Exercise 1

(1) 
$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}} - 2xy}_{A} \underbrace{\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x \partial y}}_{SR} + \underbrace{x^{2}}_{A} \underbrace{\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}}}_{SR} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{xy}}_{A} \left(y^{3} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + x^{3} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)$$

$$B^2-AC = x^2y^2 - x^2y^2 = 0 \Rightarrow Parabolic$$
  
On  $E = constant$ ,  $A = x^2$ 

On 
$$G = constant$$
,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{B}{A} = \frac{-xy}{y^2} = -\frac{x}{y} \iff x^2 + y^2 = constant = G$ 

We have 
$$\frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} = 2x$$
,  $\frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} = 2y$   $\frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} = 0$ ,  $\frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} = 1$ 

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2x \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} + 0 \qquad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2y \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial x^{2}} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} + 2x \left( u_{\xi\xi} \cdot 2x + u_{\xi\eta} \cdot 0 \right) \qquad \frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial y^{2}} = 2u_{\xi} \cdot 2y \cdot 2y + u_{\xi\eta} \cdot 0$$

$$\frac{g_{u}^{2}}{\partial x^{2}y} = \frac{1}{2}(u_{gg} \cdot 2y + u_{g\eta}) + u_{\eta g} \cdot 2y + u_{\eta \eta}$$

Replacing this in the original equation, gives us

$$\frac{x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2}}{\partial \eta^2} = \frac{x^2}{y} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} \implies \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} - \frac{1}{\eta} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} = 0 \quad \text{(can onical form)}$$

$$\frac{3}{3\eta} \left( \frac{1}{\eta} \frac{3u}{3\eta} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{4}{\eta} \frac{3u}{3\eta} = f(\xi) \Leftrightarrow \frac{3u}{3\eta} = \eta f(\xi)$$

$$\omega = \frac{n^2}{2} f(\xi) + g(\xi) \text{ with } f, g \text{ orbitrary } \xi \text{ und ion}$$

 $u = g(x^2 + y^2) + \frac{y^2}{2} f(x^2 + y^2)$