

MozoCoin Smart Contracts Security Analysis

This report is public.

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Abstract

In this report, we consider the security of the <u>MozoCoin</u> project. Our task is to find and describe security issues in the smart contracts of the platform.

Disclaimer

The audit does not give any warranties on the security of the code. One audit cannot be considered enough. We always recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts. Besides, security audit is not an investment advice.

Summary

In this report, we have considered the security of MozoCoin smart contracts. We performed our audit according to the procedure described below.

The audit has shown two critical issues. We do not recommend using this contract before they are fixed. Besides, several medium and low severity issues were found. We recommend addressing them too.

General recommendations

Our audit has revealed two critical issues: <u>Code logic violation</u> and <u>Vulnerable modifier</u>. These are serious issues; moreover, they can be exploited by an external attacker. Besides, we recommend limiting <u>Power of the owner</u>, fixing <u>Documentation mismatch</u> and <u>Possible front-running attack</u>.

In addition, if the developers decide to improve the code quality, we recommend fixing Redundant code and Lack of documentation issue, implementing Tests and Deploy scripts.

However, these issues are minor and do not influence code operation.

Checklist

Security

The audit has shown vulnerabilities. Here by vulnerabilities we mean security issues that can be exploited by an external attacker. This does not include low severity issues, documentation mismatches, overpowered contract owner, and some other kinds of bugs.



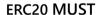
Compliance with the documentation

The audit has shown some discrepancies between the code and the provided documentation. See Documentation mismatch issue.



ERC20 compliance

We have checked <u>ERC20 compliance</u> during the audit. The audit has shown that HoldToken contract is fully ERC20 compliant.



The audit has shown no ERC20 "MUST" requirements violations.



ERC20 SHOULD

The audit has shown no ERC20 "SHOULD" requirements violations.



Tests

The audit has shown that the code is not covered with tests. See No test issue.



The text below is for technical use; it details the statements made in Summary, General recommendations and Checklist.

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Procedure

In our audit, we consider the following crucial features of the smart contract code:

- 1. Whether the code is secure.
- 2. Whether the code corresponds to the documentation (including whitepaper).
- 3. Whether the code meets best practices in efficient use of gas, code readability, etc.

We perform our audit according to the following procedure:

- automated analysis
 - we scan project's smart contracts with our own Solidity static code analyzer SmartCheck
 - we scan project's smart contracts with several publicly available automated
 Solidity analysis tools such as Remix and Solhint
 - o we manually verify (reject or confirm) all the issues found by tools
- manual audit
 - we manually analyze smart contracts for security vulnerabilities
 - we check smart contracts logic and compare it with the one described in the whitepaper
 - o we check ERC20 compliance
- report
 - o we reflect all the gathered information in the report

Checked vulnerabilities

We have scanned MozoCoin smart contracts for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that we considered (the full list includes them but is not limited to them):

- Reentrancy
- Timestamp Dependence
- Gas Limit and Loops
- DoS with (Unexpected) Throw
- DoS with (Unexpected) revert
- DoS with Block Gas Limit
- Transaction-Ordering Dependence
- Use of tx.origin
- Exception disorder
- Gasless send
- Balance equality
- Byte array
- Transfer forwards all gas
- ERC20 API violation
- Malicious libraries
- Compiler version not fixed
- Redundant fallback function
- Send instead of transfer
- Style guide violation
- Unchecked external call
- Unchecked math
- Unsafe type inference
- Implicit visibility level
- Address hardcoded
- Using delete for arrays
- Integer overflow/underflow
- Locked money
- Private modifier
- Revert/require functions
- Using var
- Visibility
- Using blockhash
- Using SHA3
- Using suicide
- Using throw
- Using inline assembly

Project overview

Project description

In our analysis we consider MozoCoin documentation (Mozo-Smart contracts.docx, sha1sum: fcf0353b9b0d564ad0b4d61cda0f114447cd4172) and <u>smart contracts code</u> (version on commit ebf6bf0a011034e4342d04e7f1c00c2c72742e70).

