CS261 Coursework Requirements Analysis

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1 Introduction

This document indicates our current understanding of the proposed project, and will be used alongside Deutsche Bank to clarify our position. We detail and analyse the requirements for a proposed mentoring software platform which should function internally at Deutsche Bank. Many employees want a broader understanding of how different departments within the company work in unison to successfully complete business projects. Alongside this, employees may also have weaknesses in certain business areas, which could be improved by working with more experienced people in different departments. A robust mentoring software platform would solve these issues, by appropriately assigning users knowledgeable mentors who could help them at a personal and professional level.

2 Glossary

- Mentor: The users who can approve a requested meeting and select confirm a date.
- Mentee: The users who can request a meeting in a series of targeted dates.
- Plan of action: The future task and achievement milestones that can be created by mentee and mentor, and mentee can mark it as complete or not.
- **Meeting:** This is the event that is held by a mentor and a mentee in a specific time duration. Mentors teach business knowledge to mentees. After the meeting, all users are available to provide feedback.
- Workshop: This is an event that is held by multiple people. The main purpose is to major in mentees' weaknesses.
- **Feedback:** Mentor and mentee can summarise a review with each other, based on their behaviours and sentiment during the whole training period.
- Group session: This function is nearly the same as a workshop, except there is no set topic.
- Event: A broad term that means meeting, workshop or group session.

3 User stories

User A has recently graduated from university, and has joined Deutsche Bank in the Human Resources department. Coming from a non-technical background and being thrown into a very tech focused environment has led the user to believe it would be beneficial for them to have a general idea of the technologies they were using worked under the hood. They would therefore like to be paired with an experienced mentor who knows the inner workings of Deutsche Bank's technology system.

User B has been working as a manager at Deutsche Bank for 7 years, and has mentored many employees throughout the years. The user notes that many of the mentees have a keen interest in how conflict in the workplace is handled from a managerial position. Rather than having to teach the same principles repeatedly for each mentee, the user would like a system that would allow them to create group sessions where these management principles could be taught to multiple mentees at once.

User C has recently started mentoring employees at Deutsche Bank, and would like to do as much as possible to ensure their mentoring actually provides value to the mentees. Whilst the user believes the sessions are productive, there's no formal way for them to attain mentee feedback. The user would therefore like a system where mentees could provide feedback after each session. This would then allow the user to make changes about the way they mentor, to maximise their value to each employee.

4 Functional requirements

Functional requirements	Justification	
F00 (Must Have) The user can register an account. The user will	A user account system is necessary for users to	
be able to create an account by providing an email and password, and	identify themselves and to access the application's	
add data about themselves.	functionality.	
F01 (Could Have) The website will teach new users with tutorials.	Users are provided enough information to fully un-	
The first time after the account is created, a tutorial for the major	derstand the application's features and function-	
features of the website will be provided.	ality.	
F02 (Must Have) The user will be able to log into their account	User accounts are required to match up individu-	
using their email and password and reset their password via email if	als. Being able to reset the password by email is	
they need to. The system will check the database to see if a matching	important as people often forget their passwords.	
account exists, and send a password reset link if required.		
F03 (Must Have) The user will have a profile page, allowing them	Users must be able to update their profile page	
to view and modify data. Data includes: their email address; their	to keep the system up-to-date, and the profiles	
name; their job title; whether they want to be a mentor, mentee,	must include their basic information along with	
or both; their business area; 1-5 strengths; and 1-5 weaknesses. A	weaknesses and strengths in order for the system	
"save" button will be used to update any modified data and ensure	to suggest possible mentor and mentee pairing.	
that no essential data is left empty.		

