Microservices Architecture

Software Architecture

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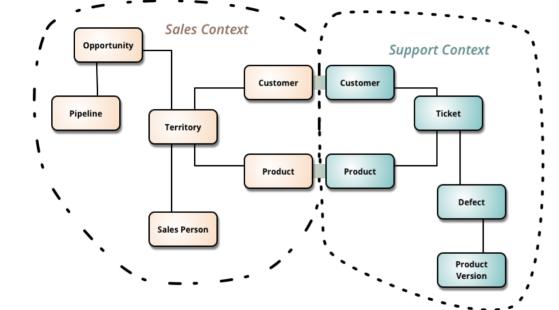
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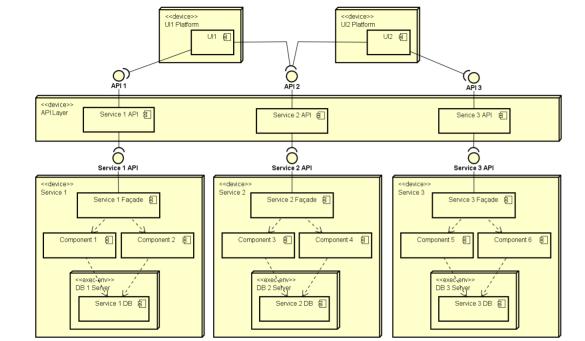
Microservices

Inspired by DDD

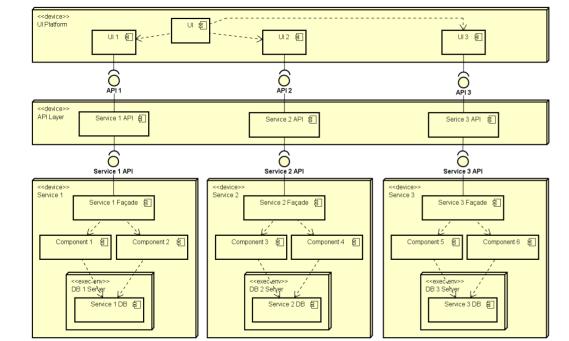
Definition 1. Bounded Context

Logical boundary of a domain where particular terms and rules apply consistently.





- Basic structure of a microservices architecture.
- UIs are fairly monolithic to provide a rich interface.
- Fairly common to have multiple UIs, some of which use a different combination of services.



- More like a purist microservices architecture, where each service development team builds the service's UI(s).
- Typically needs some coordinating activity in the UI.
- Can still have multiple UIs (e.g. web, mobile, ...).

Definition 2. Service Cohesion Principle

bounded context.

Services are cohesive business processes. They are a



Definition 3. Service Independence Principle

other services.

Services should not depend on the implementation of

vices.

Corollary 1. Low Coupling Services should have minimal coupling with other ser-

Corollary 2. No Reuse

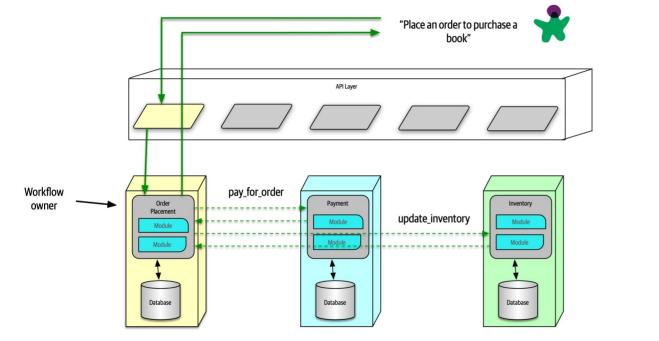
Services do not reuse components from other services,

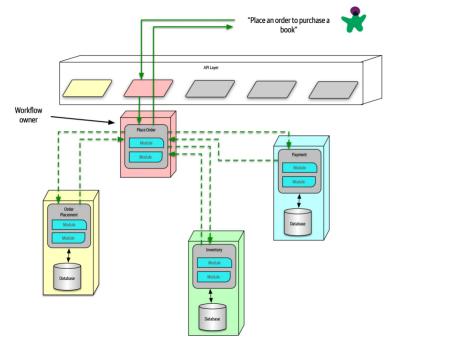
to avoid dependencies.

Choreography & Orchestration

Choreography Similar to event-driven broker

Orchestration Similar to event-driven *mediator*





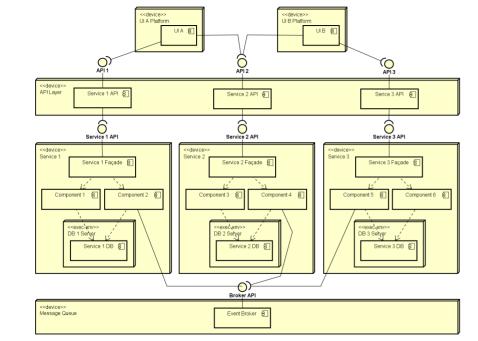
How bad is the coupling with choreography or orchestration?

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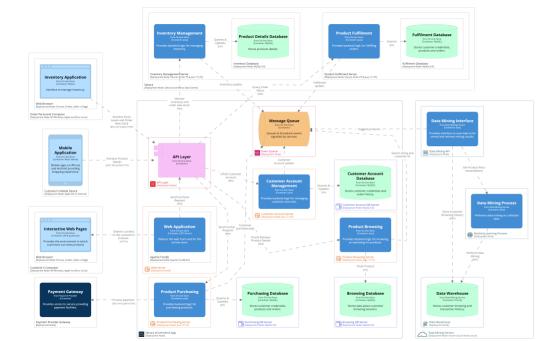
Answer

For a very large system, very bad.

In 2017, Uber had over 1400 services \dots consider how bad coupling would be with either approach.



- Use the tried and true Observer pattern, with the event-driven architecture pattern.
- Services publish events indicating what they have been done.
- Services listen for events to decide what to coordinate system behaviour.



- Sahara eCommerce system as a simple microservices architecture, using event-driven messaging between services.
- Services publish events indicating what they have been done.
- Also an example of a multi-tenanted system built across in-house servers, AWS and OCI.

Are *browsing* and *purchasing* separate contexts?

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Answer

- Are the a single business process or different processes?
- Do they share much or little data?

- Probably different business processes, but possibly the same context.
- If separate services, browse needs to send an event for every change to the shopping cart, and purchase needs to listen for these.
- Possibly merge into one service, as one context.

- What about *inventory management* and *browse*?
- How do they maintain a consistent product database?

Pros & Cons	
Modularity	6
Extensibility	
Reliability	3
Interoperability	3
Scalability	3
Security	
Deployability	
Testability	
Simplicity	