

BlueBrain Nexus

Building a knowledge graph for
data driven science

March 6, 2019

Who we are

The Blue Brain Project

- Not the Human Brain Project
- Own entity under EPFL governance
- 120+ people
- 9 sections
- Supercomputer at the CSCS in Lugano

<https://bluebrain.epfl.ch>

<https://portal.bluebrain.epfl.ch>

Who we are

Two teams

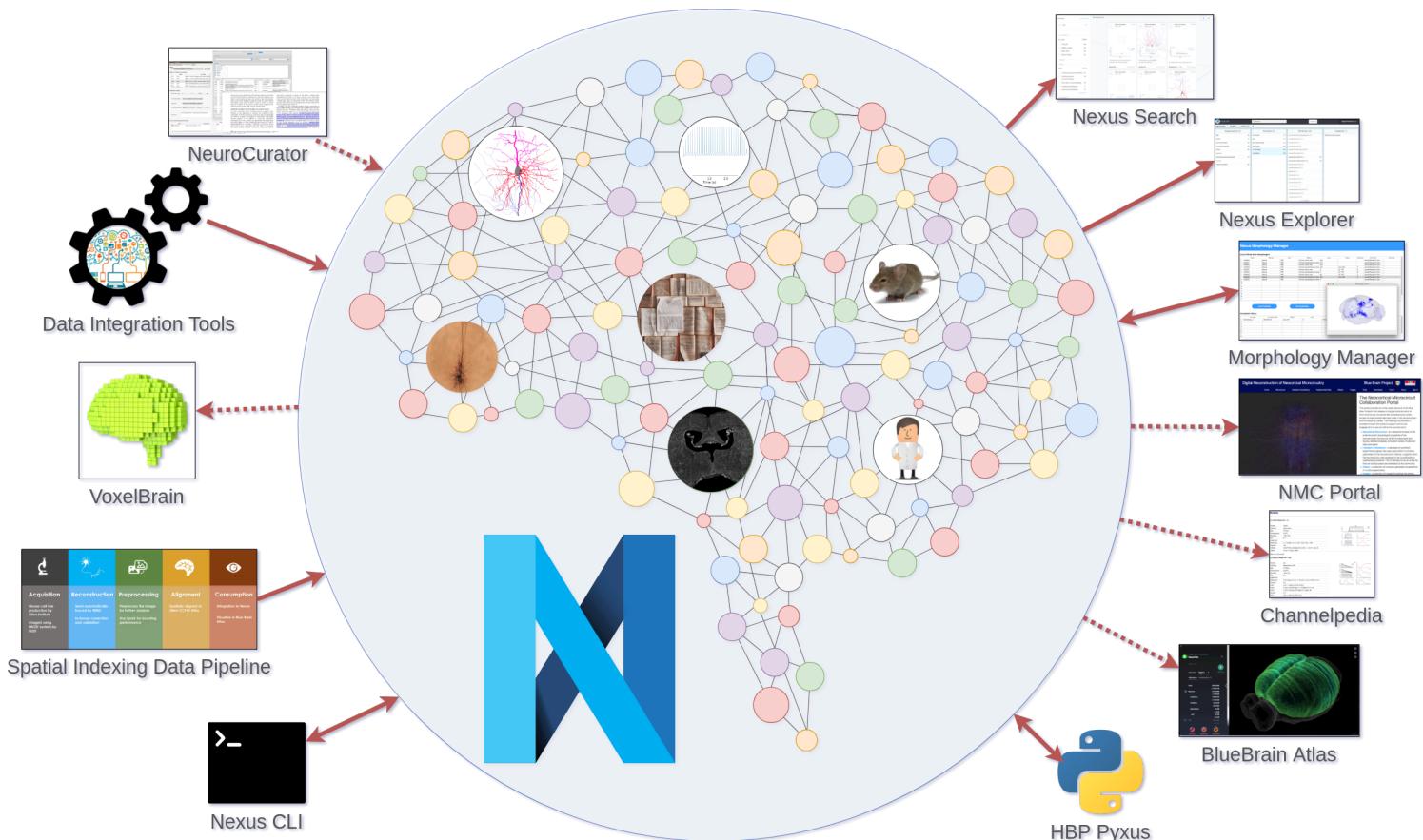
- Neuroinformatics
 - Back-end
 - Front-end
 - UI/UX
- Data & knowledge engineering
 - Modeling (vocabularies, taxonomies, ontologies, schemas)
 - Literature curation
 - Image reconstruction & atlasing

We build Nexus.

