# Microkernel Architecture

Software Architecture

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So far...

Simplicity – Monolith, Pipeline Modularlity – Layered, Pipeline

# Definition 1. Extensibility

Features or extensions can be easily added to the software over its lifespan.

How easy is it to extend *Monolith*, *Layered* or *Pipeline*?

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Answer

Monolith – Everything in one container



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Answer

Monolith – Everything in one container Layered – Typically all layers







How easy is it to extend *Monolith*, *Layered* or *Pipeline*?

#### Answer

Monolith – Everything in one container Layered – Typically all layers Pipeline – Create a new filter







# Definition 2. Interoperability

Software can easily share information and exchange data with internal components and other systems.

What about interoperability?

What about interoperability?

Answer

Monolith – Everything in one container

• Internal 🥮 External 🤏

What about interoperability?

#### Answer

Monolith – Everything in one container



• Internal 🥮 External 😂



What about interoperability?

#### Answer

Monolith – Everything in one container



Layered – Nearest Neighbour





Pipeline – Standard Interface



What if I want simplicity, extensibility and interoperability?

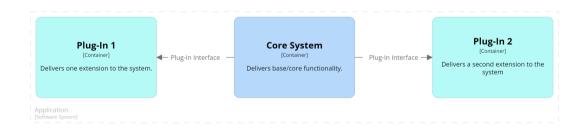
What if I want simplicity, extensibility and interoperability?

Answer

Consider Microkernel Architecture

#### Definition 3. Microkernel Architecture

Core system providing interfaces that allow plug-ins to extend its functionality.



# Definition 4. Registry

and how to access them.

Tracks which plug-ins are available to the core system

Loading Plug-ins

Static Loading when application starts

Dynamic Loading as needed at run-time

Registry designed for the selected strategy

Can you think of a *microkernel archiecture*?

Can you think of a *microkernel archiecture*?

Answer

Web Browser?

# Definition 5. Independent Plug-in Principle

Plug-ins should be independent, with no dependencies on other plug-ins. The only dependency on the core system is through the plug-in interface.

# Definition 6. Standard Interface Principle

There should be a single interface that defines how the core system uses plug-ins.

Does a plug-in architecture equate to a microkernel architecture?

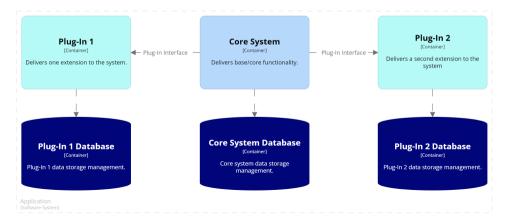
Does a plug-in architecture equate to a microkernel architecture?

Answer

What about *IntelliJ*?

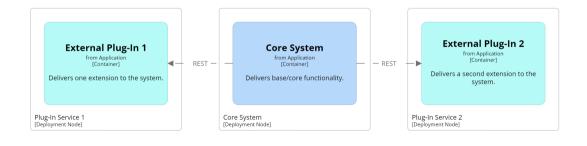
# Plug-ins with Separate Databases

- Plug-ins cannot access core system data
  - Core system may pass data to the plug-in
- Plug-ins may have their own persistent data

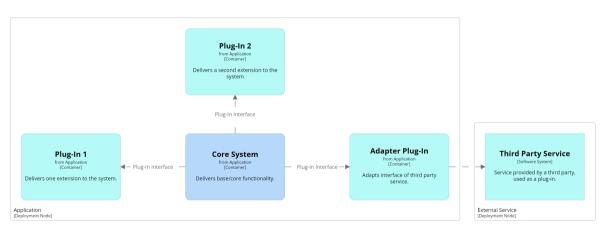


# Plug-ins as External Services

- Need communication protocol
- Registry records communication contract
  - e.g. URL of the REST endpoint & data passed to it



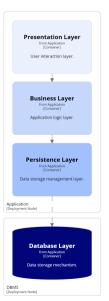
# Adapting Non-Conforming Interfaces



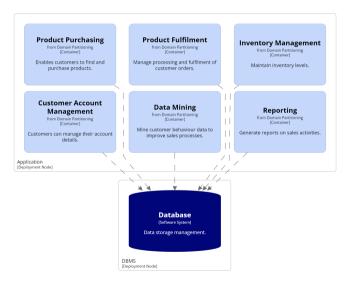
# Technical Partitioning



# Technical Partitioning



# Domain Partitioning



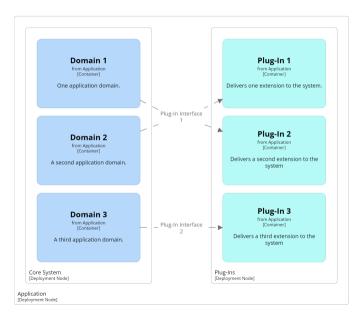
Is the microkernel architecture suited to technical or domain partitioning?

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#### Answer

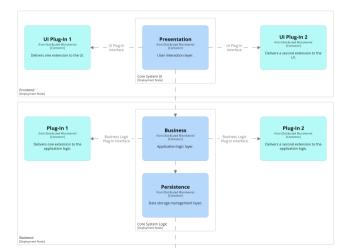
Core system can be partitioned either way.

