

浙江大学 2018 - 2019 学年 春夏 学期

《数据库系统》课程期末考试试卷 (A 卷)

参考答案及评分细则

Answers of Problem 1:

(16 points, 4 points per part)

1) $\Pi_{\text{Title}}(\sigma_{\text{director}=\text{'Yimou Zhang'}}(\text{movie}) \bowtie \sigma_{\text{grade} \geq 4}(\text{comment}))$

评分细则:

错一处扣 4 分

2) Update comment set grade=0 where grade is null

评分细则:

错一处扣 4 分, grade=null, grade is null 等类似答案均给分

3) Select type from movie, comment

Where movie.title=comment.title

Group by title

Having avg(grade) >=all (Select avg(grade)

From movie, comment

Where movie.title=comment.title

Group by title)

评分细则:

写出 having.....且对均给 2 分, 用其他 SQL 语句写出相同效果均给分

4) Select title from movie

Except

Select title from movie

Where exists (select *

From comment A, comment B

Where A.title=movie.title and A.user_name = B.user_name

And B.title=' the avenger'

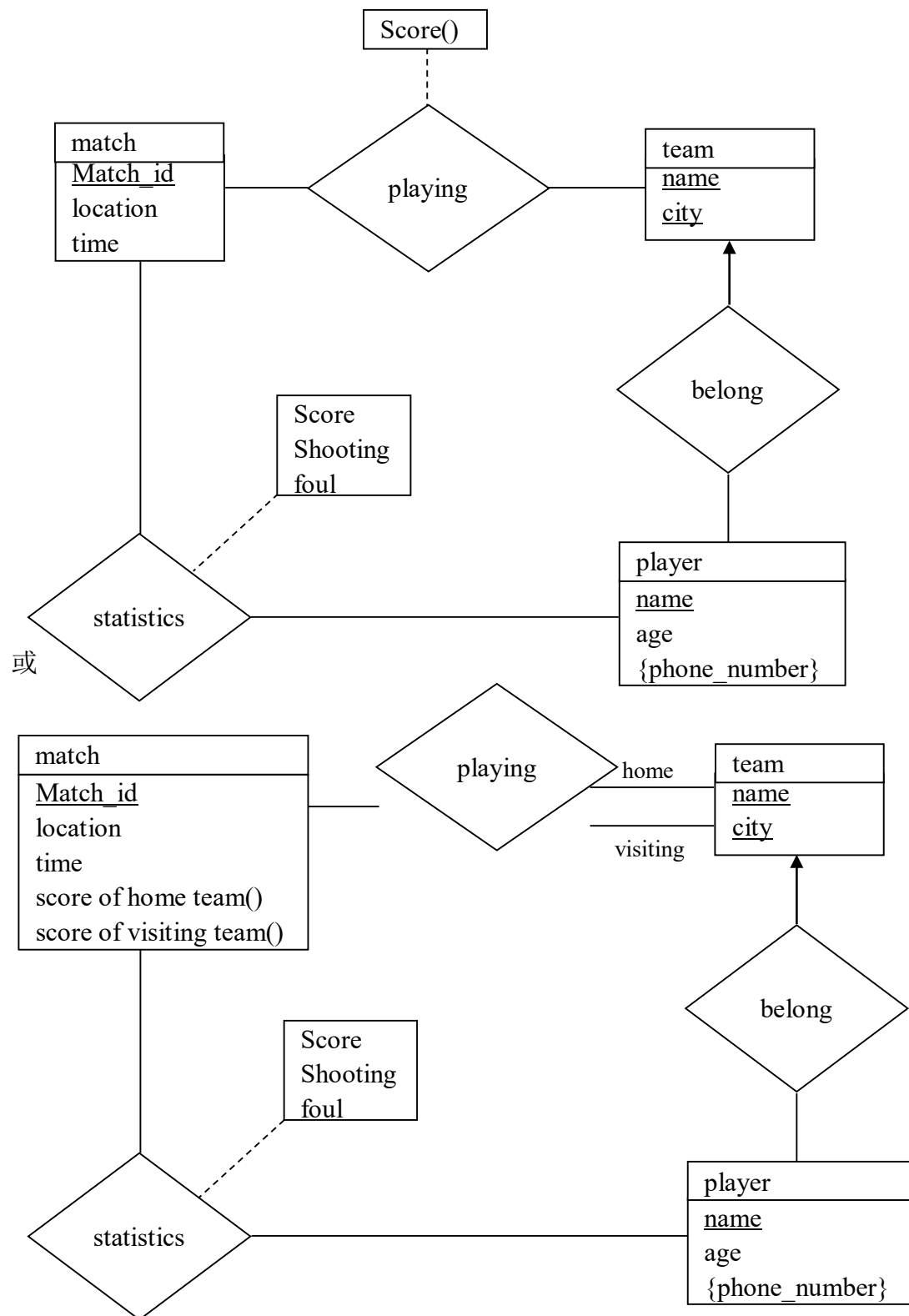
And A.grade <=B.grade)