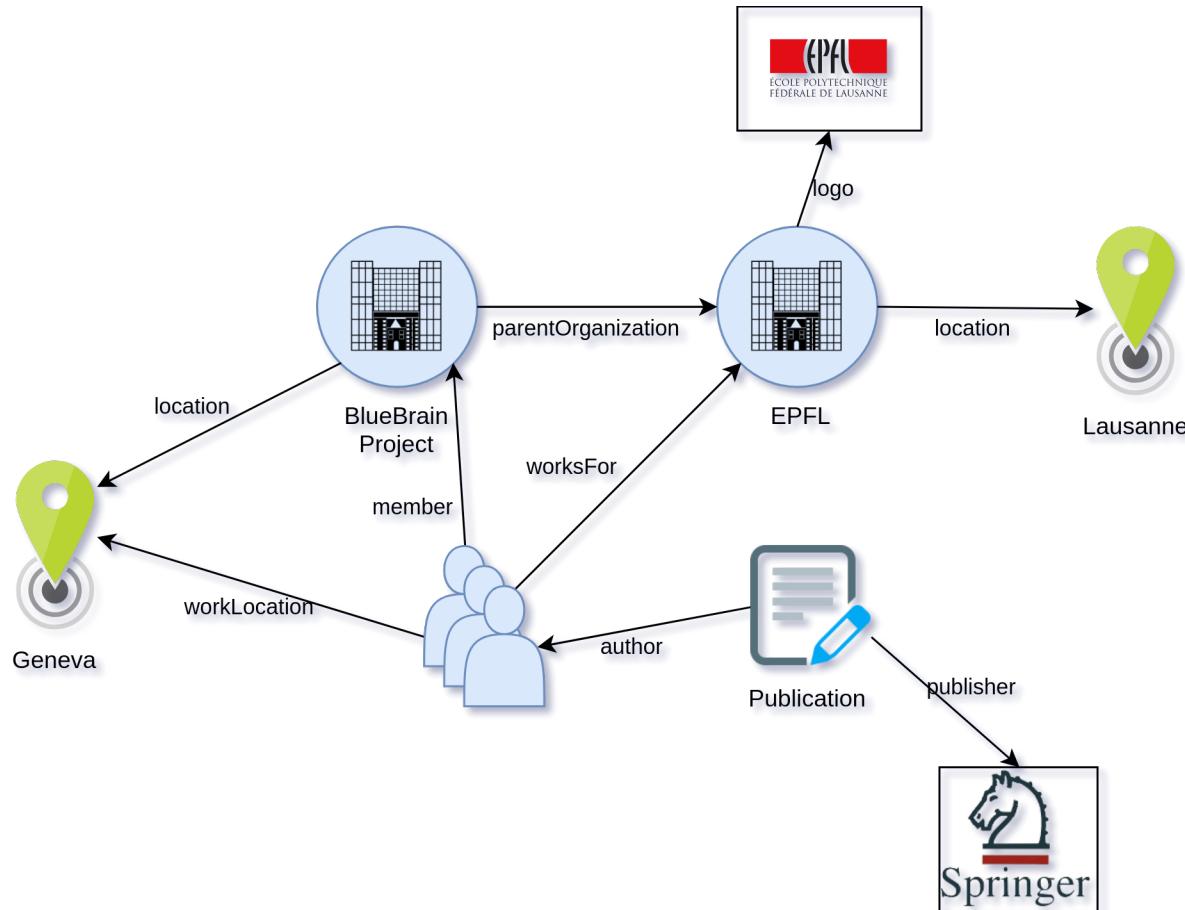
Presentation and documentation: <https://bluebrain.github.io/nexus>

Public instance: <https://nexus-sandbox.io/web>

What do we do?



Why a knowledge graph?



RDF in a nutshell



RDF in a nutshell



Example from [Wikipedia](#):

```
<rdf:RDF xmlns:contact="http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#"
           xmlns:eric="http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#"
           xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me">
    <contact:fullName>Eric Miller</contact:fullName>
  </rdf:Description>
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me">
    <contact:mailbox rdf:resource="mailto:e.miller123@example.com"/>
  </rdf:Description>
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me">
    <contact:personalTitle>Dr.</contact:personalTitle>
  </rdf:Description>
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me">
    <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#Person"/>
  </rdf:Description>
</rdf:RDF>
```

Other representation formats: N-Triples, Turtle, JSON-LD, etc.

N-Triples

```
<http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me> <http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#me>
<http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me> <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type> <http://www.w3.org/ns/pim/contact#Person>
<http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me> <http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#label> "John Doe"
<http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me> <http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#uri> <http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#me>
```

JSON-LD

```
{  
  "@context": {  
    "contact": "http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#",  
    "eric": "http://www.w3.org/People/EM/contact#",  
    "rdf": "http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#",  
    "rdfs": "http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#",  
    "xsd": "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#"  
  },  
  "@id": "eric:me",  
  "@type": "contact:Person",  
  "contact:fullName": "Eric Miller",  
  "contact:mailbox": {  
    "@id": "mailto:e.miller123@example.com"  
  },  
  "contact:personalTitle": "Dr."  
}
```

SPARQL

What are five names of people that published a paper in Springer, working for EPFL in Geneva?

SPARQL

What are five names of people that published a paper in Springer, working for EPFL in Geneva?

