CS 1510: Homework 11

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Dynamic Programming Problem 15

Algorithm

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\begin{aligned} & \textbf{for } l = 0 \textbf{ to } W \textbf{ do} \\ & \text{ maxValue}[l] = 0 \\ & \textbf{end for} \\ & \textbf{for } l = 0 \textbf{ to } W \textbf{ do} \\ & \textbf{ for } k = 1 \textbf{ to } n \textbf{ do} \\ & \textbf{ if } 0 < l - w_k \textbf{ AND } maxValue[l - w_k] + v_k > maxValue[l] \textbf{ then} \\ & maxValue[l] = maxValue[l - w_k] + v_k \\ & \textbf{ end if} \\ & \textbf{ end for} \end{aligned}
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Explanation

In our algorithm, we take in a set of n objects, each with weight and value. So for an object k, w_k is the weight and v_k is the value. In addition, we take in a maximum weight W, which can also be thought of as a maximum carrying capacity.

Our algorithm initializes an array of size W to zero, then solves the subproblems from smallest weight (0) to the largest weight allowed, W. For each weight l from 0 to W, we attempt to put in each object k from 1 to n. We look back in our array by the object's weight (unless this would yield a negative weight) and compare the current maximum value for weight l with

the maximum value of weight $l - w_k$ plus v_k . If adding this object yields a larger max value for l then we update the maximum value for l.

Thus we solve the problem from bottom up, so that maxValue[W] has our answer, and maxValue[x] contains the maximum possible value for carrying capacity $0 \le x \le W$.

Since we have two for loops- one of length W and the other length n- and we do O(1) work inside the inner for loop, our total runtime is polynomial in n and W.