

Serverless Architecture

CSSE6400

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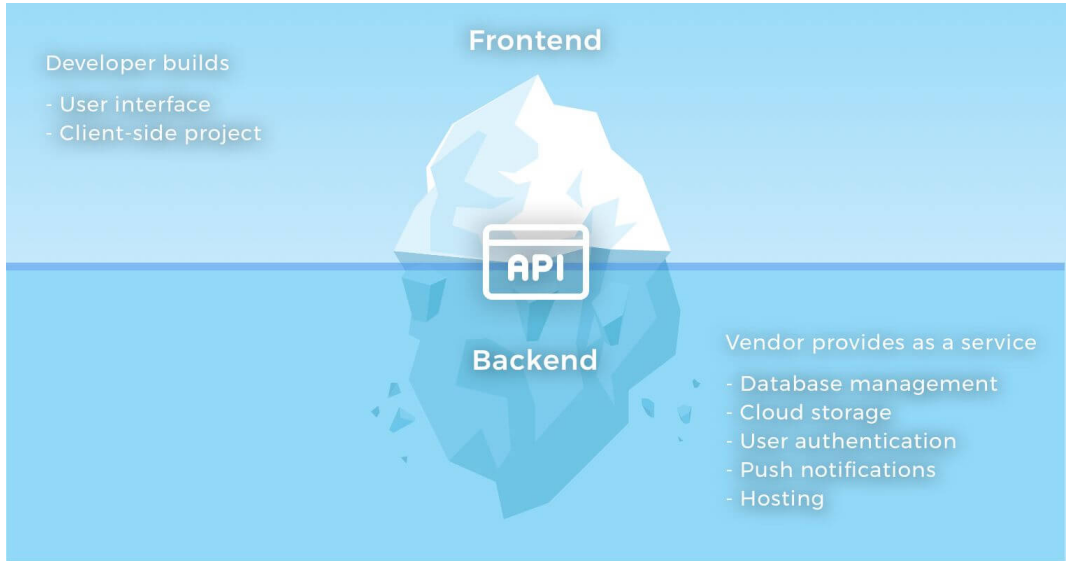
Oxymoron 1. Serverless

Logic running on someone else's server.

Definition 1. Backend as a Service (BaaS)

Cloud-hosted applications or services that deliver functionality used by an application front-end.

BaaS Iceberg [1]



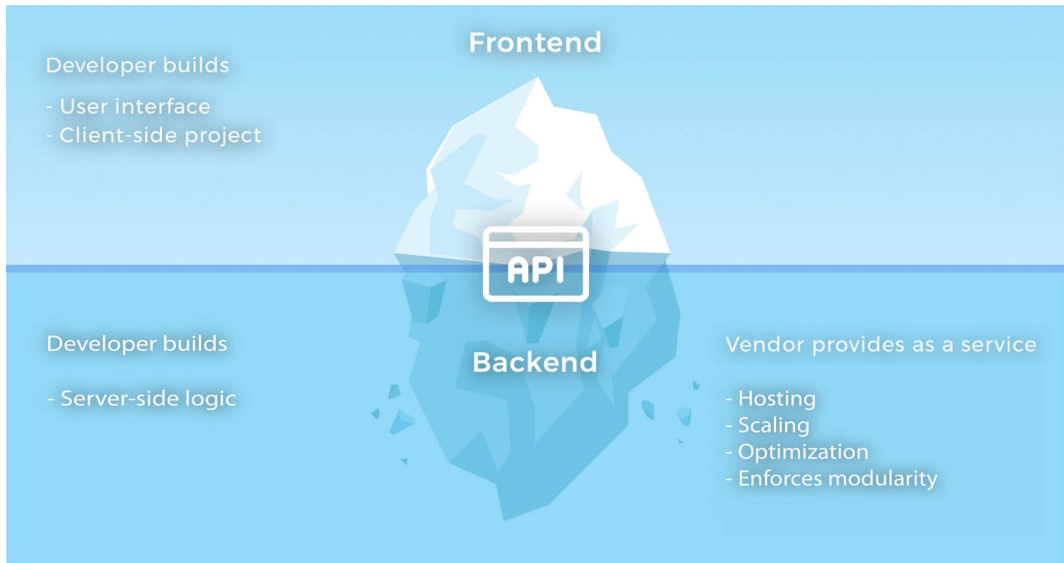
BaaS Example



Definition 2. Functions as a Service (FaaS)

Application logic that is triggered by an event and runs in a transient, stateless compute node.

