# **BPG Documentation**

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# CHAPTER ONE

# **DATAPREP**

This is an introduction to the dataprep functionality built into BPG. Dataprep is used to clean DRC, perform technology specific layer transformations, and convert abstract design layers to true mask layers for use in Lumerical.

**CHAPTER** 

**TWO** 

**BPG** 

## 2.1 BPG package

## 2.1.1 Submodules

## 2.1.2 BPG.dataprep\_gdspy module

by\_layer\_polygon\_list\_to\_flat\_for\_gds\_export()

Converts a LPP-keyed dictionary of polygon pointlists to a flat content list format for GDS export

cleanup\_delete(coords\_list\_in, eps\_grid=0.0001)

#### **Parameters**

- coords\_list\_in (Union[List[Tuple[float, float]], np.ndarray])

   The list of x-y coordinates composing a polygon shape
- eps\_grid grid resolution below which points are considered to be the same

**Returns delete\_array** – Numpy array of bools telling whether to delete the coordinate or not

Return type np.ndarray

```
static coord_to_shapely(pos_neg_list_list)
```

Converts list of coordinate lists into shapely polygon objects

**Parameters** pos\_neg\_list\_list - The tuple of positive and negative lists of coordinate lists

**Returns** polygon\_out – The Shapely representation of the polygon

**Return type** Union[Polygon, Multipolygon]

```
coords_cleanup (coords_list_in, eps_grid=0.0001)
```

clean up coordinates in the list that are redundant or harmful for following Shapely functions

#### **Parameters**

- coords\_list\_in (Union[List[Tuple[float, float]], np.ndarray]) list of coordinates that enclose a polygon
- **eps\_grid** (float) a size smaller than the resolution grid size, if the difference of x/y coordinates of two points is smaller than it, these two points should actually share the same x/y coordinate

Returns coords set out - The cleaned coordinate set

**Return type** np.ndarray

```
\mathtt{dataprep}() \rightarrow \mathrm{List}
```

Takes the flat content list and performs the specified transformations on the shapes for the purpose of cleaning DRC and prepping tech specific functions.

#### **Notes**

- 1. Take the shapes in the flattened content list and convert them to gdspy format
- 2) Perform each dataprep operation on the provided layers in order. dataprep\_groups is a list where each element contains 2 other lists:
  - 2a) lpp\_in defines the layers that the operation will be performed on 2b) lpp\_ops defines the operation to be performed 2c) Maps the operation in the spec file to its gdspy implementation and performs it
  - 3. Performs a final over\_under\_under\_over operation
  - 4. Take the dataprepped gdspy shapes and import them into a new post-dataprep content list

```
dataprep_cleanup_gdspy (polygon, do_cleanup=True)
```

Clean up a gdspy Polygon/PolygonSet by performing offset with size = 0

First offsets by size 0 with precision higher than the global grid size. Then calls an explicit rounding function to the grid size. This is done because it is unclear how the clipper/gdspy library handles precision

#### **Parameters**

- polygon (Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]) The polygon to clean
- **do\_cleanup** (bool) True to perform the cleanup. False will return input polygon unchanged

Returns clean\_polygon - The cleaned up polygon

Return type Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

Converts list of polygon coordinate lists into GDSPY polygon objects The expected input list will be a list of all polygons on a given layer

#### **Parameters**

- pos\_neg\_list\_list (Tuple[List, List]) A tuple containing two lists: the list of positive polygon shapes and the list of negative polygon shapes. Each polygon shape is a list of point tuples
- manh\_grid\_size (float) The Manhattanization grid size
- do\_manh (bool) True to perform Manhattanization

**Returns** polygon\_out – The gdpsy.Polygon formatted polygons

Return type Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]

#### dataprep\_oversize\_gdspy (polygon, offset)

Grow a polygon by an offset. Perform cleanup to ensure proper polygon shape.

#### **Parameters**

- **polygon** (*Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]*) The polygon to size, in gdspy representation
- **offset** (float) The amount to grow the polygon

Returns polygon\_oversized – The oversized polygon

**Return type** Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]

### dataprep\_roughsize\_gdspy (polygon, size\_amount, do\_manh)

Add a new polygon that is rough sized by 'size\_amount' from the provided polygon. Rough sizing entails:

- oversize by 2x the global rough grid size
- undersize by 2x the global rough grid size
- oversize by the global rough grid size
- Manhattanize to the global rough grid
- undersize by the fine global fine grid size
- oversize by the fine global fine grid size
- oversize by 'size\_amount' less the 2x global grid size already used

#### **Parameters**

- **polygon** (*Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]*) **polygon** to be used as the base shape for the rough add, in gdspy representation
- **size\_amount** (*float*) amount to oversize (undersize is not supported, will be set to 0 if negative) the rough added shape
- **do\_manh**  $(b \circ \circ 1)$  True to perform Manhattanization of after the oouuo shape

**Returns polygon\_roughsized** – the rough added polygon shapes, in gdspy representation

**Return type** Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]

#### dataprep\_undersize\_gdspy (polygon, offset)

Shrink a polygon by an offset. Perform cleanup to ensure proper polygon shape.

#### **Parameters**

- **polygon** (*Union*[*gdspy*.*Polygon*, *gdspy*.*PolygonSet*, *None*]) The polygon to size, in gdspy representation
- **offset** (float) The amount to shrink the polygon

**Returns** polygon\_undersized – The undersized polygon

**Return type** Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]

#### gdspy\_manh (polygon\_gdspy, manh\_grid\_size, do\_manh)

Performs Manhattanization on a gdspy representation of a polygon, and returns a gdspy representation of the Manhattanized polygon

#### **Parameters**

• polygon\_gdspy (Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]) — The gdspy representation of the polygons to be Manhattanized

- manh\_grid\_size (float) grid size for Manhattanization, edge length after Manhattanization should be larger than it
- do\_manh (bool) True to perform Manhattanization

**Returns** polygon\_out – The Manhattanized polygon, in gdspy representation

**Return type** Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]

generate\_1sf\_flat\_content\_list\_from\_dataprep (poly\_list\_by\_layer, sim\_obj\_list)
 Takes the output of dataprep and converts it into a flat content list

#### **Parameters**

- **poly\_list\_by\_layer** (Dict[Str, List]) A dictionary containing lists all dataprepped polygons organized by layername
- **sim\_obj\_list** (*Tuple[List, List, List]*) A tuple of lists containing all simulation objects to be used

#### get\_content\_on\_layer (layer)

Returns only the content that exists on a given layer

**Parameters** layer (Tuple[str, str]) - the layer whose content is desired

**Returns** content – the shape content on the provided layer

Return type Tuple

get\_manhattanization\_size\_on\_layer (layer: Union[str, Tuple[str, str]])

Finds the layer-specific Manhattanization size.

Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer or LPP being Manhattanized.

**Returns** manh\_size – The Manhattanization size for the layer.

Return type float

get\_polygon\_point\_lists\_on\_layer(layer, debug=False)

Returns a list of all shapes

#### **Parameters**

- layer (Tuple[str, str]) the layer purpose pair to get all shapes in shapely format
- **debug** (bool) true to print debug info
- $lsf_dataprep (push_portshapes_through_dataprep: bool = False) \rightarrow List$

Takes the flat content list and prepares the shapes to be exported to lumerical.

