

A20 DMA 开发说明 V2.0 2014-01-17



Revision History

Version	Date	Changes compared to previous issue
V1.0	2013-03-15	初建版本
V2.0	2014-01-17	删除部分章节,修正接口描述

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- 1. 概述
- 1.1. 编写目的

介绍 DMA 模块使用方法。

1.2. 适用范围

适用于 A20 平台.

1.3. 相关人员

DMA 开发人员。

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2. 模块介绍

2.1. 模块功能介绍

dma 即 Direct Memory Access(直接内存存取),指数据不经 cpu,直接在设备和内存,内存和内存,设备和设备之间传输.使用 DMA 可以减少 cpu 负担, cpu 可用于忙别的活,传输速度也比 cpu 搬运高得多.

A20 许多模块内置了 DMA, 比如 sd, usb ehci, nand 等, 目前只用两个模块用到 DMA 驱动, 一是 usb otg, 二是 audio codec. 当然用户可根据需要使用 DMA 驱动.

A20 DMA 模块包含 16 个独立通道, 分别有 8 个 dedicate 通道和 8 个 normal 通道.

2.2. 相关术语介绍

2.2.1. DMA

Direct Memory Access,即直接内存存取,指数据不经 cpu,直接在设备和内存,内存和内存,设备和设备之间传输.

2.2.2. 描述符(des)

指能被 DMA 硬件解析的一段内存区域,其数据按一定的格式组织,包含源地址,目的地址,传输的数据长度等.

2.2.3. 散列传输

指只用启动 DMA 一次, 就将多笔数据传完, 即一次启动, 批量传输.

软件上的散列传输, 指前一笔数据传完后, 由 DMA 驱动自动启动下一笔传输, 硬件上还是每次传输一笔;

硬件上內散列传输,指硬件一次性将多笔传完,硬件能自动解析下一个数据块信息,这需要数据块描述符按一定的格式排布.

2.3. 模块配置介绍

无.

2.4. 源码结构介绍

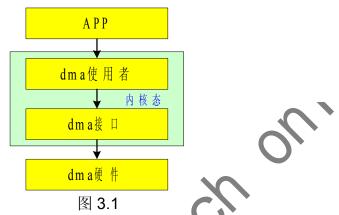
DMA 驱动代码在\linux-3.3\arch\arm\mach-sun7i\dma 下:

DMA 导出接口在\linux-3.3\arch\arm\mach-sun7i\include\mach\下:



3. 模块体系结构描述

3.1. DMA 驱动架构图

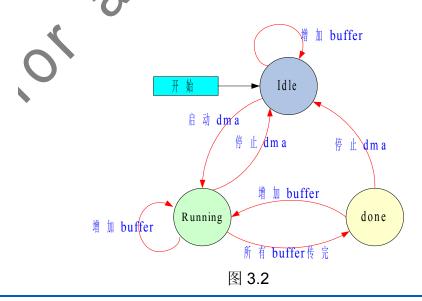


- (1) 应用程序 app 发起数据请求. 比如 audio 程序播放一及音乐.
- (2) 内核层对应驱动响应应用层请求,调用 DMA 模块 API 进行数据传输. 比如 alsa 驱动.
- (3) DMA 软件模块根据数据请求设置 DMA 硬件。
- (4) DMA 硬件完成数据的实际传输.

DMA 驱动内部组织:

- (1) Dma.c: dma 模块初始化, dma 中断处理.
- (2) Dma core.c: 核心实现
- (3) Dma_interface.c: 导出接口
- (4) Dma csp.c: dma 硬件操作函数.

3.2. DMA 软件状态





定义了三种软件状态:

(1) idle: 描述 DMA 硬件空闲的状态.(2) running: 描述 DMA 正在传输的状态.(3) done: 描述所有 buffer 传完的状态.

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4. 模块接口描述

4.1. sw dma request

原型: dm_hdl_t sw_dma_request(char * name, dma_chan_type_e type);

功能:申请 dma 通道.

参数:

name: dma 通道名, 由调用者取, 可以为 NULL, 但不能与已有的冲突.

type: dma 类型, CHAN NORMAL 或者 CHAN DEDICATE.

返回: 成功返回句柄, 失败返回 NULL.

