

DSMC

MISSION DESIGNER MANUAL - Version 1.2.2

BORING AND COMPLEX: A NECESSARY EVIL TO MISSION DESIGNER

This manual is here to provide additional information, instruction and "suggested design procedures" made with mission designers in mind.

This is done to address and answer some questions, for example:

- Why you need DSMC
- Install DSMC
- Single player/host and Server/Dedicated server mode
- What exactly is DSMC?
- How does it work?
- What are its limitations?
- How should I setup my host/server to use it?
- How does it relate to mission design?

We hope to answer all those questions in the next pages. Here you're in front of your trusted mechanic to learn how your car works and how to maintain her as it should. Let's start.

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1 WHAT IS DSMC?

Dynamic **S**equential **M**ission **C**ampaign (DSMC) is a tool for mission designers, supporting versions of DCS World 2.7 and above¹. This tool adds persistence to any DCS World mission, done by allowing the user to save the scenario at any moment and generate a new mission file based on the situation at the time of saving, that can be loaded, or edited, using the DCS mission editor.

DSMC is required to be installed on the host/server only, and has configuration settings available for both Dedicated servers, or Player as Host, via the special options GUI in DCS World.

DSMC creates a new .miz file that includes:

- All original triggers, scripts and embedded files as the original
- Updated ground units & ships² positions and states (alive, dead)
- Scenery object states, like bridges, houses and structures
- User static object changing coalition
- Updated airbases, Oil/Gas facilities & FARP ownership
- Updated warehouse contents of fuel, aircraft & ammo
- Updated mission start time
- Updated weather
- All the units & object that has been spawned during the mission (including CTLD FOBs!)

Also, it will provide as optional features:

- Modified version of CTLD & CSAR scripts by Ciribob with many additional features that will keep functional in the saved mission
- Creation of “dead” static objects to reflect scenery wreckage after previous battles
- Automated creation of helicopters & planes flights (slots) in heliports & airbases
- *Many more things... check customization chapter!*

¹ Check version 1.1 or 1.0.8 for DCS 2.5.6 and before

² Except for aircraft carriers due to DCS limitation

DSMC also includes improved features and functions for server mode.

DSMC does not support capturing aircraft or missiles in flight and resume a mission later: it's done to create updated scenarios, not to freeze a mission and resume later.

DSMC is designed for modern scenario and tested with any official module of DCS, while it works also for WWII sceneries... but the map of Normandy 1944 can cause errors and it's not officially supported.

2 WHY DSMC?

First of all, it's D.S.M.C.: The acronym means "Dynamic Sequential Mission Campaign"... and to be *really* honest, today it's much more "SMC" than "DSMC". "D" is left out for now: while the final objective is to create a dynamic campaign system, the first strong step is to achieve what DCS doesn't give us: **persistence**.

That is the milestone we're setting now with DSMC: to give the mission designer a tool to reduce the workload to update a mission scenario after a flight with 30 clients going here and there, destroying units, breaking down bridges, moving resources, etc. etc.... and also updating the position of every ground and sea units out there, with meter precision, tracking every single object spawned in, like units, structures, crates, etc etc.

Ok, so, why? Because some years ago I was a mission designer and I really waited a long time some sort of scripting messiah that creates this thing for me: that will free my soul of hours of works to move those f*****g Urals from one town to another, that tank battalion from those unpronounceable villages to that other, even less pronounceable, place (Caucasus was the main solution at that time).

Well, few years ago, almost 2014, I understood that no Speed, Grimes, Wunderwulf, XCom or Ciribob would do that for me... so I tried to create it on my own. Obviously annoying them a lot in the process, but at least I tried to solve my issues myself.

As I am not a programmer, it required me to learn three times over. My first attempt was named "DAWS", and even if badly coded, it hit some small targets, you know, even today there are people who call this mod DAWS instead of DSMC out of habit. And here we are.

I'm asking you only one thing, and I hope that you will stick to that before even thinking a question: RTFM. *Read The Fucking Manual*. It's a necessary pill to your sickness of trying to use this mod. PS: Don't get me wrong, we both know that if you're a DCS mission designer, you're sick as much as I am.

