCompC[1] -
    frameCompA[1] * frameCompC[0];
  normFaces[2][0] =
    frameCompC[1] * frameCompB[2] -
    frameCompC[2] * frameCompB[1];
  normFaces[2][1] =
    frameCompC[2] * frameCompB[0] -
    frameCompC[0] * frameCompB[2];
  normFaces[2][2] =
```

```
frameCompC[0] * frameCompB[1] -
                     frameCompC[1] * frameCompB[0];
          // If the frame is a tetrahedron % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)
          if (frameType == FrameTetrahedron) {
                     // Shortcuts
                     const double* oppEdgeA = oppEdgesA[0];
                     const double* oppEdgeB = oppEdgesA[1];
                     // Initialise the normal to the opposite face
                     normFaces[3][0] =
                               oppEdgeA[1] * oppEdgeB[2] -
                               oppEdgeA[2] * oppEdgeB[1];
                     normFaces[3][1] =
                               oppEdgeA[2] * oppEdgeB[0] -
oppEdgeA[0] * oppEdgeB[2];
                     normFaces[3][2] =
                               oppEdgeA[0] * oppEdgeB[1] -
oppEdgeA[1] * oppEdgeB[0];
                     // Correct the number of faces
                     nbFaces = 4;
         }
          // Loop on the frame's faces
         for (int iFace = nbFaces;
    iFace--;) {
                     // Check against the current face's normal
                     bool isIntersection =
                                CheckAxis3D(
                                          that,
                                          tho,
                                          normFaces[iFace]);
                     // If the axis is separating the Frames
                     if (isIntersection == false) {
                                // The Frames are not in intersection,
                               // terminate the test
                               return false;
                    }
         }
         \ensuremath{//} Switch the frame to test against the second Frame
         frame = tho;
          oppEdgesA = oppEdgesTho;
// Loop on the pair of edges between the two frames
for (int iEdgeThat = nbEdgesThat;
                          iEdgeThat --;) {
          // Get the first edge
          const double* edgeThat =
                     (iEdgeThat < 3 ?
                               that -> comp[iEdgeThat] :
```

}

```
oppEdgesThat[iEdgeThat - 3]);
    for (int iEdgeTho = nbEdgesTho;
          iEdgeTho--;) {
      // Get the second edge
      const double* edgeTho =
         (iEdgeTho < 3 ?
           tho->comp[iEdgeTho] :
           oppEdgesTho[iEdgeTho - 3]);
      // Get the cross product of the two edges
      double axis[3];
      axis[0] = edgeThat[1] * edgeTho[2] - edgeThat[2] * edgeTho[1];
      axis[1] = edgeThat[2] * edgeTho[0] - edgeThat[0] * edgeTho[2];
axis[2] = edgeThat[0] * edgeTho[1] - edgeThat[1] * edgeTho[0];
      // Check against the cross product of the two edges \,
      bool isIntersection =
         CheckAxis3D(
           that.
           tho,
           axis);
      // If the axis is separating the Frames
      if (isIntersection == false) {
         // The Frames are not in intersection,
        // terminate the test
        return false;
      }
    }
  // If we reaches here, it means the two Frames are intersecting
  return true;
// Test for intersection between moving 3D Frame 'that' and 3D
// Frame 'tho'
// Return true if the two Frames are intersecting, else false
bool SATTestIntersection3DTime(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
const Frame3DTime* const tho) {
  // Declare two variables to memorize the opposite edges in case
  // of tetrahedron
  double oppEdgesThat[3][3];
  double oppEdgesTho[3][3];
  \ensuremath{//} Declare a variable to memorize the speed of tho relative to that
  double relSpeed[3];
  relSpeed[0] = tho->speed[0] - that->speed[0];
relSpeed[1] = tho->speed[1] - that->speed[1];
  relSpeed[2] = tho->speed[2] - that->speed[2];
  // Declare two variables to memorize the number of edges, by default 3
  int nbEdgesThat = 3;
```

