## **Microbit Class Methods**

### **Constructors**

Method Signature: Microbit()

**Description:** Constructor that creates an object corresponding to a micro:bit. This method assume that the micro:bit is the only

device connected in the BlueBird Connector.

**Example:** myBit = Microbit()

**Method Signature:** Microbit (device)

Description: Constructor that creates an object corresponding to a micro:bit. This method requires a string equal to 'A', 'B', or 'C'

that specifies the letter of the device in the BlueBird Connector.

**Example:** myBit = Microbit('B')

# **Output Methods**

**Method Signature:** setDisplay(LEDlist)

**Description:** Sets the LED array of the micro:bit to display a pattern defined by a list of length 25. Each value in the list must be 0 (off) or 1 (on). The first five values in the array correspond to the five LEDs in the first row, the next five values to the second row, etc.

Method Signature: setPoint(row, column, value)

**Description:** Turn on or off a single LED on the micro:bit display. The position of the LED is given by the row and column

parameters, which should both be between 1 and 5. The value of the LED must be 0 (off) or 1 (on).

**Example:** myBit.setPoint(3,3,1)

Method Signature: print (message)

**Description:** Print a string on the micro:bit LED array. The string must have 15 or fewer characters and should contain only digits

and English letters (upper or lower case).
Example: myBit.print("hello")

# **Input Methods**

**Method Signature:** getButton (button)

**Description:** Takes a string corresponding to a micro:bit button ("A" or "B") and returns a boolean value that is true if the button is

being pressed, and false otherwise.

**Example:** print("Button A is pressed: ", myBit.getButton('A'))

Method Signature: isShaking()

**Description:** Returns True if the micro:bit is shaking and False otherwise. **Example:** print("Shake Status: ", myBit.isShaking())

Method Signature: getOrientation()

**Description:** Returns a string that represents the orientation of the micro:bit. The possible values are "Screen up", "Screen down", "Tilt left", "Tilt right", "Logo up", "Logo down", and "In between".

Example: print("Orientation: " + myBit.getOrientation())

Method Signature: getAcceleration()

**Description:** Returns a list that contains the acceleration in  $m/s^2$  in the x, y, and z directions.

**Example:** print("Acceleration: ", myBit.getAcceleration())

Method Signature: getCompass()

**Description:** Returns the direction of the micro:bit in degrees from magnetic north  $(0^{\circ}-359^{\circ})$ . The compass should be calibrated in the BlueBird Connector before using this method.

**Example:** print("Compass Heading: ", myBit.getCompass())

Method Signature: getMagnetometer()

**Description:** Returns a list that contains the value of the magnetic field in  $\mu T$  in the x, y, and z directions. The compass should be calibrated in the BlueBird Connector before using this method.

**Example:** print("Magnetic Field: ", myBit.getMagnetometer())

Method Signature: public void stopAll()

**Description:** Stops all outputs. This includes the LED display for the micro:bit and all lights and motors for the Hummingbird Bit.

**Example:** myBit.stopAll()

# **Hummingbird Class Methods**

Hummingbird is a subclass of Microbit

#### **Constructors**

Method Signature: Hummingbird()

**Description:** Constructor that creates an object corresponding to a Hummingbird Bit. This method assume that the Hummingbird Bit is the only device connected in the BlueBird Connector.

**Example:** myBit = Hummingbird()

**Method Signature:** Hummingbird (device)

**Description:** Constructor that creates an object corresponding to a Hummingbird Bit. This method requires a string equal to "A", "B", or "C" that specifies the letter of the device in the BlueBird Connector.

**Example:** myBit = Hummingbird('B')

# **Output Methods**

Method Signature: setLED (port, intensity)

**Description:** Sets an LED to a given intensity value. The method requires the port number of the LED (1-3) and an intensity value from 0-100. An intensity value of 0 turns the LED off.

**Example:** myBit.setLED(1,100)

Method Signature: setTriLED(port, redIntensity, greenIntensity, blueIntensity)

**Description:** Sets a tri-color LED to a given color by setting the intensities of the red, green, and blue elements inside it . The method requires the port number of the tri-color LED (1-2) and three intensity values from 0-100. Setting all three intensity values to 0 turns the LED off.

**Example:** myBit.setTriLED(1,75,0,75)

Method Signature: setPositionServo(port, angle)

**Description:** Sets a position servo to a given angle. The method requires the port number of the servo (1-4) and an angle from  $0^{\circ}$ -180°.

**Example:** myBit.setPositionServo(1,90)

Method Signature: setRotationServo(port, speed)

**Description:** Sets a rotation servo to spin at a given speed. The method requires the port number of the servo (1-4) and a speed between -100 and 100. A speed of 0 turns the motor off.

**Example:** myBit.setRotationServo(1,100)

Method Signature: playNote (note, beats)

**Description:** Plays a note using the buzzer on the Hummingbird Bit. The method requires a integer representing the note (32-135) and a number giving the number of beats (0-16). The number of beats can be a decimal number.

**Example:** myBit.playNote(60,0.5)

## **Input Methods**

Method Signature: getLight (port)

**Description:** Takes an integer corresponding to the sensor port (1-3) and returns the intensity measured by the light sensor. The light measurement is a an integer between 0 and 100 (arbitrary units).

**Example:** print("Light Sensor: ", myBit.getLight(1))

Method Signature: getDial(port)

**Description:** Takes an integer corresponding to the sensor port (1-3) and returns the position of the dial sensor. The dial position is a an integer between 0 and 100 (arbitrary units).

**Example:** print("Dial Sensor: ", myBit.getDial(1))

Method Signature: getDistance(port)

**Description:** Takes an integer corresponding to the sensor port (1-3) and returns the distance in centimeters measured by the distance sensor. The sensor detects distance most accurately in the range of 2-200 cm.

**Example:** print("Distance Sensor: ", myBit.getDistance(1))

Method Signature: getSound(port)

**Description:** Takes an integer corresponding to the sensor port (1-3) and returns the intensity measured by the sound sensor. The sound measurement is a an integer between 0 and 100 (arbitrary units).

**Example:** print("Sound Sensor: ", myBit.getSound(1))

Method Signature: public double getOther(int port)

**Description:** Takes an integer corresponding to the sensor port (1-3) and returns the voltage measured by any sensor. The voltage measurement is a double between 0 and 3.3 V.

**Example:** print("Sensor Voltage: ", myBit.getVoltage(1))