#### **Notes**

- 1. Take the shapes in the flattened content list and convert them to gdspy format
- 2. Parse the dataprep spec file to extract the desired procedure defined through dataprep\_groups
- 3) Perform each dataprep operation on the provided layers in order. dataprep\_groups is a list where each element contains 2 other lists:
  - 3a) lpp\_in defines the layers that the operation will be performed on 3b) lpp\_ops defines the operation to be performed 3c) Maps the operation in the spec file to its gdspy implementation and performs it

- 4. Performs a final over\_under\_under\_over operation
- 5. Take the dataprepped gdspy shapes and import them into a new post-dataprep content list

**Parameters** push\_portshapes\_through\_dataprep (bool) - True to perform dataprep and convert the port indicator shapes

**static manh\_edge\_tran** (p1, dx, dy, nstep, inc\_x\_first, manh\_grid\_size, eps\_grid=0.0001) Converts pointlist of an edge (ie 2 points), to a pointlist of a Manhattanized edge

#### **Parameters**

- p1 -
- dx -
- dy -
- nstep-
- inc\_x\_first -
- manh\_grid\_size -
- eps\_grid -

manh\_skill (poly\_coords, manh\_grid\_size, manh\_type)

Convert a polygon into a polygon with orthogonal edges (ie, performs Manhattanization)

#### **Parameters**

- poly\_coords (List[Tuple[float, float]]) list of coordinates that enclose a polygon
- manh\_grid\_size (float) grid size for Manhattanization, edge length after Manhattanization should be larger than it
- manh\_type (str) 'inc': the Manhattanized polygon is larger compared to the one on the manh grid 'dec': the Manhattanized polygon is smaller compared to the one on the manh grid 'non': additional feature, only map the coords to the manh grid but do no Manhattanization

**Returns poly\_coords\_cleanup** – The Manhattanized list of coordinates describing the polygon

**Return type** List[Tuple[float, float]]

```
\verb|static merge_adjacent_duplicate| (coord_set, eps\_grid=1e-06)
```

 ${\tt merge\_content\_lists}\,(\,)$ 

Take the content from append list and add them to main list

#### **Parameters**

- main\_list -
- append\_list -

static not\_manh(coord\_list, eps\_grid=1e-06)

Checks whether the passed coordinate list is Manhattanized

#### **Parameters**

- coord\_list (List[Tuple[float, float]]) The coordinate list to check
- **eps\_grid** (float) The grid tolerance below which points are considered the same

**Returns non\_manh\_edge** – The count of number of edges that are non-Manhattan in this shape

#### Return type int

poly\_operation ( $lpp\_out$ : Union[str, Tuple[str, str]], polygon1: Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None], polygon2: Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None], operation:  $str, size\_amount$ : Union[float, Tuple[float, float]],  $do\_manh$ : bool = False)  $\rightarrow$  Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]

#### **Parameters**

- lpp\_out (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) The layer on which the shapes are being
- **polygon1** (Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]) The shapes currently on the output layer
- **polygon2** (*Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]*) The shapes on the input layer that will be added/subtracted to/from the output layer
- operation (str) The operation to perform: 'rad', 'add', 'sub', 'ext', 'ouo', 'del'
- **size\_amount** (*Union[float, Tuple[Float, Float]]*) The amount to over/undersize the shapes to be added/subtracted. For ouo and rouo, the 0.5\*minWidth related over and under size amount
- do\_manh (bool) True to perform Manhattanization during the 'rad' operation

**Returns** polygons\_out – The new polygons present on the output layer

**Return type** Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet, None]

Converts the gdspy representation of the polygon into a list of fractured polygon point lists

#### **Parameters**

- **polygon\_gdspy\_in** (*Union*[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]) The gdspy polygons to be converted to lists of coordinates
- **fracture** (bool) True to fracture shapes
- do\_manh (bool) True to perform Manhattanization
- manh\_grid\_size (float) The Manhattanization grid size

**Returns output\_list\_of\_coord\_lists** – A list containing the polygon point lists that compose the input gdspy polygon

**Return type** List[List[Tuple[float, float]]]

#### shapely\_to\_gdspy (geom\_shapely)

Convert the shapely representation of a polygon/multipolygon into the gdspy representation of the polygon/polygonset

**Parameters geom\_shapely** (Union[Polygon, MultiPolygon]) - The shapely representation of the polygon

**Returns** polygon\_gdspy – The gdspy representation of the polygon

**Return type** Union[gdspy.Polygon, gdspy.PolygonSet]

## shapely\_to\_gdspy\_polygon (polygon\_shapely)

Converts the shapely representation of a polygon to a gdspy representation

**Parameters** polygon\_shapely (shapely.geometry.Polygon) - The shapely representation of the polygon

**Returns** polygon\_gdspy – The gdspy representation of the polygon

Return type gdspy.Polygon

### simplify\_coord\_to\_gdspy (pos\_neg\_list\_list, tolerance=0.0005)

Simplifies a polygon coordinate-list representation of a complex polygon (multiple shapes, with holes, etc) and converts the simplified polygon into gdspy representation. Simplification involves reducing the number of points in the shape based on a tolerance of how far the points are from being collinear.

#### **Parameters**

- pos\_neg\_list\_list (Tuple[List[List[Tuple[float, float]]], List[List[Tuple[float, float]]]) Tuple containing the positive and negative list of polygon point-lists
- tolerance (float) The tolerance within which a set of points are deemed collinear

Returns poly\_gdspy\_simplified - The simplified polygon in gdspy representation

Return type Union[gdspy.PolygonSet, gdspy.Polygon]

```
\label{topolygon_pointlist_from_content_list} \textbf{(} \textit{content\_list: List, debug: bool = False) } \rightarrow \textbf{Tu-ple[List, List]}
```

Convert the provided content list into two lists of polygon pointlists. The first returned list represents the positive boundaries of polygons. The second returned list represents the 'negative' boundaries of holes in polygons. All shapes in the passed content list are converted, regardless of layer. It is expected that the content list passed to this function only has a single LPP's content

#### **Parameters**

- **content\_list** (*List*) The content list to be converted to a polygon pointlist
- **debug** (bool) True to print debug information

**Returns positive\_polygon\_pointlist, negative\_polygon\_pointlist** – The positive shape and negative shape (holes) polygon boundaries

Return type Tuple[List, List]

## 2.1.3 BPG.dataprep shapely module

## 2.1.4 BPG.dataprep\_skill module

```
BPG.dataprep_skill.create_global_skill_variables(dataprep_procedure_path, aprep_parameters_path, out-put_file_path) dat-
```

#### **Parameters**

- dataprep\_procedure\_path -
- dataprep\_parameters\_path -

BPG.dataprep\_skill.setup\_bpg\_skill(output\_file\_path, dataprep\_procedure\_path, dataprep\_skill\_function\_path) dataprep\_skill.setup\_bpg\_skill(output\_file\_path, dataprep\_skill\_function\_path)

## 2.1.5 BPG.logger module

#### **Parameters**

- $log_path(str)$  The path to save the log files.
- $log_filename(str)$  The name of the primary output log file.
- **verbose** (bool) True to output debug level messages to stdout. False to output info level messages to stdout.