4.2. sw dma release

Werreck. 原型: u32 sw dma release(dm hdl t dma hdl);

功能:释放 dma 通道

参数:

dma hdl: dma 通道句柄

返回: 返回 0.

4.3. sw dma ctl

原型: u32 sw dma ctl(dm hdl t dma hdl, enum dma op type e op, void *parg); 功能: dma 控制函数,用于启动 dma,停止 dma,获取数据传输状态,设置回调函数

等.

参数:

dma_hdl: dma 通道句柄

op: 操作类型

```
typedef enum {
        DMA OP START,
                                                    /* start dma */
        DMA OP STOP,
                                           /* stop dma */
       DMA OP GET BYTECNT LEFT,
                                           /* get byte cnt left */
        DMA_OP_SET_SECURITY,
                                                    /* set security */
                                           /* set half done callback */
        DMA_OP_SET_HD_CB,
        DMA OP SET FD CB,
                                           /* set full done callback */
         * only for dedicate dma below
         */
        DMA_OP_GET_STATUS,
                                           /* get channel status: idle/busy */
        DMA_OP_SET_PARA_REG,
                                                    /* set para reg */
```



* only for normal dma below

*/

DMA OP SET WAIT STATE,

/* set wait state status, 0~7 */

}dma_op_type_e;

parg: 操作所带参数, 不同 op 参数意义不同

返回: 成功返回 0, 失败返回出错的行号.

4.4. sw_dma_config

原型: u32 sw dma config(dm hdl t dma hdl, dma config t *pcfg);

功能: 用于启动 dma 之前, 配置 dma 硬件参数.

参数:

dma_hdl: dma 通道句柄 pcfg: buffer 配置信息

返回:成功返回0,失败返回出错的行号.

4.5. sw_dma_enqueue

原型: u32 sw_dma_enqueue(dm_hdl_t dma_hdl, u32 src_addr, u32 dst_addr, u32 byte_cnt);

功能:添加 buffer 到队列.

参数:

dma_hdl: dma 通道句柄 src_addr: 源物理地址 dst_addr: 源物理地址 byte cnt: 传输字节数

返回:成功返回0,失败返回出错的行号.

4.6. sw_dma_getposition

原型: int sw dma getposition(dm hdl t dma hdl, u32 *pSrc, u32 *pDst);

功能: 获取当前传输位置信息. 注: 仅音频模块(spdif/i2s/hdmi audio/pcm)用到, 其他模块别用。

参数:

dma hdl: dma 通道句柄

pSrc: 存放获取的 src addr 寄存器值 pDst: 存放获取的 dst addr 寄存器值 返回: 成功返回 0, 失败返回出错的行号.

4.7. sw dma dump chan

原型: void sw_dma_dump_chan(dm_hdl_t dma_hdl);



功能: 打印通道信息函数. 用于调试.

参数:

dma hdl: dma 通道句柄

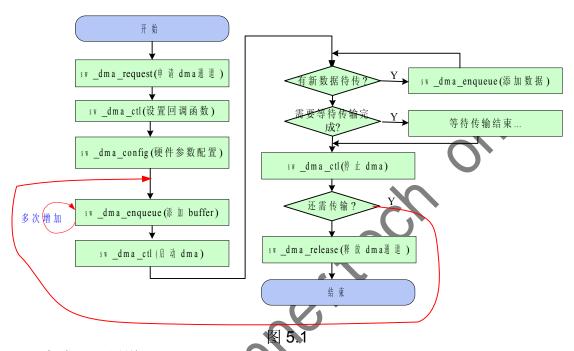
返回: 无.

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5. 模块开发 demo

5.1. DMA 使用流程图



- 1) 申请 dma 通道.
- 2) 设置回调函数: hd_cb(des 队列中某个 buffer 传输一半时回调), fd_cb(des 队列中某个 buffer 传输完时回调), qd cb(des 队列中所有 buffer 传输完时回调)
- 3) 配置 dma 参数,如 src drq type(源地址类型), burst length(burst 长度);添加第一个buffer.
- 4) 若有新 buffer 加进来,则添加.
- 5) 启动 dma.
- 6) 若有新 buffer 加进来, 则添加.
- 7) 等待 buffer 传输完成. 或直接 stop(根据需要).
- 8) 停止 dma.
- 9) 释放 dma 通道.