Project architecture

For the audit, we have been provided with the following set of files:

- Agency.sol
- Agentable.sol
- ChainCoOwner.sol
- ChainOwner.sol
- Closable.sol
- ContributionBonus.sol
- ICO.sol
- InvestmentDiscount.sol
- MozoSaleToken.sol
- MozoToken.sol
- Owner.sol
- OwnerERC20.sol
- Referral.sol
- RevocableVested.sol
- Sale.sol
- Timeline.sol
- TimelineBonus.sol
- TimeLock.sol
- Upgradable.sol

Files successfully compile with solc command (with some warnings, see <u>Compilation output</u> in <u>Appendix</u>).

Files contain the following contracts:

- Agency (inherits Sale, Timeline, and Agentable contracts)
- Agentable
- ChainCoOwner (inherits ChainOwner contract)
- ChainOwner
- Closable
- ContributionBonus

- **ICO** (contract with functions declarations)
- InvestmentDiscount (inherits Sale, ContributionBonus, and Timeline contracts)
- MozoSaleToken (inherits Timeline, ChainCoOwner, and ICO contracts and BasicToken contract from OpenZeppelin library)
- MozoToken (inherits OwnerERC20 contract and StandardToken contract from OpenZeppelin library)
- **Owner** (contract with functions declarations)
- OwnerERC20 (inherits Owner contract and ERC20Basic contract from OpenZeppelin library)
- Referral (inherits Sale, ContributionBonus, Timeline, Agentable, and Upgradable contracts)
- RevocableVested (inherits Sale, ContributionBonus, Timeline, Agentable, Upgradable contracts)
- Sale (inherits ChainOwner and Closable contracts)
- Timeline
- TimelineBonus (inherits Sale and Timeline contracts)
- TimeLock (inherits Timeline, ChainOwner, and Agentable contracts)
- **Upgradable** (contract with functions declarations)

The total volume of audited files is 953 lines of Solidity code.

Automated analysis

We used several publicly available automated Solidity analysis tools. Here are the combined results of SmartCheck, Solhint, and Remix.

All the issues found by tools were manually checked (rejected or confirmed).

False positives are constructions that were discovered by the tools as vulnerabilities but do not consist a security threat.

True positives are constructions that were discovered by the tools as vulnerabilities and can actually be exploited by attackers or lead to incorrect contracts operation.

Cases when these issues lead to actual bugs or vulnerabilities are described in the next section.

Tool	Rule	False positives	True positives
Remix	Fallback function requires too much gas		5
	Gas requirement of function high: infinite	67	2
	Potential Violation of Checks-Effects- Interaction pattern	6	1
	Should be constant but is not	1	
	Use of "now"	3	
Total Remix		77	8
SmartCheck	Address Hardcoded	1	
	Dos With Revert	10	
	Erc20 Transfer Should Throw	1	
	Gas Limit And Loops	7	3
	Locked Money	2	

	Private Modifier	25	
	Redundant Fallback Reject		2
	Reentrancy External Call	10	1
	Unchecked Math	25	
	Underflow Overflow		9
	Visibility		2
Total SmartCheck		81	17
Solhint	Avoid to make time-based decisions in your business logic	11	
	Avoid to use inline assembly	1	
	Constructors should use the new constructor keyword		14
	Explicitly mark visibility in function		1
	Explicitly mark visibility of state		1
	Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities	4	
Total Solhint		16	16
Overall Total		174	41

Manual analysis

The contracts were completely manually analyzed, their logic was checked and compared with the one described in the documentation. Besides, the results of the automated analysis were manually verified. All confirmed issues are described below.

Critical issues

Critical issues seriously endanger smart contracts security. We highly recommend fixing them.

Code logic violation

close() function has public visibility modifier (Closable.sol, line 21):

```
function close() public {
```

This function allows to change isClosed variable to true. Thus, everyone can close the sale using this public function. We highly recommend fixing this vulnerability.

