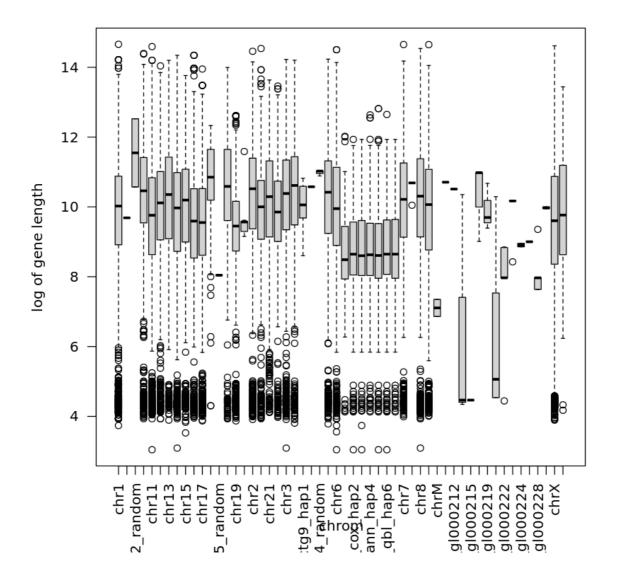
第五讲上机实验

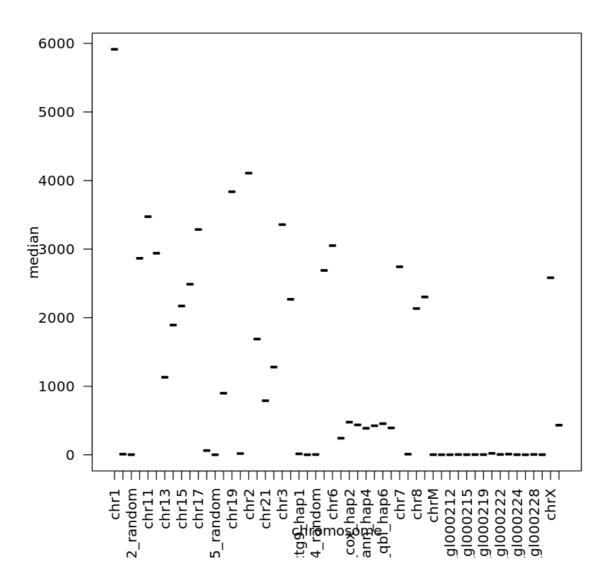
1.用 read.table 读入 he19_gene_table.txt (1) 分染色体画出基因长度取对数后的箱型图

```
data <- read.table('/home/ubuntu/R_course/hg19_gene_table.txt', header = T)
with(data, boxplot(log(txEnd - txStart + 1) ~ chrom, ylab = 'log of gene length', las = 2))</pre>
```



(2) 对每条染色体计算基因数量和基因长度的中位数, 分别作为 x 和 y 画出散点图

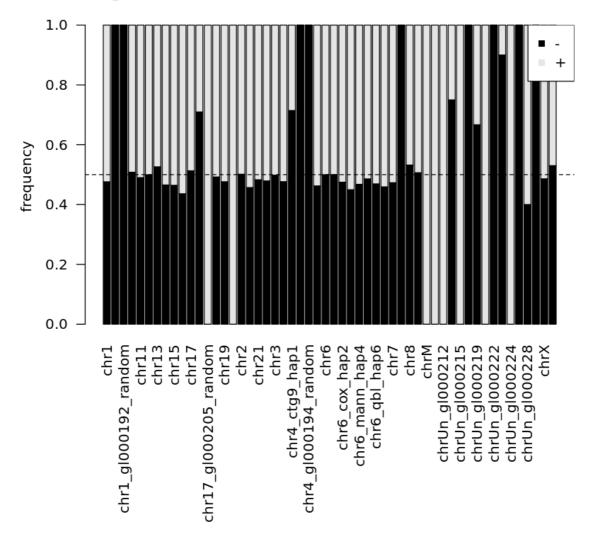
```
data <- read.table('/home/ubuntu/R_course/hg19_gene_table.txt', header = T)
gene <- as.data.frame(table(data$chrom))
data$geneLength <- data$txEnd - data$txStart + 1
lengthMedian <- tapply(data$geneLength, data$chrom, median)
plot(as.data.frame(table(data$chrom)), lengthMedian, xlab = 'chromosome',
ylab = 'median', las = 2)</pre>
```



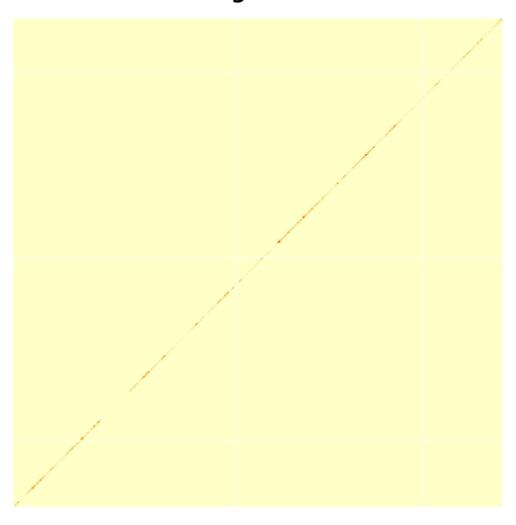
- (3) 用函数 prop.table 分染色体计算 +/- strand 上基因的百分比
- (a) 将上表数值用 barplot 画出来