5.2. demo 程序

5.2.1. test_case_normal.c

#include "sun7i_dma_test.h"

/* src/dst start address */

```
static u32 g_src_addr = 0, g_dst_addr = 0;
/* cur buf index */
static atomic_t g_acur_cnt = ATOMIC_INIT(0);
/**
   __cb_fd_normal - full done callback for case DTC_NORMAL
 * @dma hdl: dma handle
 * @parg: args registerd with cb function
 * Returns 0 if sucess, the err line number if failed.
void cb fd normal(dma hdl t dma hdl, void *parg)
{
     u32 \text{ uret} = 0;
     u32 ucur_saddr = 0, ucur_daddr = 0;
     u32 uloop_cnt = TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL / ONE LEN NORMAL;
     u32 ucur cnt = 0;
     pr_info("%s: called!\n", __func__);
     /* enqueue if not done */
     ucur_cnt = atomic_add_return(1, &g_acur_cnt
     if(ucur cnt < uloop cnt) {
          printk("%s, line %d\n", __func___
                                           LINE
          /* NOTE: fatal err, when read here, g_acur_cnt has changed by other place, 2012-12-2 */
          //ucur_saddr = g_src_addr + atomic_read(&g_acur_cnt) * ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
          ucur_saddr = g_src_addr + ucur_cnt * ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
          ucur daddr = g dst addr + ucur cnt * ONE LEN NORMAL;
          if(0 != sw_dma_enqueue(dma_hdl, ucur_saddr, ucur_daddr, ONE_LEN_NORMAL))
               printk("%s err, line %d\n", __func__, __LINE__);
     } else { /* buf enqueue complete */
          printk("%s, line %d\n", __func__, __LINE__);
          //sw dma dump chan(dma hdl); /* for debug */
          /* maybe it's the last irg */
          atomic_set(&g_adma_done, 1);
          wake_up_interruptible(&g_dtc_queue[DTC_NORMAL]);
     }
     if(0 != uret)
          pr_err("%s err, line %d!\n", __func__, uret);
```

```
__cb_hd_normal - half done callback for case DTC_NORMAL
 * @dma_hdl: dma handle
 * @parg: args registerd with cb function
 * Returns 0 if sucess, the err line number if failed.
void cb hd normal(dma hdl t dma hdl, void *parg)
{
     u32 \text{ uret} = 0;
     u32 ucur saddr = 0, ucur daddr = 0;
     u32 uloop_cnt = TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL / ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
     u32 ucur cnt = 0;
     pr info("%s: called!\n", func );
     /* enqueue if not done */
     ucur_cnt = atomic_add_return(1, &g_acur_cnt);
     if(ucur_cnt < uloop_cnt) {</pre>
          printk("%s, line %d\n", func , LINE
          /* NOTE: fatal err, when read here, g_acur_ont has changed by other place, 2012-12-2 */
          //ucur saddr = g src addr + atomic read(&g acur cnt) * ONE LEN NORMAL;
          ucur_saddr = g_src_addr + ucur_cnt * ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
          ucur_daddr = g_dst_addr + ucur_cnt * ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
          if(0 != sw_dma_enqueue(dma_hdl, ucur_saddr, ucur_daddr, ONE_LEN_NORMAL))
               printk("%s err, line %d\n", __func__, __LINE__);
     }
     if(0 != uret)
                  %s err, line %d!\n", __func__, uret);
}
    _waitdone_normal - wait dma transfer function for case DTC_NORMAL
 * Returns 0 if sucess, the err line number if failed.
u32 __waitdone_normal(void)
{
     long
               ret = 0;
     long
               timeout = 2 * HZ;
```

```
/* wait dma done */
     ret = wait_event_interruptible_timeout(g_dtc_queue[DTC_NORMAL], \
          atomic_read(&g_adma_done)== 1, timeout);
     /* reset dma done flag to 0 */
     atomic_set(&g_adma_done, 0);
     if(-ERESTARTSYS == ret) {
          pr_info("%s success!\n", __func__);
          return 0;
    } else if(0 == ret) {