3 INSTALLATION

DSMC needs to be installed on the server or mission hosts computer only. It works with both DCS stable & openbeta versions. The following example references the DCS World Open Beta version.

Installation can be performed either in “manual” mode and in “mod manager” mode. **I strongly suggest the “mod manager” mode**, because it will be easier to check install errors and will allow you to remove the mode much easily when needed.

DSMC mod is provided as a .zip file that contains the mod folder named “DSMC_x.y.z”, where x, y and z are the version numbers.

3.1 Manual install

To manually install DSMC you can copy “as is” the content of the mod folder (not the mod folder) right inside your Saved Games\DCS.openbeta\ folder.

The mod files are:

- DSMC folder
- Script\Hooks\DSMC_hooks.lua *file*
- Mods\tech\DSMC\ *folder*
- DSMC_Dedicated_Server_options.lua *file*

When you manually install the mod, to remove it you will necessarily “search & destroy” each of these folders/files.

3.2 Mod manager install

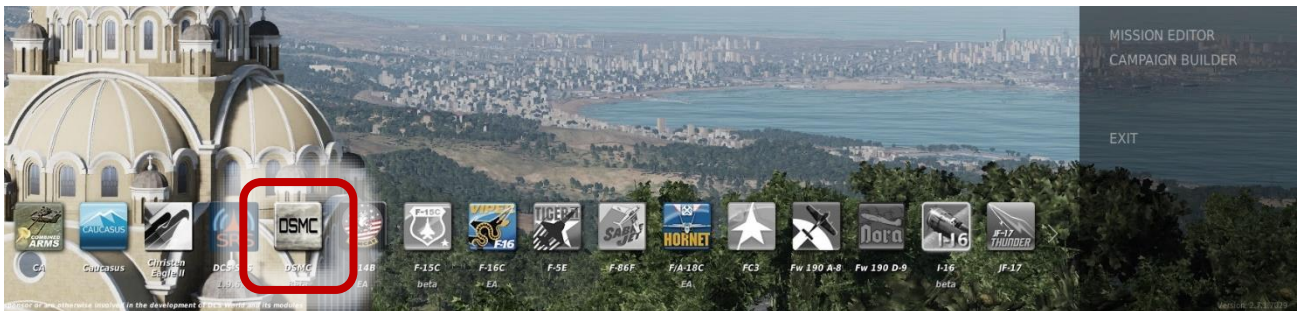
Two mod manager can be used with DSMC (about the others, I don’t know): OvGME and JGSME.

Using OvGME, the .zip archive is already “ready-to-use”: you only have to move it in your mods folder that aim to the Saved Games\DCS.openbeta\ folder.

Using JGSME, you have to unzip the archive content (not the archive itself!) inside your mods folder that aim to the Saved Games\DCS.openbeta\ folder.

3.3 Check a proper install

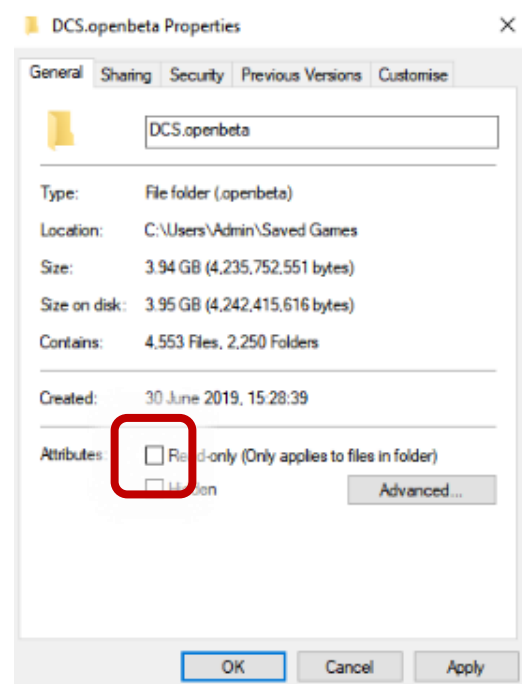
Check if an install procedure is correct is easy: you only need to check if the DSMC icon is available in main menu:



3.4 Additional check necessary to ensure DSMC to work

This mod doesn't require many operations, but to work properly it needs to be allowed to *create* the saved mission file obviously. But to prevent malicious software to do “bad” things, windows adds user control. That means that you have to ensure DCS has sufficient authorization to *write* the file. You need to do three things:

1. Run DCS as administrator.
2. Remove writing permission from the Saved Games\DCS.*yourversion*\ folder, by right-clicking on the DCS.*yourversion* folder and removing the check to the “Read-only” checkbox.
3. Remove writing permission from the DCS install folder (i.e. C:\Program Files\Eagle Dynamics\DCS.*yourversion*, same procedure as point 2.



4 COMPATIBILITY & OTHER SCRIPTS

DSMC is designed to be fully compatible with;

- Mist
- MOOSE
- LoATC

Special consideration was given to the [CTLD](#) script by Ciribob. To add additional features and automation, CTLD & CSAR script are already included in DSMC with some additional features and modifications, check dedicated chapter in this manual.

Many other mods have been reported to be compatible with DSMC and, as a general information, all other scripts that use scripting engine or DCS API should work correctly unless messing up with *missionscripting.lua* themselves.

That said, there's a thing that every mission designer must understand about scripting compatibilities: DSMC use extensively the DCS scripting engine (SSE) to gather all the necessary information for its work. **Those function can be modified or broken by other script due to wrong or imprecise use by the mission designer** or, else, because those scripts are not designed to be “save proof” for a second launch. Those errors, that you can usually see in the dcs.log clearly, can affect DSMC preventing it work.

For example, one of the most common errors by mission designer is using a script that point to a specific group name... the first mission it will work, but eventually this group will be killed. After that, once you launch the saved mission, the script won't find that group anymore because it has been killed... and, unless the script is written properly, it will cause an error capable of halting the mission or crash DCS.

Be sure to read “mission design guidelines” chapter about this.

5 BUG REPORT

DSMC is usually available to some testers from weeks to months before each release. This fact allows me to say two things:

If there are bugs, *complain them also*. Ok, you maybe never going to know their name, but at least now you know that they exist, and for sure they let *that* bug intentionally there only for annoying you today.

Thanks to them, and one in particular³ which really takes fun in running DSMC in any (f*****g) kind of situation and beyond any possible scenario I could imagine, I was able to identify some very useful mission design guidelines.

But perfection is impossible, so bugs exist and I'm doing my best to remove them as fast as possible once they're recognized.

ONCE THEY ARE RECOGNIZED

Yeah, that's the point. Bugs are removed by checking in details the specific "wrong" behaviour or issue that happens, tracking what caused the issue and fixing it. The first part of the process is the most important, and it's called to **reproduce** the bug. As you can easily figure out, if I can't reproduce your issue, I can't find the problem and therefore I can't fix it. [This article](#) is interesting in that matter.

I don't know average statistics and as I'm not a programmer, I can't say nothing about the world outside this tiny mod. But I can tell about what usually happen here... **From the moment I can reproduce the bug, the fix time is between minutes to few days.** No more. Else, it can take months, literally. Cause maybe that stupid tiny bug happens only if you have certain modules active, certain DSMC feature, in multiplayer environment and when the temperature in Miami is -5°C (spoiler alert: not so frequently).