## 2.1.6 BPG.lumerical\_generator module

Module containing various classes used to systematically generate clean Lumerical script code

```
class BPG.lumerical_generator.LumericalCodeGenerator
    Bases: object
```

This class enables the generation of lumerical .lsf code

```
add code (code: str) \rightarrow None
```

Adds provided statement of code to the script file, and formats it accordingly Adds a semicolon and a newline character to each line to match standard LSF syntax

**Parameters** code (str) – Single string containing lumerical script

```
add_code_block (code: List[str])
```

Adds a preformatted list of lines of code to the script file

**Parameters** code (List[str]) – Single string containing lumerical script

```
add\_line(code: str) \rightarrow None
```

Adds provided line of code to the script file Does not add a semicolon, but does add a newline character

**Parameters** code (str) – Single string containing lumerical script

```
get_file_header()
```

Returns a list of strings that form the header of the script file

Returns header - Contains comments for the header of the file

**Return type** List[str]

```
\mathbf{set}\ (\mathit{key: str}, \mathit{value}) \ \to \mathrm{None}
```

Conveniently adds a set statement to the LSF file

#### **Parameters**

- **key** (str) parameter to be changed with the set statement
- **value** (any) value that the parameter will be assigned

```
class BPG.lumerical_generator.LumericalDesignGenerator(filepath)
```

 $Bases: \textit{BPG.lumerical\_generator.LumericalCodeGenerator}$ 

```
export_to_lsf()
```

Take all code in the database and export it to a lumerical script file

```
\textbf{class} \ \texttt{BPG.lumerical\_generator}. \textbf{LumericalSweepGenerator} \ (\textit{filepath})
```

Bases: BPG.lumerical\_generator.LumericalCodeGenerator

This class enables the creation of .lsf files for swept variables

```
add_sweep_point (script_name)
```

Adds a given script name to the be run in the main sweep loop. Scripts are executed in the order in which they are added

Parameters script\_name (str) - Name of script to be executed

```
create_sweep_loop()
export_to_lsf()
```

Take all code in the database and export it to a lumerical script file

## 2.1.7 BPG.lumerical materials module

```
\textbf{class} \ \texttt{BPG.lumerical\_materials.} \textbf{LumericalMaterialGenerator} \ (\textit{filepath})
```

Bases: BPG.lumerical\_generator.LumericalCodeGenerator

This class enables BPG to create a custom set of materials for use in Lumerical

```
add_material(name) \rightarrow None
```

Each time this is called a new material with the provided name is created

**Parameters** name (str) – name of the new material being created

```
add_property (prop_name, prop_value) → None
```

Each time this method is called, an lsf line setting the property value to the property name is added

#### **Parameters**

- **prop\_name** (str) name of the property to be set
- **prop\_value** (Any) value of the property to be set

```
export_to_lsf()
```

```
import material file (material dict) \rightarrow None
```

Takes a dictionary containing other dictionaries and creates an lsf file that defines all of the materials and their properties. Each key in the top level dict is the name of the material, and each value is a dictionary containing the material properties.

Parameters material\_dict (dict) - dict of dicts specifying the materials to be created

```
import_material_from_dict (material_name: str, prop_dict: dict) \rightarrow None
```

Creates and configures a new material given the properties inside the dictionary.

#### **Parameters**

- material name (str) the name of the new material to be created
- prop\_dict (dict) dict containing all the property info necessary to define the material

## 2.1.8 BPG.lumerical\_sim module

```
class BPG.lumerical_sim.FDESolver
```

```
Bases: BPG.lumerical_sim.LumericalSimObj
```

Lumerical Simulation Object for Finite-Difference Eigenmode Solver

```
align_to_port (port, offset=(0, 0), align_orient=True)
```

Moves the center of the simulation object to align to the provided photonic port. Overrides the superclass method to support setting the orientation to match port

#### **Parameters**

- port (PhotonicPort) Photonic port for the simulation object to be aligned to
- offset (Tuple) (x, y) offset relative to the port location

• **align\_orient** (bool) – True to set the orientation to match the port orientation, False to ignore port orientation

```
lsf_export()
```

Returns a list of Lumerical code describing the creation of a FDESolver object

**Returns** lsf\_code – list of Lumerical code to create the FDESolver object

**Return type** List[str]

mesh\_size

orientation

class BPG.lumerical\_sim.FDTDSolver

Bases: BPG.lumerical\_sim.LumericalSimObj

Lumerical Simulation Object for Finite-Difference Time Domain Solver

```
lsf_export()
```

Returns a list of Lumerical code describing the creation of a FDESolver object

**Returns** lsf\_code – list of Lumerical code to create the FDESolver object

**Return type** List[str]

```
class BPG.lumerical_sim.LumericalSimObj
```

 $\textbf{Bases: BPG.photonic\_core.Box, BPG.lumerical\_generator.LumericalCodeGenerator.}$ 

Abstract Base Class for all simulation/monitor objects in Lumerical

All simulation objects have a common representation for geometry and generate lsf code, so LumericalSimObj inherits both from Box and from LumericalCodeGenerator

#### content

Return self so that lsf\_export can be called by BAG from the content list

```
lsf_export() \rightarrow List[str]
```

Returns a list of Lumerical code describing the creation of the simulation object

Unlike the export\_lsf method for photonic objects, this method is not a classmethod, and relies on internal access to the instances attributes

## 2.1.9 BPG.lumerical\_tb module

```
class BPG.lumerical_tb.LumericalTB(temp_db, lib_name, params, used_names, **kwargs)
    Bases: BPG.photonic_template.PhotonicTemplateBase
    add_EME_port()
    add_EME_solver()
    add_FDE_solver() \rightarrow BPG.lumerical_sim.FDESolver
        Create a blank FDE solver, add it to the db, and return it to the user for manipulation
    add_FDTD_port()
    add_FDTD_solver()
        Create a blank FDTD solver, add it to the db, and return it to the user for manipulation
    add_effective_index_monitor()
    add_eme_profile()
    add_freq_domain_monitor()
```

```
add_gaussian_source()
add_index_monitor()
add_mode_expansion_monitor()
add_mode_source()
add movie monitor()
add point source()
add_time_domain_monitor()
add_total_field_source()
add_var_FDTD_solver()
construct tb()
    Override this method to specify the procedure for generating the testbench and simulation. YOU MUST
    IMPLEMENT THIS METHOD TO CREATE A TESTBENCH!
create dut()
    Create and place the provided layout class and parameters at the origin
draw layout()
    This method is used internally to assemble the instance and the TB sources. DO NOT CALL THIS
classmethod get_params_info()
    Returns a dictionary from parameter names to descriptions.
        Returns param info – dictionary from parameter names to descriptions.
        Return type Optional[Dict[str, str]]
plane_wave_source()
```

## 2.1.10 BPG.manh\_shapely module

```
BPG.manh_shapely.cleanup_loop (coords_list_ori, eps_grid=0.0001)
BPG.manh_shapely.coords_apprx_in_line (coord1, coord2, coord3, eps_grid=0.0001)
Tell if three coordinates are in the same line Expected to have three consecutive coordinates as inputs when the function is called
BPG.manh_shapely.coords_cleanup(coords_list_ori, eps_grid=0.0001, debug=False)
```

clean up coordinates in the list that are redundant or harmful for following Shapely functions

#### **Parameters**

- coords\_list\_ori (list[tuple[float, float]]) list of coordinates that enclose a polygon
- **eps\_grid** (*float*) a size smaller than the resolution grid size, if the difference of x/y coordinates of two points is smaller than it, these two points should actually share the same x/y coordinate
- **debug** (bool) -

```
BPG.manh_shapely.manh_skill (poly_coords, manh_grid_size, manh_type)
```

Convert a polygon into the polygon with orthogonal edges, detailed flavors are the same as it is in the SKILL code

#### **Parameters**

- poly\_coords (list[tuple[float, float]]) list of coordinates that enclose a polygon
- manh\_grid\_size (float) grid size for manhattanization, edge length after manhattanization should be larger than it
- manh\_type (str) 'inc': the manhattanized polygon is larger compared to the one on the manh grid 'dec': the manhattanized polygon is smaller compared to the one on the manh grid 'non': additional feature, only map the coords to the manh grid but do no manhattanization

```
BPG.manh_shapely.plot_coords(ax, x, y, color='#999999', zorder=1)
BPG.manh_shapely.plot_line(ax, ob, color='r')
BPG.manh_shapely.polyop_manh(geom, manh_grid_size, do_manh)
BPG.manh_shapely.polyop_manh_polygon(geom, manh_grid_size, do_manh)
```

## 2.1.11 BPG.photonic core module

```
class BPG.photonic_core.Box
    Bases: object
```

A class representing a 3D rectangle

```
align_to_port(port, offset=(0, 0))
```

Moves the center of the simulation object to align to the provided photonic port

#### **Parameters**

- port (PhotonicPort) Photonic port for the simulation object to be aligned to
- offset (Tuple) (x, y) offset relative to the port location

```
move\_by (dx, dy, unit\_mode=False)
```

```
set_center_span (dim, center, span)
```

Sets the center and span of a given geometry dimension

#### **Parameters**

- dim(str) 'x', 'y', or 'z' for the corresponding dimension
- center (float) coordinate location of the center of the geometry
- **span** (float) length of the geometry along the dimension

```
set_span (dim, span)
```

Sets the span of a given geometry dimension

#### **Parameters**

- dim (str) 'x', 'y', or 'z' for the corresponding dimension
- **span** (float) length of the geometry along the dimension

```
class BPG.photonic_core.CoordBase
```

Bases: object

A class representing the basic unit of measurement for all objects in BPG.