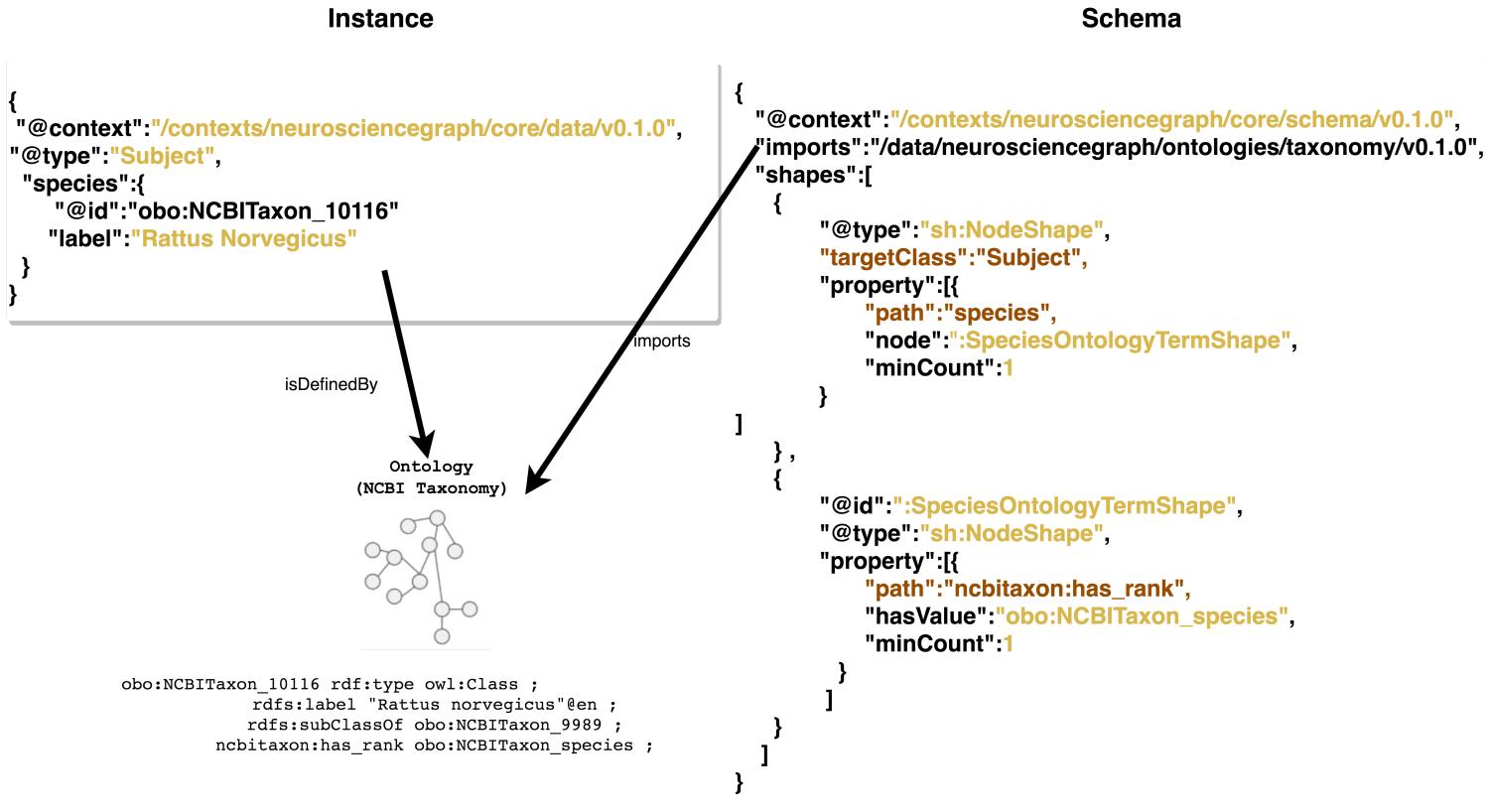
SPARQL

```
SELECT DISTINCT ?name
WHERE {
    ?person      a          :Person      .
    ?person      :name       ?name        .
    ?publication :author     ?person      .
    ?publication :publisher   "Springer" .
    ?person      :worksFor   "EPFL"      .
    ?person      :workLocation "Geneva"   .
}
LIMIT 5
```

SHACL

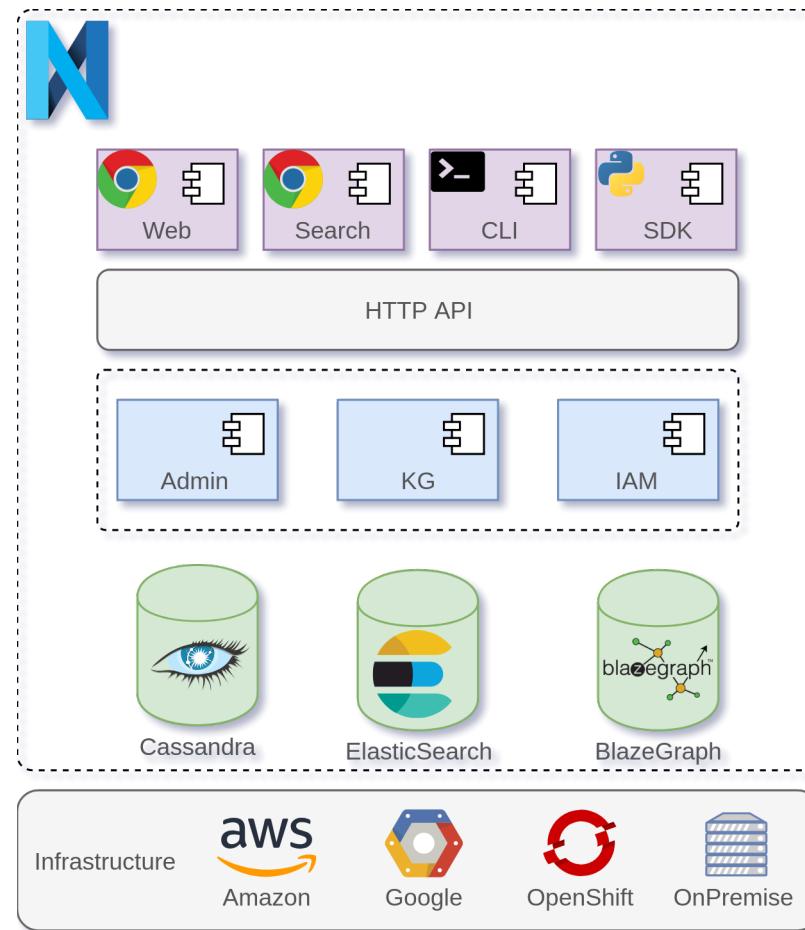
```
@prefix schema: <http://schema.org/> .  
@prefix sh: <http://www.w3.org/ns/shacl#> .  
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .  
  
schema:PersonShape  
  a sh:NodeShape ;  
  sh:targetClass schema:Person ;  
  sh:property [  
    sh:path schema:givenName ;  
    sh:datatype xsd:string ;  
    sh:name "given name" ;  
  ] ;  
  sh:property [  
    sh:path schema:birthDate ;  
    sh:lessThan schema:deathDate ;  
    sh:maxCount 1 ;  
  ] ;  
  sh:property [  
    sh:path schema:gender ;  
    sh:in ( "female" "male" ) ;  
  ] ;  
  sh:property [  
    sh:path schema:address ;  
    sh:node schema:AddressShape ;  
  ] .
```