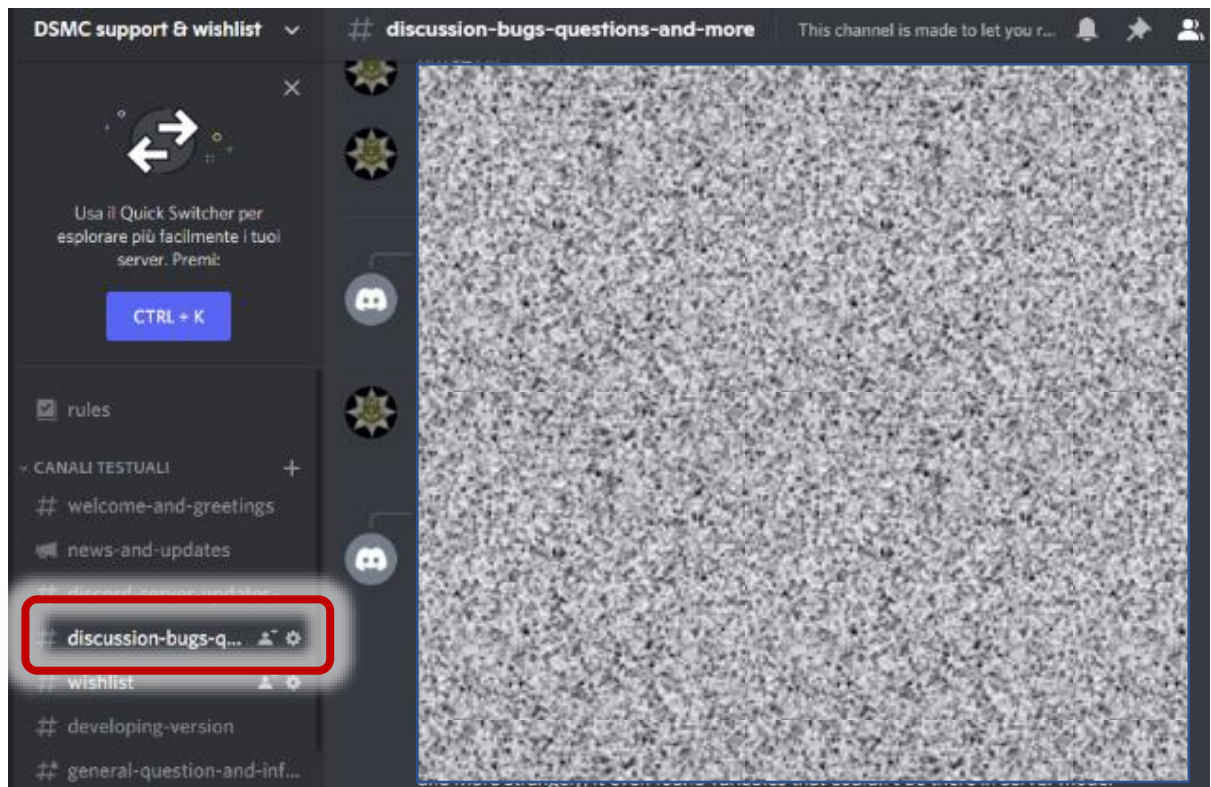
Ok, so, what's the solution? Easy: you provide information to me about what was happening exactly so that I can go straight to the

³ If you don't know who I'm talking about, doesn't matter. But if you're a tester and think that I'm talking to you, well, it's you.

bug. How? Not by a phone call for sure... I'm asking only a very small effort, that anyway it's **very very important**.

This is the required infos:

- Send "logs". Logs file are **dcx.log**, **dcx.log.old**, **DSMC.log**, **DSMC_old.log**. You can find them in your Saved Games\DCS.*whateverversion*\Logs\ folder;
- Send the miz file you're using;
- Then, once you collected those 5 files, join DSMC discord channel and briefly tell me what triggered the bug from your point of view in the discussion-bugs channel:



One last thing, I'm telling this to spare a lot of your time... and mine also. DSMC use extensively DCS native scripting functions, that allow this mod to be very very resistant to the updates because ED try every time to do not mess up its scripting engine (SSE).

Sadly, many users that empty additional scripting frameworks such as mist or MOOSE are not trained to check if their implementation cause errors in the SSE (you can check reading dcs.log)... on the

contrary, there's a frequent use of a "silencing" functions that prevent DCS to show the error if happens. That is not good.

