CBRA: Cardiac Biomarkers Release Analyzer for Applications in Research and Clinical Environment

Anna Procopio, Salvatore De Rosa, Francesco Montefusco, Giovanni Canino, Alessio Merola, JolandaSabatino, Jessica Ielapi, Ciro Indolfi, Francesco Amato, Carlo Cosentino

Supplementary Table

PERSONAL DATA				
VARIABLE NAME	ID	DESCRIPTION		
Gender	Gender			
Weight (or BMI)		Weight in Kg		
Age				
CLINICAL DATA				
VARIABLE NAME	ID	DESCRIPTION		
First Medical Contact	FirstMedicalContact	Date and time of the first medical contact		
Hospital	Hospital			
Event Date	EventDate	Date and time of the ischemic event		
Event Time	EventTime			
Hospitalization Date	Hospitalization Data	Date and time of hospitalization		
Hospitalization Time	HospitalizationTime			
Revascularization Date		Date and time of revascularization		
Revascularization Time				
Thrombolysis Date		Date and time for thrombolysis		
Thrombolysis Time		treatment dosing		
Intervention Data	InterventionDate	Information about eventually		
Intervention Time	InterventionTime	treatment and therapy – date, time		
Intervention Type	InterventionType	and type: revascularization or thrombolysis		
Drug	Drug			
Culprit Vessel	CulpritVessel	Indicates the vessel with the		
Culprit Stenosis		occlusion		
Acquisition Date	AcquisitionDate	Date and time for each singular		
Acquisition Time	AcquisitionTime	blood sample		
DUMMY VARIABLE				
VARIABLE NAME	ID	DESCRIPTION		
Dyslipidemia	Dyslipidemia	Index the abnormal amount of lipids		
		in the blood: $0 = no$ dyslipidemia,		
		and 1 otherwise		
Familiarity	Familiarity	Familiarity tracks the presence of		
		any cases of AMI among members		

		of the same family: $0 = \text{no treatment}$,		
		and 1 otherwise		
Diabetes	Diabetes	0 = no diabetes, and 1 otherwise		
Insulin		0 = no insulin, and 1 otherwise		
Hypertension		0 = none; 1 = known history of		
		hypertension		
Angina		0 = none; 1 = known history of		
		angina		
Smoke	Smoke	0 = no smoke, and 1 otherwise		
Revascularization		Clinical therapy to restore the		
		perfusion of the body part or organ		
		that has suffered ischemia: $0 = no$		
		therapy, and 1 otherwise		
Thrombolysis		Thrombolytic therapy to dissolve		
		dangerous clots in blood vessels,		
		flavoring the blood flow : $0 = no$		
		treatment, and 1 otherwise		
PreAMI		Information about eventually		
		previous acute myocardial		
		infarction: 0 without previous AMI,		
D. M.		and 1 otherwise		
PreVasc		Information about eventually		
		previous vascular disease (e.g., cerebrovascular disease or		
		peripheral vascular disease): 0 = no none, and 1 otherwise		
AI		Aortic insufficiency: 0 = nonet AI,		
Ai		and 1 otherwise		
CA	TEGORICAL VAR			
VARIABLE NAME	ID	DESCRIPTION		
TIMI		Flow grade after PCI (percutaneous		
		transluminal coronary angioplasty):		
		0 = no perfusion; 1 = partial (non-		
		complete) opacification of the		
		coronary artery; 2 = opacification of		
		the coronary artery under		
		examination is lower than in other		
		coronary arteries; 3 = normal		
		perfusion		
Killip class at presentation		1 = no sign of HF (hearth failure); 2		
		= rales in <50% of lung fields; 3 =		
		rales in < 50% of lung fields (overt		
		pulmonary oedema); 4 =		
~		cardiogenic shock		
CONTINUOS VARIABLE				
VARIABLE NAME	ID	DESCRIPTION		
SBP		Systolic blood pressure (PA/mmHg)		
DBP		Diastolic blood pressure		
T.G.		(PA/mmHg)		
FC		Heart rate (bpm)		

WT		Wall thickness
EF		Ejection fraction
Hb		Hemoglobin
RBC		Red blood cells
HCT		Hematocrit
Na	Sodium	Sodium
K	Potassium	Potassium
High sensitivity TnT	hs-cTnT	Cardiac troponin T measured using
		high sensitivity analytical methods
		in blood, expressed in ng/ml
CK-MB	CK-MB	Creatine Kinase – Muscle and
		Brain, expressed in ng/ml
CRP		High sensitivity C – reactive protein
		blood levels, expressed in ng/ml
NT proBNP		N-terminal prohormone of brain
		natriuretic peptide (NT pro-BNP)
		blood levels, expressed in ng/ml
eGFR		Estimated the renal function by
		evaluating glomerular filtration

Supplementary Table 1 – Description of all the personal and clinical data collected in CBRA. The red background identifies the cells with the variables present in the original datasheet and no included in CBRA. The blue background identifies the cell with the variables added in CBRA and not present in the original datasheet. The ID label refers to the variable names in CBRA.