In practice

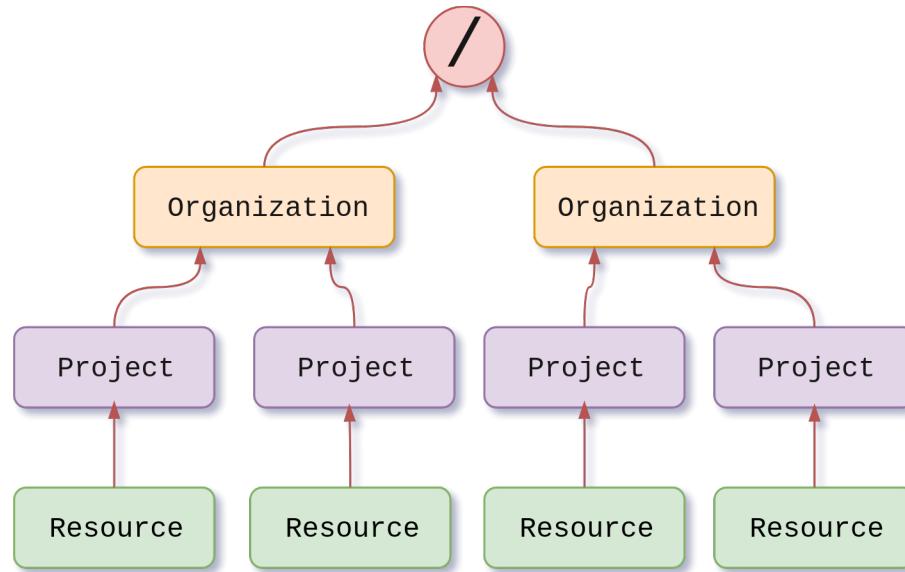


Nexus services

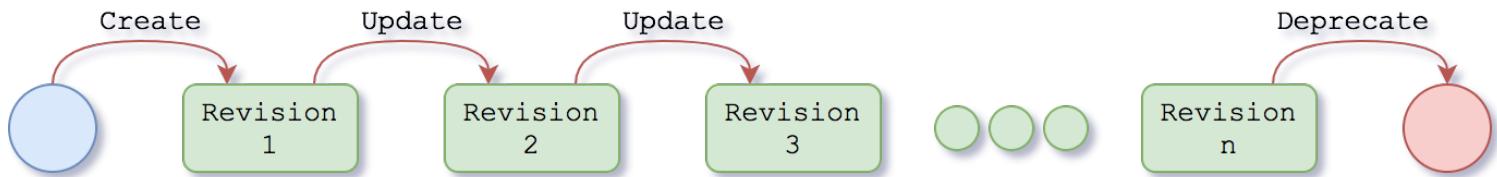
Overview



Resource hierarchy



Resource life-cycle



Example with resources:

```
POST /v1/resources/{org_label}/{project_label}/{schema_id}
```

```
PUT /v1/resources/{org_label}/{project_label}/{schema_id}/{resource_id}?rev={prev}
```

```
GET /v1/resources/{org_label}/{project_label}/{schema_id}/{resource_id}
```

```
GET /v1/resources/{org_label}/{project_label}/{schema_id}/{resource_id}?rev={rev}
```

```
DELETE /v1/resources/{org_label}/{project_label}/{schema_id}/{resource_id}?rev={prev}
```

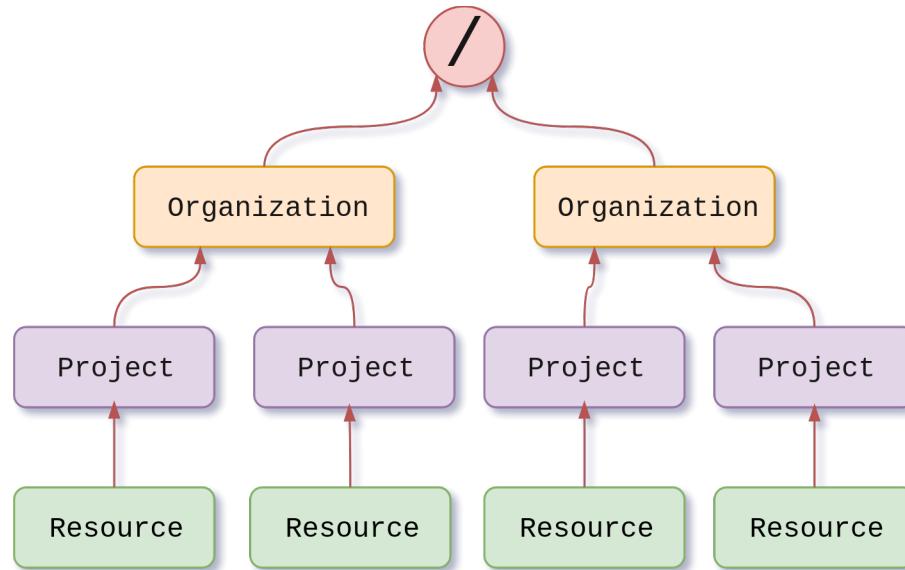
Identity & access management

- Authentication providers (OpenID Connect)
 - Realms
- Identities
 - Users
 - Groups
 - Authenticated
 - Anonymous
- Permissions
 - Arbitrary strings, e.g. projects/create or schemas/write
- ACLs
 - Resource path -> (Identity, Permissions)

```
case class AccessControlLists(value: Map[Path, AccessControlList])  
  
case class AccessControlList(value: Map[Identity, Set[Permission]])
```

Admin

- Organizations
- Projects
 - Base
 - Vocabulary
 - API mappings (prefixes)