All user-facing values are assumed to be floating point numbers in units of microns. BAG internal functions assume that we receive 'unit-mode' numbers, which are integers in units of nanometers. Both formats are supported.

# float Returns the rounded floating point number closest to a valid point on the resolution grid meters Returns the rounded floating point number in meters closest to a valid point on the resolution grid micron = Decimal('0.000001') microns res = Decimal('0.001')unit\_mode value class BPG.photonic\_core.DummyPhotonicTechInfo(photonic\_tech\_params, resolution, layout\_unit) Bases: BPG.photonic core.PhotonicTechInfo A dummy PhotonicTechInfo class height (layer) Returns the height from the top of the silicon region (defined as 0) to the bottom surface of the given layer, in layout units. Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer. Returns height – The height of the bottom surface for shapes on the layer Return type float height\_unit (layer) Returns the height from the top of the silicon region (defined as 0) to the bottom surface of the given layer, in resolution units. Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the **Returns height unit** – The height of the bottom surface in resolution units for shapes on the layer Return type float max width(layer) Returns the maximum width (in layout units) for a given layer. Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer. Returns max\_width - The maximum width for shapes on the layer Return type float max\_width\_unit (layer) Returns the maximum width (in resolution units) for a given layer. Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the **Returns max width unit** – The maximum width in resolution units for shapes on the layer

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**Return type** float

Returns the minimum area (in layout units) for a given layer.

min\_area(layer)

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

Returns min\_area - The minimum area for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_area\_unit (layer)

Returns the minimum area (in resolution units) for a given layer.

Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

Returns min\_area\_unit - The minimum area in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_edge\_length (layer)

Returns the minimum edge length (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** min\_edge\_length – The minimum edge length for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_edge\_length\_unit (layer)

Returns the minimum edge length (in resolution units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns min\_edge\_length** – The minimum edge length in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min space (laver)

Returns the minimum space (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** min\_space – The minimum space for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_space\_unit (layer)

Returns the minimum space (in resolution units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** min\_space\_unit – The minimum space in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_width(layer)

Returns the minimum width (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** min\_width – The minimum width for shapes on the layer

**Return type** float

```
min width unit (laver)
          Returns the minimum width (in resolution units) for a given layer.
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
              Returns min width unit – The minimum width in resolution units for shapes on the layer
              Return type float
     thickness (layer)
          Returns the thickness of the layer, in layout units.
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
                  layer.
              Returns thickness – The thickness of shapes on the layer
              Return type float
     thickness_unit (layer)
          Returns the thickness of the layer, in resolution units
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
              Returns thickness_unit - The thickness in resolution units for shapes on the layer
              Return type float
class BPG.photonic_core.PhotonicBagLayout (grid, use_cybagoa=False)
     Bases: bag.layout.core.BagLayout
     This class contains layout information of a cell.
          Parameters
                • grid (bag.layout.routing.RoutingGrid) - the routing grid instance.
                • use_cybagoa (bool) – True to use cybagoa package to accelerate layout.
     add_monitor_obj (monitor_obj)
          Add a new Lumerical monitor object to the db
     add round(round obj)
          Add a new (arrayed) round shape.
              Parameters round_obj (BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicRound) - the round ob-
                  ject to add.
     add sim obj(sim obj)
          Add a new Lumerical simulation object to the db
```

```
add_source_obj (source_obj)
```

Add a new Lumerical source object to the db

## ${\tt finalize}\,(\,)$

Prevents any further changes to this layout.

```
get_content (lib_name, cell_name, rename_fun)
```

Returns a list describing geometries in this layout.

## **Parameters**

- $lib_name(str)$  the layout library name.
- **cell\_name** (str) the layout top level cell name.

• rename\_fun (Callable[[str], str]) - the layout cell renaming function.

**Returns content** – a list describing this layout, or PyOALayout if cybagoa package is enabled.

Return type Union[List[Any], Tuple[str, 'cybagoa.PyOALayout']]

```
move\_all\_by (dx=0.0, dy=0.0, unit\_mode=False)
```

Move all layout objects in this layout by the given amount.

#### **Parameters**

- dx (Union[float, int]) the X shift.
- dy (Union[float, int]) the Y shift.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if shift values are given in resolution units.

```
class BPG.photonic_core.PhotonicBagProject (bag_config_path=None, port=None)
```

Bases: bag.core.BagProject

The main bag controller class.

This class extracts user configuration variables and issues high level bag commands. Most config variables have defaults pointing to files in the BPG/examples/tech folder

#### **Parameters**

- **bag\_config\_path** (Optional[str]) the bag configuration file path. If None, will attempt to read from environment variable BAG\_CONFIG\_PATH.
- **port** (Optional[int]) the BAG server process port number. If not given, will read from port file.

```
static load_yaml(filepath)
```

Setup standardized method for yaml loading

```
height (layer)
```

Returns the height from the top of the silicon region (defined as 0) to the bottom surface of the given layer, in layout units.

```
Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.
```

**Returns** height – The height of the bottom surface for shapes on the layer

Return type float

```
height unit (layer)
```

Returns the height from the top of the silicon region (defined as 0) to the bottom surface of the given layer, in resolution units.

```
Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.
```

**Returns height\_unit** – The height of the bottom surface in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

```
max_width(layer)
```

Returns the maximum width (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** max\_width – The maximum width for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### max\_width\_unit (layer)

Returns the maximum width (in resolution units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** max\_width\_unit – The maximum width in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min area(laver)

Returns the minimum area (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

Returns min\_area - The minimum area for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_area\_unit (layer)

Returns the minimum area (in resolution units) for a given layer.

**Parameters** layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns min\_area\_unit** – The minimum area in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

### min\_edge\_length(layer)

Returns the minimum edge length (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns** min\_edge\_length – The minimum edge length for shapes on the layer

Return type float

## $min\_edge\_length\_unit(layer)$

Returns the minimum edge length (in resolution units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

**Returns min\_edge\_length** – The minimum edge length in resolution units for shapes on the layer

Return type float

#### min\_space (layer)

Returns the minimum space (in layout units) for a given layer.

