# Explainable AI is Dead, Long Live Explainable AI!

Hypothesis-driven Decision Support using Evaluative AI

**Charles Vin** 

Sorbonne Université - 21216136

### Quick summary

Paradigm Shift in AI Decision Support

→ Evaluative AI Concept
Goals:

- Human-centered Approach
- Going Beyond Recommendations
- Mitigating Over-Reliance
- Support for Hypothesis Evaluation
- Machine-in-the-Loop Paradigm

### Over/Under-reliance

#### Definitions

- **Over-reliance**: Decision makers accept a machine recommendations, even when it is wrong, but would be rejected if coming from a human.
  - o The machine "must be right" because it's a machine
- **Under-reliance**: Machine outputs are consistently rejected, even when it is correct, but would be accepted if coming from a human.
- $\Rightarrow$  Problems after deployement: AI systems ignored OR over-reliance related problems.

### Over/Under-reliance

Causes

- Over-reliance: Automation bias ;
- Under-reliance: Algorithmic aversion.

When adding XAI tools for more explaination

 $\Rightarrow$  Confirmation bias (called fixation in the paper).

### Over/Under-reliance

#### Solutions

- Cognitive forcing
  - Eg. forcing people to give a decision before seeing a recommendation;
  - Slightly mitigated overreliance, but not enought to lead to a statistically significant differences;
  - Least prefered method by participant: people not wanting to exert mental energy.
- Changing the XAI framework

### What makes a good decisions?

In a simple way:

- Identify options
- Compare options
- Choose an option

In a less simple way: the 10 "cardinal decision issue" outlined by Yates and Potworowski

• Needs, mode, Investment, Options, Possibilities, Judgements, Value, Trade-offs, Acceptability, Implementation

# What makes a good decisions support system? Summed up

- Options: Help to identify options, well as help to narrow down the list of feasible or realistic options
- Possibilities: Help to to identify possible outcomes
- Judgement & Value: Help to judge which outcomes are most likely and what will be the positive and negative impacts
- Trade-offs: Help to make trade-offs on the above criteria for each options
- Understandable: Help to understand how and why the tools works as it does, and when it fails

# Does current decision support align with those criteria?

# Giving recommendations with no explanatory information

#### Figure 3

A model of giving recommendations for decision support.

This assumes that decision makers will carefully consider recommendations. However, empirical evidence suggests this is not the case.

Coptions

n Possibilities

/n Judgement & Value

× Trade-offs

× Understandable

# Giving recommendations with explanatory information

#### Figure 3

A model of giving recommendations for decision support.

This assumes that decision makers will carefully consider recommendations. However, empirical evidence suggests this is not the case.

- X Options
- Possibilities
- X Judgement & Value
- × Trade-offs
- × Understandable

## Giving recommendations with cognitive forcing

#### Figure 3

A model of giving recommendations for decision support.

This assumes that decision makers will carefully consider recommendations. However, empirical evidence suggests this is not the case.

- Options
- × Possibilities
- × Judgement & Value
- × Trade-offs
- × Understandable

## Bibliography

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TEMPLATE

A **STANDOUT** frame can be used to focus attention

## In combination with *plain*, it makes a nice thank-you slide!



https://github.com/piazzai/arguelles https://ctan.org/pkg/beamertheme-arguelles