```
int nbEdgesTho = 3;
// If the first Frame is a tetrahedron
if (that->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  // Shortcuts
  const double* frameCompA = that->comp[0];
  const double* frameCompB = that->comp[1];
  const double* frameCompC = that->comp[2];
  // Initialise the opposite edges
  oppEdgesThat[0][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompA[0];
oppEdgesThat[0][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompA[1];
  oppEdgesThat[0][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompA[2];
  oppEdgesThat[1][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompC[0];
oppEdgesThat[1][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompC[1];
  oppEdgesThat[1][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompC[2];
  oppEdgesThat[2][0] = frameCompC[0] - frameCompA[0];
  oppEdgesThat[2][1] = frameCompC[1] - frameCompA[1];
  oppEdgesThat[2][2] = frameCompC[2] - frameCompA[2];
  // Correct the number of edges
  nbEdgesThat = 6;
}
// If the second Frame is a tetrahedron
if (tho->type == FrameTetrahedron) {
  // Shortcuts
  const double* frameCompA = tho->comp[0];
  const double* frameCompB = tho->comp[1];
  const double* frameCompC = tho->comp[2];
  // Initialise the opposite edges
  oppEdgesTho[0][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompA[0];
  oppEdgesTho[0][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompA[1];
  oppEdgesTho[0][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompA[2];
  oppEdgesTho[1][0] = frameCompB[0] - frameCompC[0];
  oppEdgesTho[1][1] = frameCompB[1] - frameCompC[1];
  oppEdgesTho[1][2] = frameCompB[2] - frameCompC[2];
  oppEdgesTho[2][0] = frameCompC[0] - frameCompA[0];
  oppEdgesTho[2][1] = frameCompC[1] - frameCompA[1];
oppEdgesTho[2][2] = frameCompC[2] - frameCompA[2];
  // Correct the number of edges
  nbEdgesTho = 6;
}
// Declare variables to loop on Frames and commonalize code
const Frame3DTime* frame = that;
const double (*oppEdgesA)[3] = oppEdgesThat;
// Loop to commonalize code when checking SAT based on that's edges
// and then tho's edges
for (int iFrame = 2;
     iFrame--;) {
```

```
// Shortcuts
FrameType frameType = frame->type;
const double* frameCompA = frame->comp[0];
const double* frameCompB = frame->comp[1];
const double* frameCompC = frame->comp[2];
// Declare a variable to memorize the number of faces, by default 3
int nbFaces = 3;
// Declare a variable to memorize the normal to faces
// Arrangement is normFaces[iFace][iAxis]
double normFaces[10][3];
// Initialise the normal to faces
normFaces[0][0] =
  frameCompA[1] * frameCompB[2] -
  frameCompA[2] * frameCompB[1];
normFaces[0][1] =
  frameCompA[2] * frameCompB[0] -
  frameCompA[0] * frameCompB[2];
normFaces[0][2] =
  frameCompA[0] * frameCompB[1] -
frameCompA[1] * frameCompB[0];
normFaces[1][0] =
  frameCompA[1] * frameCompC[2] -
  frameCompA[2] * frameCompC[1];
normFaces[1][1] =
  frameCompA[2] * frameCompC[0] -
  frameCompA[0] * frameCompC[2];
normFaces[1][2] =
  frameCompA[0] * frameCompC[1] -
  frameCompA[1] * frameCompC[0];
normFaces[2][0] =
  frameCompC[1] * frameCompB[2] -
  frameCompC[2] * frameCompB[1];
normFaces[2][1] =
  frameCompC[2] * frameCompB[0] -
  frameCompC[0] * frameCompB[2];
normFaces[2][2] =
  frameCompC[0] * frameCompB[1] -
  frameCompC[1] * frameCompB[0];
// If the frame is a tetrahedron
if (frameType == FrameTetrahedron) {
  // Shortcuts
  const double* oppEdgeA = oppEdgesA[0];
const double* oppEdgeB = oppEdgesA[1];
  // Initialise the normal to the opposite face
  normFaces[3][0] =
    oppEdgeA[1] * oppEdgeB[2] -
oppEdgeA[2] * oppEdgeB[1];
  normFaces[3][1] =
    oppEdgeA[2] * oppEdgeB[0] -
oppEdgeA[0] * oppEdgeB[2];
  normFaces[3][2] =
    oppEdgeA[0] * oppEdgeB[1] -
    oppEdgeA[1] * oppEdgeB[0];
```

