Service-Based Architecture

Software Architecture

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Definition 1. Distributed System

A system with multiple components located on different machines that communicate and coordinate actions in order to appear as a single coherent system to the end-user.

Introduce idea of distributed systems and then move on to service-based being a simple approach.

Quote

A distributed system is one in which the failure of a computer you didn't even know existed can - Leslie Lamport [Turing Award, 2013]

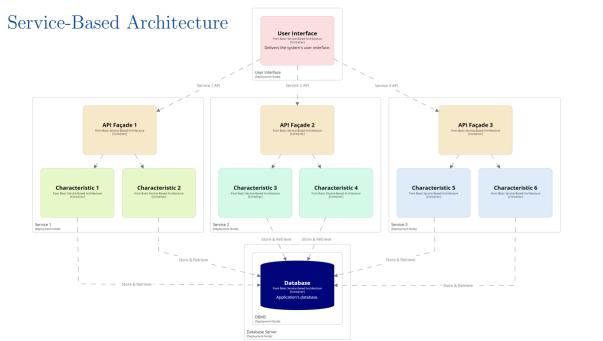
render your own computer unusable.

Definition 2. Service-Based Architecture

System is partitioned into business domains that are deployed as distributed services. Functionality is delivered through a user interface that interacts with the domain services.

ystem is partitioned into business domains that are

Explain why this leads to a fairly simple distributed architecture.



Terminology

User Interface Provides access to system functionality

Services Implement functionality for a single, independent business process

Service APIs Communication mechanism between UI and each service

Database Stores persistent data for the system

- Explain that the Service APIs are communication protocols and data formats, not just a Java-style interface.
- Usually all Service APIs use the same communication protocol (e.g. REST).
- Also point out that messages between the UI and services will typically be asynchronous.

Definition 3. API Abstraction Principle

Services should provide an API that hides implementation details.

• Each service publishes its own API.

supporting service (e.g. auditing).

- Hides service implementation details, reducing coupling between UI and service.
- Makes it easier to reuse service across systems or by

Definition 4. Façade Design Pattern

Provide a simple, abstract interface to use a service domain's functionality. A component within the service coordinates how to deliver the requested functionality with the service's internal components.

- Summarise Façade Design Pattern and how it is used in a service-based architecture.
- Mention its from the GoF book.

Definition 5. Independent Service Principle

Services should be independent, with no dependencies on other services.

• Explain consequences of dependencies between services.

• Services can't easily be deployed separately if they depend

- on other services. • They would require interfaces between services, increasing
- coupling.

Question

What are the consequences of having a shared database?

Question

What are the consequences of having a shared database?

Answer

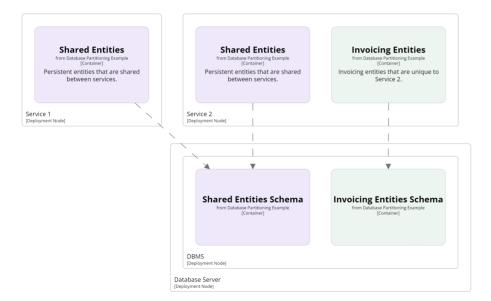
Increased data coupling.

• If a row of a database is locked and another service wants to use it, it is blocked. Losing efficiency benefits of a distributed system.

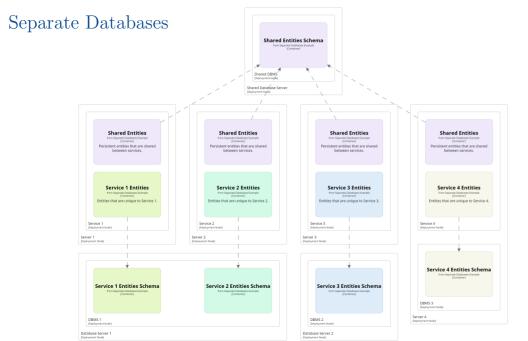
• If one service changes the structure of its persistent data, all services using that data need to be updated and tested.

• If one service changes how it uses persistent data, all other services using the same data need to be retested.