**Parameters layer** (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the layer.

Returns min\_space - The minimum space for shapes on the layer

Return type float

```
min space unit (layer)
          Returns the minimum space (in resolution units) for a given layer.
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
              Returns min space unit – The minimum space in resolution units for shapes on the layer
              Return type float
     min width (layer)
          Returns the minimum width (in layout units) for a given layer.
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
                  layer.
              Returns min_width – The minimum width for shapes on the layer
              Return type float
     min_width_unit (layer)
          Returns the minimum width (in resolution units) for a given layer.
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
              Returns min_width_unit - The minimum width in resolution units for shapes on the layer
              Return type float
     thickness (layer)
          Returns the thickness of the layer, in layout units.
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
                  layer.
              Returns thickness – The thickness of shapes on the layer
              Return type float
     thickness_unit (layer)
          Returns the thickness of the layer, in resolution units
              Parameters layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - The layer name or LPP of the
                  layer.
              Returns thickness_unit - The thickness in resolution units for shapes on the layer
              Return type float
class BPG.photonic core.Plane
     Bases: object
     A class representing a plane that is orthogonal to one of the cardinal axes
     TODO: Implement this class
class BPG.photonic_core.XY
     Bases: object
     A class representing a single point on the XY plane
     x
     x_float
     x meters
```

```
хy
     xy_float
     xy_meters
     У
     y_float
     y_meters
class BPG.photonic_core.XYZ
     Bases: object
     A class representing a single point on the XYZ space
     x
     x_float
     x_meters
     xyz
     xyz_float
     xyz_meters
    y_float
     y_meters
     z_float
     z_meters
BPG.photonic_core.create_photonic_tech_info(bpg_config, tech_info)
     Create PhotonicTechInfo object.
2.1.12 BPG.photonic_layout_manager module
class BPG.photonic_layout_manager.PhotonicLayoutManager(bprj: PhotonicBagProject,
                                                                    spec_file, verbose: bool =
                                                                    False)
     Bases: bag.simulation.core.DesignManager
     Class that manages the creation of Photonic Layouts and Lumerical LSF files
     create_materials_file()
         Takes the custom materials stated in the lumerical_map and generates a Lumerical lsf file that defines the
         materials for use in simulation.
     dataprep()
             Parameters debug (bool) – True to print debug information
```

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dataprep\_skill(debug=False)

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

Generates a batch of layouts with the layout package/class in the spec file with the parameters set by layout\_params\_list and names them according to cell\_name\_list. Each dict in the layout\_params\_list creates a new layout

#### **Parameters**

- generate\_gds (Optional[bool]) Optional parameter: True (default) to generate the GDS
- layout\_params\_list (List[dict]) Optional list of dicts corresponding to layout parameters passed to the generator class
- **cell\_name\_list** (*List* [*str*]) Optional list of strings corresponding to the names given to each generated layout
- **gen\_full\_gds** (bool) True to generate a gds with both physical and design layers
- **gen\_design\_gds** (bool) True to generate the gds with only photonic design (and port) layers
- gen\_physical\_gds (bool) True to generate the gds with only physical layers
- **debug** (bool) True to print debug information

```
generate_gds (layout_params_list=None, cell_name_list=None) → None
```

Generates a batch of layouts with the layout package/class in the spec file with the parameters set by layout\_params\_list and names them according to cell\_name\_list. Each dict in the layout\_params\_list creates a new layout

#### **Parameters**

- layout\_params\_list (List[dict]) Optional list of dicts corresponding to layout parameters passed to the generator class
- **cell\_name\_list** (List[str]) Optional list of strings corresponding to the names given to each generated layout

```
generate_lsf (debug=False, create_materials=True)
```

Converts generated layout to 1sf format for lumerical import

```
generate_tb (generate_gds=False, debug=False)
```

Generates the lumerical testbench lsf

```
static load_yaml (filepath)
```

Setup standardized method for yaml loading

```
make tdb() \rightarrow None
```

Makes a new PhotonicTemplateDB instance assuming all contained layouts are generated independently of the grid

## 2.1.13 BPG.photonic\_objects module

This module defines various layout objects one can add and manipulate in a template.

Bases: bag.layout.objects.Polygon

A layout polygon object.

#### **Parameters**

- resolution (float) the layout grid resolution.
- layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) the layer name, or a tuple of layer name and purpose name. If purpose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
- points (List[Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) the points defining the polygon.
- unit mode  $(b \circ o 1)$  True if the points are given in resolution units.

Bases: bag.layout.objects.Blockage

A blockage object.

Subclass Polygon for code reuse.

#### **Parameters**

- **resolution** (*float*) the layout grid resolution.
- block\_type (str) the blockage type. Currently supports 'routing' and 'placement'.
- **block\_layer** (str) the blockage layer. This value is ignored if blockage type is 'placement'.
- points (List[Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) the points defining the blockage.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if the points are given in resolution units.

classmethod from\_content(content, resolution)

 $Bases: \verb|bag.layout.objects.Boundary|$ 

A boundary object.

Subclass Polygon for code reuse.

#### **Parameters**

- resolution (float) the layout grid resolution.
- boundary\_type (str) the boundary type. Currently supports 'PR', 'snap', and 'area'.
- points (List[Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) the points defining the blockage.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if the points are given in resolution units.

classmethod from\_content(content, resolution)

class BPG.photonic\_objects.PhotonicInstance(parent\_grid:

bag.layout.routing.grid.RoutingGrid, lib\_name: str, master, loc: Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]], orient: str, name: str = None, nx: int = 1, ny: int = 1, spx: int = 0, spy: int = 0, unit\_mode: bool = False)

Bases: bag.layout.objects.Instance

A photonic layout instance, with optional arraying parameters. This class adds the ability to read

#### **Parameters**

- parent\_grid (RoutingGrid) the parent RoutingGrid object.
- lib\_name (str) the layout library name.
- master (TemplateBase) the master template of this instance.
- loc (Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) the origin of this instance.
- **orient** (*str*) the orientation of this instance.
- name (Optional[str]) name of this instance.
- **nx** (*int*) number of columns.
- **ny** (*int*) number of rows.
- **spx** (Union[float, int]) column pitch.
- **spy** (Union[float, int]) row pitch.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units.

#### content

A dictionary representation of this instance.

```
get_bound_box_of(row=0, col=0)
```

Returns the bounding box of an instance in this mosaic.

```
get_photonic_port (name, row=0, col=0)
```

Returns the photonic port object associated with the provided port name

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) name of the port to be returned
- row (int) row in the array of instances to be accessed
- col (int) column in the array of instances to be accessed

Returns port – photonic port object associated with the provided name

Return type PhotonicPort

```
get_port_used(port_name)
```

#### master

The master template of this instance.

move by (dx=0, dy=0, unit mode=False)

Move this instance by the given amount.

#### **Parameters**

- dx (Union[float, int]) the X shift.
- **dy** (Union[float, int]) the Y shift.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if shifts are given in resolution units

set\_port\_used(port\_name)