```
// Correct the number of faces
  nbFaces = 4;
// If we are checking the frame 'tho'
if (frame == tho) {
  // Add the normal to the virtual faces created by the speed
  // of tho relative to that
  normFaces[nbFaces][0] =
    relSpeed[1] * frameCompA[2] -
    relSpeed[2] * frameCompA[1];
  normFaces[nbFaces][1] =
    relSpeed[2] * frameCompA[0] -
    relSpeed[0] * frameCompA[2];
  normFaces[nbFaces][2] =
    relSpeed[0] * frameCompA[1] -
    relSpeed[1] * frameCompA[0];
  if (fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][0]) > EPSILON ||
      fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][1]) > EPSILON ||
      fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][2]) > EPSILON)
    ++nbFaces;
  normFaces[nbFaces][0] =
    relSpeed[1] * frameCompB[2] -
relSpeed[2] * frameCompB[1];
  normFaces[nbFaces][1] =
    relSpeed[2] * frameCompB[0] -
relSpeed[0] * frameCompB[2];
  normFaces[nbFaces][2] =
    relSpeed[0] * frameCompB[1] -
    relSpeed[1] * frameCompB[0];
  if (fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][0]) > EPSILON ||
      fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][1]) > EPSILON ||
      fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][2]) > EPSILON)
    ++nbFaces;
  normFaces[nbFaces][0] =
    relSpeed[1] * frameCompC[2] -
relSpeed[2] * frameCompC[1];
  normFaces[nbFaces][1] =
    relSpeed[2] * frameCompC[0] -
    relSpeed[0] * frameCompC[2];
  normFaces[nbFaces][2] =
    relSpeed[0] * frameCompC[1] -
    relSpeed[1] * frameCompC[0];
  if (fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][0]) > EPSILON ||
       fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][1]) > EPSILON ||
      fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][2]) > EPSILON)
    ++nbFaces;
  if (frameType == FrameTetrahedron) {
    const double* oppEdgeA = oppEdgesA[0];
    const double* oppEdgeB = oppEdgesA[1];
const double* oppEdgeC = oppEdgesA[2];
    normFaces[nbFaces][0] =
      relSpeed[1] * oppEdgeA[2] -
```

```
relSpeed[2] * oppEdgeA[1];
    normFaces[nbFaces][1] =
      relSpeed[2] * oppEdgeA[0] -
      relSpeed[0] * oppEdgeA[2];
    normFaces[nbFaces][2] =
      relSpeed[0] * oppEdgeA[1] -
      relSpeed[1] * oppEdgeA[0];
    if (fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][0]) > EPSILON ||
        fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][1]) > EPSILON ||
        fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][2]) > EPSILON)
      ++nbFaces;
    normFaces[nbFaces][0] =
      relSpeed[1] * oppEdgeB[2] -
      relSpeed[2] * oppEdgeB[1];
    normFaces[nbFaces][1] =
      relSpeed[2] * oppEdgeB[0] -
      relSpeed[0] * oppEdgeB[2];
    normFaces[nbFaces][2] =
      relSpeed[0] * oppEdgeB[1] -
      relSpeed[1] * oppEdgeB[0];
    if (fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][0]) > EPSILON ||
        fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][1]) > EPSILON ||
        fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][2]) > EPSILON)
      ++nbFaces;
    normFaces[nbFaces][0] =
      relSpeed[1] * oppEdgeC[2] -
relSpeed[2] * oppEdgeC[1];
    normFaces[nbFaces][1] =
      relSpeed[2] * oppEdgeC[0] -
relSpeed[0] * oppEdgeC[2];
    normFaces[nbFaces][2] =
      relSpeed[0] * oppEdgeC[1] -
      relSpeed[1] * oppEdgeC[0];
    if (fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][0]) > EPSILON ||
        fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][1]) > EPSILON ||
        fabs(normFaces[nbFaces][2]) > EPSILON)
      ++nbFaces;
 }
}
// Loop on the frame's faces
for (int iFace = nbFaces;
     iFace--;) {
  // Check against the current face's normal
  bool isIntersection =
    {\tt CheckAxis3DTime(}
      that,
      tho.
      normFaces[iFace],
      relSpeed);
  \ensuremath{//} If the axis is separating the Frames
  if (isIntersection == false) {
    // The Frames are not in intersection,
    // terminate the test
    return false;
```