Logical Partitioning of Persistent Data

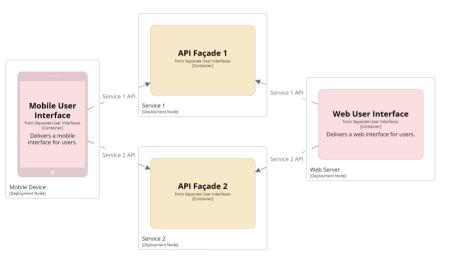


- Define a minimal set of shared persistent objects.
- Create a shared library to access these objects.
- Changes to shared persistent objects are restricted as they require changes to other services.
- Each service may have its own persistent objects stored in tables that are not shared with other services.



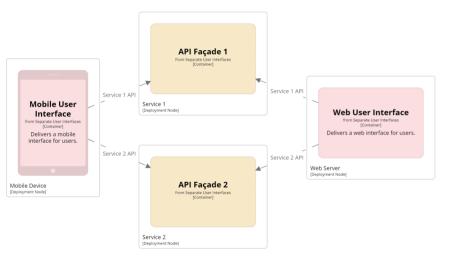
- Discuss options of
 - separate DB servers,
 - multiple DBs on one server,
 - DBs embedded in application.

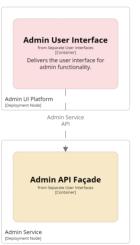
Separate UIs



- UI Platform could be desktop, web or mobile app.
- Allows multiple concurrent users, even through one user interface.

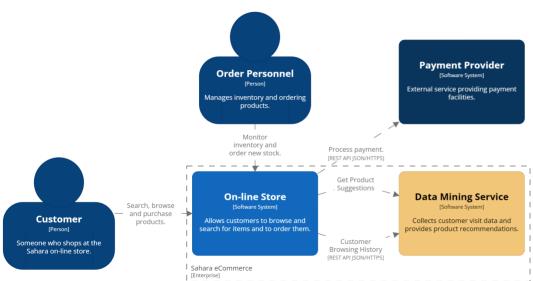
Separate UIs





- UI Platform could be desktop, web or mobile app.
- Allows multiple concurrent users, even through one user interface.
- Allows *separate UIs* for different clients or roles.

Sahara: Context Diagram



- Summarise Sahara eCommerce example.
- Order Personnel & Payment Provider added to this example.

On-line Store Service Domains

Browsing Customers can find products & add to cart Purchasing Customers can purchase products in cart Fulfilment Customers & staff can track order fulfilment Account Management Customers can manage their account details Inventory Management Staff can view stock levels and

order new stock

- Mention that service-based architectures are based on domain partitioning.
- Could provide examples of fulfilment, and inventory management activities.
- Customer's tracking order, staff generating pick lists and packaging details.
- Generating reports on stock levels and product popularity. Ordering new stock.

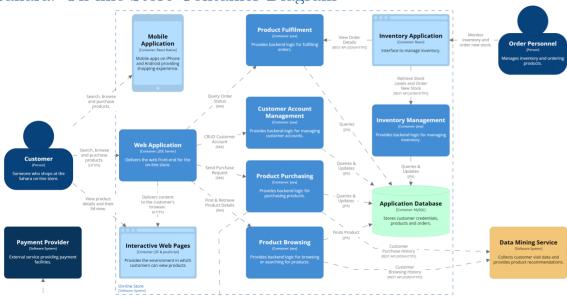
Partitioning

Services are defined by domain partitioning

Coarse Services

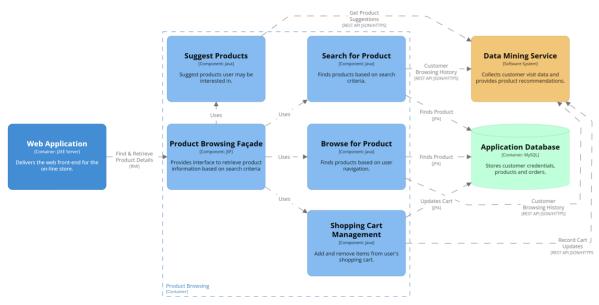
- Domains are large
 - Coarse-grained services
- Each service will have an internal architecture
 - Technical or domain partitioning

Sahara: On-line Store Container Diagram



- Review Domain Services in context of the overall system.
- Mobile App relationships not shown to reduce clutter.
- Single DB for simplicity of diagram, not good practice. Should be split.
- Cart shared with Browsing & Purchasing.
- Order shared with Purchasing & Fulfilment.
- Product shared with everything except Account Mgt.
- User shared with almost everything.
- Most of these will be query only, or only locking a single row.
- Repeat idea that Service APIs mean you may have multiple UIs (Web, Mobile, Inventory Apps).
- Inventory app is example of completely separate UI delivery a different app.