Vulnerable modifier: onlySameChain

We found that onlySameChain modifier is vulnerable (MozoSaleToken.sol, line 102):

```
require(sm.owner() == owner());
```

Attacker's contract can implement <code>owner()</code> function that returns required address. This implies that <code>transferByEth()</code> function in **MozoSaleToken** contract is accessible by an attacker. Thus, the attacker can set <code>totalCapInWei</code> variable to 2**256-1 and it will be impossible to buy tokens. We highly recommend fixing this vulnerability.

Medium severity issues

Medium issues can influence smart contracts operation in current implementation. We highly recommend addressing them.

Overpowered owner

The token contract owner has the following powers:

1. RevocableVested.sol, line 80:

```
function revoke() public onlyOwner notClosed
```

The owner can always call revoke() function and return back remaining tokens. During cliff period, the owner can return all the tokens back.

2. MozoSaleToken.sol, line 361:

```
function release() public onlyOwnerOrCoOwner
```

release() function can be called at any time by the owner or coowners. It can lead to premature exchange of SMZO tokens to MOZO tokens.

3. **Sale.sol**, line 82:

```
function withdraw() public onlyOwner
```

Sale.sol, line 90:

```
function returnToken() public onlyOwner notClosed
```

These functions have internal analogs called from release() function. That is why we recommend removing public analogs in order to restrict owner power. In the current implementation, the system depends heavily on the owner of the contract. In this case, there are scenarios that may lead to undesirable consequences for investors, e.g. if the owner's private keys become compromised.

Thus, we recommend designing contracts in a trustless manner.

Documentation mismatch

There is a discrepancy between the smart contracts code and the documentation:

• According to the documentation ("Mozo-Smart contracts.docx", p. 22, item 5.1.2):

```
"If hard cap is reached: burn all unsold tokens"
```

However, all these tokens remain at the owner and coowners' wallets. Thus, owner and coowners can transfer these tokens to another account and exchange them to MOZO tokens using release() function.

The same situation happens in case hard cap is not reached: owner and coowners can transfer their tokens to new addresses and, thus, these tokens will be counted as sold and exchanged to MOZO tokens.

We recommend either improving contracts' functionality so that it matches the documentation or modifying the documentation in order to avoid any discrepancies.

Possible front-running

MozoSaleToken.sol. line 190:

```
function addAddressToWhitelist(address _address)
onlyOwnerOrCoOwner public returns (bool success)
```

After calling addAddressesToWhitelist(user), any user can call transfer() function with _value greater than AML_THRESHOLD. Thus, this amount will be added to pendingAmounts[user] variable and addAddressesToWhitelist() function will send SMZO tokens to user from owner or coowner's address. We recommend taking into account this vulnerability.

Low severity issues

Low severity issues can influence smart contracts operation in future versions of code. We recommend taking them into account.

Lack of documentation

MozoSaleToken.sol, line 380:

```
function bonusToken(address[] _recipients, uint[] _amount)
public onlyOwnerOrCoOwner onlyStopping
```

bonusToken() function is not documented. Thus, it is not clear how this function will be used in the workflow. Moreover, bonuses are sent without AML_THRESHOLD restriction. We recommend completing the documentation by adding the relevant information.

Vulnerable modifier: validOwner

We found that validowner modifier is vulnerable (ChainOwner.sol, line 40):

```
require(ico.owner() == _smzoToken.owner());
```

Attacker's contract can implement <code>owner()</code> function that returns required address. Thus, <code>upgrade()</code> function in **Referral** contract (line 105) is accessible by an attacker. However, it will only break view functions and will not affect code execution. We highly recommend taking into account this vulnerability.

Constructor keyword

Defining constructor as function of the same name as the contract is deprecated. However, in considered project, constructors of all the contracts are implemented in the deprecated way. We highly recommend not using deprecated constructions and following the best practices instead.

Redundant code

The following lines are redundant:

1. Referral.sol, line 21:

```
uint public level;
```

This variable is redundant as it is never used. Moreover, public modifier is redundant as getter function is implemented explicitly. We recommend using internal modifier or removing getter function.

2. Timeline.sol, line 23:

```
modifier notEnded()
```

This modifier is redundant as it is never used.