          pr info("%s err, time out!\n", func );
          return __LINE__;
    } else {
          pr_info("%s success with condition match, ret %d!\n", __func__, (int)ret);
          return 0;
    }
}
u32 __dtc_normal(void)
     u32 \text{ uret} = 0/*, tmp = 0 */;
               *src vaddr = NULL, *dst vaddr = NUL
     void
     u32 src_paddr = 0, dst_paddr = 0;
     dma_hdl_t dma_hdl = (dma_hdl_t)NUL
     dma_cb_t done_cb;
     dma_config_t dma_config;
     pr_info("%s enter\n",
     /* prepare the buffer and data */
     src_vaddr = dma_alloc_coherent(NULL, TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL, (dma_addr_t *)&src_paddr,
GFP KERNEL);
     if(NULL == src_vaddr) {
          uret = __LINE__;
          goto end;
     pr_info("%s: src_vaddr 0x%08x, src_paddr 0x%08x\n", __func__, (u32)src_vaddr, src_paddr);
     dst_vaddr = dma_alloc_coherent(NULL, TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL, (dma_addr_t *)&dst_paddr,
GFP_KERNEL);
     if(NULL == dst_vaddr) {
          uret = __LINE__;
```

```
goto end;
}
pr_info("%s: dst_vaddr 0x%08x, dst_paddr 0x%08x\n", __func__, (u32)dst_vaddr, dst_paddr);
/* init src buffer */
get_random_bytes(src_vaddr, TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL);
memset(dst vaddr, 0x54, TOTAL LEN NORMAL);
/* init loop para */
atomic_set(&g_acur_cnt, 0);
g_src_addr = src_paddr;
g_dst_addr = dst_paddr;
/* request dma channel */
dma_hdl = sw_dma_request("m2m_dma", CHAN_NORAML);
if(NULL == dma hdl) {
     uret = __LINE__;
     goto end;
pr_info("%s: sw_dma_request success, dma_hdl 0x%08x\n",__func__, (u32)dma_hdl);
/* set full done callback */
done cb.func = cb fd normal;
done_cb.parg = NULL;
                                     SET_FD_CB, (void *)&done_cb)) {
if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_
     uret = __LINE_
     goto end;
pr_info("%s: set fulldone_cb success\n", __func__);
/* set half done callback */
done_cb.func = __cb_hd_normal;
done cb.parg = NULL;
if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_OP_SET_HD_CB, (void *)&done_cb)) {
     uret = __LINE__;
     goto end;
}
pr_info("%s: set halfdone_cb success\n", __func__);
/* config para */
memset(&dma_config, 0, sizeof(dma_config));
dma_config.xfer_type.src_data_width
                                       = DATA_WIDTH_32BIT;
dma_config.xfer_type.src_bst_len = DATA_BRST_4;
```

```
= DATA WIDTH 32BIT;
     dma_config.xfer_type.dst_data_width
     dma_config.xfer_type.dst_bst_len = DATA_BRST_4;
     dma_config.address_type.src_addr_mode
                                               = NDMA_ADDR_INCREMENT;
     dma_config.address_type.dst_addr_mode
                                               = NDMA_ADDR_INCREMENT;
     dma_config.src_drq_type
                                 = N SRC SDRAM;
     dma_config.dst_drq_type
                                 = N_DST_SDRAM;
     dma config.bconti mode
                                      = false;
                            = CHAN_IRQ_HD | CHAN_IRQ_FD;
     dma_config.irq_spt
     if(0 != sw_dma_config(dma_hdl, &dma_config)) {
         uret = __LINE__;
         goto end;
    }
     pr_info("%s: sw_dma_config success\n", __func__);
#if 0 /* add or not add, both ok, 2013-2-28 21:08 */
    /* set src/dst secu */
    tmp = SRC SECU DST SECU;
    if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_OP_SET_SECURITY, &tmp)) {
         uret = __LINE__;
         goto end;
    pr_info("%s: DMA_OP_SET_SECURITY succe
    /* set wait state, ndma only */
         u32 state = 0; /* 0~7, from spec
         if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_OP_SET_WAIT_STATE, &state)) {