```
}
  \ensuremath{//} Switch the frame to test against the second Frame
  frame = tho;
  oppEdgesA = oppEdgesTho;
// Loop on the pair of edges between the two frames
for (int iEdgeThat = nbEdgesThat;
    iEdgeThat --;) {
  // Get the first edge
  const double* edgeThat =
    (iEdgeThat < 3 ?
      that->comp[iEdgeThat] :
       oppEdgesThat[iEdgeThat - 3]);
  for (int iEdgeTho = nbEdgesTho + 1;
        iEdgeTho --;) {
    // Get the second edge
    const double* edgeTho =
  (iEdgeTho == nbEdgesTho ?
         relSpeed :
         (iEdgeTho < 3 ?
           tho->comp[iEdgeTho] :
           oppEdgesTho[iEdgeTho - 3]));
    // Get the cross product of the two edges
    double axis[3];
    axis[0] = edgeThat[1] * edgeTho[2] - edgeThat[2] * edgeTho[1];
    axis[1] = edgeThat[2] * edgeTho[0] - edgeThat[0] * edgeTho[2];
axis[2] = edgeThat[0] * edgeTho[1] - edgeThat[1] * edgeTho[0];
    // Check against the cross product of the two edges
    bool isIntersection =
       CheckAxis3DTime(
         that,
         tho,
         axis,
         relSpeed);
    // If the axis is separating the Frames
    if (isIntersection == false) {
       // The Frames are not in intersection,
      // terminate the test
      return false;
    }
  }
// If we reaches here, it means the two Frames are intersecting
return true;
```

}

```
// Check the intersection constraint for Frames 'that' and 'tho'
// relatively to 'axis'
bool CheckAxis3D(
  const Frame3D* const that,
  const Frame3D* const tho,
  const double* const axis) {
  // Declare variables to memorize the boundaries of projection
  // of the two frames on the current edge
  double bdgBoxA[2];
  double bdgBoxB[2];
  // Declare two variables to loop on Frames and commonalize code
  const Frame3D* frame = that;
  double* bdgBox = bdgBoxA;
  // Loop on Frames
  for (int iFrame = 2;
       iFrame --;) {
    // Shortcuts
    const double* frameOrig = frame->orig;
    const double* frameCompA = frame->comp[0];
    const double* frameCompB = frame->comp[1];
const double* frameCompC = frame->comp[2];
    FrameType frameType = frame->type;
    // Get the number of vertices of frame
    int nbVertices = (frameType == FrameTetrahedron ? 4 : 8);
    // Declare a variable to memorize if the current vertex is
    // the first in the loop, used to initialize the boundaries
    bool firstVertex = true;
    // Loop on vertices of the frame
    for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
         iVertex--;) {
      // Get the vertex
      double vertex[3];
      vertex[0] = frameOrig[0];
      vertex[1] = frameOrig[1];
      vertex[2] = frameOrig[2];
      switch (iVertex) {
        case 7:
          vertex[0] +=
            frameCompA[0] + frameCompB[0] + frameCompC[0];
          vertex[1] +=
            frameCompA[1] + frameCompB[1] + frameCompC[1];
          vertex[2] +=
            frameCompA[2] + frameCompB[2] + frameCompC[2];
          break;
        case 6:
          vertex[0] += frameCompB[0] + frameCompC[0];
          vertex[1] += frameCompB[1] + frameCompC[1];
          vertex[2] += frameCompB[2] + frameCompC[2];
          break:
        case 5:
          vertex[0] += frameCompA[0] + frameCompC[0];
          vertex[1] += frameCompA[1] + frameCompC[1];
          vertex[2] += frameCompA[2] + frameCompC[2];
```

