How to Name Your Files.



LAS 6292: Data Collection & Management

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In Woorrfields the Indiana.

- (1) How to **organize** them
- (2) how to **store** them
- (3) How to keep them safe





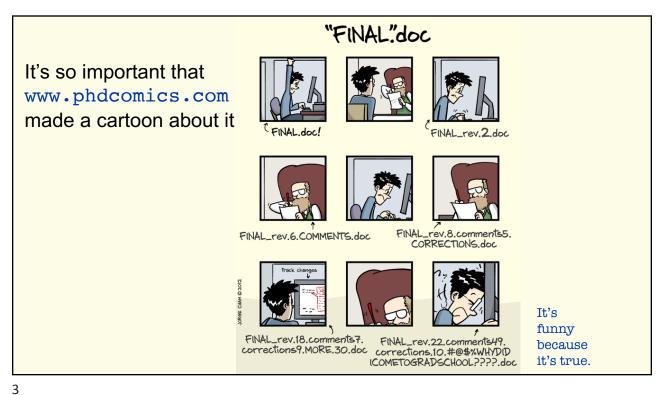


Lesson 1: File names are really important.

Really important.

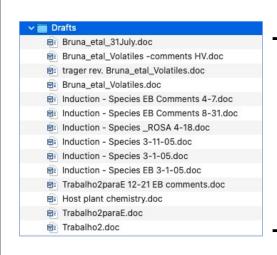
Yes...really.

(I'm serious.)



It's funny because it's true.

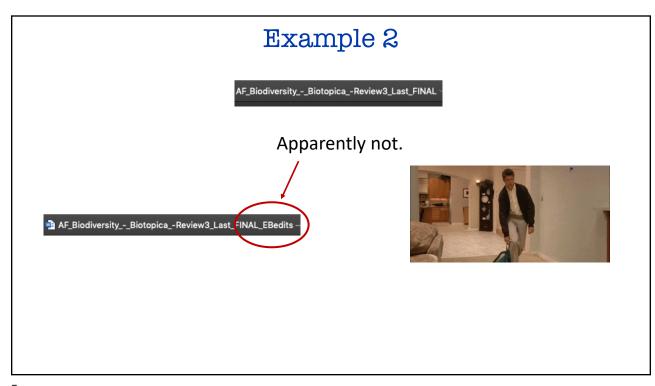
These are examples of files found on Emilio's computer:

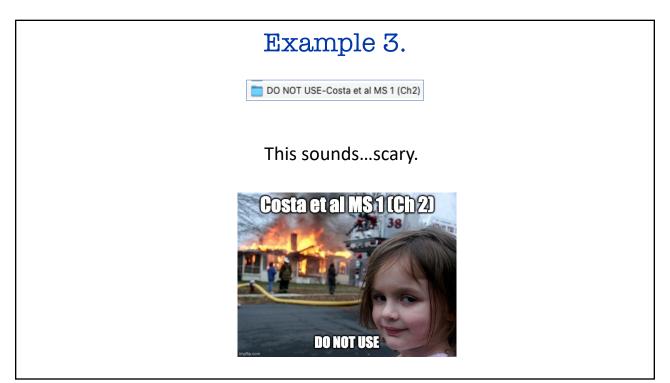


These are different drafts of the same manuscript.



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Example 4



We've all been there.



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The first (and easiest) step to well-managed data:

File and folder names that are simple, clear, & consistent.

Files will be **easier to find**No more opening files to see the contents



Files will be more secure prevent accidental overwriting or deletion



Files will be easier to organize

Files will sort in chronological order



Files will be easier to share

Ensures use of the most recent version





Here are 6 things to remember.



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1. Use a name that describes and uniquely identifies the file contents

Example 2

Example 1

'data' No. 'data'

'survey data' Still no. 'interviews'

'survey data 1998' A little better.... 'interviews 1998'

'mammal survey 1998' Good. 'teacher interviews 1998'

You can use descriptors like these in the name:

project acronym, location where data were collected, researcher name, year or month collected, type of data in file

- 2. Keep names as short as possible
 - < 25 characters
- 3. Avoid using spaces & special characters*:

4. Start with letters, never numbers

*computer programs interpret these characters as special instructions, spaces, or breakpoints

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5. Include dates in names (but be careful!)

4-3-2021 means different things in different places.





This can lead to major problems when collaborating internationally or when team members use versions of software from different global regions

Use file names with dates in standard format (ISO 8601)

YYYYMMDD

or

YYYY-MM-DD

census_data_20210403



Before long your files will look like this.

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BONUS

In addition to avoiding confusion, you can now quickly sort files chronologically

Characters are read and sorted in order, so files with "4 April" in the name will be sorted after those with "5 April", regardless of the year....

Name

census_data_5-april-2017.csv
census_data_5-april-2018.csv
census_data_4-april-2018.csv
census_data_4-april-2018.csv
census_data_3-april-2017.csv
census_data_3-april-2018.csv

...but not when you use ISO format, which puts the year *first*.

Name census_data_20180405.csv census_data_20180404.csv census_data_20180403.csv census_data_20170405.csv census_data_20170404.csv census_data_20170404.csv census_data_20170403.csv

And finally...

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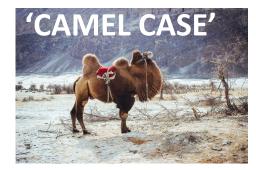
6. Use a consistent method of dealing with spaces and letter case. There are two preferred options:



OR



Option 1



'survey responses Florida' becomes

'SurveyResponsesFlorida'

Get it? The capital letters are the humps...

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Option 2

'survey responses Florida'

becomes

'survey responses Florida' or

'survey_responses_florida' or

'survey-responses-florida'

Get it? the spaces are the potholes...



I recommend Pothole Case without caps.

(that way you never have to remember what words are supposed to be capitalized)

Use either hyphens...
'survey-responses-florida'

...or underscores
'survey_responses_florida'



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Develop your system.

Write it down.

Stick to it.

Sticking to it can be challenging at first, but it's worth the effort.

It will reduce your stress and allow you to work more efficiently. Trust me.

You can do it! The Microsoft stock photo images for 'excited' all believe in you.



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PS:

It's never too late, even if you have lots of files to rename.

There are **tools** to help you do this quickly.

See the class notes for a list.



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Fin.

Photos: Unsplash or EM Bruna Music: www.bensound.com