              uret = LINE
              goto end;
                    DMA_OP_SET_WAIT_STATE success\n", __func__);
    }
#endif
#if 0
    /* set para reg, ddma only */
    {
         dma_para_t para;
         para.src_blk_sz
                            = 0;
         para.src_wait_cyc
                            = 0;
         para.dst_blk_sz
                            = 0;
         para.dst_wait_cyc = 0;
```

```
if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_OP_SET_PARA_REG, &tmp)) {
              uret = LINE ;
              goto end;
         pr_info("%s: DMA_OP_SET_PARA_REG success\n", __func__);
    }
#endif
     /* enqueue first buf */
     if(0 != sw_dma_enqueue(dma_hdl, g_src_addr, g_dst_addr, ONE_LEN_NORMAL)) {
         uret = __LINE__;
          goto end;
    }
     pr_info("%s: sw_dma_enqueue first buf success\n", __func__);
     /* dump chain */
     sw_dma_dump_chan(dma_hdl);
     /* start dma */
     if (0 != sw\_dma\_ctl(dma\_hdl, DMA\_OP\_START, NULL))) \{\\
          uret = LINE ;
          goto end;
    }
     /* enqueue other buffer, with callback enqueue simutanously */
     {
          u32 ucur_cnt = 0, ucur_saddr = 0, ucur_daddr = 0;
         u32 uloop cnt = TOTAL LEN NORMAL / ONE LEN NORMAL;
         while((ucur_cnt = atomic_add_return(1, &g_acur_cnt)) < uloop_cnt) {</pre>
              ucur_saddr = g_src_addr + ucur_cnt * ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
              ucur_daddr = g_dst_addr + ucur_cnt * ONE_LEN_NORMAL;
               if(0 = sw_dma_enqueue(dma_hdl, ucur_saddr, ucur_daddr, ONE_LEN_NORMAL))
                   printk("%s err, line %d\n", __func__, __LINE__);
         }
     pr_info("%s, line %d\n", __func__, __LINE__);
     /* wait dma done */
     if(0 != __waitdone_normal()) {
         uret = __LINE__;
         goto end;
    }
```

```
pr_info("%s: __waitdone_normal sucess\n", __func__);
      * NOTE: must sleep here, becase when __waitdone_normal return, buffer enqueue complete, but
      * data might not transfer complete, 2012-11-14
      */
     msleep(1200);
     /* check if data ok */
     if(0 == memcmp(src_vaddr, dst_vaddr, TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL))
          pr_info("%s: data check ok!\n", __func__);
     else {
          pr_err("%s: data check err!\n", __func__);
          uret = __LINE___; /* return err */
          goto end;
     }
     /* stop and release dma channel */
     if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_OP_STOP, NULL)) {
          uret = __LINE__;
          goto end;
     }
     pr info("%s: sw dma stop success\n'
     if(0 != sw_dma_release(dma_hdl))
          uret = __LINE__;
          goto end;
     }
     dma hdl = (dma hdl t)NULL;
     pr_info("%s: sw_dma_release success\n", __func__);
end:
     if(0 != uret
          pr_err("%s err, line %d!\n", __func__, uret); /* print err line */
     else
          pr_info("%s, success!\n", __func__);
     /* stop and free dma channel, if need */
     if((dma_hdl_t)NULL != dma_hdl) {
          pr err("%s, stop and release dma handle now!\n", func );
          if(0 != sw_dma_ctl(dma_hdl, DMA_OP_STOP, NULL))
               pr_err("%s err, line %d!\n", __func__, __LINE__);
          if(0 != sw dma release(dma hdl))
```



```
pr_err("%s err, line %d!\n", __func__, __LINE__);
pr_info("%s, line %d!\n", __func__, __LINE__);
/* free dma memory */
if(NULL != src_vaddr)
     dma free coherent(NULL, TOTAL LEN NORMAL, src vaddr, src paddr);
if(NULL != dst_vaddr)
     dma free coherent(NULL, TOTAL LEN NORMAL, dst vaddr, dst paddr);
pr_info("%s, end!\n", __func__);
return uret;
```