## Domain Standard Interfaces



### Distributed Microkernel

- Partitions in the core system can be distributed
  - Technical or domain partitions
  - Plug-ins could also be distributed



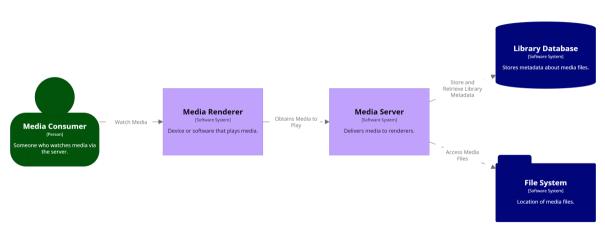
What types of systems could use a *microkernel* archiecture?

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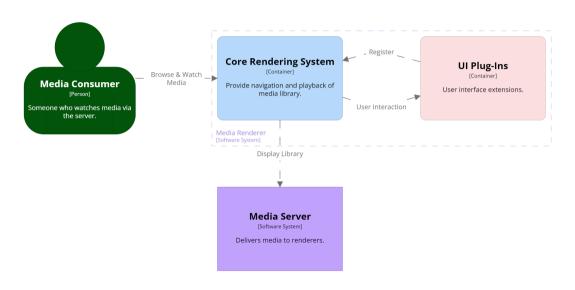
#### Answer

- Social media aggregator
- IoT management & processing
- Media server

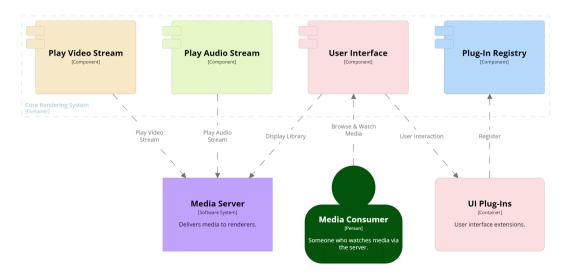
## Media Server & Renderer



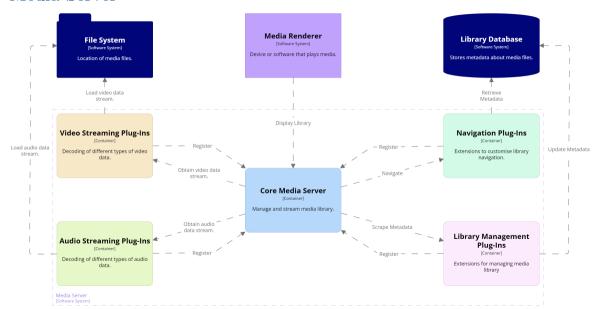
### Media Renderer



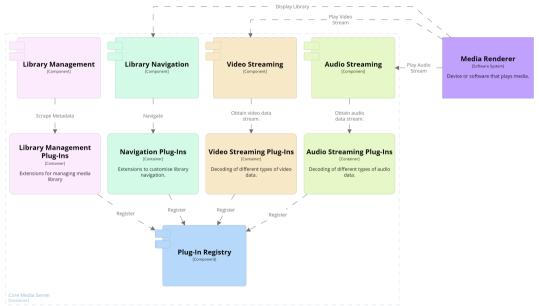
# Core Rendering System Components



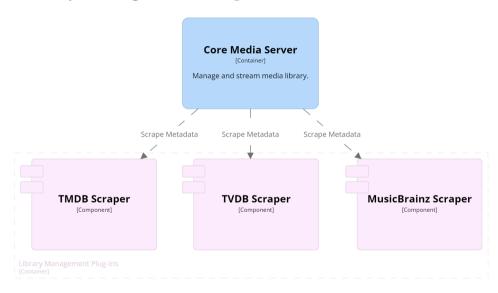
#### Media Server



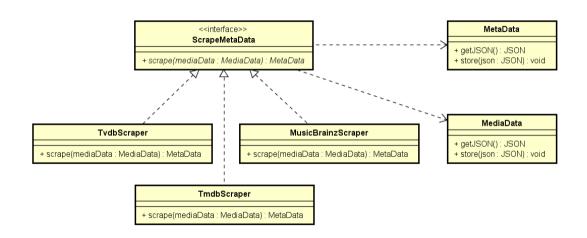
# Core Media Server Components



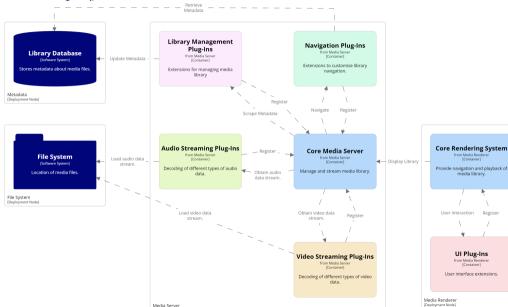
# Media Library Management Components



# Scrape Metadata Interface



# System Deployment



# Microkernel Pros & Cons

Simplicity Core system & Plug-in interface



Extensibility Plug-ins



Interoperability Plug-ins



Scalability



Reliability