E04 (Must Have) Any shanges to the model which will break	This famous a good compromise between maintain	
F04 (Must Have) Any changes to the profile which will break the rules of mentoring between current relationships will notify the	This forms a good compromise between maintaining the rules of mentoring, and not accidentally	
user. The notice is a warning and still allows the user to break the	breaking good relationships	
relationship.	breaking good relationships	
F05 (Must Have) Allow mentees to request a mentor, who will	In order for mentors to be paired with mentees,	
have strengths matching their weaknesses. The system will add the	mentees must first seek a mentor by specifying an	
user to the list of people looking for mentors.	area of weakness.	
F06 (Must Have) When selecting a mentee, a mentor will get	This allows the mentor to gauge which mentee is	
access to their profile to help the mentor make a decision. Data will	most suitable to them, adding a human element	
include their name, strengths, weaknesses, job title and business area.	to the matching process.	
F07 (Must Have) Mentors will be able to select mentees to mentor	This complements the above requirement by sup-	
from a list of mentees who satisfy the rules of mentoring, ordered by the likelihood of them being a good match with the mentor. <i>The list</i>	plementing the human element of matching with a computational one which filters invalid matches,	
will be filtered to exclude invalid mentees, e.g. same business area,	and encourages ones which would be good based	
and the total order for the list of mentees to select from will be based	on feedback and aggregated metrics.	
on matching metrics using data stored by the system.	This all and the state of the s	
F08 (Must Have) When a mentor selects a mentee, the mentee	This allows mentees to view the profiles from their	
will be able to accept or reject the offer of mentoring. The mentor	available mentors and choose who they see the	
profile is shown, and, if rejected, the mentee will then not be shown to that menter for a specified period of time	most fit, and avoids mentors repeatedly requesting mentees in a short time.	
to that mentor for a specified period of time. F09 (Must Have) Mentors will be prompted to select mentees	Mentors should always have someone to mentor	
if they are not mentoring anyone. Mentees will only be allowed to	if there is any mentee compatible with them, as	
have one mentor at a time. Mentors can have several mentees if they	otherwise there may not be enough mentors.	
want, however the system must follow the rules of mentoring.	concerned there may not be enough memors.	
F10 (Must Have) Both mentors and mentees will be able to ter-	Termination of any mentor/mentee relationships	
minate the relationship at any time, and feedback should be required	can be due to reasons of poor fit. Feedback is	
for why it was terminated. This feedback includes a numerical rating	also necessary for mentors to improve their men-	
and text to be shown to the other person.	torship.	
F11 (Must Have) Mentees will be able to propose a meeting,	This follows the first rule of mentoring where the	
providing a brief description of the agenda of the meeting, and/or	mentee must drive the relationship whenever they	
the category it relates to. The agenda will be free text whereas the	need unblocking.	
category will be from the discrete list of strengths/weaknesses.		
F12 (Should Have) Mentors will be prompted to suggest three	This is to allow for flexibility in meeting time pro-	
meeting start/end times that would work for them (and info about	posals by the mentor, whilst still following the rule	
where it will be). Must ensure that the meetings are not at the same	of mentors giving up time.	
time as another event in the system. F13 (Must Have) Mentees will be able to either accept one of the	For a meeting to go ahead, both parties must be	
meeting start/end times, or send a request back to the mentor asking	free for it. This confirms this, given the above re-	
for more meeting start/end times. The mentor must give up time to	quirement of mentors suggesting times for meet-	
the mentee so this cycle is required.	ings.	
F14 (Must Have) After the end time of the meeting has passed,	This is to allow the recording of discussions and	
both users will be prompted to provide feedback on the meeting.	for the users to reflect on the meeting where nec-	
They will summarise the meeting with a free text field, and numeric	essary.	
metrics, and whether the meeting was attended and be able to see the	,	
$other's\ feedback.$		
F15 (Could Have) Sentiment analysis will be used on the free	Additional metrics mean more data which can im-	
text feedback provided by users. This will provide a supplementary	prove the way events or mentees are presented by	
metric which can be analysed for use in planning by the system.	the system, encouraging users to make decisions	
	the system believes will be more optimal.	
F16 (Must Have) Every user will start with their own empty	Plans of action have milestones to keep track of	
plan of action when they create an account, to which they can add	the progress made by the mentee. It is important	
milestones. Users can have plans of actions without a mentor, and	for the mentee to have set goals and priorities to	
the milestones will contain a description, a priority, and a target	work towards.	
completion date F17 (Must Have) When a user starts being mentored, their mentor	The long term goals of a user are not necessarily	
will be able to see their plan of action. The mentor will only be able	linked to a mentor, so a plan of action which per-	
to see milestones after they started mentoring the mentee.	sists across mentors is beneficial. However, such	
22 222 agvo. avog ovar voa monvor vivy vivo mornioo.	plans of action may contain sensitive information	
	from the past a mentor should not have access to.	
F18 (Should Have) Milestones will be able to be marked as com-	_	
F18 (Should Have) Milestones will be able to be marked as completed by mentees, and if a milestone has not been completed after	This ensures that the mentee is able to see their	
pleted by mentees, and if a milestone has not been completed after	_	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This ensures that the mentee is able to see their progress, and the mentor can provide further guid-	

