

(الف) برقراری رابطه مستقرا با چگندری  $X(\omega)$  از رابطه آنالیز نشان دهید.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{رابطه مستقر} : X[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} X(\omega) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \\ \text{رابطه آنالیز} : \bar{X}(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow X[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} \left( \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} \right) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow X[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} \left( \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} e^{j\omega n} \right) d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} x[n] d\omega = \frac{x[n]}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{x[n]}{2\pi} \times 2\pi = x[n] \Rightarrow X[n] = x[n] \quad \text{پایان}$$

$$\hat{X}[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-W}^W \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{معم: } \lim_{W \rightarrow \pi} E = 0 \\ E[n] \triangleq X[n] - \hat{X}[n] = E \\ X[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \end{array} \right. \rightarrow E = E[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega - \int_{-W}^W \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{W \rightarrow \pi} \left\{ \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \int_{-n}^n \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega - \int_{-W}^W \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \right) \right\} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-n}^n 0 \times d\omega = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{W \rightarrow \pi} E = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\hat{X}[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-W}^W \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \xrightarrow{W \rightarrow \pi} \hat{X}[n] = X[n] \quad \text{پایان}$$

$$X[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-n}^n \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

(۲) محاسبه تبدیل فوری:

$$(a) X_1[n] = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} u[n-3]$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\omega}}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-3} u[n-3] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} e^{-3j\omega} \times \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n-3} u[-n-3] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} e^{3j\omega} \times \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\omega}}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{نتیجه}} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3} \left[ \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} u[n-3] \right] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} e^{3j\omega} \times \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\omega}}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{دراف}} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} u[-n-3] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \boxed{\frac{e^{3j\omega}}{8} \times \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\omega}}}$$

(۱)

(b)  $X_2[n] = \begin{cases} 2, & |n| \leq 2 \\ 3, & 3 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$

$$X_1[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{\sin(\frac{5\omega}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$$

$$X_2[n-4] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} 3e^{-j4\omega} \frac{\sin(\frac{3\omega}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$$

$$X[n] = X_1[n] + X_2[n-4]$$

$$X[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{2\sin(\frac{5\omega}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})} + 3e^{-j4\omega} \frac{\sin(\frac{3\omega}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$$

(c)  $X_3[n] = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \cos(4n) u[n] = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \frac{e^{4nj}}{2} u[n] + (-\frac{1}{2})^n \frac{e^{-4nj}}{2} u[n]$

$$(-\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$e^{4nj} (-\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j(\omega-4)}} \xrightarrow{\text{time shift}} (-\frac{1}{2})^n \frac{e^{4nj}}{2} u[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j(\omega-4)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 - e^{-j(\omega-4)}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\bar{X}_3(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2 - e^{-j(\omega-4)}} + \frac{1}{2 - e^{-j(\omega+4)}}}}$$

(d)  $X_4[n] = (1 - \cos(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{3})) \cdot \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{6}) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{6}) - \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{6}) \cos(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{3})$

$$= \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{6}) - \frac{\sin(\frac{2\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{2}) + \sin(-\frac{\pi}{6})}{2} = \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}n + \frac{\pi}{6}) - \frac{\cos(\frac{2\pi}{3}n)}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{e^{\frac{\pi}{3}nj}}{2j} - \frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{3}nj}}{2j} - \frac{e^{\frac{2\pi}{3}nj}}{4} - \frac{e^{-\frac{2\pi}{3}nj}}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\bar{X}_4(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{\pi e^{\frac{\pi}{6}j}}{j} \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3}) - \frac{\pi e^{-\frac{\pi}{6}j}}{j} \delta(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3}) - \frac{\pi}{2} \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi}{3}) - \frac{\pi}{2} \delta(\omega + \frac{2\pi}{3}) + \frac{\pi}{2} \delta(\omega)}}$$