```
break;
                      case 4:
                               vertex[0] += frameCompA[0] + frameCompB[0];
                                vertex[1] += frameCompA[1] + frameCompB[1];
                                vertex[2] += frameCompA[2] + frameCompB[2];
                                break;
                      case 3:
                                vertex[0] += frameCompC[0];
                              vertex[1] += frameCompC[1];
vertex[2] += frameCompC[2];
                                break;
                      case 2:
                               vertex[0] += frameCompB[0];
                               vertex[1] += frameCompB[1];
                                vertex[2] += frameCompB[2];
                               break;
                      case 1:
                               vertex[0] += frameCompA[0];
                                vertex[1] += frameCompA[1];
                                vertex[2] += frameCompA[2];
                               break:
                     default:
                                break;
           // \ensuremath{\mathsf{Get}} the projection of the vertex on the axis
           double proj =
                     vertex[0] * axis[0] +
                     vertex[1] * axis[1] +
                     vertex[2] * axis[2];
           // If it's the first vertex
           if (firstVertex == true) {
                                // Initialize the boundaries of the projection of the
                                // Frame on the edge
                                bdgBox[0] = proj;
                                bdgBox[1] = proj;
                                // Update the flag to memorize we did the first vertex % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right
                                firstVertex = false;
           // Else, it's not the first vertex
           } else {
                     // Update the boundaries of the projection of the Frame on
                      // the edge
                     if (bdgBox[0] > proj)
                               bdgBox[0] = proj;
                     if (bdgBox[1] < proj)</pre>
                                bdgBox[1] = proj;
           }
}
// Switch the frame to check the vertices of the second Frame
frame = tho;
bdgBox = bdgBoxB;
```

}

```
// If the projections of the two frames on the edge are
  // not intersecting
  if (bdgBoxB[1] < bdgBoxA[0] ||
bdgBoxA[1] < bdgBoxB[0]) {
     // There exists an axis which separates the Frames,
     // thus they are not in intersection
     return false;
  }
  // If we reaches here the two Frames are in intersection
  return true;
}
// Check the intersection constraint for Frames 'that' and 'tho'
// relatively to 'axis'
bool CheckAxis3DTime(
  const Frame3DTime* const that,
  const Frame3DTime* const tho,
  const double* const axis,
const double* const relSpeed) {
  // Declare variables to memorize the boundaries of projection
  // of the two frames on the current edge
  double bdgBoxA[2];
double bdgBoxB[2];
  // Declare two variables to loop on Frames and commonalize code
  const Frame3DTime* frame = that;
  double* bdgBox = bdgBoxA;
  // Loop on Frames
  for (int iFrame = 2;
       iFrame--;) {
    // Shortcuts
    const double* frameOrig = frame->orig;
    const double* frameCompA = frame->comp[0];
const double* frameCompB = frame->comp[1];
    const double* frameCompC = frame->comp[2];
    FrameType frameType = frame->type;
    // Get the number of vertices of frame
    int nbVertices = (frameType == FrameTetrahedron ? 4 : 8);
    // Declare a variable to memorize if the current vertex is
    // the first in the loop, used to initialize the boundaries
    bool firstVertex = true;
    // Loop on vertices of the frame
    for (int iVertex = nbVertices;
          iVertex--;) {
      // Get the vertex
      double vertex[3];
      vertex[0] = frameOrig[0];
      vertex[1] = frameOrig[1];
      vertex[2] = frameOrig[2];
      switch (iVertex) {
```

```
case 7:
    vertex[0] +=
      frameCompA[0] + frameCompB[0] + frameCompC[0];
    vertex[1] +=
      frameCompA[1] + frameCompB[1] + frameCompC[1];
    vertex[2] +=
      frameCompA[2] + frameCompB[2] + frameCompC[2];
    break;
  case 6:
    vertex[0] += frameCompB[0] + frameCompC[0];
    vertex[1] += frameCompB[1] + frameCompC[1];
    vertex[2] += frameCompB[2] + frameCompC[2];
    break:
  case 5:
    vertex[0] += frameCompA[0] + frameCompC[0];
    vertex[1] += frameCompA[1] + frameCompC[1];
    vertex[2] += frameCompA[2] + frameCompC[2];
    break;
    vertex[0] += frameCompA[0] + frameCompB[0];
    vertex[1] += frameCompA[1] + frameCompB[1];
    vertex[2] += frameCompA[2] + frameCompB[2];
    break;
  case 3:
    vertex[0] += frameCompC[0];
    vertex[1] += frameCompC[1];
    vertex[2] += frameCompC[2];
    break;
  case 2:
    vertex[0] += frameCompB[0];
    vertex[1] += frameCompB[1];
    vertex[2] += frameCompB[2];
    break;
  case 1:
    vertex[0] += frameCompA[0];
    vertex[1] += frameCompA[1];
    vertex[2] += frameCompA[2];
    break;
  default:
    break;
// Get the projection of the vertex on the axis
double proj =
  vertex[0] * axis[0] +
  vertex[1] * axis[1] +
  vertex[2] * axis[2];
// If it's the first vertex
if (firstVertex == true) {
    // Initialize the boundaries of the projection of the
    // Frame on the edge \,
    bdgBox[0] = proj;
bdgBox[1] = proj;
    // Update the flag to memorize we did the first vertex
    firstVertex = false;
// Else, it's not the first vertex
} else {
```