 $transform(loc=(0, 0), orient='R0', unit\_mode=False, copy=False)$ 

Transform this figure.

```
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicInstanceInfo(res, change_orient=True, **kwargs)
     Bases: bag.layout.objects.InstanceInfo
     A dictionary that represents a layout instance.
     content()
     copy()
          Override copy method of InstanceInfo to return a PhotonicInstanceInfo instead.
     master_key
     param_list = ['lib', 'cell', 'view', 'name', 'loc', 'orient', 'num_rows', 'num_cols',
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicPath(resolution,
                                                                                width,
                                                                    laver,
                                                                                           points,
                                                    end_style='truncate',
                                                                               join_style='extend',
                                                    unit\_mode = False)
     Bases: bag.layout.objects.Figure
     A layout path. Only 45/90 degree turns are allowed.
          Parameters
                • resolution (float) – the layout grid resolution.
                • layer (string or (string, string)) - the layer name, or a tuple of layer name
                  and purpose name. If purpose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
                • width (float) – width of this path, in layout units.
                • points (List[Tuple[float, float]]) - list of path points.
                • end_style (str) - the path ends style. Currently support 'truncate', 'extend', and
                  'round'.
                • join_style (str) - the ends style at intermediate points of the path. Currently support
                  'extend' and 'round'.
                • unit_mode (bool) - True if width and points are given as resolution units instead of
                  layout units.
     content
          A dictionary representation of this path.
     classmethod from_content(content, resolution)
     layer
          The rectangle (layer, purpose) pair.
     lower
     move\_by (dx=0, dy=0, unit\_mode=False)
          Move this path by the given amount.
              Parameters
                  • dx (float) - the X shift.
                  • dy (float) – the Y shift.
                  • unit_mode (bool) – True if shifts are given in resolution units.
     points
     points_unit
     classmethod polygon_pointlist_export (vertices)
```

```
Parameters vertices (List[Tuple[float, float]) - The vertices from the content
                 list of this polygon
              Returns output_list – The positive and negative polygon pointlists describing this polygon
              Return type Tuple[List, List]
     polygon_points
     process_points (pts, width, eps=1e-05, unit_mode=False)
              Parameters
                  • pts -
                  • width -
                  • eps -
                  • unit_mode -
     transform(loc=(0, 0), orient='R0', unit_mode=False, copy=False)
          Transform this figure.
     upper
     valid
          Returns True if this instance is valid.
     width
     width unit
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicPathCollection(resolution, paths)
     Bases: bag.layout.objects.PathCollection
     A layout figure that consists of one or more paths.
     This class make it easy to draw bus/trasmission line objects.
          Parameters
               • resolution (float) – layout unit resolution.
               • paths (List [Path]) - paths in this collection.
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicPinInfo(res, **kwargs)
     Bases: bag.layout.objects.PinInfo
     A dictionary that represents a layout pin.
     classmethod from content(content, resolution)
     param_list = ['net_name', 'pin_name', 'label', 'layer', 'bbox', 'make_rect']
     transform(loc, orient, unit_mode, copy)
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicPolygon(resolution, layer, points, unit_mode=False)
     Bases: bag.layout.objects.Polygon
     A layout polygon object.
          Parameters
               • resolution (float) – the layout grid resolution.
               • layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) - the layer name, or a tuple of layer name
                 and purpose name. If purpose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
```

- points (List[Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) the points defining the polygon.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if the points are given in resolution units.

classmethod from\_content(content, resolution)

```
classmethod lsf_export (vertices, layer_prop) → List[str]
```

Describes the current polygon shape in terms of lsf parameters for lumerical use

#### **Parameters**

- **vertices** (List[Tuple[float, float]]) ordered list of x,y coordinates representing the points of the polygon
- layer\_prop (dict) dictionary containing material properties for the desired layer

**Returns** lsf\_code – list of str containing the lsf code required to create specified rectangles

Return type List[str]

classmethod polygon\_pointlist\_export (vertices)

**Parameters vertices** (List[Tuple[float, float]) - The vertices from the content list of this polygon

**Returns output\_list** – The positive and negative polygon pointlists describing this polygon

**Return type** Tuple[List, List]

```
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicRect(layer, bbox, nx=1, ny=1, spx=0, spy=0, unit\ mode=False)
```

Bases: bag.layout.objects.Rect

A layout rectangle, with optional arraying parameters.

#### **Parameters**

- layer (string or (string, string)) the layer name, or a tuple of layer name and purpose name. If pupose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
- **bbox** (bag.layout.util.BBox or bag.layout.util.BBoxArray) the base bounding box. If this is a BBoxArray, the BBoxArray's arraying parameters are used.
- **nx** (int) number of columns.
- **ny** (*int*) number of rows.
- spx (float) column pitch.
- **spy** (float) row pitch.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units.

classmethod from\_content(content, resolution)

```
classmethod lsf_export (bbox, layer\_prop, nx=1, ny=1, spx=0.0, spy=0.0) \rightarrow List[str]
```

Describes the current rectangle shape in terms of lsf parameters for lumerical use. Note that Lumerical uses meters as the base unit, and all input coords are assumed to be in microns. This method inherently resizes

## **Parameters**

- **bbox** ([[float, float], [float, float]]) lower left and upper right corner xy coordinates
- layer\_prop (dict) dictionary containing material properties for the desired layer

- nx (int) number of arrayed rectangles in the x-direction
- **ny** (*int*) number of arrayed rectangles in the y-direction
- **spx** (float) space between arrayed rectangles in the x-direction
- **spy** (float) space between arrayed rectangles in the y-direction

**Returns** lsf\_code – list of str containing the lsf code required to create specified rectangles

**Return type** List[str]

 $\verb|classmethod| polygon_pointlist_export| (bbox, nx=1, ny=1, spx=0.0, spy=0.0)$ 

Convert the PhotonicRect geometry to a list of polygon pointlists.

#### **Parameters**

- **bbox** ([[float, float], [float, float]]) lower left and upper right corner xy coordinates
- **nx** (*int*) number of arrayed rectangles in the x-direction
- **ny** (*int*) number of arrayed rectangles in the y-direction
- **spx** (float) space between arrayed rectangles in the x-direction
- **spy** (float) space between arrayed rectangles in the y-direction

**Returns output\_list** – The positive and negative polygon pointlists describing the photonicRect

**Return type** Tuple[List, List]

class BPG.photonic\_objects.PhotonicRound(layer, resolution, center, rout, rin=0, theta0=0, theta1=360, nx=1, ny=1, spx=0, spy=0,  $unit\_mode=False$ )

Bases: bag.layout.objects.Arrayable

A layout round object, with optional arraying parameters.

#### **Parameters**

- layer (string or (string, string)) the layer name, or a tuple of layer name and purpose name. If pupose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
- rout -
- rin-
- theta0 -
- theta1 -
- nx (int) number of columns.
- **ny** (*int*) number of rows.
- **spx** (float) column pitch.
- **spy** (*float*) row pitch.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units.

#### center

The center in layout units

## center\_unit

The center in resolution units

```
content
          A dictionary representation of this rectangle.
     classmethod from_content(content, resolution)
     layer
          The rectangle (layer, purpose) pair.
     classmethod lsf_export (rout, rin, theta0, theta1, layer_prop, center, nx=1, ny=1, spx=0.0,
                                   spy=0.0)
              Parameters
                  • rout -
                  • rin -
                  • theta0 -
                  • theta1 -
                  • layer_prop -
                  • center -
                  • nx -
                  • ny -
                  • spx -
                  • spy -
     move\_by (dx=0, dy=0, unit\_mode=False)
          Moves the round object
     static num_of_sparse_point_round(radius, res_grid_size)
     classmethod polygon_pointlist_export (rout, rin, theta0, theta1, center, nx=1, ny=1,
                                                     spx=0.0, spy=0.0, resolution=0.001)
     rin
          The inner radius in layout units
     rin_unit
          The inner radius in resolution units
     rout
          The outer radius in layout units
     rout unit
          The outer radius in resolution units
     theta0
          The starting angle, in degrees
     theta1
          The ending angle, in degrees
     transform (loc=(0, 0), orient='R0', unit_mode=False, copy=False)
          Transform this figure.
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicTLineBus (resolution, layer, points, widths, spaces,
                                                         end_style='truncate', unit_mode=False)
     Bases: bag.layout.objects.TLineBus
```

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A transmission line bus drawn using Path.

assumes only 45 degree turns are used, and begin and end line segments are straight.

#### **Parameters**

- resolution (float) layout unit resolution.
- layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) the bus layer.
- points (List[Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) list of center points of the bus.
- widths (List[Union[float, int]]) list of wire widths. 0 index is left/bottom most wire.
- spaces (List[Union[float, int]]) list of wire spacings.
- end\_style (str) the path ends style. Currently support 'truncate', 'extend', and 'round'.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if width and points are given as resolution units instead of layout units.

class BPG.photonic\_objects.PhotonicVia(tech, bbox,  $bot_layer$ ,  $top_layer$ ,  $bot_dir$ , nx=1, ny=1, spx=0, spy=0, extend=True,  $top_dir=None$ ,  $unit\ mode=False$ )

Bases: bag.layout.objects.Via

A layout via, with optional arraying parameters.