评分细则:

写出 4 个正确条件给 2 分, 全对给 4 分

Problem 2: E-R Model (9 points)

1) (5 points)



评分细则:

联系写成实体扣 1 分，没写联系扣 1 分，属性写错漏写扣 1 分，少写实体或联系扣 1 分，扣完为止。

2) (4 points)

Match(match_id, location, time)

Team(name, city)

Playing(match_id, name, score)

Player(name, age)

Phone(player_name, phone_number)

Statistics(match_id, player_name, score, shooting, foul)

或者其中的 match 和 playing 改为:

Match(match_id, location, time, home_team_name, visiting_team_name, score_of_home_team, score_of_visiting_team)

Each match has one home team and one visiting team.

评分细则:

每个关系没有主键或者写错扣 1 分, 扣完为止

Problem 3: Relational Formalization (12 points, 4 points each)

1) {C E}

评分细则:

写对一个键给两分, 多写一个扣 1 分。诸如写{ACE,CE,BCE}的不得分

2) Decompose R into R1(A, B) and R2(A, C, D, E), decompose R2 into R21(A, C) R22(C, D, E), and further decompose R22 into R221(C, D) and R222(C, E)

评分细则:

由于根据不同模式分出来的步骤可能不一, 但是由于最终关系为 {C->A,C->B,C->D}, 所以最终结果一定是诸如{A,C}{B,C}{C,D}{D,E}等二元组, 根据实际情况没分彻底的如(B,C,D)每个 0.5 分, 分彻底的 1 个 1 分, 分错但是结果正确的酌情给 2-3 分。

3) The decomposition is dependency preserving.

评分细则:

(2)中答案正确并且此处正确的给 4 分,

(2)中答案错误并且根据实际拆分情况, 若判断一致此处给 3 分

(2)中答案错误并且此处正确的给 2 分, (不给出解释扣 1 分)

其余情况不给分

Problem 4: XML (12 points, 4 points each)

1)

<!DOCTYPE movie_comment[

```

<!ELEMENT      movie_comment ( movie*)>
<!ELEMENT      movie (type, director, comment+)>
<!ATTLIST      movie title ID #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT      type (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT      director (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT      comment (user_name, grade)>
<!ELEMENT      user_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT      grade (#PCDATA)>
|>

```

评分细则:

错 1-2 处扣 1 分，较多错误酌情扣 2-3 分

2) `/movie_comment/movie[type="action" and ./comment/user_name="Alice" and ./comment/grade=5]/@title`

评分细则:

漏一个条件扣 1 分，路径错误扣 1 分

3) `for $p in /movie_comment/movie[director="Yimou Zhang"]
 where count($p/comment[grade=5])>=1
 return $p/@title`

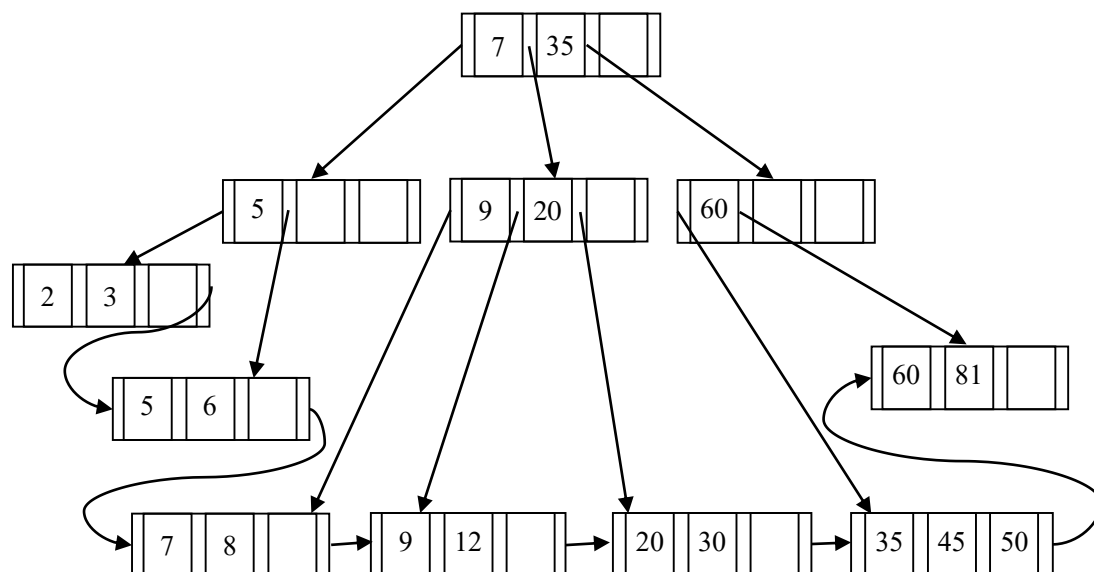
评分细则:

少一个条件扣一分，逻辑错误扣 2-3 分

Problem 5: B⁺-Tree (12 points, 3 points each)

1)

After inserting 8, 6 and 3:



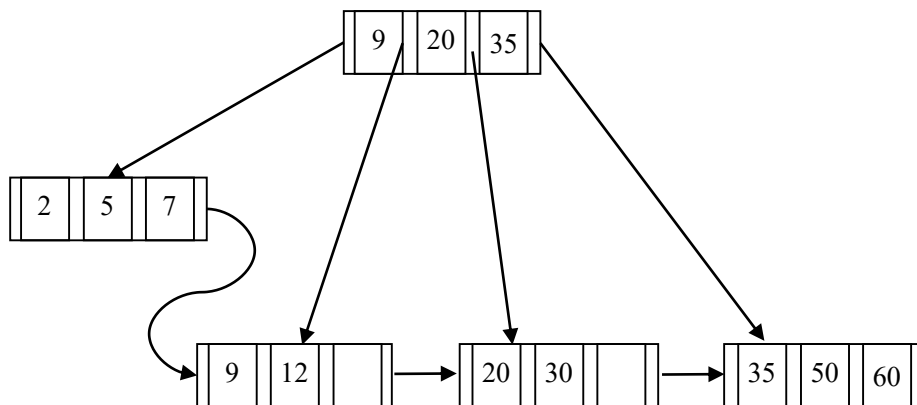
评分细则:

每个 value 错扣 1 分, 最多扣 2 分

叶子正确最少得 1 分

2)

After deleting 81 and 45:



评分细则:

索引 merge 错误扣 1 分, 插入叶子错误扣 1 分

叶子正确最少得 1 分

3) Maximal number of key values: $4*4*4*4*3=768$

Minimal number of key values: $2*2*2*2*2=32$

评分细则:

公式列正确即给分

4) $(3 + 1) + 1 = 5$ 或 $(3 + 1) + 2 = 6$

评分细则:

错, 扣 3 分

Problem 6: Query Processing (12 points, 4 points each)

1) $5,000/500/5 = 2$

评分细则:

2,4 均可, 没有计算扣 2 分

400 扣 1 分, 10 扣 1 分

2) Number of blocks of movie is $5000/50=100$

Number of blocks of comment is $1,000,000/100=10,000$

Since the equi-join attribute title forms a key on inner relation, we can stop inner loop on the first match.

Assign 10 blocks to comments, 1 block to movies, and 1 block for output.

Number of block accesses: $(10000/10)*100+10000 = 110000$ 或

$$10000 * 100/10 + 100 = 100100$$

Number of seeks: $2*10000/10=2000$

评分细则:

Movie, comment 各 1 分

Block 110000,100100 均给 1 分

Seeks 2000,20 均给分

有公式答案酌情扣分

3) Minimal height = $\log_{60}(5000) \rightarrow 3$ (向上取整)

Max height = $\log_{30}(5000) \rightarrow 3$ (向上取整)

So, the height of the B⁺-tree index on movie(title) is 3.

Number of block accesses: $10000+1000000/500*3+1$

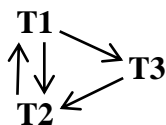
Number of seeks: $10000+1000000/500*3+1$

评分细则:

不是白卷且答案合理均给分

Problem 7: Concurrency Control (12 points, 4 points each)

1)



The schedule is not serializable, because there are cycles in the graph.

评分细则:

少一个依赖扣 1 分,

如前趋图错, 若冲突串行化与画出图一致, 也给全分

2) The schedule is not cascadeless.

评分细则:

结论错, 论述正确得 2 分

结论对, 论述错得 3 分

结论对, 论述正确得 4 分

其余不给分

3) No. This is because the schedule in 1) exists cycles.

评分细则：

结论错，论述正确得 2 分

结论对，论述错，酌情得 2-3 分

结论对，论述正确得 4 分

其余不给分

Problem 8: Aries Recovery Method (15 points, 3 points each)

1) 1002

评分细则：

多答扣 1-3 分

2) 1010

评分细则：

多答扣 1-3 分

3) T4

评分细则：

(T4,1013) 也给分，其余不给分

4) “102.1” = 62, “102.2” = 73

评分细则：

错一个扣 1 分，错 2 个扣完

多一个扣 1 分，多 2 个不给分

5)

1015: <T4, 102.1, 62>

1016: <T4, abort>

评分细则：

见 (4)