3. MozoSaleToken.sol, line 8:

```
import "./Upgradable.sol";
```

This import is redundant as it is never used.

4. MozoSaleToken.sol, line 450:

```
transferredIndex = i - 1;
```

This line is redundant. In case this line is executed, the last iteration of the loop will be repeated in the next loop.

5. **Sale.sol**, lines 18, 21:

```
ICO public smzoToken;
uint public sold;
```

These variables have public modifier, however it is redundant as getter function is implemented explicitly. We recommend using internal modifier or removing getter function.

6. Sale.sol, lines 63-67:

```
bool ret = smzoToken.transferByEth(msg.sender, msg.value,
tokenToFund);
if (ret) {
    sold = sold.add(tokenToFund);
}
return ret;
```

ret variable is redundant, because transferByEth() function always returns true.

7. RevocableVested.sol, line 89:

```
if (token > total)
```

This case is impossible since token variable is total* (time/vestedDuration), and time <= vestedDuration.

8. MozoSaleToken.sol, lines 328,354:

```
return false;
```

transfer() and transferByEth() functions always return true, therefore these lines are redundant.

9. **Agency.sol**, lines 54-55:

```
require(_minContribution >= 0);
require(_bonusPercentage >= 0);
```

ContributionBonus.sol, lines 36-37:

```
require(_weiContributionTranches[0] >= 0);
require(_bonusPercentageTranches[0] >= 0);
```

TimelineBonus.sol, lines 63-65:

```
require(_bonusPercentage >= 0);
require(_minContribution >= 0);
```

```
require(_minContributionAfterBonus >= 0);
```

RevocableVested.sol, lines 51-52:

```
require(cliff >= 0);
require(_vestedDuration >= 0);
```

Variables of uint type are always more or equal than zero, thus these lines are redundant.

10. RevocableVested.sol, lines 72-74:

```
function() public payable {
    revert();
}
```

TimeLock.sol, lines 53-55:

```
function() public payable {
    revert();
}
```

Contracts should reject unexpected payments. Before Solidity 0.4.0, it was done manually. Starting from Solidity 0.4.0, contracts without fallback function automatically revert payments, making the code above redundant.

11. MozoSaleToken.sol, line 70:

```
modifier onlyWhitelisted() {
```

This modifier is redundant as it is never used.

We highly recommend removing redundant code in order to improve code readability and transparency and decrease cost of deployment and execution.

Visibility level

The following variables/functions have an implicit visibility level:

• MozoSaleToken.sol, line 37:

```
mapping(address => bool) bonus_transferred_repicients;
```

MozoSaleToken.sol, line 250:

```
function setStop() onlyOwnerOrCoOwner {
```

We recommend specifying visibility levels (public, private, external, internal) explicitly and correctly in order to improve code readability.

Not implemented functionality

There are several logic steps in documentation that are not implemented in the contract code:

- Figures 3,4: steps 9, 11 if the hard cap is reached, it is necessary to release the sale
- Figure 5: step 7 creation of **TimeLock** contract

We highly recommend improving smart contract's code by adding this functionality in new versions.

Fallback function abuse

Several contracts (Sale.sol, TimelineBonus.sol, Referral.sol, InvestmentDiscount.sol, Agency.sol) contain fallback function:

```
function() public payable {
    buyToken();
}
```

We recommend implementing additional check: require (msg.data.length == 0). It eliminates the possibility of accidental fallback function call.

No deploy script

There are no deploy scripts. Bugs and vulnerabilities in deploy appear often and severely endanger contracts' security.

We highly recommend not only developing deploy scripts very carefully but also performing audit of them.

No tests

The provided code does not contain tests. Testing is crucial for code security. We highly recommend not only covering the code with tests but also making sure that the coverage is sufficient.

OpenZeppelin library

The project uses OpenZeppelin library. However, OpenZeppelin files are added to the repoinstead of being connected via npm.

We highly recommend using standard and latest versions of library contracts.

Typo

We found several typos:

MozoToken.sol, line 18:

```
//token symbol
```

There should be decimals instead of symbol.