```
// Update the boundaries of the projection of the Frame on
      // the edge
      if (bdgBox[0] > proj)
        bdgBox[0] = proj;
      if (bdgBox[1] < proj)</pre>
        bdgBox[1] = proj;
    // If we are checking the second frame's vertices
    if (frame == tho) {
      // Check also the vertices moved by the relative speed
      vertex[0] += relSpeed[0];
vertex[1] += relSpeed[1];
      vertex[2] += relSpeed[2];
    proj =
      vertex[0] * axis[0] +
      vertex[1] * axis[1] +
      vertex[2] * axis[2];
      if (bdgBox[0] > proj)
        bdgBox[0] = proj;
      if (bdgBox[1] < proj)</pre>
        bdgBox[1] = proj;
    }
  }
  // Switch the frame to check the vertices of the second Frame
  frame = tho;
  bdgBox = bdgBoxB;
\ensuremath{//} If the projections of the two frames on the edge are
// not intersecting
if (bdgBoxB[1] < bdgBoxA[0] ||</pre>
    bdgBoxA[1] < bdgBoxB[0]) {
   // There exists an axis which separates the Frames,
   // thus they are not in intersection
   return false;
// If we reaches here the two Frames are in intersection
return true;
```

11.2 Makefile

In this section I introduce the Makefile used to compile the code given in the previous sections.

```
COMPILER = gcc
OPTIMIZATION = -03
all : compile run plot doc
install :
        sudo apt-get install gnuplot
compile : main unitTests validation qualification
main : main2D main2DTime main3D main3DTime
main2D:
        cd 2D; make main; cd -
main2DTime:
       cd 2DTime; make main; cd -
main3D:
        cd 3D; make main; cd -
main3DTime:
        cd 3DTime; make main; cd -
unitTests : unitTests2D unitTests2DTime unitTests3D unitTests3DTime
unitTests2D:
        cd 2D; make unitTests; cd -
unitTests2DTime:
        cd 2DTime; make unitTests; cd -
unitTests3D:
        cd 3D; make unitTests; cd -
unitTests3DTime:
        cd 3DTime; make unitTests; cd -
validation: validation2D validation2DTime validation3D validation3DTime
validation2D:
        cd 2D; make validation; cd -
validation2DTime:
        cd 2DTime; make validation; cd -
validation3D:
        cd 3D; make validation; cd -
validation3DTime:
        cd 3DTime; make validation; cd -
qualification : qualification2D qualification2DTime qualification3D
    qualification3DTime
qualification2D:
        cd 2D; make qualification; cd -
qualification2DTime:
        cd 2DTime; make qualification; cd -
qualification3D:
```

```
cd 3D; make qualification; cd -
qualification3DTime:
       cd 3DTime; make qualification; cd -
clean : clean2D clean2DTime clean3D clean3DTime
clean2D:
       cd 2D; make clean; cd -
clean2DTime:
       cd 2DTime; make clean; cd -
clean3D:
       cd 3D; make clean; cd -
clean3DTime:
       cd 3DTime; make clean; cd -
valgrind: valgrind2D valgrind2DTime valgrind3D valgrind3DTime
valgrind2D:
       cd 2D; make valgrind; cd -
valgrind2DTime:
       cd 2DTime; make valgrind; cd -
valgrind3D:
       cd 3D; make valgrind; cd -
valgrind3DTime:
       cd 3DTime; make valgrind; cd -
run : run2D run2DTime run3D run3DTime
run2D:
       cd 2D; ./main > ../Results/main2D.txt; ./unitTests > ../Results/
           unitTests2D.txt; ./validation > ../Results/validation2D.txt;
           grep failed ../Results/validation2D.txt; ./qualification > ../
           Results/qualification2D.txt; grep failed ../Results/
           qualification2D.txt; cd -
run3D:
       cd 3D; ./main > ../Results/main3D.txt; ./unitTests > ../Results/
           unitTests3D.txt; ./validation > ../Results/validation3D.txt;
           grep failed ../Results/validation3D.txt; ./qualification > ../
           Results/qualification3D.txt; grep failed ../Results/
           qualification3D.txt; cd -
run2DTime:
        cd 2DTime; ./main > ../Results/main2DTime.txt; ./unitTests > ../
           Results/unitTests2DTime.txt; ./validation > ../Results/
           {\tt validation2DTime.txt; \ grep \ failed \ ../Results/validation2DTime.}
           txt; ./qualification > ../Results/qualification2DTime.txt; grep
           failed ../Results/qualification2DTime.txt; cd -
run3DTime:
       cd 3DTime; ./main > ../Results/main3DTime.txt; ./unitTests > ../
           Results/unitTests3DTime.txt; ./validation > ../Results/
           txt; ./qualification > ../Results/qualification3DTime.txt; grep
           failed ../Results/qualification3DTime.txt; cd -
```