(e)  $X_5[n] = \begin{cases} 2, & n = -1, 1 \\ 1, & n = 0, 3 \\ -1, & n = 2, 4 \end{cases}$ , periodic with  $N = 6$

$$X_{51}[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}_{51}(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6}(3))}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6})} \times \delta(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{6})$$

$$X_{52}[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}_{52}(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2\pi}{2} \delta(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{6})$$

$$\underline{\underline{\bar{X}(\omega) = \text{F.T}\{X_5[n]\} = \bar{X}_{51}(\omega) + \bar{X}_{52}(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{\pi}{3} \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6})}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6})} \delta(\omega - k\frac{\pi}{3}) + \pi \delta(\omega - k\pi) \right]}}$$

(3) تبدیل زمان را از دو طرف تبدیل فرمایید

$$(a) \bar{X}_1(e^{j\omega}) = 2\cos^2(\omega) + 4\sin^2(3\omega) = 2 \frac{1+\cos(2\omega)}{2} + 4 \frac{1-\cos(6\omega)}{2}$$

$$= 3 + \cos(2\omega) - 2\cos(6\omega) = 3 + \frac{e^{2j\omega} + e^{-2j\omega}}{2} + \frac{e^{-6j\omega} - e^{6j\omega}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{X_1[n] = 3\delta[n] + \frac{1}{2}\delta[n+2] + \frac{1}{2}\delta[n-2] - \delta[n+6] - \delta[n-6]}$$

$$(b) \bar{X}_2(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1 - \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{3}}{1 - \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{4} - \frac{e^{-2j\omega}}{8}} = \frac{1 - \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{3}}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega})(1 + \frac{1}{4}e^{-j\omega})} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2}{9}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{\frac{7}{9}}{1 + \frac{1}{4}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{X_2[n] = \frac{2}{9}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{7}{9}\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n]}$$

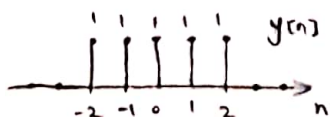
$$(c) \bar{X}_3(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^k \delta(\omega - \frac{k\pi}{2})$$

پس:  $x_3[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_k e^{jk(\frac{2\pi}{N})n}$   $\xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}_3(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{N})$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{X_3[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{k=0}^3 (-1)^k e^{jk(\frac{2\pi}{4})n} = \frac{1}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}n} + \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{j\pi n} - \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{j\frac{3\pi}{2}n}}$$

$N=4$

$$(d) \bar{X}_4(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} \left( \frac{\sin(\frac{5}{2}\omega)}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})} \right)$$



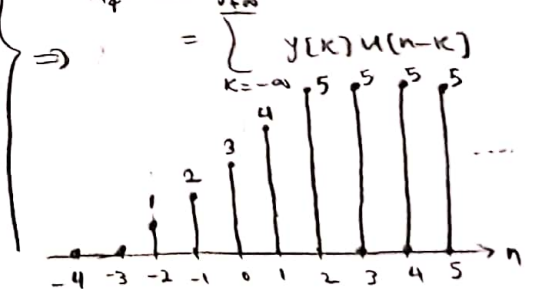
$$\xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{\sin(\frac{5}{2}\omega)}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})} \quad (\text{در سوال 2 قسمت b})$$

$$(1) u[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$x[n] * y[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}(\omega) \bar{Y}(\omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{X_4[n] = \begin{cases} 0 & n \leq -3 \\ n+3 & -2 \leq n \leq 2 \\ 5 & \text{o.w} \end{cases}}$$

$$X_4[n] = y[n] * u[n]$$



$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} a_k$$

(4) ضرایب سری فوری به دست آورید:

$$(a) y_1[n] = x^*[ -n ]$$

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{N})$$

$$x^*[-n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}^*(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k^* \delta(\omega - k\frac{2\pi}{N}) \Rightarrow \boxed{y_1[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} a_k^*}$$

(b)  $y_3[n] = (-1)^n x[n]$ ,  $N$  odd

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} X(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k \frac{2\pi}{N})$$

$$y_3[n] = (-1)^n x[n] = e^{-j\pi n} x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} X(\omega + \pi) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k \frac{2\pi}{N} + \pi)$$

