

## ISFAHAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

## Applied Linear Algebra Assignment #1

Due Date: 17 Esfand 99

1. In each case below, determine whether  $v \in Span(S)$ .

a) In the vector space 
$$V = \mathbb{R}^3$$
 (over  $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{R}$ ), with

$$v = (-1, 5, 5), S = \{(3, -1, 1), (1, 2, 3)\}$$

b) In the vector space 
$$V = \mathbb{C}^3$$
 (over  $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{C}$ ), with

$$v = (1,0,0), S = \{(i,1,0), (-i,1,0)\}$$

c) In the vector space  $\mathbb{R}_3[x]$  of polynomials of degree at most 3, with

$$v = x^3 - 2x^2$$
,  $S = \{x^3 + 2x + 2, x^2 + x + 3\}$ 

2. Let x, y, z be vectors in a vector space V over an arbitrary field  $\mathbb{F}$ . Prove that:

- a) If  $\{x, y, z\}$  is linearly dependent then  $\{x, x + y, x + y + z\}$  is also linearly dependent.
- b) If  $\{x, x + y, x + y + z\}$  is a basis of V then  $\{x, y, z\}$  is a basis of V.
- 3. For which value(s) of h is the following set of vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  linearly dependent?

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2\\1\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4\\-2\\-8 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\h \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

4. Find a basis for the space spanned by the set of vectors

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2\\0\\-4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -7\\2\\-14 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3\\1\\-6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5\\-1\\10 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

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- 5. Consider the vectors  $u = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $w = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - a) Prove that these vectors do not span  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

- b) Write down a system of equations whose solution set is equal to the span of  $\{u, v, w\}$ .
- 6. A matrix A in  $\mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$  is called stochastic if the sum of entries in each row is equal to one. Let W be the set of all stochastic matrices in  $\mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$ .
  - a) Prove that *W* is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$ .
  - b) Find dim *W* (with a proof).
- 7. Determine whether each of the following statements is *True* or *False*. If any item is False, give a counterexample and if it is True prove it.
  - a) If  $\overrightarrow{v_1}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{v_2}$  and  $\overrightarrow{v_3}$  are in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\overrightarrow{v_3}$  is not a linear combination of  $\overrightarrow{v_1}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{v_2}$ , then  $\{\overrightarrow{v_1}, \overrightarrow{v_2}, \overrightarrow{v_3}\}$  is linearly independent.
  - b) If the set of vectors  $\{\overrightarrow{v_1}, \overrightarrow{v_2}, \overrightarrow{v_3}, \overrightarrow{v_4}\} \subset \mathbb{R}^4$  is linearly independent, then  $\{\overrightarrow{v_1}, \overrightarrow{v_2}, \overrightarrow{v_3}\}$  is also linearly independent.
  - c) The set of nonzero and non-parallel vectors  $\{\overrightarrow{v_1}, \overrightarrow{v_2}, \overrightarrow{v_3}, \overrightarrow{v_4}\} \subset \mathbb{R}^5$  is always linearly independent.
  - d) If  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  are two 2-dimensional subspaces in  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , then  $W_1 \cap W_2$  is a subspace of dimension at least one.
- 8. Let *A* be a matrix in  $\mathbb{R}^{3\times3}$  and we define

$$W_A = \{ M \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3} \mid AM = MA \}.$$

a) Prove that  $W_A$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^{3\times 3}$ .

In each of the following cases, find the dimension of  $W_A$ .

b)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & c \end{bmatrix},$$

where a, b, c are distinct real numbers.

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$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b \end{bmatrix},$$

where *a*, *b* are distinct real numbers.