F19 (Must Have) General feedback will be able to be provided at	This is so feedback can be provided outside of just	
any time. Including free text submissions and updateable numerical	meetings and termination of relationships.	
metrics, and feedback for specific topic areas will be provided in the		
same way to refine the suggestion process.		
F20 (Should Have) If there are enough people with a specified	Experts are able to run workshops to cover a spe-	
weakness, people identified as experts in that area will be prompted	cific 'weakness' topic extensively and potentially	
to organise a workshop on it. Using prior feedback, the system can	through a group setting.	
determine if a person is an expert.		
F21 (Must Have) To create a workshop, the user will set a work-	Information on the workshops can be viewed on	
shop start/end, and a brief description of what the workshop will	the dashboard on the site. The description should	
cover within the specified weakness category. The workshop will then	provide attendees an idea of what the workshop	
be registered as an event within the system that anyone can go to.	will focus on.	
F22 (Must Have) Group sessions will be created, run, and re-	Group sessions are equivalent to workshops within	
viewed in the same way as workshops.	the system, with the one difference outlined in the	
	glossary not being in the system.	
F23 (Must Have) Signed in users will be able to submit feed-	Feedback/bug reports is crucial to the mainte-	
back/bug reports to the system. There will be a button at the top of	nance and further development of the application.	
the dashboard that allows you to go to the feedback screen.		
F24 (Should Have) The user will be able to disclose security	System administrators must be made aware of any	
issues. There will be a security.txt file [1] for responsible disclosure	security issues, so they can resolve them promptly.	
ofsecurity issues - not necessarily requiring the user to be signed in.		
F25 (Must Have) The system will have a dashboard that gives	Users must be able to navigate the site easily,	
a personalised view of the users current meetings, plans of actions,	so a dashboard where important notifications are	
workshops/group sessions and access to the profile page. This will	shown will facilitate this.	
be the main page the user gets placed on when they log in.		
F26 (Must Have) Users will be able to see a list of current work-	This will allow users to easily select workshops	
shops. It will be an ordered list of workshops grouped into weeks and	most relevant to them.	
then ordered by rating, which can be filtered by the users weaknesses.		
F27 (Won't Have) The prototype system will not use Deutsche	This is specified as out of scope by the project	
Bank branding. A simple generic theme will be used, which could	specification, and it would be simple to change to	
then later be easily changed to include Deutsche Bank branding.	include it in the future.	
F28 (Won't Have) The system will not support video conferencing	This is beyond the scope of the project, as meet-	
or messaging. Meetings will be set up as having times, and can then	ings are specified to happen in person, or on a	
have either physical locations or video conference links included in	different system. Messaging could be convenient	
their description.	for scheduling meetings, however, this is also out	
	of scope.	
F29 (Should Have) Users will have an inbox of notifications which	This allows users to easily keep track of events	
will indicate upcoming events such as meetings or milestone targets.	which are upcoming, as otherwise it would be easy	
The inbox will be presented as a date ordered list, notifications will	for example to forget about a meeting which was	
be recorded as read or unread, so the number of unread notifications	scheduled some time in the future.	
can be indicated to the user.		

