## 1.2.B - Descriptive Statistics

## Reference

- http://stemgraphic.org/doc/intro.html#installation • https://stackoverflow.com/questions/49703938/how-to-create-a-dot-plot-in-matplotlib-not-a-scatter-plot
- https://matplotlib.org/stable/api/\_as\_gen/matplotlib.pyplot.hist.html

• https://matplotlib.org/stable/gallery/statistics/histogram\_features.html

20, 24, 30, 32, 21, 29, 12, 37, 16, 23, \

10, 36, 13, 27, 17, 23, 19, 13]

In [1]: data = [34, 17, 7, 10, 27, 30, 46, 23, 17, 27, \

# Data from 1.2.B

Data

In [55]:

import stemgraphic # Referene: http://stemgraphic.org/doc/modules.html#module-stemgraphic.graphic # data - list, numpy array, time series, pandas or dask dataframe

Stem and Leaf

# asc - stem sorted in ascending order, defaults to True # scale - force a specific scale for building the plot. Defaults to None (automatic). stemgraphic.stem\_graphic(data, asc = False, scale = 10) Out[55]: (<Figure size 540x144 with 1 Axes>,

> 1 0023367779 21 2 0133347779 27 3 002467 28 46

25 4 6 = 4.6 x 10 = 46.0 Key: aggr|stem|leaf

<matplotlib.axes.\_axes.Axes at 0x7fcf1236f340>)

Dot plot # Better option

# Create dot plot with appropriate format

for value, count in zip(values, counts):

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(width, height))

ms=marker size, linestyle='')

marker\_size = 10 if data\_range < 50 else np.ceil(30/(data\_range//10))</pre>

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Preparation values, counts = np.unique(data, return\_counts=True)

import numpy as np

In [56]:

In [57]:

# Set formatting parameters based on data data\_range = max(values)-min(values) width = data\_range/2 if data\_range < 30 else 15</pre> height = max(counts)/3 if data\_range < 50 else max(counts)/4

ax.plot([value]\*count, list(range(count)), marker='o', color='tab:blue', for spine in ['top', 'right', 'left']: ax.spines[spine].set\_visible(False) ax.yaxis.set\_visible(False) ax.set\_ylim(-1, max(counts)) ax.set\_xticks(range(min(values), max(values)+1)) ax.tick\_params(axis='x', length=0, pad=10)

plt.show() 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 Histogram

# Option 1: matplotlib import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  $num\_bins = np.arange(0,51,10)$ fig, ax = plt.subplots() # the histogram of the data n, bins, patches = ax.hist(data, num\_bins, density=True, ec="k") # Set label plt.xlabel('NFL scores') plt.ylabel('frequency')

#Set x axis range plt.xlim(0,50)plt.show() 0.035 0.030 0.025 0.020 Ledneucy 0.015 0.010 0.005

0.000

0

0.040

0.035

0.030

0.025

0.020

0.015

0.010

0.005

0.000

In [15]:

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# Option 2: seaborn import numpy as np

# Define bins

import seaborn as sns

sns.set(style="darkgrid")

fig, ax = plt.subplots()

plt.xlabel('NFL scores')

#ax.set xlim(0,50)

 $num\_bins = np.arange(0,51,5)$ 

ax.set\_xticks(range(0,51,5))

sns.histplot(data, bins=num\_bins)

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import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

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NFL scores

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# Set a grey background (use sns.set\_theme() if seaborn version 0.11.0 or above)

In [64]:

# Option 2: seaborn import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # set a grey background (use sns.set\_theme() if seaborn version 0.11.0 or above) sns.set(style="darkgrid") plt.xlabel('NFL scores') plt.ylabel('Count')  $num\_bins = np.arange(0,51,10)$ sns.histplot(data=data, bins=num\_bins) plt.show() 10 8 Count 2

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NFL scores

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10 20 30 40 50 NFL scores In [58]: # Option 1: matplotlib import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  $num\_bins = np.arange(0,51,5)$ fig, ax = plt.subplots() # the histogram of the data n, bins, patches = ax.hist(data, num\_bins, density=True, ec="k") # Set label plt.xlabel('NFL scores') plt.ylabel('frequency') # Set x axis range plt.xlim(0,50) # Specify the ticket locations # tick\_locs = [5, 10, 15, 20, 50], or if you want to customize it in this way ...  $tick_{locs} = range(0, 50, 5)$ plt.xticks(tick\_locs, tick\_locs) plt.show() 0.045

plt.ylabel('Count') plt.show() 6 5 Sount 3 2 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 NFL scores Describe In [59]: import pandas as pd # Turn list to DataFrame df = pd.DataFrame(data)

## **mean** 22.857143 std

Out[59]:

In [60]:

In [ ]:

**min** 7.000000 **25%** 16.750000 **50%** 23.000000 **75%** 29.250000 **max** 46.000000

df.describe()

**count** 28.000000

9.387597

**Boxplot** import seaborn as sns sns.set\_theme(style = "whitegrid") flierprops = dict(markerfacecolor = '0.75', markersize = 5,linestyle = 'none')

# No outlier. Add an outlier by purpose to test the color. # data = [34, 17, 7, 10, 27, 30, 46, 23, 17, 27, \ 20, 24, 30, 32, 21, 29, 12, 37, 16, 23, \

ax = sns.boxplot(x = data, flierprops=flierprops)

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10, 36, 13, 27, 17, 23, 19, 13, 100]