$\rightarrow y_3[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} a_k$

(c)  $y_2[n] = x[n] - x^*[n - \frac{N}{2}]$ ,  $N$  even

$$y_2[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} \bar{X}(\omega) - \bar{X}^*(-\omega) e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k \frac{2\pi}{N}) - e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k^* \delta(-\omega - k \frac{2\pi}{N})$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_2(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0) - \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}} x 2\pi x a_{-k}^* \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$$

$\xleftarrow{\omega \leftarrow -\omega, \delta[n] \text{ متناظر}}$

$$\Rightarrow Y_2(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi (a_k - e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}} a_{-k}^*) \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$$

$\Rightarrow y_2[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} a_k - e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}} a_{-k}^* ; \omega = k\omega_0$

(د) (ن)  $\sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] y[n-r] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} N a_k b_k$  (3-95) (5-70)  $\rightarrow c_k = N a_k b_k$

(1)  $a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n}$ ,  $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N}$  (3-95)

$x[n] \oplus y[n] = \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] y[n-r] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} c_k$ ;  $x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} a_k$ ;  $y[n] \xrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} b_k$

(1)  $c_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} ( \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] y[n-r] ) e^{-jk\omega_0 n}$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] \cdot N \cdot \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} y[n-r] e^{-jk\omega_0 n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] \cdot N \cdot b_k e^{-jk\omega_0 r} = N b_k \left[ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] e^{-jk\omega_0 r} \right]$$

$= N a_k b_k$  (د)

(ف)



(د) (ب) خواص رسیدن از رابطه (5-70) به رابطه (5-71) را با خاصیت دوگانی به طور کامل بیان کنید.

\* خاصیت دوگانی :

$$\sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} x[r]y[n-r] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} Na_k b_k \quad (5.70)$$

$$g[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} f[k]$$

$$x[n]y[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} a_l b_{k-l} \quad (5.71)$$

$$f[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} \frac{1}{N} g[-k]$$

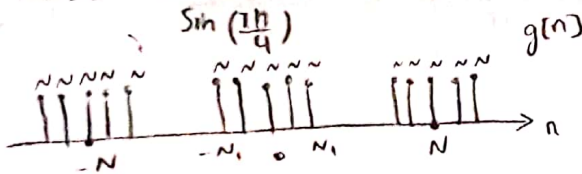
$$g[n] = \sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} x[r]y[n-r] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} f[k] = Na_k b_k$$

$$f[n] = Nx[n]y[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} Na[r]b[k-r] = \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} a_l b_{k-l}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{\sin(\frac{5}{4}t)}{\sin \frac{t}{4}} \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} ?$$

اولاً احتمالاً صورت عبارت و شکل درست به ذهن می آید :

$$x[n] = \frac{\sin(\frac{5\pi}{4}n)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)}$$



در این صورت ؟ داریم :

$$a_k = \frac{\sin(\frac{kn}{N}(2N_1+1))}{\sin(\frac{kN}{N})}$$

حالا مقایسه  $x[n]$  با  $a[k]$  داریم :  $N_1=2$  ,  $N=4$  لذا می توان دوگانی را تبدیل کرد :

$$a[n] = \frac{\sin(\frac{5\pi}{4}n)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)} \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.S.}} \frac{1}{N} g[-k] \equiv \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\text{ضرایب سری فوریه} = 1} =$$

(4) الف) برقراری خاصیت کارنوژن (رابطه 5-118) را نشان دهید.

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$$

$$\text{F.T.} \{x[n]\} = \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y(e^{j\omega}) &= \text{F.T.} \{x[n] * h[n]\} = \text{F.T.} \left\{ \sum_{u=-\infty}^{\infty} x[u]h[n-u] \right\} \\ &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ \sum_{u=-\infty}^{\infty} x[u]h[n-u] \right\} e^{-j\omega n} \\ &= \sum_{u=-\infty}^{\infty} x[u] \left\{ \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} h[n-u]e^{-j\omega n} \right\} \\ &= H(e^{j\omega}) x[u]e^{-j\omega u} \quad (5) = H(e^{j\omega}) \bar{X}(e^{j\omega}) \end{aligned}$$