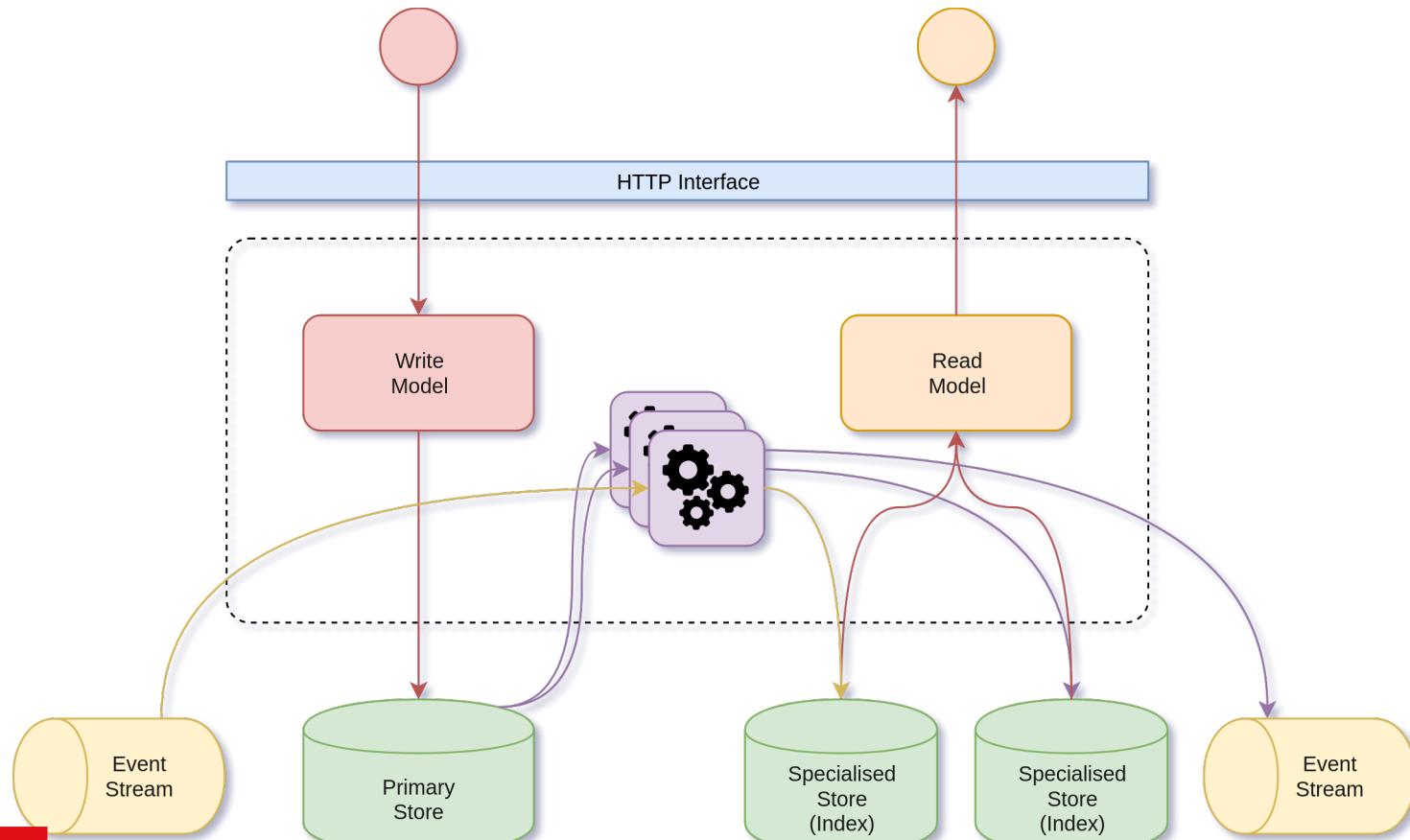
Knowledge graph

- Schemas
- Resolvers
- Views
 - Elasticsearch
 - SPARQL
- Files (binary attachments)
- Resources

Nexus components

Event sourcing & CQRS

<https://github.com/BlueBrain/nexus-sourcing>



Example: State

```
sealed trait State extends Product with Serializable

case object Initial extends State

final case class Current(
    id: Id[ProjectRef],
    rev: Long,
    types: Set[AbsoluteIri],
    deprecated: Boolean,
    tags: Map[String, Long],
    created: Instant,
    updated: Instant,
    createdBy: Subject,
    updatedBy: Subject,
    schema: Ref,
    source: Json
) extends State
```

Example: Command

```
sealed trait Command extends Product with Serializable {  
    def id: Id[ProjectRef]  
    def rev: Long  
    def instant: Instant  
    def subject: Subject  
}
```

```
final case class Create(  
    id: Id[ProjectRef],  
    schema: Ref,  
    types: Set[AbsoluteIri],  
    source: Json,  
    instant: Instant,  
    subject: Subject  
) extends Command {  
    val rev: Long = 0L  
}
```

Example: Event

```
sealed trait Event extends Product with Serializable {  
    def id: Id[ProjectRef]  
    def rev: Long  
    def instant: Instant  
    def subject: Subject  
}
```

```
final case class Created(  
    id: Id[ProjectRef],  
    schema: Ref,  
    types: Set[AbsoluteIri],  
    source: Json,  
    instant: Instant,  
    subject: Subject  
) extends Event {  
    val rev: Long = 1L  
}
```

Example: Evaluation

```
def eval(state: State, cmd: Command): Either[Rejection, Event] = cmd match {
  case cmd: Create => create(state, cmd)
    // Update, Deprecate, Tag, ...
}

def create(state: State, c: Create): Either[Rejection, Created] = state match {
  case Initial => Right(Created(c.id, c.schema, c.types, c.source, c.instant,
  case _         => Left(ResourceAlreadyExists(c.id.ref))
}
```