• Referral.sol, line 130:

```
return PACKAGE_5_TOKENS_REQUIRE;
```

There should be PACKAGE_5_BONUS variable instead of PACKAGE_5_TOKENS_REQUIRE variable.

We highly recommend removing all found typos in the contract code.

Notes

Gas limit and loops

The following loops traverse through arrays of variable length:

• MozoSaleToken.sol, line 211:

```
for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {
```

MozoSaleToken.sol, line 387:

```
for (i = 0; i < len; i++) {
```

• ChainCoOwner.sol, line 29:

```
for (uint i=0; i < len; i++) {
```

The traversed arrays are passed as functions parameters. Therefore, if there are too many items in these arrays, the execution of the corresponding functions will fail due to an out-of-gas exception.

In these cases, we recommend separating the calls into several transactions.

Max participation

We found that it is possible to buy more than AML_THRESHOLD tokens for non-whitelisted addresses. One just need to buy tokens from different addresses. However, it will deprive the buyer of the bonus in **investmentDiscount** contract logic. We recommend taking into account this opportunity.

Checks-Effects-Interaction

There is a Checks-Effects-Interaction violation (Sale.sol, line 63):

```
bool ret = smzoToken.transferByEth(msg.sender, msg.value,
tokenToFund);
if (ret) {
    sold = sold.add(tokenToFund);
}
```

In this case the violation does not lead to actual vulnerabilities. However, we highly recommend following best practices including Checks-Effects-Interactions pattern since it helps to avoid many serious vulnerabilities.

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Appendix

Compilation output

```
Compiling ./contracts/Agency.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Agentable.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/ChainCoOwner.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/ChainOwner.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Closable.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/ContributionBonus.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/ICO.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/InvestmentDiscount.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/MozoSaleToken.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/MozoToken.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Owner.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/OwnerERC20.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Referral.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/RevocableVested.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Sale.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/TimeLock.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Timeline.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/TimelineBonus.sol...
Compiling ./contracts/Upgradable.sol...
Compiling ./../open-zeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol...
Compiling ./../open-
zeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/BasicToken.sol...
Compiling ./../open-
zeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol...
Compiling ./../open-
zeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20Basic.sol...
Compiling ./../open-
zeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/StandardToken.sol...
Compilation warnings encountered:
/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/ChainOwner.sol:19:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
    function ChainOwner(OwnerERC20 parent) internal {
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Sale.sol:27:5: Warning: Defining
```

```
constructors as functions with the same name as the contract
is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }" instead.
    function Sale(ICO ico) internal ChainOwner( ico)
onlyOwner() {
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Timeline.sol:44:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function Timeline (
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Agentable.sol:35:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function Agentable (address agency) internal
onlyWalletAddress( agency) {
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Agency.sol:40:5: Warning: Defining
constructors as functions with the same name as the contract
is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }" instead.
    function Agency(
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/ChainCoOwner.sol:23:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
    function ChainCoOwner(OwnerERC20 parent, address[]
coOwner) ChainOwner( parent) internal {
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/ContributionBonus.sol:25:5:
Warning: Defining constructors as functions with the same name
as the contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
   function ContributionBonus (
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/InvestmentDiscount.sol:25:5:
Warning: Defining constructors as functions with the same name
as the contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function InvestmentDiscount(
```

```
^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/MozoSaleToken.sol:117:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function MozoSaleToken(
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/MozoToken.sol:34:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function MozoToken(uint256 totalSupply) public {
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Referral.sol:73:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function Referral(
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/RevocableVested.sol:37:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function RevocableVested(
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/TimeLock.sol:29:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function TimeLock(OwnerERC20 mozoToken, address
beneficiary, uint total, uint start, uint lockPeriod)
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/TimelineBonus.sol:48:5: Warning:
Defining constructors as functions with the same name as the
contract is deprecated. Use "constructor(...) { ... }"
instead.
    function TimelineBonus (
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/MozoSaleToken.sol:250:5: Warning:
No visibility specified. Defaulting to "public".
```

```
function setStop() onlyOwnerOrCoOwner {
    ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Sale.sol:130:5: Warning: Function
state mutability can be restricted to pure
    function _holdTokens() internal view returns(uint) {
     ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).
,/Mozo-SC/compile/contracts/Sale.sol:134:5: Warning: Function
state mutability can be restricted to pure
    function _bonusProcess() internal {
     ^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across
multiple lines).

Writing artifacts to ./build/contracts
```

