Iterative Design and Modeling for the PCORnet Common Data Model v3.0

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Disclosure

 Shelley Rusincovitch discloses that she has no financial relationships with commercial interests.



Learning Objectives

- After participating in this activity, the learner should be better able to:
 - Assess the PCORnet Common Data Model iterative design process and mechanisms for soliciting and incorporating stakeholder input.
 - Evaluate the data-generating activity classifications and domain representation.
 - Understand the design drivers for development of the version 3.0 PCORnet Common Data Model release.



The PCORnet Common Data Model





What is the CDM?

The PCORnet Common Data Model (CDM) is a **Specification** that defines a **standard organization** and **representation** of data for the PCORnet Distributed Research Network.





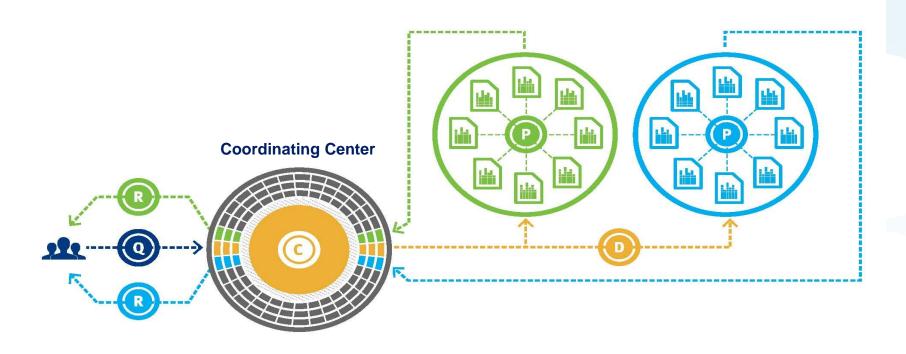
The CDM within PCORnet

- PCORnet, the Patient-Centered Outcomes Network, is a distributed research network (DRN)
 - An initiative of the Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI)
- A "network of networks" to form an infrastructure with participating institutions from across the nation:
 - Answering important scientific questions in a highthroughput model
 - Allowing data from multiple data partners to be queried securely





The CDM is a key component of the PCORnet Distributed Research Network (DRN) infrastructure



PCORnet investigators PPRN

CDRN

Coordinating Center

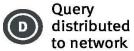


submitted

















CDM overview

- Strong basis of secondary data generated by healthcare delivery processes
- Heavily derived from the Mini-Sentinel Common Data Model and informed by other initiatives
- Development takes a pragmatic approach, supporting the current state of these data
- Developed in incremental phases, allowing agility in deployment and new data domains to be incorporated
- Modeling is optimized for analytic functionality and to be intuitive to investigators





Iterative Development of the CDM





CDM in PCORnet Phase I

- Using an iterative design process, we released 3 major versions in a highly accelerated 16-month development period (February 2014 through May 2015)
- Four feedback cycles with stakeholders and expert advisors
 - More than 700 discreet comments received during development and incorporated into model
- The CDM v3.0 is the final version within PCORnet Phase I





Details of CDM Development

PCORnet CDM v1.0

- Released on May 30, 2014
- 276 discrete comments received and incorporated in 1 feedback cycle

PCORnet CDM v2.0

- Released on February 27, 2015
- 265 discrete comments received and incorporated in 2 feedback cycles
- Two stakeholder sessions with 79 and 60 attendees, respectively

PCORnet CDM v3.0

- Released on June 1, 2015
- 236 discreet comments received and incorporated in 1 feedback cycle
- Two stakeholder sessions with 57 and 60 attendees, respectively





CDM Guiding Principle #4:

"The PCORnet CDM will be developed in a modular, incremental, and extensible fashion..."