#### **Parameters**

- tech (bag.layout.core.TechInfo) the technology class used to calculate via information.
- **bbox** (bag.layout.util.BBox or bag.layout.util.BBoxArray) the via bounding box, not including extensions. If this is a BBoxArray, the BBoxArray's arraying parameters are used.
- **bot\_layer** (*str* or (*str*, *str*)) the bottom layer name, or a tuple of layer name and purpose name. If purpose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
- **top\_layer** (*str* or (*str*, *str*)) the top layer name, or a tuple of layer name and purpose name. If purpose name not given, defaults to 'drawing'.
- **bot\_dir** (*str*) the bottom layer extension direction. Either 'x' or 'y'.
- **nx** (*int*) arraying parameter. Number of columns.
- **ny** (*int*) arraying parameter. Mumber of rows.
- **spx** (*float*) arraying parameter. Column pitch.
- **spy** (*float*) arraying parameter. Row pitch.
- **extend** (bool) True if via extension can be drawn outside of bounding box.
- top\_dir(Optional[str]) top layer extension direction. Can force to extend in same direction as bottom
- unit\_mode (bool) True if array pitches are given in resolution units.

classmethod from\_content(content)

```
class BPG.photonic_objects.PhotonicViaInfo(res, **kwargs)
    Bases: bag.layout.objects.ViaInfo
```

A dictionary that represents a layout via.

param\_list = ['id', 'loc', 'orient', 'num\_rows', 'num\_cols', 'sp\_rows', 'sp\_cols', 'en

```
2.1.14 BPG.photonic port module
class BPG.photonic_port.PhotonicPort (name, center, orientation, width, layer, resolution,
                                                 unit_mode=False)
     Bases: object
     center
          Return the center coordinates as np array
     center unit
          Return the center coordinates as np array in resolution units
     classmethod from_dict (center, name, orient, port_width, layer, resolution, unit_mode=True)
          Creates a new PhotonicPort object from a set of arguments
              Parameters
                   • center (Tuple [Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) - the (x, y)
                    point of the port
                   • name (str) – the name of the port
                   • orient (str) – the orientation pointing into the object of the port
                   • port_width (Union[float, int]) - the port width
                   • layer (Union[Tuple[str, str], str]) - the layer / layer purpose pair on
                    which the port should be drawn. If the purpose is not specified, it is defaulted to the
                     'port' purpose
                   • resolution (float) - the grid resolution
                   • unit_mode (bool) – True if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units
              Returns port – the generated port
              Return type PhotonicPort
     is horizontal()
          Returns True if port orientation is R0 or R180
     is_vertical()
          Returns True if port orientation is vertical (R90 or R270)
     layer
          Returns the layer of the port
     name
          Returns the name of the port
     orientation
          Returns the orientation of the port
     resolution
          Returns the layout resolution of the port object
     transform(loc=(0, 0), orient='R0', unit\_mode=False)
          Return a new transformed photonic port
              Parameters
```

- loc(Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) the x, y coordinate to move the port
- **orient** (*str*) the orientation to rotate the port
- unit\_mode (bool) true if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units

**Returns** port – the transformed photonic port object

Return type PhotonicPort

#### used

Returns True if port is used

#### width

Returns the width of the port

#### width unit

Returns the width of the port in layout units

width\_vec (unit\_mode=True, normalized=True)

Returns a normalized vector pointing into the port object

#### **Parameters**

- unit\_mode (bool) True to return vector in resolution units
- **normalized** (bool) True to normalize the vector. If False, vector magnitude is the port width

**Returns vec** – a vector whos orientation points into the port and whos magnitude is either 1 or the waveguide port width

Return type np.array

## 2.1.15 BPG.photonic\_skill module

create\_global\_skill\_variables (dataprep\_procedure\_path, dataprep\_parameters\_path, output\_file\_path)

#### **Parameters**

- dataprep procedure path -
- dataprep\_parameters\_path -
- output\_file\_path -

dataprep (lib\_name, cell\_name, debug=False)

manh (lib name, cell name, debug=False)

setup\_bpg\_skill (output\_path, dataprep\_procedure\_path, dataprep\_parameters\_path, dataprep\_skill\_function\_path)

#### **Parameters**

- output\_path -
- dataprep\_procedure\_path -
- dataprep\_parameters\_path -

• dataprep\_skill\_function\_path -

## 2.1.16 BPG.photonic\_template module

### **Parameters**

- master (TemplateBase) the master template object.
- inst\_name (Optional[str]) instance name. If None or an instance with this name already exists, a generated unique name is used.
- loc (Tuple[Union[float, int], Union[float, int]]) instance location.
- **orient** (str) instance orientation. Defaults to "R0"
- nx (int) number of columns. Must be positive integer.
- ny (int) number of rows. Must be positive integer.
- **spx** (*Union[float*, *int]*) column pitch. Used for arraying given instance.
- **spy** (*Union*[float, int]) row pitch. Used for arraying given instance.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if dimensions are given in resolution units.

**Returns** inst – the added instance.

Return type Instance

```
add_instances_port_to_port (inst_master, instance_port_name, self_port=None, self_port_name=None, instance_name=None, reflect=False)

Instantiates a new instance of the inst_master template. The new instance is placed such that its port named 'instance_port_name' is aligned-with and touching the 'self_port' or 'self_port_name' port of the current hierarchy level.
```

The new instance is rotated about the new instance's master's origin until desired port is aligned. Optional reflection is performed after rotation, about the port axis.

The self port being connected to can be specified either by passing a self\_port PhotonicPort object, or by passing the self\_port\_name, which refers to a port that must exist in the current hierarchy level.

## **Parameters**

- inst\_master (PhotonicTemplateBase) the template master to be added
- instance\_port\_name (str) the name of the port in the added instance to connect to
- **self\_port** (Optional [PhotonicPort]) the photonic port object in the current hierarchy to connect to. Has priority over self\_port\_name
- **self\_port\_name** (Optional[str]) the name of the port in the current hierarchy to connect to

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- instance\_name (Optional[str]) the name to give the new instance
- **reflect** (bool) True to flip the added instance after rotation

Returns new\_inst - the newly added instance

Return type PhotonicInstance

## add monitor obj (monitor obj)

Add a new Lumerical monitor object to the db

## add\_path (path)

Adds a PhotonicPath to the layout object

Parameters path (PhotonicPath) -

Returns path

Return type PhotonicPath

add\_photonic\_port (name=None, center=None, orient=None, width=None, layer=None, resolution=None, unit\_mode=False, port=None, overwrite=False, show=True)

Adds a photonic port to the current hierarchy. A PhotonicPort object can be passed, or will be constructed if the proper arguments are passed to this funciton.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) name to give the new port
- center (coord\_type) (x, y) location of the port
- orient (str) orientation pointing INTO the port
- width (dim\_type) the port width
- layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) the layer on which the port should be added. If only a string, the purpose is defaulted to 'port'
- resolution (Union[float, int]) the grid resolution
- $unit_{mode}$  (bool) True if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units
- **port** (Optional [PhotonicPort]) the PhotonicPort object to add. This argument can be provided in lieu of all the others.
- **overwrite** (bool) True to add the port with the specified name even if another port with that name already exists in this level of the design hierarchy.
- **show** (bool) True to draw the port indicator shape

**Returns** port – the added photonic port object

Return type PhotonicPort

add\_polygon (polygon=None, layer=None, points=None, resolution=None, unit\_mode=False)
Add a polygon to the layout. If photonic polygon object is passed, use it. User can also pass information to create a new photonic polygon.

