

# Serverless Architecture

CSSE6400

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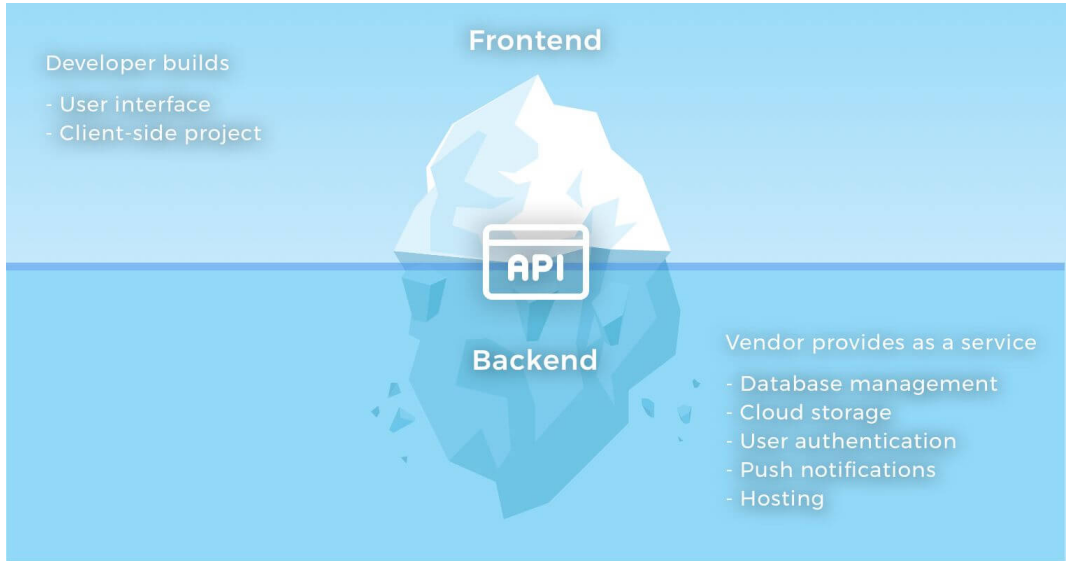
## Oxymoron 1. Serverless

Logic running on someone else's server.

### Definition 1. Backend as a Service (BaaS)

Cloud-hosted applications or services that deliver functionality used by an application front-end.

# BaaS Iceberg [1]



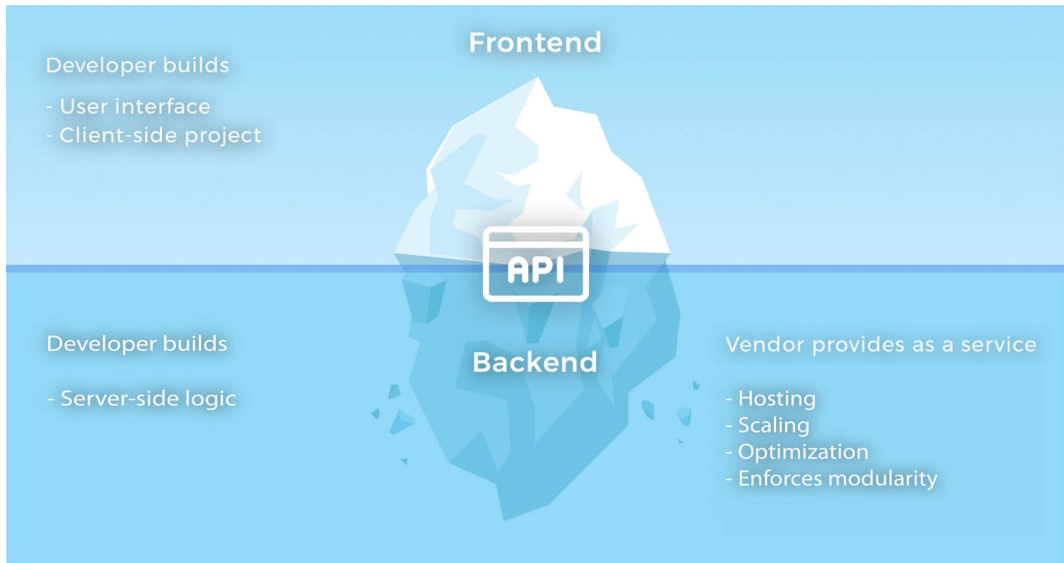
# BaaS Example



## Definition 2. Functions as a Service (FaaS)

Application logic that is triggered by an event and runs in a transient, stateless compute node.

