

[2024-1 Robotics]

## Chapter 0. Introduction to Course

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# About the course

- ▶ Course title: 로봇공학 (Robotics)
- ▶ Lecturer: 박경훈 (Prof. Gyunghoon Park)
  - Office: 정보기술관 501호 (Rm. 501, IT bldg.)
  - Email: gyunghoon.park@uos.ac.kr
  - Phone number: 02-6490-2322
- ▶ Teaching assistant: None.
- ▶ Language: 한국어
- ▶ Platform: 대면강의 / 온라인강의실
- ▶ Office hour: On-demand
- ▶ Goal of the course:
  - 로봇의 해석 및 제어를 위한 기본 개념들을 숙지한다.
  - 로봇이 주어진 작업을 어떻게 수행하는지에 대한 일련의 과정을 이해하고, 이를 MATLAB/Simulink 상에서 확인한다.
- ▶ For more details, see <https://cdsl-uos-wiki.notion.site/2024-1-49-587-01-63c4e0fb97774f749f53d9dfce244fed?pvs=4>

## Two representative forms of robots

- ▶ Robot arm (or robot manipulator)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bXo68UFNyhk>



Figures: Franka Emika Panda (<https://www.franka.de/robot-system>)

## Two representative forms of robots (Cont'd)

- ▶ Mobile robot

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FkkZQjZ\\_-oM](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FkkZQjZ_-oM)



Figure: Dilly drive (배달의 민족)

( [https://biz.chosun.com/site/data/html\\_dir/2020/09/21/2020092101630.html](https://biz.chosun.com/site/data/html_dir/2020/09/21/2020092101630.html) )

# A paradigm shift by DARPA Robotics Challenge (DRC)

- ▶ The 2011 Japan earthquake brings a question to the robotics society:  
*“How can the robot help the human beings in disaster or emergency-response scenarios?”*
- ▶ A robotics challenge was held from 2012 to 2015 funded by the US DARPA to answer the question.



Figure: <https://www.darpa.mil/about-us/timeline/darpa-robotics-challenge>

## (Cont'd)

- ▶ The challenge considers 8 main tasks, including
  - Drive a vehicle at the site;
  - Connect a fire hose to a standpipe and turn on a valve.
  - Open a door and enter a building

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8P9geWwi9e0>



Figure: <https://www.darpa.mil/about-us/timeline/darpa-robotics-challenge>

# Recent trends in robotics research

- ▶ Use of soft materials

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZVYz7g-qLjs>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X0XGure7mak>

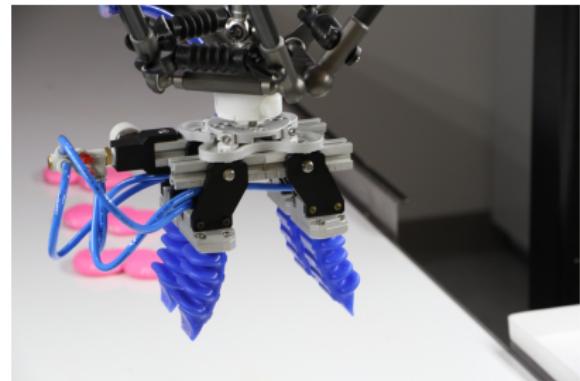


Figure (left): Robot Origami AT MIT

([https://biz.chosun.com/site/data/html\\_dir/2020/09/21/2020092101630.html](https://biz.chosun.com/site/data/html_dir/2020/09/21/2020092101630.html))

Figure (right): Flexible gripper AT Soft Robotics Inc.

(<https://techcrunch.com/2017/04/01/soft-robotics-grippers/>)

## Recent trends in robotics research (Cont'd)

- ▶ Emphasis on mobility & manipulability

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tF4DML7FIWk>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sIIUMLC3XfU>

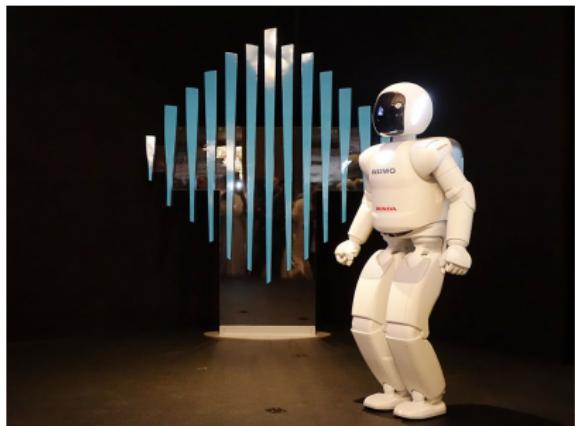


Figure (left): Atlas AT Boston Dynamics (<https://www.bostondynamics.com/>)

Figure (right): Asimo AT Honda (<https://asimo.honda.com/>)

## Recent trends in robotics research (Cont'd)

- ▶ Emphasis on mobility & manipulability

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wlkCQXHEgjA>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-RCQmaKvsL0>

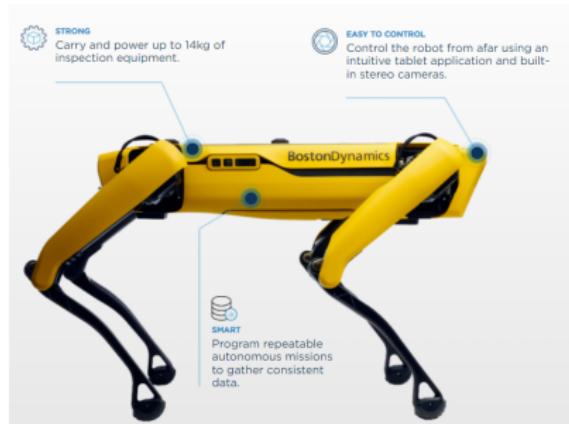


Figure (left): Spot AT Boston Dynamics (<https://www.bostondynamics.com/>)

Figure (right): Aerial manipulator AT ETH Zurich  
(<https://asl.ethz.ch/research/flying-robots.html>)

# What we have to do for robots completing a task

- ▶ Definition of “task(작업)”
  - Configuration space
  - Rigid-body motion
  - Trajectory generation
- ▶ Modeling of a robot
  - (For multi-body robot) Forward, velocity, and inverse kinematics
  - (For multi-body robot) Dynamics
  - (For mobile robot) Wheeled mobile robot
- ▶ Control of a robot
  - Trajectory generation
  - Robot control