

## EXPERIMENT No: 5 String Tokenizer

### Aim

Write a java program that reads a line of integers and then displays each integer and the sum of all integers (using String Tokenizer class of `java.util`)

### Input

A line of integers separated by comma.

### Output Expected

Display each integer and sum of all integers

### Processing

String Tokenizer function divides the line of integers into small tokens taking comma as the delimiter

### Algorithm

#### Start

1. Import `java.util.Scanner`

2. Set `sum ← 0`

3. Initialise object `sc` of `Scanner`

4. `sc = sc.nextLine` // read no:s separated by ','



```
5. Initialize string tokenizer object str on s
6. while (str.hasMoreTokens())
    6.1 num = Integer.parseInt
    6.2 Print num
    6.3 sum = sum + num
7. Endwhile
8. Print sum
Stop
```

Result

Output is obtained.

~~by 12/12/22~~



## Output

Enter a line of integers separated by comma.  
10, 20, 30, 45, 50

Entered integers are

10

20

30

45

50

Sum of Integers : 155



```

//327
//Devika B
//Section C : Qn 1
//String Tokenizer

import java.util.*;

class tokenizer {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int n;
        int sum = 0;
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter integers with comma to seporate them
:");
        String s = sc.nextLine();
        StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(s, ",");
        System.out.println("\nEntered integers are : ");
        while (st.hasMoreTokens()) {
            String temp = st.nextToken();
            n = Integer.parseInt(temp);
            System.out.println(n);
            sum = sum + n;
        }
        System.out.println("\nSum of the integers is: " + sum);
        sc.close();
    }
}

```