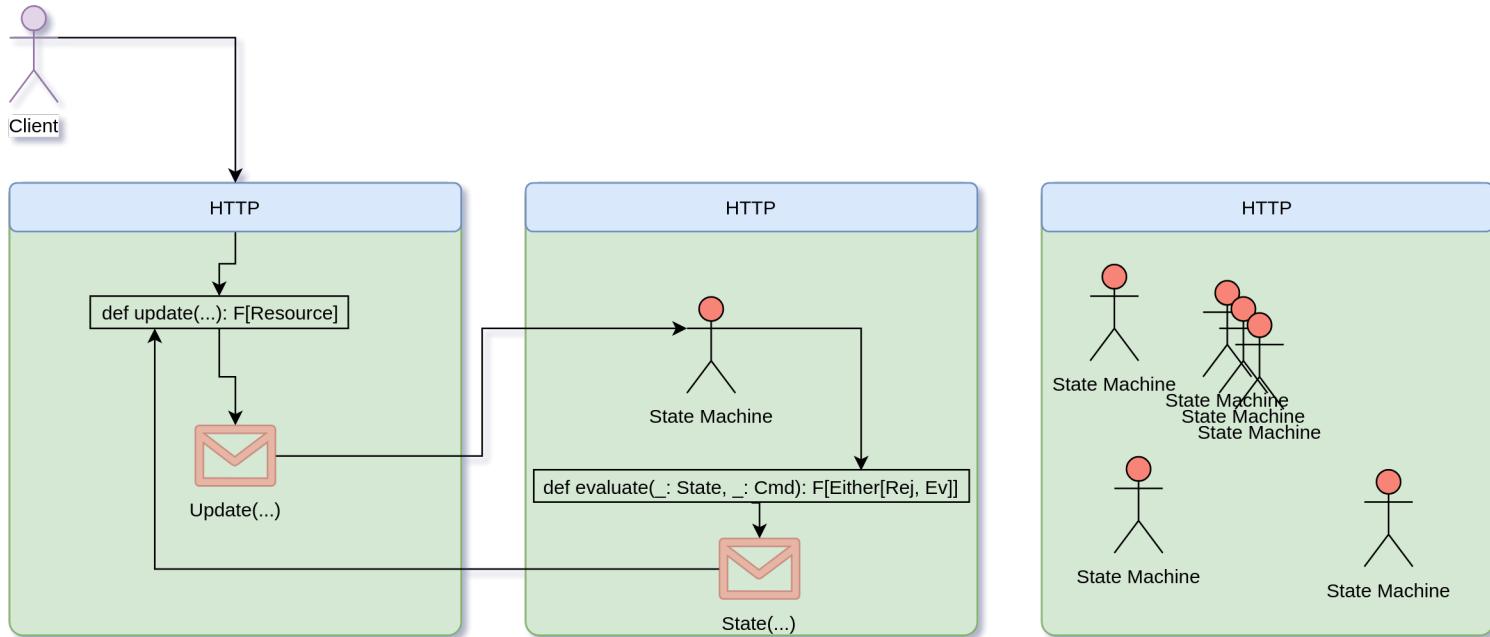
```
class Repo[F[_]: Monad](agg: Agg[F], clock: Clock, toIdentifier: ResId => String)

def create(id: ResId, schema: Ref, types: Set[AbsoluteIri],
           source: Json, instant: Instant = clock.instant)(
           implicit subject: Subject): EitherT[F, Rejection, Resource] =
  evaluate(id, Create(id, schema, types, source, instant, subject))
}
```

Example: State machine

```
def next(state: State, ev: Event): State =  
  (state, ev) match {  
    case (Initial, e @ Created(id, schema, types, value, tm, ident)) =>  
      Current(id, e.rev, types, false,  
              Map.empty, None, tm, tm,  
              ident, ident, schema, value)  
    case (c: Current, Updated(_, rev, types, value, tm, ident)) =>  
      c.copy(rev = rev, types = types,  
             source = value, updated = tm,  
             updatedBy = ident)  
    // Deprecated, TagAdded, ...  
  }
```

Example: State machine



Example: Aggregate

```
type Agg[F[_]] = Aggregate[F, String, Event, State, Command, Rejection]
```

```
def aggregate[F[_]: Effect](implicit as: ActorSystem,
                           mt: ActorMaterializer, sourcing: SourcingConfig, F: Monad[F]): F[Agg[F]] =
  AkkaAggregate.sharded[F](
    name = "resources",
    Initial,
    next,
    (state, cmd) => F.pure(eval(state, cmd)),
    sourcing.passivationStrategy,
    Retry(sourcing.retry.retryStrategy),
    sourcing.akkaSourcingConfig,
    sourcing.shards
  )
```

Aggregate

```
trait Aggregate[F[_], Id, Event, State, Command, Rejection]
  extends StatefulEventLog[F, Id, Event, State] {

  def evaluate(id: Id, command: Command): F[Either[Rejection, (State, Event)]]
```

Using Akka cluster sharding, we construct it like this:

```
object AkkaAggregate {

  def shardedF[F[_]: Effect, Event, State, Command, Rejection](...): F[Effect, Event, State, Command, Rejection] = {
    val shardExtractor = { case msg: Msg =>
      math.abs(msg.id.hashCode) % shards.toString
    }
    val entityExtractor = { case msg: Msg => (msg.id, msg) }
    val props = AggregateActor.shardedProps(name, initialState, next,
                                              evaluate, passivationStrategy, config)
    val ref = ClusterSharding(as).start(name, props, settings,
                                         entityExtractor, shardExtractor)
    // route all messages through the sharding coordinator
    val selection = ActorRefSelection.const(ref)
    new AkkaAggregate(name, selection, retry, config)
  }
}
```