PCORnet Common Data Model, v1.0

DEMOGRAPHIC

PATID
BIRTH_DATE
BIRTH_TIME
SEX
HISPANIC
RACE
BIOBANK_FLAG

Fundamental basis

ENROLLMENT

PATID ENR_START_DATE ENR_END_DATE CHART ENR_BASIS

Data captured from processes associated with healthcare delivery

VITAL

PATID
ENCOUNTERID (optional)
MEASURE_DATE
MEASURE_TIME
VITAL_SOURCE
HT
WT
DIASTOLIC
SYSTOLIC
ORIGINAL_BMI
BP_POSITION

Data captured within multiple contexts: healthcare delivery, registry activity, or directly from patients

ENCOUNTER

PATID

ENCOUNTERID

ADMIT_DATE

ADMIT_TIME

DISCHARGE_DATE

DISCHARGE_TIME

PROVIDERID

FACILITY_LOCATION

ENC_TYPE

FACILITYID

DISCHARGE_DISPOSITION

DISCHARGE_STATUS

DRG

 DRG_TYPE

ADMITTING_SOURCE

DIAGNOSIS

PATID

ENCOUNTERID

ENC_TYPE (replicated)

ADMIT_DATE (replicated)
PROVIDERID (replicated)

DX

DX_TYPE

DX_SOURCE

PDX

PROCEDURE

PATID

ENCOUNTERID

ENC_TYPE (replicated)
ADMIT_DATE (replicated)

PROVIDERID (replicated)

PX

PX_TYPE

Data captured from healthcare delivery, direct encounter basis





PCORnet Common Data Model, v2.0

DEMOGRAPHIC

PATID
BIRTH_DATE
BIRTH_TIME
SEX
HISPANIC
RACE
BIOBANK_FLAG

Fundamental basis

ENROLLMENT

PATID
ENR_START_DATE
ENR_END_DATE
CHART
ENR_BASIS

DISPENSING

DISPENSE_DATE NDC DISPENSE_SUP DISPENSE_AMT

PATID

Data captured from processes associated with healthcare delivery

VITAL

PATID
ENCOUNTERID (optional)
MEASURE_DATE
MEASURE_TIME
VITAL_SOURCE
HT
WT
DIASTOLIC
SYSTOLIC
ORIGINAL_BMI
BP_POSITION
TOBACCO

CONDITION

TOBACCO_TYPE

PATID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID (optional)
REPORT_DATE
RESOLVE_DATE
CONDITION_STATUS
CONDITION
CONDITION_TYPE
CONDITION_SOURCE

PRO CM

ENCOUNTERID (optional)
PRO_ITEM
PRO_LOINC
PRO_DATE
PRO_TIME
PRO_RESPONSE
PRO_METHOD
PRO_MODE
PRO_CAT

Data captured within multiple contexts: healthcare delivery, registry activity, or directly from patients

ENCOUNTER

PATID
ENCOUNTERID
ADMIT_DATE
ADMIT_TIME
DISCHARGE_DATE
DISCHARGE_TIME
PROVIDERID
FACILITY_LOCATION
ENC_TYPE
FACILITYID
DISCHARGE_DISPOSITION

DISCHARGE_STATUS
DRG

DRG_TYPE

ADMITTING_SOURCE

DIAGNOSIS

PATID
ENCOUNTERID
ENC_TYPE (replicated)
ADMIT_DATE (replicated)
PROVIDERID (replicated)
DX
DX_TYPE
DX_SOURCE
PDX

LAB CM RESULT

PATID
ENCOUNTERID (optional)
LAB_NAME
SPECIMEN_SOURCE
LAB_LOINC
PRIORITY
RESULT_LOC
LAB_PX

LAB_PX_TYPE LAB_ORDER_DATE

SPECIMEN_DATE
SPECIMEN TIME

RESULT_DATE
RESULT_TIME

RESULT_QUAL

RESULT_NUM RESULT_MODIFIER

RESULT_MODIFIER
RESULT_UNIT
NORM_RANGE_LOW
MODIFIER_LOW
NORM_RANGE_HIGH

MODIFIER_HIGH ABN_IND

PROCEDURE

PATID
ENCOUNTERID
ENC_TYPE (replicated)
ADMIT_DATE (replicated)
PROVIDERID (replicated)