Sahara: Product Browsing Component Diagram



- Summarise the components making up the key parts of the Product Browsing Service (container).
- Product Browsing Façade provides the Service API.

Product Browsing Service API

Search https://api.sahara.com/v1/search?keywords=...

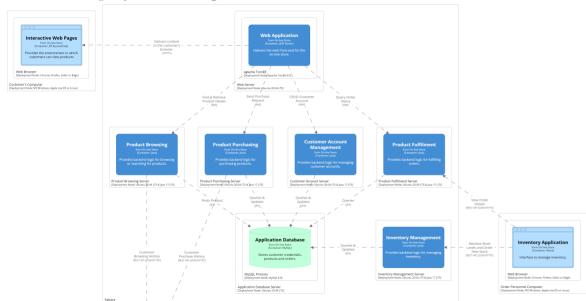
Browse https://api.sahara.com/v1/browse?category=...

Add to Cart https://api.sahara.com/v1/cart

- JSON to pass data
- JSF action controller handles request

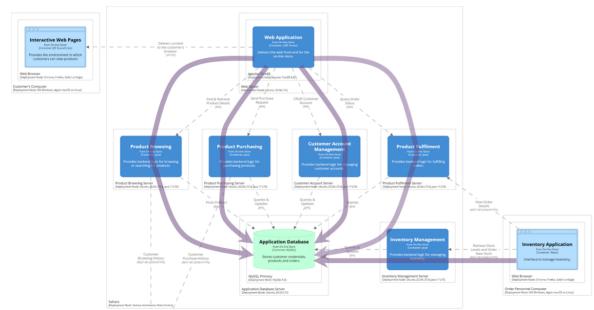
- Search & Browse are GET requests passing parameters.
- Add to Cart is a POST request passing product id and quantity to be added to cart.
- Authentication needs to be part of requests.
- API Versioning shown in URIs.

Sahara: Deployment Diagram



- UI Platform could be desktop, web, mobile app, VR, ...
- Allows multiple concurrent users, even through one user interface.

Sahara: Concurrent Access



- Emphasise many users from different UIs accessing distributed services concurrently.
- Point out that this & REST require stateless services.

Question

What happens if a service goes down?

Question

What happens if a service goes down?

Answer

Need to manage timeouts, retries, graceful failure, . . .

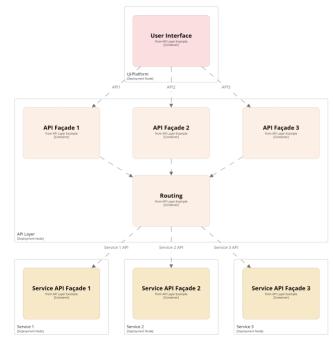
- Some of this can be managed by infrastructure, which requires monitoring systems.
 Some issues are harder to deal with due to coarse service
- Some issues are harder to deal with due to coarse service domains.
- Some of this needs to be managed within the application.

Consider Network Failure

If customer tried to add product to cart:

- What happens if Product Browsing didn't receive it?
- What happens if UI didn't get a response?
 - What happens if Database wasn't updated?

API Layer



API Layer Advantages

- Acts as a reverse proxy or gateway to services
- Hides internal network structure
- Easier to implement *cross-cutting* concerns
 - e.g. security policies
- Allows service discovery
 - Interface to register service
 - Clients can find out what services are available

- Reverse proxy hides internal network structure of architecture.
- Can expose different interfaces to external & internal systems.
- Facilitates delivering the security principle of least privilege.
- Gateway adds "intelligence" to the reverse proxy.
- Can process requests & responses.
- Orchestrate or aggregate requests / responses to improve performance.
- Translate protocols.

Pros & Cons Simplicity For a distributed system Modularity Services Extensibility New services Deployability Independent services Testability Independent services Security API layer Reliability Independent services Interoperability Service APIs Scalability Coarse-grained services