5.2.2. test case normal.h

```
Wer recy
#ifndef __TEST_CASE_NORMAL
#define __TEST_CASE_NORMAL
/* total length and one buf length */
#define TOTAL_LEN_NORMAL
                              SZ 128K
#define ONE LEN NORMAL
u32 __dtc_normal(void);
u32 __dtc_normal_conti(void);
u32 __dtc_app_cb_eque(void);
u32 __dtc_case_enq_aftdone(void);
#endif /* __TEST_CASE_NORMAL */
```

5.2.3. sun7i dma test.h

```
#ifndef __SUN7I_DMA_TEST_H
#define __SUN7I_DMA_TEST_H
#include linux/kernel.h>
#include ux/init.h>
#include linux/module.h>
#include linux/types.h>
```

```
#include linux/fcntl.h>
#include linux/gfp.h>
#include linux/interrupt.h>
#include ux/init.h>
#include linux/ioport.h>
#include ux/in.h>
#include linux/string.h>
#include linux/delay.h>
#include linux/errno.h>
#include linux/netdevice.h>
#include linux/etherdevice.h>
#include linux/skbuff.h>
                                 #include linux/platform_device.h>
#include linux/dma-mapping.h>
#include linux/slab.h>
#include <asm/io.h>
#include <asm/pgtable.h>
#include <asm/dma.h>
#include linux/kthread.h>
#include linux/delay.h>
#include <asm/dma-mapping.h>
#include ux/wait.h>
#include linux/random.h>
#include <mach/dma.h>
#include "test_case_normal.h'
 * dma test case id
enum dma test case
    DTC NORMAL = 0,
                            /* case for normal channel */
    DTC_NORMAL_CONT_MODE,
                                     /* case for normal channel continue mode */
    DTC DEDICATE,
                            /* case for dedicate channel */
     DTC_DEDICATE_CONT_MODE,
                                    /* case for dedicate channel continue mode */
     * for dedicate below
    DTC_ENQ_AFT_DONE, /* enqueued buffer after dma last done, to see if can cotinue auto start */
     DTC_MANY_ENQ,
                            /* many buffer enqueued, function test */
     DTC_CMD_STOP,
                            /* stop when dma running */
```



```
DTC_M2M_TWO_THREAD, /* two-thread run simutalously, pressure test and memory leak test

*/
DTC_MAX

};

extern wait_queue_head_t g_dtc_queue[];
extern atomic_t g_adma_done;

#endif /* __SUN7I_DMA_TEST_H */
```