FaaS Iceberg [1]



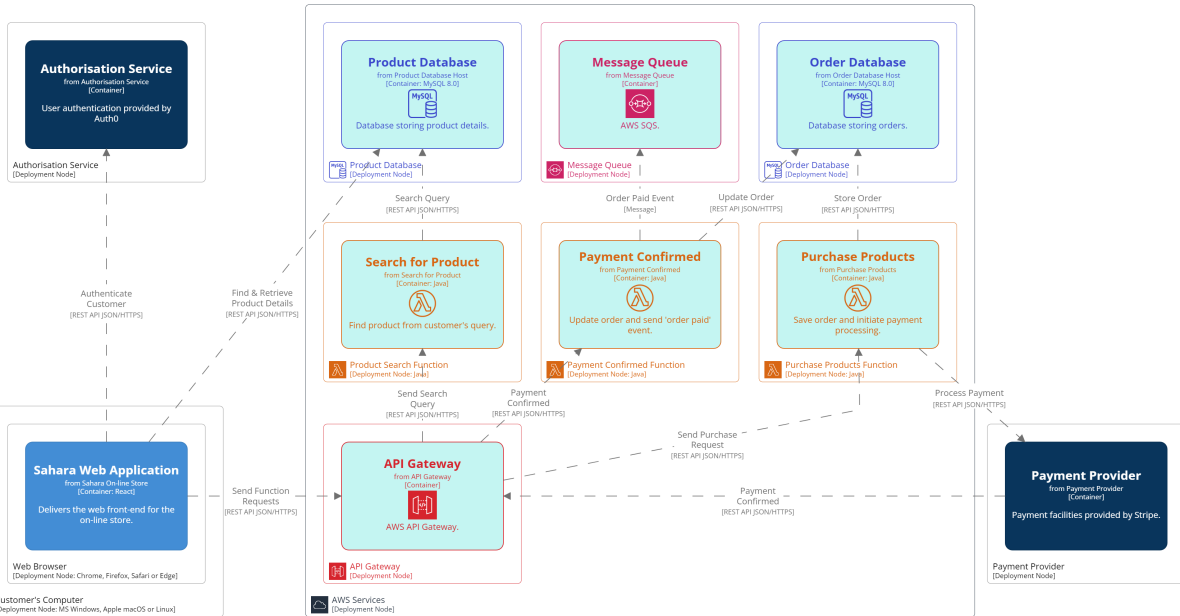
FaaS Example



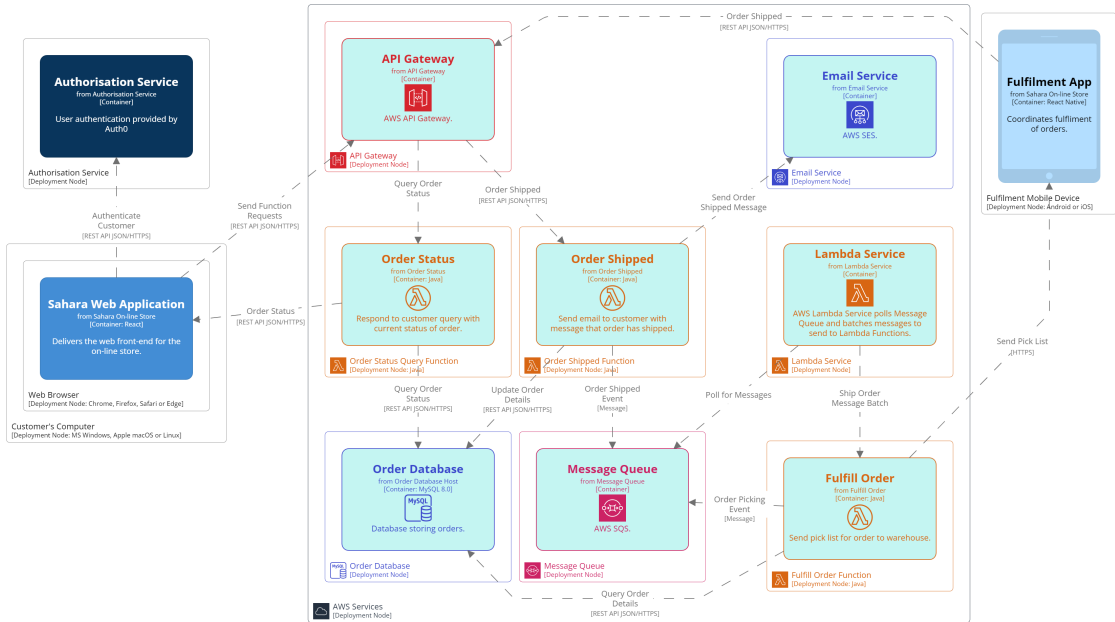
Definition 3. Serverless Architecture

Software system delivering functionality through BaaS or FaaS.

Sahara Browse & Order



Sahara Fulfilment



Serverless Benefits

- Automatic scaling
 - Multiple instances of function

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 - No server idle time
- Reduced server management
- Easier to run closer to client
 - Launch in same zone as client

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 - Duplication of logic with multiple front-ends
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- No control over server optimisation

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 - Some languages worse than others (e.g. Java)
- Proliferation of functions
 - Loss of encapsulation

Question

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- Rich client apps with common backend
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- High latency processing
 - Within function duration constraints
- Apps with variable load
 - Take advantage of auto-scaling

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When is serverless *not* appropriate?

Answer

- Quick response required
 - Can't wait for FaaS to start
- Compute intensive processing
- Apps with steady load
 - Server-based approaches are cheaper

Self-Study Exercise

- Redesign your scalability assignment to be serverless.
 - What parts of your design would benefit from being serverless?
- Implement your revised design.

Pros & Cons

Extensibility



Reliability



Interoperability



Scalability



Deployability



Modularity



Testability



Security



Simplicity



References

[1] Pavlo Brunko.

Serverless architecture: When to use this approach and what benefits it gives.

<https://apiko.com/blog/serverless-architecture-benefits//>, March 2019.