Once an error happens, that SSE function is broken and won't work anymore in that mission run... and sometimes, nothing happens player-side, everything *seems* to work perfectly (it is not). If that functions are used by DSMC, it will break it. **But it's not a bug.** It's an error generated by other scripts, that needs to be addressed by the mission designer in its scripts. So please, before reporting a bug, check your scripts behaviour. The easiest things to do, when possible, is to try again with DSMC with those scripts disabled. If everything's works fine, There's something to be fixed your side. In that case I can provide help anyway in DSMC discord channel by checking the logs and telling you where the issue happens. This is happening at least 8 times out of 10 bug reports, it's perfectly ok.

6 DSMC USE: SP/HOST VS SERVER MODES

DCS can be used in single-player (SP) or in multi-player. Multi-player also can be done in different ways: you can simply host a mission, you can host with some “special” additions like “--norender”, or you can use the *dedicated server* install provided by Eagle Dynamics. The only thing you need to know is that DSMC reads your preferences in different ways depending on the mode you use DCS.

6.1 Single player & host with graphics

This is the “basic” DSMC mode. It will require no additional modification and allows DSMC to be customized and configured using the special options menu, in the DCS World user interface.

This mode should be used for single players and multiplayer hosts who run the simulation without using a dedicated server. It relies on the 3D interface for configuration.

That last part is why I added “with graphics” to this paragraph title: as you will read in the next one, if you run DCS without rendering, you won’t be able to use the user interface and DSMC will automatically switch to server mode.

To do a quick test, follow those steps:

1. Go into the DCS mission editor
2. Open a mission
3. Save the mission renaming with “*DSMC_missionname.miz*”. DSMC will only work if the first letters of the mission name are “**DSMC**”, case sensitive
4. Load the mission, from the editor or from the main menu
5. Enter a client unit or, with Combined Arms, into a tactical commander or game master slot
6. You will see an additional option using F10 radio menu. If you choose “*DSMC - save progress*” it will start a sequence of trigger messages and it will print “*scenery saved!*” in some seconds.

You can now exit the mission, go to the default DCS mission folder (\Saved Games\DCS.*whateverversion*\Missions) and open the and you will see a new mission named “DSMC_*missionname*_001.miz”.

Done!

Additionally, DSMC monitors the connected player counts. DSMC will perform an automatic save procedure by itself when the server is empty or only the host is online!

BEWARE: the save process is complex and heavy, **it might takes minutes for complex missions**. Do not run it continuously, or while clients are connected, in order to avoid momentary server disruption!

6.2 Servers: dedicated & host with “--server” or “--norender”

This mode is made with server administrators in mind, and allows some additional features & options such as:

- Extremely light auto-save process every “n” minutes (1 to 480)
- No screen information messages during the save process
- Ability to disable the “F10 menu save option” to prevent clients using it
- Automatically modify the ServerSettings.lua to make the saved mission the next one on restart to allow 24/7 server easy-to-use setup

By design, the configuration of this mode is done using the “**DSMC_Dedicated_Server_options.lua**” file instead of the GUI special options menu. “.lua” are basically text files, but to be edited properly you’ll need to use a very common app named “notepad++”:

<https://notepad-plus-plus.org/downloads/>

Dedicated Server mode to *desanitize* the *missionscripting.lua* file: if you use auto-save feature, DSMC will automatically desanitized the file for you (while keeping all the previous modification you maybe did on it). Else, you will have to do that yourself.

BEWARE: By default, DCS forbids the interaction with files and folders outside itself when run from within the mission. This process lowers the security level of DCS which, by default, prevents malicious code from being executed onto the Local File System.

In 'dedicated server mode' you won't have the radio menu options to begin the "heavy" save process (unless activated with customizable option), but you will also have a "light save" process every "n" minutes (frequency defined in the **DSMC_Dedicated_Server_options.lua**) which will create the saved files only when the mission is halted or stopped. This save won't immediately produce the new miz file, so don't look for it before the simulation is completely closed/stopped.

In addition, DSMC will perform an automatic full save every time the last client leaves the server.

DSMC also attempts to save when the dedicated server is closed from Windows, however this method is not supported and requires a 'graceful' process exit.