(- 17)

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega}) H(e^{j\omega}) = \left\{ \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi \times \frac{1}{6} \times \delta\left(\omega - k \frac{2\pi}{6}\right) \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{1 - a^2}{1 - 2a \cos(\omega) + a^2} \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi \left\{ \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1 - a^2}{1 - 2a \cos(\omega) + a^2} \right\} \delta\left(\omega - k \frac{2\pi}{6}\right)$$

Stem plot for  $x_2(n]$ :

$n$	$x_2(n)$
-3	0
-2	2
-1	2
0	2
1	2
2	2
3	3
4	3
5	3
6	0
7	0
8	0

(✓)

\* خور  $y[n]$  و  $y_1[n]$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x_2(t)e^{j\omega_0 t}\} = e^{-j\omega_0 \omega} \mathcal{F}\{x_2(t)\} \iff \Delta \tilde{X}_2(\omega) = \mathcal{F}\{x_2(t)\} = \Delta X_2(\omega) + e^{-j\omega_0 \omega} \Delta Y_2(\omega) \quad \text{نفس}$$

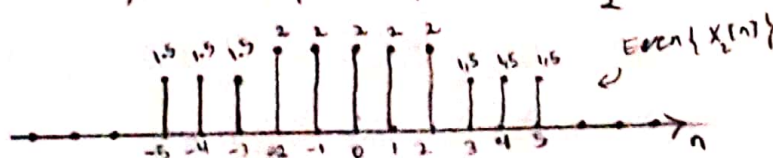
$$2\pi x_2(s) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \bar{x}_2(e^{j\omega}) d\omega \Rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \bar{x}_2(e^{j\omega}) d\omega = \boxed{4\pi}$$

(d)  $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{d}{dw} \bar{x}_2(e^{jw}) \right|^2 dw$   $\xrightarrow{\text{Parseval's theorem}} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{d}{dw} \bar{x}_2(e^{jw}) \right|^2 dw = 2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |n|^2 |x[n]|^2$

$$\rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{d}{d\omega} X_2(e^{j\omega}) \right|^2 d\omega = 2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |n|^2 |X(n)|^2 = \frac{-\eta}{980\pi}$$

(e)  $F^{-1} \{ \text{Re} \{ \tilde{x}_2(e^{j\omega}) \} \}$   $\xleftrightarrow{F, F^{-1}}$  Even  $\{ x_2[n] \} \xleftrightarrow{F, F^{-1}}$   $\text{Re} \{ \tilde{x}_2(e^{j\omega}) \}$

$$\Rightarrow F^{-1} \{ \text{Re} \{ X_2(e^{j\omega}) \} \} = \text{Even} \{ x_2[n] \} = \frac{x_2[n] + x_2[-n]}{2}$$



a)  $H(z) = \frac{A}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})}$  ;  $|z| > \frac{1}{2}$   $h[n]$  على (5.28)

$H(1) = 6 \Rightarrow A = 4$

b)  $H(z) = \frac{4}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})}$  ;  $|z| > \frac{1}{2}$

$H(z) = \frac{12/5}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{8/5}{1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}$

$\Rightarrow h[n] = \frac{12}{15}(\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] + \frac{8}{5}(-\frac{1}{3})^n u[n]$

c) i)  $x[n] = u[n] - \frac{1}{2}u[n-1] \Leftrightarrow X(z) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1}}$  ;  $|z| > 1$

$Y(z) = X(z)H(z) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1}} \times \frac{4}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})}$  ;  $|z| > 1$

$= \frac{4}{(1 - z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})} = \frac{3}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}$

