

Infrastructure as Code

Software Architecture

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Infrastructure as Code

How did we get here?

Pre-2000

The *Iron Age*

Iron Age



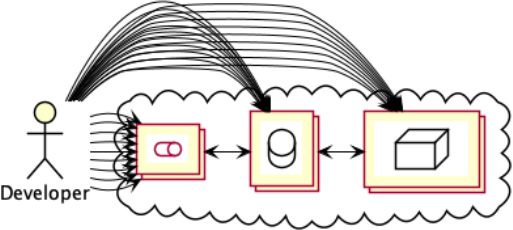
Iron Age



Introducing...

The *Cloud Age*

The Cloud Age



When faced with complexity

Automate it!

The larger story

Server Config Config Management

The larger story

Server Config Config Management

Application Config Config Files

The larger story

Server Config Config Management

Application Config Config Files

Provisioning Infrastructure Code

The larger story

Server Config Config Management

Application Config Config Files

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Building Continuous Integration

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Deployment Continuous Deployment

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Building Continuous Integration

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Testing Automated Tests

The larger story

Server Config Config Management

Application Config Config Files

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Testing Automated Tests

Database Administration Schema Migration

The larger story

Server Config	Config Management
Application Config	Config Files
Provisioning	Infrastructure Code
Building	Continuous Integration
Deployment	Continuous Deployment
Testing	Automated Tests
Database Administration	Schema Migration
Specifications	Behaviour Driven Development

Definition 1. Infrastructure Code

Code that provisions and manages *infrastructure resources*.

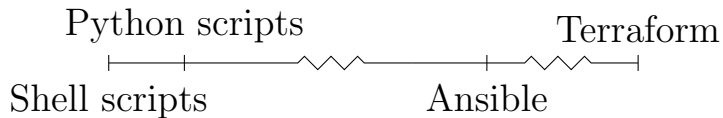
Definition 2. Infrastructure Code

Code that provisions and manages *infrastructure resources*.

Definition 3. Infrastructure Resources

Compute resources, networking resources, and storage resources.

Infrastructure Code



```
1  #!/bin/bash
3  SG=$(aws ec2 create-security-group ...)
5  aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress --group-id "$SG"
7  INST=$(aws ec2 run-instances --security-group-ids "$SG" \
8      --instance-type t2.micro)
```

```
1  import boto3

3  def create_instance():
4      ec2_client = boto3.client("ec2", region_name="us-east-1")
5      response = ec2.create_security_group(...)
6      security_group_id = response['GroupId']

8      data = ec2.authorize_security_group_ingress(...)

10     instance = ec2_client.run_instances(
11         SecurityGroups=[security_group_id],
12         InstanceType="t2.micro",
13         ...
14     )
```

```
1 resource "aws_instance" "hextris-server" {
2     instance_type = "t2.micro"
3     security_groups = [aws_security_group.hextris-server.name]
4     ...
5 }

7 resource "aws_security_group" "hextris-server" {
8     ingress {
9         from_port = 80
10        to_port = 80
11        ...
12    }
13    ...
14 }
```

Question

Notice anything different?

The main difference

Imperative vs. declarative

Infrastructure Code

- Provisions and manages *infrastructure resources*.

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- Only one part of the movement to *automate* the complexities of development.

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- Ranges from simple shell scripts up to...?

Infrastructure Code

- Provisions and manages *infrastructure resources*.
- Only one part of the movement to *automate* the complexities of development.
- Ranges from simple shell scripts up to...?
- Tendancy to be *declarative*.

Typo?

Infrastructure Code \neq Infrastructure *as* Code

Definition 4. Infrastructure as Code

Following the same *good coding practices* to manage Infrastructure Code as standard code.

Warning!

Infrastructure as Code still *early* and quite *bad*.

Question

What are *good coding practices*?

Good Coding Practice #1

Everything as code

```
1  #!/bin/bash
3  ./download-dependencies
4  ./build-resources
5  cp -r output/* artifacts/
```

```
1  #!/bin/bash
3  ./download-dependencies
4  ./build-resources
5  cp -r output/* artifacts/
```

```
$ cp: directory artifacts does not exist
```

```
1 resource "aws_instance" "hextris-server" {  
2     instance_type = "t2.micro"  
3     security_groups = ["sg-6400"]  
4     ...  
5 }
```

```
1 resource "aws_instance" "hextris-server" {
2     instance_type = "t2.micro"
3     security_groups = [aws_security_group.hextris-server.name]
4     ...
5 }

7 resource "aws_security_group" "hextris-server" {
8     ingress {
9         from_port = 80
10        to_port = 80
11        ...
12    }
13    ...
14 }
```

Everything as code avoids

Configuration drift

Configuration drift creates

Snowflakes

Benefits

1. Reproducible.

Good Coding Practice #2

Version control

Benefits

1. Restorable.
2. Accountable.

Good Coding Practice #3

Automation

Benefits

1. Consistent.

Good Coding Practice #4

Code Reuse

Benefits

1. Better¹ code.
2. Less work.
3. Only one place to update (or verify).

¹generally

Good Coding Practice #5

Testing

Test Pyramid



IaC Test Pyramid



```
1 func TestTerraformAwsInstance(t *testing.T) {
2     terraformOptions := terraform.WithDefault(t, &terraform.Options{
3         TerraformDir: "../week03/",
4     })

6     defer terraform.Destroy(t, terraformOptions)
7     terraform.InitAndApply(t, terraformOptions)

9     publicIp := terraform.Output(t, terraformOptions, "public_ip")
10    url := fmt.Sprintf("http://%s:8080", publicIp)

12    http_helper.HttpGetWithCustomValidation(t, url, nil, 200,
13        func(code, resp) { code == 200 &&
14            strings.Contains(resp, "hextris")})
15 }
```

1 **Feature:** Define AWS Security Groups

3 **Scenario:** Only selected ports should be publicly open

4 **Given** I have AWS Security Group defined

5 **When** it contains ingress

6 **Then** it must only have tcp protocol and port 22,443 for 0.0.0.0/0

Benefits

1. Trust.