```
plot: cleanPlot plot2D plot2DTime plot3D plot3DTime
cleanPlot:
       rm Results/*.png
plot2D:
       cd Results; gnuplot qualification2D.gnu < qualification2D.txt; cd -
plot2DTime:
       \verb|cd Results; gnuplot qualification2DTime.gnu < qualification2DTime.|\\
           txt; cd -
plot3D:
       cd Results; gnuplot qualification3D.gnu < qualification3D.txt; cd -</pre>
plot3DTime:
       \verb|cd Results|; gnuplot qualification 3DTime.gnu < qualification 3DTime.\\
           txt; cd
doc:
       cd Doc; make latex; cd -
11.2.1 2D static
all : main unitTests validation qualification
COMPILER ?= gcc
OPTIMIZATION?=-03
BUILD_ARG=$(OPTIMIZATION) -I../SAT -I../Frame
main : main.o fmb2d.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o main main.o fmb2d.o frame.o
main.o : main.c fmb2d.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c main.c $(BUILD_ARG)
unitTests : unitTests.o fmb2d.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o unitTests unitTests.o fmb2d.o frame.o $(LINK_ARG)
unitTests.o : unitTests.c fmb2d.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c unitTests.c $(BUILD_ARG)
validation : validation.o fmb2d.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o validation validation.o fmb2d.o sat.o frame.o
$(COMPILER) -c validation.c $(BUILD_ARG)
qualification : qualification.o fmb2d.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o qualification qualification.o fmb2d.o sat.o frame.o $
           (LINK_ARG)
qualification.o : qualification.c fmb2d.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h
    Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c qualification.c $(BUILD_ARG)
fmb2d.o : fmb2d.c fmb2d.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c fmb2d.c $(BUILD_ARG)
```

```
\verb|sat.o|: .../SAT/sat.c| .../SAT/sat.h| .../Frame/frame.h| Makefile|
        $(COMPILER) -c ../SAT/sat.c $(BUILD_ARG)
frame.o : ../Frame/frame.c ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c ../Frame/frame.c $(BUILD_ARG)
clean :
       rm -f *.o main unitTests validation qualification
valgrind :
       valgrind -v --track-origins=yes --leak-check=full \
        --gen-suppressions=yes --show-leak-kinds=all ./main
11.2.2 3D static
all : main unitTests validation qualification
COMPILER ?= gcc
OPTIMIZATION?=-03
BUILD_ARG=$(OPTIMIZATION) -I../SAT -I../Frame
main : main.o fmb3d.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o main main.o fmb3d.o frame.o
main.o : main.c fmb3d.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c main.c $(BUILD_ARG)
unitTests : unitTests.o fmb3d.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o unitTests unitTests.o fmb3d.o frame.o $(LINK_ARG)
unitTests.o : unitTests.c fmb3d.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c unitTests.c $(BUILD_ARG)
validation : validation.o fmb3d.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -o validation validation.o fmb3d.o sat.o frame.o
validation.o : validation.c fmb3d.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c validation.c $(BUILD_ARG)
qualification : qualification.o fmb3d.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
       (COMPILER) -o qualification qualification.o fmb3d.o sat.o frame.o $
            (LINK_ARG)
qualification.o : qualification.c fmb3d.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h
   Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c qualification.c $(BUILD_ARG)
fmb3d.o : fmb3d.c fmb3d.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c fmb3d.c $(BUILD_ARG)
sat.o : ../SAT/sat.c ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c ../SAT/sat.c $(BUILD_ARG)
frame.o : ../Frame/frame.c ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
       $(COMPILER) -c ../Frame/frame.c $(BUILD_ARG)
clean :
       rm -f *.o main unitTests validation qualification
valgrind :
```