5.2.4. sun7i_dma_test.c

```
#include "sun7i_dma_test.h"
/* wait dma done queue, used for wait dma done */
wait_queue_head_t g_dtc_queue[DTC_MAX];
             g_adma_done = ATOMIC_INIT(0); /* dma done flag *
atomic t
const char *case_name[] = {
    "DTC_NORMAL",
    "DTC_NORMAL_CONT_MODE",
    "DTC DEDICATE",
    "DTC DEDICATE CONT MODE",
    "DTC_ENQ_AFT_DONE",
    "DTC_MANY_ENQ",
    "DTC CMD STOP",
    "DTC_M2M_TWO_THREAD
};
    dma test init waitqueue - init dma wait queue
static void __dma_test_init_waitqueue(void)
    u32 i = (u32)DTC_MAX;
    while(i--)
         init_waitqueue_head(&g_dtc_queue[i]);
}
static int dma_test_main(int id)
```

```
enum dma_test_case_e cur_test = (enum dma_test_case_e)id;
    u32 ret = 0;
    switch(cur_test) {
    case DTC_NORMAL:
         ret = dtc normal();
         break;
    case DTC_NORMAL_CONT_MODE:
         //ret = __dtc_normal_conti();
         break;
                                    case DTC DEDICATE:
         //ret = __dtc_dedicate();
         break;
    case DTC_DEDICATE_CONT_MODE:
         //ret = __dtc_dedicate_conti();
         break;
    case DTC_ENQ_AFT_DONE:
         //ret = __dtc_enq_aftdone();
         break;
    case DTC MANY ENQ:
         //ret = __dtc_many_enq();
         break;
    case DTC_CMD_STOP:
         //ret = __dtc_stop();
         break;
    case DTC_M2M_TWO_THREAD:
         //ret = dtc two thread();
         break:
    default:
    }
    if(0 == ret)
         printk("%s: test success!\n", __func__);
    else
         printk("%s: test failed!\n", __func__);
    return ret;
}
ssize t test store(struct class *class, struct class attribute *attr,
```

```
const char *buf, size_t size)
{
     int id = 0;
     /* get test id */
     if(strict_strtoul(buf, 10, (long unsigned int *)&id)) {
          pr err("%s: invalid string %s\n", func , buf);
         return -EINVAL;
     }
     pr_info("%s: string %s, test case %s\n", __func__, buf, case_name[id]);
     if(0 != dma test main(id))
          pr_err("%s: dma_test_main failed! id %d\n", __func__, id);
     else
          pr_info("%s: dma_test_main success! id %d\n", __func__, id);
     return size;
}
ssize_t help_show(struct class *class, struct class_attribute *attr, char
{
     ssize t cnt = 0;
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "usage: echo id > test\n'
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                        id for case DTC_NORMAL
                                                                                        is %d\n",
(int)DTC NORMAL);
                                         d for case DTC NORMAL CONT MODE
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt.
                                                                                        is %d\n",
(int)DTC_NORMAL_CONT_MODE
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt
                                        id for case DTC DEDICATE
                                                                                        is %d\n",
(int)DTC_DEDICATE);
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                          id for case DTC_DEDICATE_CONT_MODE is %d\n",
(int)DTC_DEDICATE_CONT_MODE);
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                        id for case DTC ENQ AFT DONE
                                                                                        is %d\n",
(int)DTC ENQ AFT DONE);
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                       id for case DTC_MANY_ENQ
                                                                                        is %d\n",
(int)DTC MANY ENQ);
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                       id for case DTC_CMD_STOP
                                                                                        is %d\n".
(int)DTC_CMD_STOP);
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                        id for case DTC M2M TWO THREAD
                                                                                        is %d\n",
(int)DTC M2M TWO THREAD);
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "case description:\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                 DTC_NORMAL:
                                                             case for normal channel\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                 DTC NORMAL CONT MODE:
                                                                  case for normal channel continue
```

```
mode\n");
                                  DTC_DEDICATE:
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                                               case for dedicate channel\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                  DTC_DEDICATE_CONT_MODE: case for dedicate channel continue
mode\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                below is for dedicate:\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                     DTC_ENQ_AFT_DONE:
                                                                      enqueued buffer after dma last
done, to see if can cotinue auto start\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                                                      many buffer enqueued, function
                                    DTC_MANY_ENQ:
test\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                  DTC_CMD_STOP:
                                                                 stop when dma running\n");
     cnt += sprintf(buf + cnt, "
                                      DTC_M2M_TWO_THREAD:
                                                                         two-thread run simutatously,
pressure test and memory leak test\n");
     return cnt;
}
static struct class attribute dma test class attrs[] = {
     __ATTR(test, 0220, NULL, test_store), /* not 222, for CTS, other
                                                                            group cannot have write
permission, 2013-1-11 */
     __ATTR(help, 0444, help_show, NULL),
     __ATTR_NULL,
};
static struct class dma test class = {
                    = "sunxi dma test"
     .name
     .owner
     .class attrs
                    = dma test class
};
static int __init sw_dma_test_init(void)
{
     pr_info("%s enter\n", __func__);
     /* init dma wait queue */
     __dma_test_init_waitqueue();
     /* register sys class */
     status = class_register(&dma_test_class);
     if(status < 0)
          pr_info("%s err, status %d\n", __func__, status);
     else
```



```
pr_info("%s success\n", __func__);
    return 0;
}
/**
 * sw_dma_test_exit - exit the dma test module
static void __exit sw_dma_test_exit(void)
    pr_info("sw_dma_test_exit: enter\n");
            }
#ifdef MODULE
module_init(sw_dma_test_init);
module_exit(sw_dma_test_exit);
MODULE LICENSE ("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR ("liugang");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION ("sun7i Dma Test driver code");
#else
__initcall(sw_dma_test_init);
#endif /* MODULE */
```



6. 总结

DMA 驱动主要用来统一管理系统的 DMA 资源, 使用之前要先申请, 用完释放, 以便别的模块用.

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