$y[n] = 3u[n] + (-\frac{1}{3})^n u[n]$

ii)  $x(t) = 50 + 10 \cos(20\pi t) + 30 \cos(40\pi t)$

$T = \frac{1}{40}$  ,  $t = nT$

$x[n] = 50 + 10 \cos \frac{\pi}{2} n + 30 \cos \pi n = 50$

$= 50 + 5e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2})} + 5e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{2})} + 15e^{j\pi} + 15e^{-j\pi}$

$$y[n] = 50H(e^{j0}) + 5e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}}H(e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}}) + 5e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}}H(e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}}) + 15e^{j\pi}H(e^{j\pi}) + 15e^{-j\pi}H(e^{-j\pi})$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{4}{1 - \frac{1}{6}e^{-j\omega} - \frac{1}{6}e^{-2j\omega}}$$

$$H(e^{j0}) = 6, \quad H(e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}}) = 7\left(\frac{12}{25}\right) - j\frac{12}{25}$$

$$H(e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}}) = 7\left(\frac{12}{25}\right) + j\frac{12}{25}$$

$$H(e^{j\pi}) = H(e^{-j\pi}) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow y[n] = 300 + 24\sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)\right) + 120 \cos n\pi$$

(5.31)

a)  $H(z) = \frac{z^{-2}}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - 3z^{-1})}$   $\frac{1}{z} \Rightarrow \text{ROC: } \frac{1}{2} < |z| < 3$

$$x[n] = u[n] \Rightarrow X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}} \quad |z| > 1$$

$$Y(z) = X(z)H(z) = \frac{\frac{4}{5}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{1}{5}}{1 - 3z^{-1}} - \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}} \quad \frac{1}{2} < |z| < 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y[n] = \frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] - \frac{1}{5}(3)^n u[-n-1] - u[n]$$

b)

ROC:  $z = \infty$   $\Rightarrow$   $z$  is outside the unit circle.  $h[n]$  is causal.  $h[n]$  is not zero for  $n < 0$ .  $h[n]$  is not zero for  $n < 0$ .



$n < 0$  برابر صفر باشد، بنابراین  $y[n]$  نیز برابر  $n < 0$  برابر صفر می باشد.

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{z^{-2}}{1 - \frac{7}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{3}{2}z^{-2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(z) - \frac{7}{2}z^{-1}Y(z) + \frac{3}{2}z^{-2}Y(z) = z^{-2}X(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow y[n] = x[n-2] + \frac{7}{2}y[n-1] - \frac{3}{2}y[n-2]$$

$$y[n] = 0, n < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y[0] = 0, y[1] = 0, y[2] = 1$$

c)

$$H_1(z) = \frac{1}{H(z)} = z^2 - \frac{7}{2}z + \frac{3}{2}, \text{ Roc: کل صفحه } z$$

$$h_1[n] = \delta[n+2] - \frac{7}{2}\delta[n+1] + \frac{3}{2}\delta[n]$$

(5.40)

a) قطب ها مزدوج معکوس هستند، بنابراین فاز خطی تقسیم یافته یا فاز غیر خطی باشد.

$H_1(z)$  در  $z=0$  و احتمالاً  $z=\infty$  دارای قطب می باشد بنابراین Roc،  $0 < |z| < \infty$  می باشد که به معنای فاقد ابر بودن  $H_1(z)$  می باشد. اگر Roc شامل  $z=\infty$  باشد، معکوس عامل نیز می باشد.

b) قطب ها مزدوج معکوس هستند، بنابراین فاز خطی تقسیم یافته نیست.

$H_1(z)$  درون دایره واحد دارای قطب می باشد. بنابراین Roc،  $|z| > \frac{2}{3}$  است (برابر قطب).  
 بهر حال Roc

نابراین  $H_2(z)$  هم پایدار و هم علی‌ریز باشد.

(c) صفرها مندرج معکوس هستند، بنابراین این سیستم فاز منفراست.

$H_2(z)$  دارای قطب در  $z=1$  و  $z=-1$  و  $z=j$  و  $z=-j$  است. بنابراین  $H_2(z)$  (سیستم معکوس) پایدار و غیر علی‌ریز باشد.

(d) صفرها مندرج معکوس هستند، بنابراین سیستم فاز منفراست. قطب‌ها را  $H_2(z)$  در  $z=1$  و  $z=-1$  و  $z=j$  و  $z=-j$  است. بنابراین سیستم معکوس پایدار و غیر علی‌ریز باشد.