PX_DATE PX

PX_TYPE
PX SOURCE

Data captured from healthcare delivery, direct encounter basis





DEMOGRAPHIC

PATID BIRTH_DATE BIRTH_TIME SEX HISPANIC RACE

BIOBANK_FLAG

Fundamental basis

ENROLLMENT

PATID ENR START DATE

ENR END DATE CHART

ENR BASIS

DISPENSINGID

DISPENSING

PATID

PRESCRIBINGID (optional)

DISPENSE_DATE

NDC

DISPENSE_SUP

DISPENSE AMT

DEATH

PATID DEATH DATE

DEATH DATE IMPUTE DEATH_SOURCE

DEATH_MATCH_CONFIDENCE

DEATH_CAUSE

PATID DEATH_CAUSE DEATH CAUSE CODE DEATH CAUSE TYPE DEATH CAUSE SOURCE DEATH CAUSE CONFIDENCE

Data captured from processes associated with healthcare delivery

PCORnet Common Data Model v3.0

VITAL.

VITALID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID (optional)

MEASURE DATE

MEASURE TIME

VITAL SOURCE

HT

WT

DIASTOLIC SYSTOLIC

ORIGINAL BMI

BP POSITION

SMOKING

TOBACCO

TOBACCO TYPE

CONDITION

CONDITIONID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID (optional)

REPORT DATE RESOLVE DATE

ONSET DATE

CONDITION_STATUS

CONDITION

CONDITION TYPE

CONDITION_SOURCE

PRO CM

PRO CM ID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID (optional)

PRO ITEM

PRO_LOINC

PRO_DATE

PRO_TIME

PRO_RESPONSE

PRO_METHOD PRO_MODE

PRO_CAT

Data captured within multiple contexts: healthcare delivery.

registry activity, or directly from patients

Bold font indicates fields that cannot be null due to primary key definitions or record-level constraints.

ENCOUNTER

ENCOUNTERID

PATID

ADMIT DATE

ADMIT TIME

DISCHARGE DATE

DISCHARGE TIME

PROVIDERID

FACILITY LOCATION

ENC TYPE

FACILITYID

DISCHARGE DISPOSITION

DISCHARGE STATUS DRG

DRG_TYPE

ADMITTING_SOURCE

DIAGNOSIS

DIAGNOSISID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID

ENC TYPE (replicated) ADMIT DATE (replicated) PROVIDERID (replicated)

DX

DX TYPE

DX SOURCE

PDX

PROCEDURES

PROCEDURESID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID

ENC TYPE (replicated) ADMIT_DATE (replicated)

PROVIDERID (replicated) PX DATE

PX

PX TYPE

PX SOURCE

LAB RESULT CM

New to v3.0

LAB RESULT CM ID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID (optional)

LAB NAME

SPECIMEN SOURCE

LAB LOINC PRIORITY

RESULT LOC

LAB PX

LAB PX TYPE

LAB ORDER DATE SPECIMEN_DATE

SPECIMEN_TIME

RESULT_DATE

RESULT TIME

RESULT_QUAL

RESULT_NUM

RESULT_MODIFIER

RESULT UNIT

NORM_RANGE_LOW NORM_MODIFIER_LOW

NORM_RANGE_HIGH

NORM_MODIFIER_HIGH

ABN IND

PRESCRIBING

PRESCRIBINGID

PATID

ENCOUNTERID (optional)