5 Non-functional requirements

Non-functional requirements	Justification	
NF00 (Must Have) The system will be intuitive to use and nav-	The user is able to clearly identify the functional-	
igate. The system must have a UI that makes it inherently clear to	ities of each widget through concise and thorough	
the user what all parts of the interface do. Each part of the UI will	UI design.	
have a clear, distinct and useful purpose that is unambiguous.		
NF01 (Must Have) The system will be simple to use even for	The user does not need any familiarity with the	
users with less technical experience. The UI and the tutorial will	application before beginning to use it.	
make the system suitable for everyone.		
NF03 (Should Have) The system will be quick to respond to the	The user should not feel any notable delay in the	
user. 90th percentile of API request times will be under 1 seconds.	responsiveness of the system. This threshold is	
	noted as the bound for retaining "user's flow of	
	thought" by Jakob Nielsen [2].	
NF04 (Won't Have) The system will be able to handle large and	This is out of scope of the prototype, however, it	
varied numbers of users. This will not be explicitly supported, but	is useful to design so it can be easily scaled by	
design choices will be made to facilitate it in future development.	future maintainers.	
NF05 (Must Have) The system will be kept up to date. The sys-	The system should be regularly updated to im-	
tem will be easy to maintain and modularised so that each section of	prove performance and responsiveness.	
the software can independently be worked upon and inserted back into		
the system when doing maintenance. All code should be appropriately		
commented.		

NF06 (Must Have) The system will be easy to test and vali-	The system must be tested and validated to ensure	
date its properties. The system will be modularised so that it can be	the functionalities and UI work correctly and are	
tested on a system scale and so that each independent unit can be	following its intended design.	
unit tested. Acceptance testing for the usability of the UI should be		
possible. CI/CD will be used to facilitate this.		
NF07 (Must Have) The system will follow all relevant laws. The	It is paramount that the system is legal for it to	
system will comply with data protection [3] and cookie laws [4], along	be used in a corporate setting.	
with any other relevant legislation.		
NF08 (Must Have) The system will employ good security prac-	Security is crucial to ensuring that any registered	
tises. Such as hashing/salting passwords and sanitising user input.	user's data is protected.	
NF09 (Won't Have) The system will not have a dedicated mobile	It is out of scope to concurrently design multiple	
or desktop app, it will only run as a web app in a browser Such as	different types of app concurrently, so only the	
hashing/salting passwords and sanitising user input.	most widely accessible type will be developed.	
NF10 (Should Have) The system will be accessible to those with	It is important for companies to be inclusive, and	
disabilities [5]. Techniques such as high contrast modes, enlarged text,	ensuring that websites are usable by those with	
and optimisation for screen readers will be used to facilitate use by	disabilities is required to achieve this.	
all.		

6 Team organisation

6.1 Team roles

Team member	Role	Responsibilities
Dan Risk	Project manager	Schedule meetings, coordinate tasks for group members to balance team workload and ensure the project is on schedule to meet the deadline.
Ben Lewis Jay Re Ng John-Loong Gao	Website developer	Design front-end website layout and functions, interpret information sent from back-end and display it to the user.
Edmund Goodman Tomás Chapman Fromm Rahul Vanmali	Back-end engineer	Implement the system to interpret and process data received from the front-end, provide data to be displayed to the front-end, and manage effective data storage in the system database.

Additionally, Tomás Chapman Fromm was allocated as Business Analyst, and Ben Lewis and Edmund Goodman as team leaders for website development and back-end engineering respectively.

6.2 Scheduling

In-person group meetings Monday and Friday, as well as additional meetings or collaborative work time to help meet deadlines. Monday meetings to see progress on weekend tasks and set tasks for the week, Friday meetings to see progress on week and set tasks for the weekend.

References

- [1] EdOverflow. Shafranovich, Yakov, "Security.txt standard." https://securitytxt.org/. Accessed: 2022-02-01.
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- [3] HM Government, "Data protection." https://www.gov.uk/data-protection. Accessed: 2022-02-01.
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