To help server admin that want to run 24h servers, given that DCS and DSMC don't like that much the windows process killing procedure, DSMC provide an automatic close to desktop command that can be set every "n" hours, from 1 to 24: i.e., If set with 6 hours, after 6 hours of simulation DCS will try to close it to desktop. Try... why? Cause if there are clients connected, it will wait till the last one is out, checking every 5 minutes.

BEWARE: DSMC does not support missions' lists. It does require DCS to close and restart any time you save the mission!

DSMC will continuously increment the next mission to run in Dedicated Server mode. DSMC will create an additional duplicate of the saved file named DSMC_ServerReload_*nnn*.miz, where "nnn" is a progressive number beginning with 001. **If the mission list is made only by 1 mission, the DSMC one**, the saved file will be automatically set as "first mission to run" when the dedicated server is launched. Server Administrators can leverage this mode to have 'hands-off' continuous persistence.

6.3 Scenery save activation matrix

As a reminder, DSMC can perform two different save procedure:

- Full save procedure
- Autosave procedure

Full save procedure it's a heavy process that must be avoided when clients are *doing things*. Because of that, full save happens only in specific moments:

- When the last client disconnects from a server;
- When a client uses the F10 menu options (manual activation).

Autosave is a very very light process that can be done in any DCS condition up to date without performance impact, while doing all the necessary maths only when the simulation is closing.

This matrix will try to sum up all the DSMC actions with different use:

		Autosave option disabled	Autosave option enabled
DCS execution mode	DCS exe (clean): single player	✓ F10 manual activation	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ <i>Autosave</i>
	DCS exe (clean) multiplayer host	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ Last client disconnects	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ Last client disconnects ✓ <i>Autosave</i>
	DCS exe with "--server" or "--norender"	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ Last client disconnects	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ Last client disconnects ✓ <i>Autosave</i>
	Dedicated server executable	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ Last client disconnects	✓ F10 manual activation ✓ Last client disconnects ✓ <i>Autosave</i>

The save action will activate a process that will eventually produce one “.miz” file, named “(DSMC_yourmissionname)_001.miz”.

If the mission already has the 3 digits sequence at the end of the file name, it will add 1 to it. For example, if you start a mission called *DSMC_test_024.miz*, the saved file will be *DSMC_test_025.miz*.

Remember: **each save process will overwrite the save file**. So, if you save five times the scenery during the save mission, each time you will simply overwrite the previous save. DSMC doesn't care about previous save events: it will always look for the loaded file name and try to update or append the 3-digit code.

BEWARE: even if you use F10 option to save the mission, it's strictly necessary that you close the mission and then start the next one: until the simulation is completely stopped, DSMC can't reset and work on another file. You can't use the “load mission” trigger to load another miz.

7 HOW DOES IT WORK?

DSMC is a mod, loaded in DCS World using the inbuilt modding API. It's designed to be as light as possible during simulations, and if everything is ok you won't even notice that it's doing his job. How? Because almost all the functions that run within the simulation are event-related: they don't work continuously; they get in, only if called. And they use the same event recorder that DCS gives us and use for trigger systems.

Also, every function that runs inside the simulation, has as little calculations as possible and the least table traversing as possible. What does that mean? You shouldn't really care. What you should care about is that DSMC is trying its best to do not overload your system while running... at least when it's possible.

DSMC collects data to tables, and when it's the right moment, do all the necessary calculations and pack up a new .miz file. This part is very heavy to your system, so it's never done during the simulation unless you call it by choice using F10 menu options. DSMC does that automatically when the last clients disconnect... that is a crafty way to say that if you are in single player mode, you necessarily have to save the mission using F10 menu because you won't have clients connected.

There is also an additional trick, the autosave function. That is an interesting way to collect the saved data continuously every "n" minutes, and when the simulation closes down. This means both; if you end the mission or if you close DCS to desktop, it will create the saved files. When this option is enabled (or when you're running it in dedicated server mode or in a standard host with no 3D graphic), DSMC will automatically try to desanitize your missionscripting.lua! **This process may fail if you have your main DCS directory protected by windows from writing.**

In the end, when autosave option is enabled, you will also have a DCS crash recover save functionality! As soon as you restart DCS, this mod will check for saved data availability and if it finds what is

needed it will create a new autosaved file to be immediately set as current mission for servers & multiplayer.