Clustered Akka aggregate

```
class AkkaAggregate[F[_]: Async, Event: ClassTag, State, Command, Rejection] (
    override val name: String,
    selection: ActorRefSelection[F],
    retry: Retry[F, Throwable],
    config: AkkaSourcingConfig,
)(implicit as: ActorSystem, mat: ActorMaterializer)
    extends Aggregate[F, String, Event, State, Command, Rejection] {

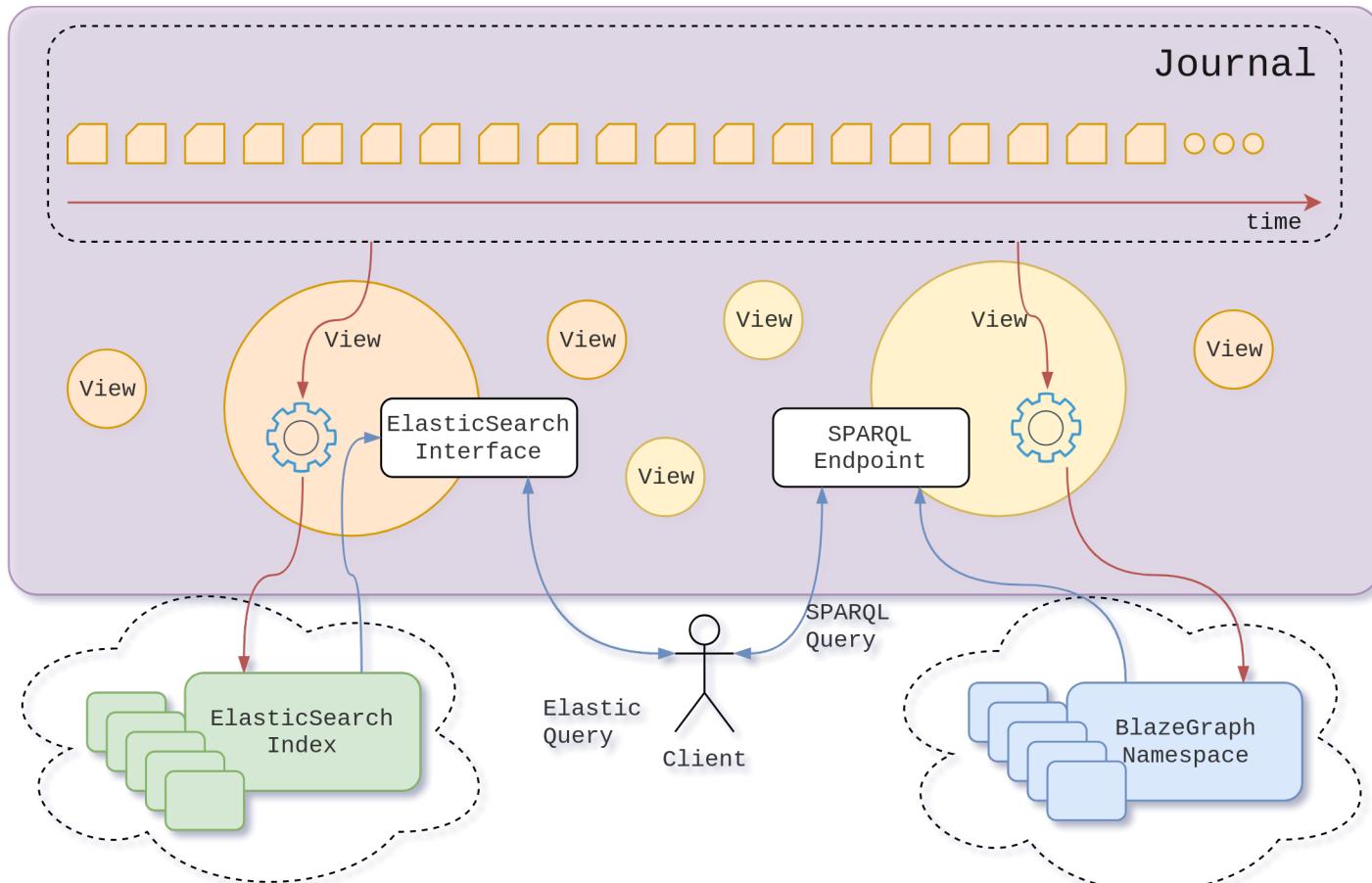
    override def evaluate(id: String, command: Command):
        F[Either[Rejection, (State, Event)]] =
        send(id, Evaluate(id, command), r => r.value)

    private def send[Reply, A](id: String, msg: Msg, f: Reply => A)
        (implicit Reply: ClassTag[Reply]): F[A] =
        selection(name, id).flatMap { ref =>
            val future = IO(ref ? msg)
            val fa      = IO.fromFuture(future).to[F]
            fa.flatMap[A] {
                case Reply(value) => F.pure(f(value))
                case e              => F.raiseError(e)
            }
            .retry
        }
    }
}
```

Persistent aggregate actor

```
class AggregateActor[F[_]: Effect, Event, State, Command, Rejection](  
    name: String,  
    initialState: State,  
    next: (State, Event) => State,  
    evaluate: (State, Command) => F[Either[Rejection, Event]],  
    passivationStrategy: PassivationStrategy[State, Command],  
    config: AkkaSourcingConfig,  
) extends PersistentActor with Stash with ActorLogging {  
  
    private def evaluateCommand(cmd: Command, test: Boolean = false): Unit = {  
        val eval = for {  
            _ <- IO.shift(config.commandEvaluationExecutionContext)  
            r <- evaluate(state, cmd).toIO.timeout(config.commandEvaluationMaxDuration)  
            _ <- IO.shift(context.dispatcher)  
            _ <- IO(self ! r)  
        } yield ()  
        val io = eval.onError { ... } // error handling  
        io.unsafeRunAsyncAndForget()  
    }  
}
```