# FaaS Iceberg [1]



# FaaS Example

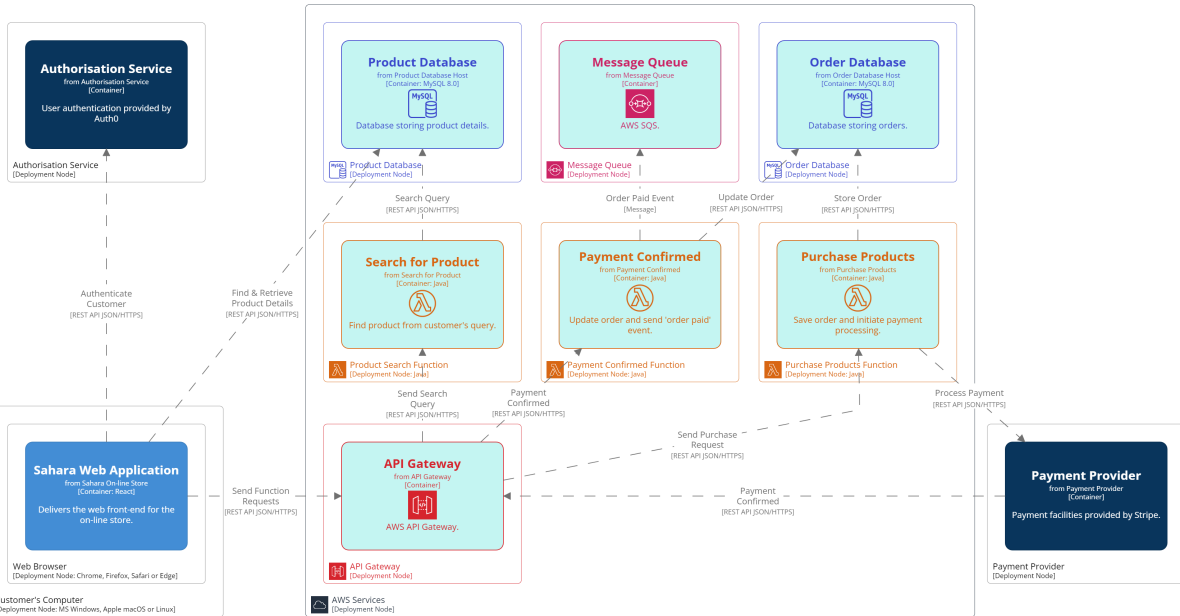




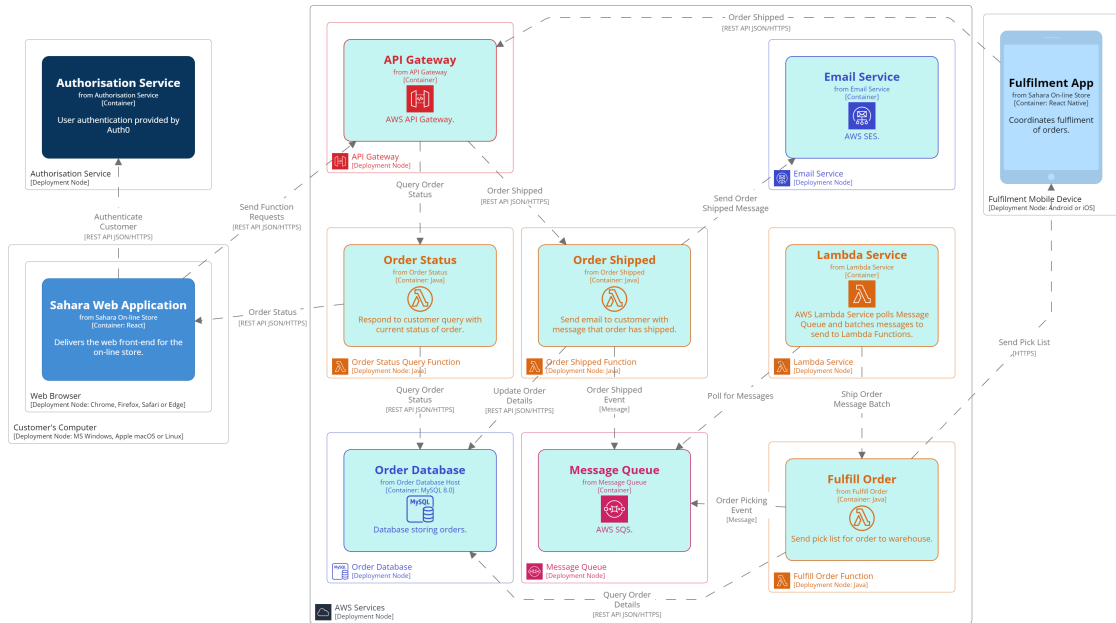
### Definition 3. Serverless Architecture

Software system delivering functionality through BaaS or FaaS.

## Sahara Browse & Order



# Sahara Fulfilment



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- Automatic scaling
  - Multiple instances of function

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- Reduced cost for dynamic loads
  - No server idle time
- Reduced server management
- Easier to run closer to client
  - Launch in same zone as client

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- Front-end accesses database directly
  - Front-end needs to sanitise inputs
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  - Duplication of logic with multiple front-ends
    - Web, mobile, ...

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    - Web, mobile, ...
- No control over server optimisation

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- Proliferation of functions
  - Loss of encapsulation

Question

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- Rich client apps with common backend
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- High latency processing
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- Apps with variable load
  - Take advantage of auto-scaling

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- Quick response required
  - Can't wait for FaaS to start
- Compute intensive processing
- Apps with steady load
  - Server-based approaches are cheaper

### Self-Study Exercise

- Redesign your scalability assignment to be serverless.
  - What parts of your design would benefit from being serverless?
- Implement your revised design.

## Pros & Cons

Extensibility



Reliability



Interoperability



Scalability



Deployability



Modularity



Testability



Security



Simplicity





## References

[1] Pavlo Brunko.

Serverless architecture: When to use this approach and what benefits it gives.

<https://apiko.com/blog/serverless-architecture-benefits//>, March 2019.