RX_PROVIDERID

RX_ORDER_DATE

RX_ORDER_TIME

RX_START_DATE

RX_END_DATE

RX_QUANTITY RX_REFILLS

RX_DAYS_SUPPLY

RX_FREQUENCY

RX_BASIS RXNORM CUI

Data captured from healthcare delivery, direct encounter basis

PCORNET_TRIAL

PATID TRIALID

PARTICIPANTID

TRIAL SITEID

TRIAL_ENROLL_DATE

TRIAL_END_DATE TRIAL_WITHDRAW_DATE

TRIAL_INVITE_CODE

Associations with PCORnet clinical trials

HARVEST

NETWORKID

NETWORK_NAME

DATAMARTID

DATAMART_NAME DATAMART_PLATFORM

CDM VERSION

DATAMART CLAIMS

DATAMART_EHR

BIRTH_DATE_MGMT

ENR_START_DATE_MGMT

ENR END DATE MGMT ADMIT_DATE_MGMT

DISCHARGE_DATE_MGMT

PX DATE MGMT

RX ORDER DATE MGMT

RX_START_DATE_MGMT

RX END DATE MGMT

DISPENSE DATE MGMT

LAB_ORDER_DATE_MGMT

SPECIMEN_DATE_MGMT

RESULT DATE MGMT

MEASURE DATE MGMT

ONSET DATE MGMT

REPORT DATE MGMT

RESOLVE_DATE_MGMT

PRO DATE MGMT

REFRESH DEMOGRAPHIC DATE

REFRESH ENROLLMENT DATE

REFRESH ENCOUNTER DATE

REFRESH DIAGNOSIS DATE

REFRESH PROCEDURES DATE

REFRESH VITAL DATE

REFRESH_DISPENSING_DATE

REFRESH_LAB_RESULT_CM_DATE REFRESH CONDITION DATE

REFRESH PRO CM DATE

REFRESH_PRESCRIBING_DATE REFRESH_PCORNET_TRIAL_DATE

REFRESH DEATH DATE

REFRESH DEATH CAUSE DATE **Process-related data**



2016 Joint Summits on Translational Science March 21-24, San Francisco





PCORnet CDM v3.0 Development





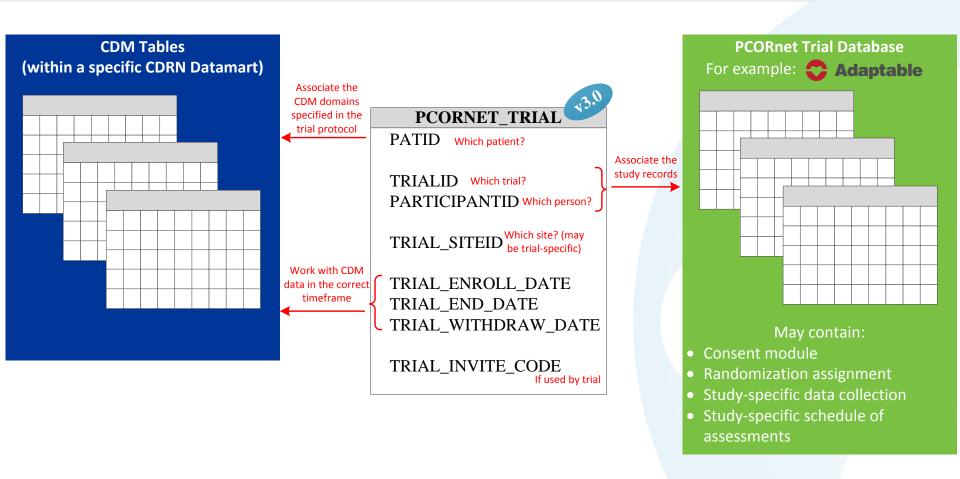
Five primary design drivers for v3.0

- 1. Support of PCORnet pragmatic clinical trials
- 2. Support of PCORnet observational studies
- 3. Expanding the capabilities to represent the different workflows in medication data generation for either trial or observational purposes
- 4. Support of rapid querying capabilities
- 5. Incremental improvements based on feedback in newly-introduced feedback channels from users and implementers