Solhint output

```
Agency.sol
  40:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword constructor-syntax
Agentable.sol
                Open bracket must be on same line. It must
be indented by other constructions by space bracket-align
  20:9 warning Avoid to use inline assembly. It is
acceptable only in rare cases
                                                  no-inline-
assembly
  35:5
       warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword
                                          constructor-syntax
ChainCoOwner.sol
 23:67 error Visibility modifier must be first in list of
modifiers
                                   visibility-modifier-order
 23:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
kevword
                                    constructor-syntax
  56:5 error Function order is incorrect, public function
can not go after internal function func-order
ChainOwner.sol
  19:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword constructor-syntax
ContributionBonus.sol
```

25:5 warning keyword	Constructors should use the new constructor constructor-syntax
31:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
31:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
32:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
32:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
33:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
34:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
34:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
35:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
35:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
36:6 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
5	indent
36:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
37:6 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
5	indent.
37:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
40:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
40:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
41:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
spaces 41:7 error	Expected indentation of 12 spaces but found
6	indent
	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
spaces	
42:7 error	Expected indentation of 12 spaces but found
6	indent
43:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
43:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
spaces	no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
44:3 error	Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
2	indent
44:1 error	Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only

```
spaces
                               no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
 45:1 error Mixed tabs and spaces. Allowed only
                               no-mix-tabs-and-spaces
spaces
 45:3 error Expected indentation of 8 spaces but found
                         indent
 52:5 error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
 55:14 error Statement indentation is incorrect. Required
                     statement-indent
space after ;
InvestmentDiscount.sol
 25:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword constructor-syntax
 37:5 warning Code contains empty
block
                               no-empty-blocks
MozoSaleToken.sol
  19:28 error Constant name must be in capitalized
SNAKE CASE
                                  const-name-snakecase
  22:28 error Constant name must be in capitalized
SNAKE CASE
                                  const-name-snakecase
  25:27 error Constant name must be in capitalized
SNAKE CASE
                                  const-name-snakecase
  37:5 warning Explicitly mark visibility of
state
                                         state-visibility
  37:30 error
                Variable name must be in
mixedCase
                                              var-name-
mixedcase
 117:5 error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
 117:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
kevword
                           constructor-syntax
 190:54 error
                 Visibility modifier must be first in list
of modifiers
                             visibility-modifier-order
 209:60 error Visibility modifier must be first in list
of modifiers
                             visibility-modifier-order
 224:59 error
                 Visibility modifier must be first in list
of modifiers
                             visibility-modifier-order
 237:65 error
                  Visibility modifier must be first in list
of modifiers
                             visibility-modifier-order
 250:24 warning Explicitly mark visibility in
function
                                         func-visibility
 351:13 warning Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoid
state changes after transfer reentrancy
 393:9 warning Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoid
state changes after transfer reentrancy
 394:9 warning Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoid
```

```
state changes after transfer reentrancy
       warning Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoid
state changes after transfer reentrancy
MozoToken.sol
 13:28 error Constant name must be in capitalized
SNAKE CASE
                             const-name-snakecase
 16:28 error Constant name must be in capitalized
SNAKE CASE
                             const-name-snakecase
 19:27 error Constant name must be in capitalized
SNAKE CASE
                              const-name-snakecase
 34:5
      error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
 34:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword
                       constructor-syntax
Referral.sol
  73:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword
                       constructor-syntax
  95:5 error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
               Definitions inside contract / library must
 154:5 error
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
 195:5 error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
RevocableVested.sol
  37:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
kevword
                                  constructor-syntax
  72:5 error Function order is incorrect, fallback
function can not go after public function func-order
  97:9 error Statement indentation is incorrect.
Required space after if
                                          statement-indent
 117:13 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                                    not-rely-on-time
 126:21 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                                    not-rely-on-time
Sale.sol
  27:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword
                       constructor-syntax
  82:5 error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
 134:39 warning Code contains empty
block
                                               no-empty-
blocks
```

```
TimelineBonus.sol
 28:13 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic not-rely-on-time
 31:17 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic not-rely-on-time
      warning Constructors should use the new constructor
keyword
             constructor-syntax
 92:13 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic not-rely-on-time
Timeline.sol
 19:17 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                       not-rely-on-time
 24:17 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                       not-rely-on-time
 29:17 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                        not-rely-on-time
 34:17 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                        not-rely-on-time
 34:37 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                         not-rely-on-time
 44:5 error Definitions inside contract / library must
be separated by one line separate-by-one-line-in-contract
 44:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
kevword
                       constructor-syntax
 50:30 warning Avoid to make time-based decisions in your
business logic
                       not-rely-on-time
TimeLock.sol
 29:5 warning Constructors should use the new constructor
kevword
                                   constructor-syntax
 53:5 error Function order is incorrect, fallback
function can not go after public function func-order
Upgradable.sol
 8:1 error Definition must be surrounded with two blank
line indent two-lines-top-level-separator
X 86 problems (52 errors, 34 warnings)
```