Indexing



Indexing

```
case class IndexerConfig[F[_], Event, MappedEvt, Err, 0 <: OffsetStorage](  
    tag: String,  
    pluginId: String,  
    name: String,  
    mapping: Event => F[Option[MappedEvt]],  
    index: List[MappedEvt] => F[Unit],  
    init: F[Unit],  
    batch: Int,  
    batchTo: FiniteDuration,  
    retry: Retry[F, Err],  
    storage: 0)
```

```
trait StreamByTag[F[_], A] {  
  
    def fetchInit: F[A]  
  
    def source(init: A): Source[A, _]  
}
```

Indexing

```
class VolatileStreamByTag[F[_]: Effect, Event, MappedEvt, Err](  
    config: IndexerConfig[F, Event, MappedEvt, Err, Volatile])  
    extends StreamByTag[F, Offset] {  
  
    def batchedSource(initialOffset: Offset):  
        Source[(Offset, List[IdentifiedEvent]), NotUsed] = {  
        val eventsByTag =  
            PersistenceQuery(as)  
                .readJournalFor[EventsByTagQuery](config.pluginId)  
                .eventsByTag(tag, initialOffset)  
        // ... casting, mapping, batching  
        eventsBatched  
    }  
  
    def fetchInit: F[Offset] =  
        if (config.storage.restart)  
            config.init.retry *> F.pure(NoOffset)  
        else  
            config.init.retry.flatMap(_ => projection.fetchLatestOffset.retry)  
    }  
}
```

Indexing

```
class VolatileStreamByTag[F[_]: Effect, Event, MappedEvt, Err](  
    config: IndexerConfig[F, Event, MappedEvt, Err, Volatile])  
    extends StreamByTag[F, Offset] {  
  
    def source(initialOffset: Offset): Source[Offset, NotUsed] = {  
  
        val eventsIndexed = batchedSource(initialOffset).mapAsync(1) {  
            case (offset, events) =>  
                val index =  
                    config.index(events.map { case (_, _, mapped) => mapped })  
                    .retry  
                    .recoverWith(recoverIndex(offset, events))  
                    F.toIO(index.map(_ => offset)).unsafeToFuture()  
        }  
  
        val eventsStoredProgress = eventsIndexed.mapAsync(1) { offset =>  
            F.toIO(projection.storeLatestOffset(offset)  
                .retry  
                .map(_ => offset))  
                .unsafeToFuture()  
        }  
  
        eventsStoredProgress  
    }  
}
```

Indexing: how it's used

- Define indexers
 - Elasticsearch
 - Triple store (Blazegraph)
 - Akka Distributed Data
- Wrap the Akka source in an coordinator actor
- Run the coordinator as an Akka Cluster Singleton or Cluster Sharded actor.

Interservice communication

We had Kafka

- Easy to integrate with Alpakka Kafka
- Drawbacks:
 - One more thing to operate (several nodes + ZooKeeper)
 - Exposing event streams to external users

Solution: server sent events

- Support included in Akka HTTP
- Plain HTTP
 - Access restriction with Nexus ACLs

SSE: producer

```
val pq = PersistenceQuery(as).readJournalFor[EventsByTagQuery](queryJournalPlugin)

def source(
  tag: String,
  offset: Offset
)(implicit enc: Encoder[Event]): Source[ServerSentEvent, NotUsed] =
  pq.eventsByTag(tag, offset)
    .flatMapConcat(eventEnvelope => Source(eventToSse(eventEnvelope).toList))
    .keepAlive(10 seconds, () => ServerSentEvent.heartbeat)

def lastEventId: Directive1[Offset] =
  optionalHeaderValueByName(`Last-Event-ID`.name)
    .map(_.map(id => `Last-Event-ID`(id)))
    .flatMap {
      case Some(header) =>
        Try[Offset](TimeBasedUUID(UUID.fromString(header.id))))
          .orElse(Try(Sequence(header.id.toLong))) match {
        case Success(value) => provide(value)
        case Failure(_)     => reject(validationRejection("Invalid header"))
      }
      case None           => provide(NoOffset)
    }
```

SSE: consumer

```
class EventSource[A: Decoder] {

  def send(request: HttpRequest)(
    implicit cred: Option[AuthToken]): Future[HttpResponse] =
    http.singleRequest(addCredentials(request)).map { resp =>
      if (!resp.status.isSuccess())
        logger.warn(s"Error when performing SSE request: '${resp.status}'")
      resp
    }

  def apply(iri: AbsoluteIri, offset: Option[String])(
    implicit cred: Option[AuthToken]): Source[A, NotUsed] =
    SSESource(iri.toAkkaUri, send, offset, sseRetryDelay).flatMapConcat { sse =>
      decode[A](sse.data) match {
        case Right(ev) => Source.single(ev)
        case Left(err) =>
          logger.error(s"Failed to decode admin event '$sse'", err)
          Source.empty
      }
    }
}
```

Monitoring

We use Kamon with two reporters:

- Prometheus for metrics, plotted in Grafana
- Jaeger for tracing
- Be careful not to generate too many metrics
 - `operationName` directive creates a new histogram for every different request path
 - Start with a reasonable sampling rate

Nexus RDF

<https://github.com/BlueBrain/nexus-rdf>

IRI

- Superset of URI that supports unicode, used by RDF
- Custom parser implemented with Parboiled2
- Manipulation (scheme, host, port, path, segments, query, ...)
- Conversion (absolute, relative, URL, URN, CURIE, ...)

Graph

- Construction
- Manipulation
 - Nodes
 - Triples
- Serialization
 - JSON-LD with Circe and Jena
 - N-Triples
 - DOT graph format

Application: Nexus Search

<https://bbp.epfl.ch/nexus/search/>

Questions?