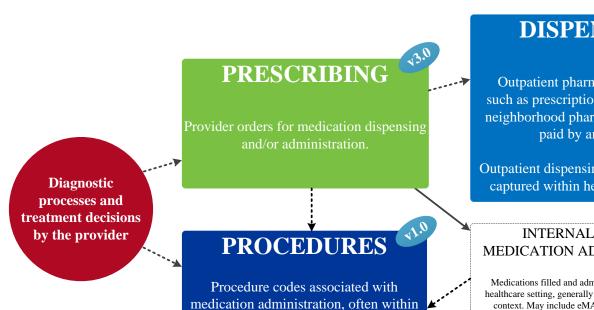
PCORNET_TRIAL serves as a connector and filter for CDM data within the parameters of a given trial protocol







Medication domain modeling



an outpatient basis, such as infusions and subcutaneous injections.

DISPENSING

Outpatient pharmacy dispensing, such as prescriptions filled through a neighborhood pharmacy with a claim paid by an insurer.

Outpatient dispensing is not commonly captured within healthcare systems.

INTERNAL FILL AND MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Medications filled and administered directly within a healthcare setting, generally within an inpatient hospital context. May include eMAR (electronic medication administration record) and/or barcode scanning.

Not currently represented in CDM, given the specialized data stream.

MEDICATION RECONCILIATION /ACTIVE MED LIST

Process of reviewing active medications with a patient, normally led by a nurse or provider.

Not currently represented in CDM.

Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)

Specialized state-level programs monitoring controlled substances, such as opiates. Implementation varies greatly across states.

Not currently represented in CDM, given the specialized data stream.





v3.0 development process (part 1 of 2)

- Expert guidance from the CDM Working Group, which played an essential role in determining direction and feasibility
- Initial presentations of design drivers for PCORnet task force and principal investigator forums
- Draft CDM disseminated in formal feedback cycle; 236 discreet comments received from investigators, technical teams, and other stakeholders





v3.0 development process (part 2 of 2)

- Each comment was assessed and tagged into 23 thematic categories, then distilled into 12 themes
- Presented during 2 stakeholder sessions with 57 and 60 attendees, respectively
- Final product, integrating feedback from all stakeholders, was presented to and approved by the PCORnet Steering Committee





The 15 PCORnet CDM Domains, v3.0

CONDITION



A condition represents a patient's diagnosed and self-reported health conditions and diseases. The patient's medical history and current state may both be represented.

DEATH



Reported mortality information for patients.

DEATH CAUSE



The individual causes associated with a reported death.

DEMOGRAPHIC



Demographics record the direct attributes of individual patients.

DIAGNOSIS



Diagnosis codes indicate the results of diagnostic processes and medical coding within healthcare delivery.

DISPENSING



Outpatient pharmacy dispensing, such as prescriptions filled through a neighborhood pharmacy with a claim paid by an insurer. Outpatient dispensing is not commonly captured within healthcare systems.

ENROLLMENT



Enrollment is a concept that defines a period of time during which all medically-attended events are expected to be observed. This concept is often insurance-based, but other methods of defining enrollment are possible.

ENCOUNTER



Encounters are interactions between patients and providers within the context of healthcare delivery.

HARVEST



Attributes associated with the specific PCORnet datamart implementation

LAB RESULT CM



Laboratory result Common Measures (CM) use specific types of quantitative and qualitative measurements from blood and other body specimens. These standardized measures are defined in the same way across all PCORnet networks.

PCORNET TRIAL



Patients who are enrolled in PCORnet clinical trials.

PRESCRIBING



Provider orders for medication dispensing and/or administration.

PRO_CM



Patient-Reported Outcome (PRO) Common Measures (CM) are standardized measures that are defined in the same way across all PCORnet networks. Each measure is recorded at the individual item level: an individual question/statement, paired with its standardized response options.

PROCEDURES



Procedure codes indicate the discreet medical interventions and diagnostic testing, such as surgical procedures, administered within healthcare delivery.

VITAL



Vital signs (such as height, weight, and blood pressure) directly measure an individual's current state of attributes.