Solium output

mozo/contracts/Agentable.sol
 20:8 error Avoid using Inline

```
Assembly. security/no-inline-assembly
mozo/contracts/ChainCoOwner.sol
 29:13 warning Assignment operator must have exactly
single space on both sides of it. operator-whitespace
 42:13 warning Assignment operator must have exactly
single space on both sides of it. operator-whitespace
mozo/contracts/ContributionBonus.sol
 31:2 error Only use indent of 8
spaces.
                                                indentat
ion
 32:2 error Only use indent of 8
                                                indentat
spaces.
ion
 34:2
                 Only use indent of 8
       error
                                                indentat
spaces.
ion
 35:2
                 Only use indent of 8
        error
spaces.
                                                indentat
ion
 36:5
                 Only use indent of 8
       error
spaces.
                                                indentat
ion
 37:5 error Only use indent of 8
                                                indentat
spaces.
ion
 40:2 error Only use indent of 8
                                                indentat
spaces.
ion
 40:7 warning Assignment operator must have exactly
single space on both sides of it. operator-whitespace
 43:0 error Only use indent of 8
spaces.
                                                indentat
ion
 44:2 error Only use indent of 8
spaces.
                                                indentat
ion
 45:2 error Only use indent of 8
                                                indentat
spaces.
ion
mozo/contracts/MozoSaleToken.sol
 250:4 error No visibility specified explicitly for
setStop function. security/enforce-explicit-visibility
mozo/contracts/RevocableVested.sol
```

```
117:12 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to
                     security/no-block-members
'block.timestamp').
  126:20 warning
                      Avoid using 'now' (alias to
                      security/no-block-members
'block.timestamp').
mozo/contracts/Timeline.sol
 19:16 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to
'block.timestamp').
                     security/no-block-members
                    Avoid using 'now' (alias to
  24:16 warning
'block.timestamp').
                     security/no-block-members
  29:16 warning
                    Avoid using 'now' (alias to
                     security/no-block-members
'block.timestamp').
  34:16 warning
                    Avoid using 'now' (alias to
'block.timestamp').
                     security/no-block-members
  34:36 warning
                    Avoid using 'now' (alias to
'block.timestamp').
                     security/no-block-members
                     Avoid using 'now' (alias to
  50:29 warning
                      security/no-block-members
'block.timestamp').
mozo/contracts/TimelineBonus.sol
         warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to
  28:12
'block.timestamp'). security/no-block-members 31:16 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to
'block.timestamp').
                     security/no-block-members
  92:12 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to
'block.timestamp').
                    security/no-block-members
X 12 errors, 14 warnings found.
```