```
valgrind -v --track-origins=yes --leak-check=full \
--gen-suppressions=yes --show-leak-kinds=all ./main
```

11.2.3 2D dynamic

```
all : main unitTests validation qualification
COMPILER ?= gcc
OPTIMIZATION?=-03
BUILD_ARG=$(OPTIMIZATION) -I../SAT -I../Frame
main : main.o fmb2dt.o frame.o Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -o main main.o fmb2dt.o frame.o
main.o : main.c fmb2dt.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c main.c $(BUILD_ARG)
unitTests : unitTests.o fmb2dt.o frame.o Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -o unitTests unitTests.o fmb2dt.o frame.o $(LINK_ARG)
unitTests.o : unitTests.c fmb2dt.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c unitTests.c $(BUILD_ARG)
validation : validation.o fmb2dt.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -o validation validation.o fmb2dt.o sat.o frame.o
validation.o : validation.c fmb2dt.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c validation.c $(BUILD_ARG)
qualification : qualification.o fmb2dt.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
        (COMPILER) -o qualification qualification.o fmb2dt.o sat.o frame.o
           $(LINK_ARG)
qualification.o : qualification.c fmb2dt.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h
    Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c qualification.c $(BUILD_ARG)
fmb2dt.o : fmb2dt.c fmb2dt.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c fmb2dt.c $(BUILD_ARG)
sat.o : ../SAT/sat.c ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c ../SAT/sat.c $(BUILD_ARG)
frame.o : ../Frame/frame.c ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c ../Frame/frame.c $(BUILD_ARG)
clean :
        rm -f *.o main unitTests validation qualification
valgrind :
        valgrind -v --track-origins=yes --leak-check=full \
        --gen-suppressions=yes --show-leak-kinds=all ./main
11.2.4 3D dynamic
all : main unitTests validation qualification
COMPILER ?= gcc
OPTIMIZATION?=-03
BUILD_ARG=$(OPTIMIZATION) -I../SAT -I../Frame
```

```
main : main.o fmb3dt.o frame.o Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -o main main.o fmb3dt.o frame.o
main.o : main.c fmb3dt.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c main.c $(BUILD_ARG)
unitTests : unitTests.o fmb3dt.o frame.o Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -o unitTests unitTests.o fmb3dt.o frame.o $(LINK_ARG)
unitTests.o : unitTests.c fmb3dt.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c unitTests.c $(BUILD_ARG)
validation : validation.o fmb3dt.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -o validation validation.o fmb3dt.o sat.o frame.o
validation.o : validation.c fmb3dt.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c validation.c $(BUILD_ARG)
qualification : qualification.o fmb3dt.o sat.o frame.o Makefile
        \$(\texttt{COMPILER}) \ \texttt{-o} \ qualification} \ qualification.o \ \texttt{fmb3dt.o} \ \texttt{sat.o} \ \texttt{frame.o}
            $(LINK ARG)
qualification.o : qualification.c fmb3dt.h ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h
    Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c qualification.c $(BUILD_ARG)
fmb3dt.o : fmb3dt.c fmb3dt.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c fmb3dt.c $(BUILD_ARG)
sat.o: ../SAT/sat.c ../SAT/sat.h ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c ../SAT/sat.c $(BUILD_ARG)
frame.o : ../Frame/frame.c ../Frame/frame.h Makefile
        $(COMPILER) -c ../Frame/frame.c $(BUILD_ARG)
clean :
        rm -f *.o main unitTests validation qualification
valgrind :
        valgrind -v --track-origins=yes --leak-check=full \
        --gen-suppressions=yes --show-leak-kinds=all ./main
```

References

- [1] J.J.-B. Fourier. Oeuvres II. Paris, 1890
- [2] T.S. Motzkin. Beiträge zur Theorie der linearen Ungleichungen. Thesis, 1936. Reprinted in: Theodore S. Motzkin: selected papers (D.Cantor et al., eds.), Birkhäuser, Boston, 1983.