## **Parameters**

- polygon (Optional [PhotonicPolygon]) the polygon to add
- layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) the layer of the polygon
- resolution (float) the layout grid resolution
- points (List[coord\_type]) the points defining the polygon
- unit\_mode (bool) True if the points are given in resolution units

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Returns polygon – the added polygon object

Return type PhotonicPolygon

## **Parameters**

- layer (Union[str, Tuple[str, str]]) the layer name, or the (layer, purpose) pair.
- **x\_span** (*Union*[*int*, *float*]) horizontal span of the rectangle.
- y\_span (Union[int, float]) vertical span of the rectangle.
- center (Union[int, float]) coordinate defining center point of the rectangle.
- **coord1** (*Tuple[Union[int, float], Union[int, float]]*) point defining one corner of rectangle boundary.
- coord2 (Tuple[Union[int, float], Union[int, float]]) opposite corner from coord1 defining rectangle boundary.
- **bbox** (bag.layout.util.BBox or bag.layout.util.BBoxArray) the base bounding box. If this is a BBoxArray, the BBoxArray's arraying parameters are used.
- **nx** (*int*) number of columns.
- **ny** (*int*) number of rows.
- **spx** (float) column pitch.
- spy (float) row pitch.
- unit\_mode (bool) True if layout dimensions are specified in resolution units.

**Returns** rect – the added rectangle.

Return type PhotonicRect

add\_round(round\_obj)

Parameters round\_obj(Optional[PhotonicRound]) - the polygon to add

**Returns** polygon – the added round object

Return type PhotonicRound

add\_sim\_obj(sim\_obj)

Add a new Lumerical simulation object to the db

add\_source\_obj (source\_obj)

Add a new Lumerical source object to the db

add\_via\_stack (bot\_layer, top\_layer, loc, min\_area\_on\_bot\_top\_layer=False, unit\_mode=False)

Adds a via stack with one via in each layer at the provided location. All intermediate layers will be enclosed with an enclosure that satisfies both via rules and min area rules

#### **Parameters**

- **bot\_layer** (str) Name of the bottom layer
- top\_layer (str) Name of the top layer
- loc (x, y) location of the center of the via stack

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- min\_area\_on\_bot\_top\_layer (bool) True to have enclosures on top and bottom layer satisfy minimum area constraints
- unit\_mode True if input argument is specified in layout resolution units

delete\_port (port\_names)

Removes the given ports from this instances list of ports. Raises error if given port does not exist.

Parameters port\_names (Union[str, List[str]]) -

## draw\_layout()

Draw the layout of this template.

Override this method to create the layout.

WARNING: you should never call this method yourself.

Brings ports from lower level of hierarchy to the current hierarchy level

#### **Parameters**

- inst (PhotonicInstance) the instance that contains the ports to be extracted
- port\_names (Optional[Union[str, List[str]]) the port name or list of port names re-export. If not supplied, all ports of the inst will be extracted
- **port\_renaming** (Optional[Dict[str, str]]) a dictionary containing key-value pairs mapping inst's port names (key) to the new desired port names (value). If not supplied, extracted ports will be given their original names
- unmatched\_only (bool) -
- show (bool) -

finalize()

```
get_photonic_port(port_name=")
```

Returns the photonic port object with the given name

**Parameters** port\_name (Optional[str]) – the photonic port terminal name. If None or empty, check if this photonic template has only one port, and return it

Returns port – The photonic port object

Return type PhotonicPort

## has\_photonic\_port (port\_name)

Checks if the given port name exists in the current hierarchy level.

**Parameters**  $port_name(str)$  – the name of the port

## **Returns**

- boolean
- true if port exists in current hierarchy level

```
photonic_ports_names_iter()
update_port()
```

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```
class BPG.photonic_template.PhotonicTemplateDB (lib_defs: str, routing_grid: Rout-
ingGrid, libname: str, prj: Op-
tional[bag.core.BagProject] = None,
name_prefix: str = ", name_suffix:
str = ", use_cybagoa: bool = False,
gds_lay_file: str = ", flatten: bool =
False, gds_filepath: str = ", lsf_filepath:
str = ", photonic_tech_info: Photon-
icTechInfo = None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: bag.layout.template.TemplateDB

create\_masters\_in\_db (lib\_name, content\_list, export\_gds=None)

Create the masters in the design database.

### **Parameters**

- lib name (str) library to create the designs in.
- content\_list (Sequence[Any]) a list of the master contents. Must be created in this order.
- **export\_gds** (bool) True to export the gds. False to not export a gds even if a gds layermap is provided.

dataprep()

export\_gds

instantiate\_flat\_masters ( $master\_list$ ,  $name\_list=None$ ,  $lib\_name=$ ",  $rename\_dict=None$ ,  $draw\_flat\_gds=True$ ,  $sort\_by\_layer=True$ )  $\rightarrow$  None Create all given masters in the database to a flat hierarchy.

## **Parameters**

- master\_list (Sequence[DesignMaster]) list of masters to instantiate.
- name\_list (Optional[Sequence[Optional[str]]]) list of master cell names. If not given, default names will be used.
- $lib_name(str)$  Library to create the masters in. If empty or None, use default library.
- rename\_dict (Optional[Dict[str, str]]) optional master cell renaming dictionary.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{instantiate\_masters} \ (\textit{master\_list}, & \textit{name\_list=None}, & \textit{lib\_name=""}, & \textit{debug=False}, & \textit{re-name\_dict=None}) \ \rightarrow \ \text{None} \end{array}$ 

Create all given masters in the database. Currently, this is being overridden so that the content\_list is stored locally. This is a little hacky, and may need to be changed pending further testing

### **Parameters**

- master\_list (Sequence[DesignMaster]) list of masters to instantiate.
- name\_list (Optional[Sequence[Optional[str]]]) list of master cell names. If not given, default names will be used.
- **lib\_name** (str) Library to create the masters in. If empty or None, use default library.
- **debug** (bool) True to print debugging messages
- rename\_dict (Optional[Dict[str, str]]) optional master cell renaming dictionary.

lsf\_dataprep()

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## sort\_flat\_content\_by\_layers()

Sorts the flattened content list into a dictionary of content lists, with keys corresponding to a given lpp

## **Notes**

- 1. Unpack the flattened content list
- 2. Loop over objects in the content list, ignoring vias
- 3. Create new layer dictionary key if object layer is new, and whose value is a content list style array
- 4. Append object to proper location in the per-layer content list array

to\_lumerical ( $gds_layermap: str, lsf_export_config: str, lsf_filepath: str$ )  $\rightarrow$  None Exports shapes into the lumerical LSF format

## **Notes**

- 1. Import tech information for the layermap and lumerical properties
- 2. Make sure that a flat content list has been generated for the layout already
- 3. If dataprep is called, run the procedure in the lsf\_export\_config
- 4. For each element in the flat content list, convert it into lsf code and append to running export file
- Isf code is generated by sending properties and tech info to the lsf\_export static method in each shape class
- 6. Isf code is appended to the running file with LumericalDesignGenerator

## **Parameters**

- qds\_layermap (str) path to yaml containing tech specific gds layer information
- **lsf\_export\_config** (str) path to yaml containing lumerical export configurations
- **lsf\_filepath** (str) path to where new lsf will be created

via\_to\_polygon\_list(via, via\_lay\_info, x0, y0)

## 2.1.17 BPG.poly simplify module

## 2.1.18 BPG.test setup module

```
BPG.test_setup.bpg_setup()
Creates the BAG project instance to be used
```

## 2.1.19 Module contents

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