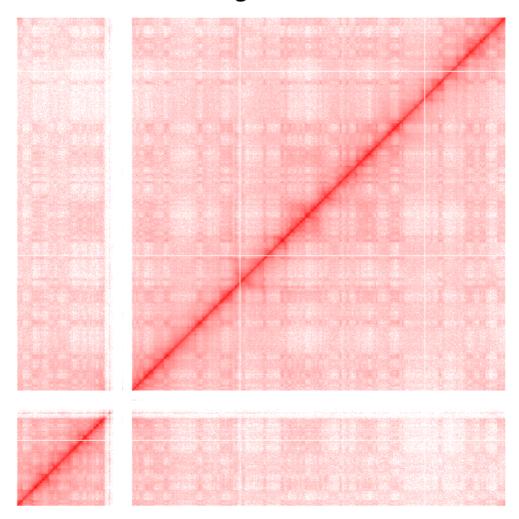
```
data <- read.table('/home/ubuntu/R_course/hg19_gene_table.txt', header = T)</pre>
2
    simData <- as.data.frame(cbind(data$chrom, data$strand))</pre>
3
    colnames(simData) <- c('chrom', 'strand')</pre>
4
    # 染色体基因个数
    table <- prop.table(table(simData$chrom, simData$strand),1)</pre>
5
6
    par(oma=c(8,0,0,0))
    barplot(t(table),las=2,col=c("black","grey90"),ylab="frequency",main="gene")
    strand distribution for each chromosome")
    legend("topright",legend=c("-","+"),col=c("black","grey90"),pch=15)
8
9
    abline(h=0.5,lty=2)
10
```

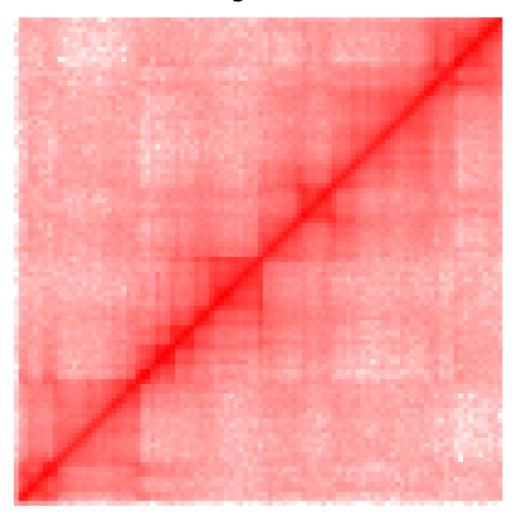
gene strand distribution for each chromosome

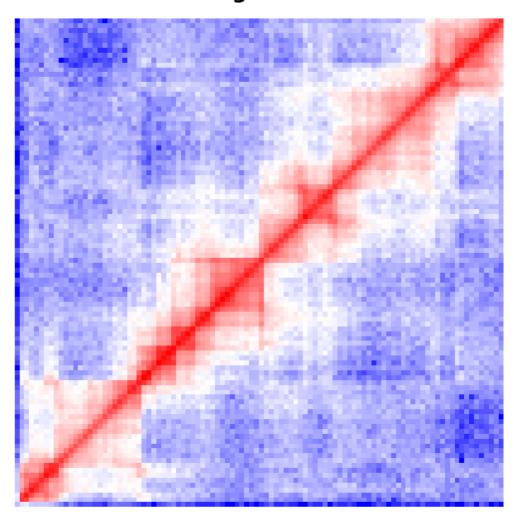


```
1
    hm<-read.table('/home/ubuntu/R_course/R_data/gm12878_chr18.txt')</pre>
 2
    hm<-as.matrix(hm)</pre>
 3
    heatmap(hm, Rowv=NA, Colv=NA, labRow=NA,
4
             labCol=NA, scale="none", main="figure1")
    ramp <- colorRamp(c("red", "white"))</pre>
 5
 6
    cols \leftarrow rgb( ramp(seq(0, 1, length = 128)), max = 255)
 7
    heatmap(log(hm+1),col=rev(cols),
8
             Rowv=NA, Colv=NA, labRow=NA,
9
             labCol=NA, scale="none", main="figure2")
    heatmap(log(hm[1:100,1:100]+1),col=rev(cols),
10
11
             Rowv=NA, Colv=NA, labRow=NA,
12
             labCol=NA, scale="none", main="figure3")
    ramp <- colorRamp(c("red", "white", "blue"))</pre>
13
14
    cols \leftarrow rgb( ramp(seq(0, 1, length = 128)), max = 255)
15
    heatmap(log(hm[1:100,1:100]+1),col=rev(cols),
16
             Rowv=NA, Colv=NA, labRow=NA,
17
             labCol=NA, scale="none", main="figure4")
```









- 取对数
- 使用不同颜色增加图像对比度