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The views, statements, and opinions presented in this work are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of the Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI), its Board of Governors or Methodology Committee or other participants in PCORnet.





The PCORnet Common Data Model is a product of shared expertise, feedback, effort, and collaboration from many people. We gratefully acknowledge their work and individual contributions.





Links and further reading

The Common Data Model specification, glossary, and lay guide: http://www.pcornet.org/pcornet-common-data-model/

CDM Forum and Errata on GitHub: https://github.com/CDMFORUM

Fleurence RL, Curtis LH, Califf RM, Platt R, Selby JV, Brown JS. Launching PCORnet, a national patient-centered clinical research network. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA. 2014;21(4):578-82. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24821743

"Why PCORnet Exists": http://www.pcornet.org/why-pcornet-exists/

"PCORnet Phase II: What will success look like?" (video): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MBnUqomQ8vl





These slides are posted on GitHub in the CDM Guidance Repository:

https://github.com/CDMFORUM/
CDM-GUIDANCE/wiki/
CDM-related-Abstracts





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Supplemental Slides





Guiding Principles for the PCORnet Common Data Model (CDM)

PCORnet Data Standards, Security, and Networking Infrastructure Task Force, May 15, 2014

- 1. PCORnet member networks will develop a model for a physical or logical data set that will be implemented by each CDRN and PPRN. This common data model (CDM) will harmonize names, values, and definitions for data elements of general interest to PCORnet.
- 2. It is not expected that all CDRNs and PPRNs will be able to populate all parts of the PCORnet CDM. It is the responsibility of the CDRNs and PPRNs to communicate availability of each data domain and element.
- 3. The DSSNI Task Force, with guidance from other Task Forces as needed, will be responsible for development and maintenance of the PCORnet CDM. Each PPRN and CDRN will be expected to participate so that the CDM reflects local input.
- 4. The PCORnet CDM will be developed in a modular, incremental, and extensible fashion. New types of data will be needed, or newly available, during the life of PCORnet. Data domains and data elements will be added, revised, and deprecated throughout an iterative CDM lifecycle. Personnel from the CDRNs and PPRNs will work with the DSSNI Task Force (and other Task Forces as appropriate) to assist in these efforts.
- 5. Documentation will be clear and transparent so that its contents are understandable to all contributors. The CDM will be intuitive and easy for analysts and investigators to use. Investigators and analysts with prior experience using research data will not need additional skills or knowledge to use the CDM.
- 6. Other common data element and common data model initiatives exist. PCORnet will draw from the experience of others within and outside of PCORI, leveraging existing successful approaches and data model definitions wherever possible.
- 7. The CDM will reflect variables and values found in the local data. If some data are coded in a way that is unique to a site, mapping the data to a standardized format will be necessary. Values in the source data before mapping will also be included in the CDM. Derived variables should be avoided.
- 8. CDRNS and PPRNs may include additional domains and data elements in localized versions of the PCORnet CDM.

Summits on Translational Science

March 21-24, San Francisco



Distributed analysis methods that minimize the need to share patient-level data

- Only the minimum information necessary should be requested and shared
- Coordinating Center oversees minimum necessary policy implementation
- Many analyses can be completed without sharing any protected information
 - Risk sets
 - Propensity scores
 - Highly aggregated and summarized person-level information

Slide from DCRI Research Conference on September 22, 2015, "Moving Beyond the Blueprint: Doing Research in PCORnet," presented by Adrian Hernandez, MD, and Lesley Curtis, PhD.





Networks maintain physical and operational control over their data

- Distributed approach allows partners to maintain control of their data and all uses
- Partners have option to review requests before execution and review results before release
- No need to change local workflow related to release of information
- All activities secure and audited
- All queries are distributed through the PCORnet DRN Portal

Slide from DCRI Research Conference on September 22, 2015, "Moving Beyond the Blueprint: Doing Research in PCORnet," presented by Adrian Hernandez, MD, and Lesley Curtis, PhD.



