Deployment Strategies CSSE6400

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May 13, 2024

Definition 1. Deployment Strategy

How a software system is made available to clients.

Deployment Strategies

- Branching Strategies
- Recreate Deployment
- Rolling Deployment
- Blue/Green Deployment
- Canary Deployment
- A/B Deployment
- Shadow Deployment

Definition 2. Branching

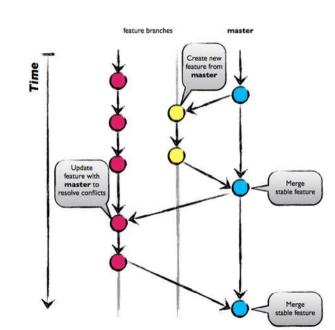
Copying the trunk to allow separate and parallel development.

Branching Strategies

- GitHub Flow
- GitLab Flow
- Release Branches

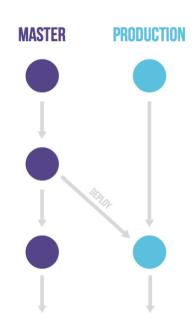
GitHub Flow [Haddad, 2022]

- Main is always deployable
- Create branch
- Make changes
- Create pull request
- Resolve issues
- Merge pull request
- Delete branch



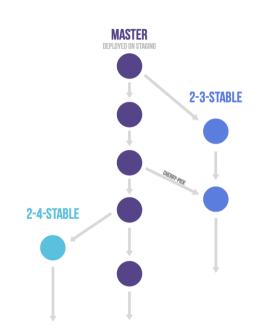
GitLab Flow [Saavedra, 2023]

- Supports deployment windows
 - Merge to production
 - Deploy when allowed
- Production branch
 - Plus alpha, beta, ...
- Still have
 - Feature branches
 - Pull requests

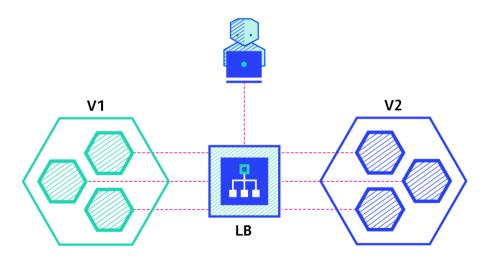


Release Branches [Saavedra, 2023]

- Supports multiple versions of system
- Feature development in main
- Released versions are branches
- Bug fixes in main
 - Cherry-pick into branches



Recreate Deployment [Tremel, 2017]



Recreate Deployment

Pros

- Easy
- Renewed state
 - App reinitialised
 - Persistent storage consistent with system version

Cons

Downtime

Rolling Deployment [Tremel, 2017]

Rolling Deployment Pros Cons • Fairly easy Time • Support multiple APIs Slow release of new version • Support different versions Observe issues of persistent data Rollback structure No control over traffic to Stateful instances can different versions finish gracefully • Instance is killed when inactive

Blue-Green Deployment [Tremel, 2017]

Blue-Green Deployment

Pros

- Instant release of new version
- Fast rollback if necessary
- Only one version 'live' at any time
 - No versioning conflicts

Cons

- Expensive
 - Double the infrastructure
- Stateful instance version switch difficult
 - Can't kill instance in middle of a transaction

Canary Deployment [Tremel, 2017]

Canary Deployment

Pros

- New version released to subset of users
- Can monitor performance and error rates
- Easy and fast rollback

Cons

- Slow
- Implies poor testing

A/B Deployment [Tremel, 2017]

A/B Deployment

Pros

- Multiple versions run in parallel
- Full control over traffic distribution

Cons

- Needs intelligent load balancer
- Debugging a version is difficult
 - Need good logs & tools

Shadow Deployment [Tremel, 2017]

Shadow Deployment

Pros

- Performance testing with production traffic
- No impact on users

Cons

- Expensive
 - Double the infrastructure
- Complex to setup
 - Need mocks for external services

Deployment Strategy Options

- Staging or beta testing
 - Recreate or Rolling
- Production (Live)
 - Rolling or Blue/Green
- Uncertain of system stability
 - Canary
- Evaluation
- A/B or Shadow

Deployment Considerations [Tremel, 2017]

Strategy	ZERO DOWNTIME	REAL TRAFFIC TESTING	TARGETED USERS	CLOUD COST	ROLLBACK DURATION	NEGATIVE IMPACT ON USER	COMPLEXITY OF SETUP
RECREATE version A is terminated then version B is rolled out	×	×	×	■00			000
RAMPED version B is slowly rolled out and replacing version A	~	×	×	■		■	•••
BLUE/GREEN version B is released alongside version A, then the traffic is switched to version B	~	×	×		000	■■□	■■□
CANARY version B is released to a subset of users, then proceed to a full rollout	~	~	×	■□□	■□□	■□□	■■□
A/B TESTING version B is released to a subset of users under specific condition	~	~	~	■□□	■□□	■□□	•••
SHADOW version B receives real world traffic alongside version A and doesn't impact the response	~	~	×		000	000	•••

References

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[Haddad, 2022] Haddad, R. (2022).
  What are the best git branching strategies.
  https://faun.dev/c/stories/manuelherrera/
  git-branching-strategies-in-2022/.
[Saavedra, 2023] Saavedra, C. (2023).
  Combine gitlab flow and gitlab duo for a workflow powerhouse.
 https://about.gitlab.com/blog/2023/07/27/gitlab-flow-duo/.
Tremel, 2017 Tremel, E. (2017).
 Six strategies for application deployment.
  https://thenewstack.io/deployment-strategies/.
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