In the next pages I'll try to add much more details about how the mod behaves and "think", if you like that word. Reading them will let you understand better the design and the workflow, if you like.

7.1 Structure

To add details about how it's done, DSMC is organized in different folders and group of files, which is the reason I suggest installing using a mod manager. Files, all placed in Saved Games\DCS.whatever\ folder, are separated in subdirectories:

- "\Scripts\Hooks\" folder. This contains a single mod file: DSMC_hooks.lua
- "\DSMC\" folder, with "\Docs\" and "\Files\" subfolder. Here you will find all the core files of DSMC
- "\Mods\tech\DSMC\" folder: here there are those files necessary for the in-game options menu

7.2 Why multiple files?

As said, DCS has an inbuilt API mod system, which is utilised by placing a file in the "\Scripts\Hooks\" folder, that is read automatically when you start DCS World.

This file leads the loading of all the other core files, say lua “modules”, which are inside the “\DSMC\” folder. Which files are loaded? Those that are related to the options you choose in the special options menu... we could say that each file other than “UTIL.lua” and “SAVE.lua” are related to a particular option. For example, “SPWN.lua” is the file related about tracking spawned unit, or “MOBJ.lua” is the file related the persistence of map object state.

This is done to reduce the impact of flaws in a single file, which will break that features while keeping functional everything else... and also, this way, any unnecessary code is not even loaded to the

simulation. Is this better than loading everything? No, but it's cleaner... what is not there cannot be an issue when bug fixing.

Regarding the files included in DSMC, only three are mandatory to let it run: SAVE.lua, EMDb_inj.lua and UTIL.lua. Obviously if you delete the others, bad things may happen.

7.3 Workflow: loading the mod & data transfer

DSMC files are loaded as soon as you enter DCS, but are used only when you load a mission. DCS lua geeks like to say that this mod is run into the "Server environment". I won't dig too much into this, but to let you understand better what is going on, you should at least know that DCS World runs two different coding "environments".

One, the *server env*, is almost unlocked and powerful except for compiled .dll files. You can read, write, modify data as you like and you can use all the functions ED put there to make it work. This env is used in main menu, mission editor, etc etc.

The other, called *mission environment* is where it runs all the lua code used to run the simulation. This environment is heavily protected, so much that is completely separated from the server env. You can't even read or write (unless you "desanitize" it, as you know).

The relationship between those env are difficult, most like those between you and your cat, if you have one. Server env can send code, functions, info inside the mission env. Like your cat can do with you. But mission env can't even pass information to the server env, except for few on/off parameters (flags) or text strings (chat, radio messages). Like you when you try to teach something to your cat: it works only to the extend he likes... other things simply don't work.

Back to us, DSMC runs in the server env to take advantage of its power but we put some code inside the mission env to build a data collection and exchange interface. I call this "injecting the code".

So, step by step, this happens:

Each time a mission is loaded, `DSMC_hooks.lua` will check if the `.miz` file name start with the magic four letter "DSMC": if so, it loads everything you asked in the options menu. If not, it stops immediately letting you run DCS as if DSMC never existed. Also, it creates a temporary folder in the default mission folder used to archive autosave data and information.

Once loaded, the only files that perform actions inside the mission environment are "`EMDB_inj.lua`" and "`TRPS_inj.lua`". The first is the data collector for saving activity, the latter is the CTLD modified code that is loaded only if you activate the corresponding options... we will talk about that later.

Our hooks file also set a series of callbacks that will pull the trigger of the code when needed, using DCS modding API system. If you run a "desanitized" server, those triggers are almost completely performed by reading & writing files outside DCS mission environment to the DCS external environment: some call it plugin env, other server env, but it's the same: it's the environment used for main menu code with free access to the main lua functions.

If you run a standard server, the only way to get data from a running mission without desanitizing the environment is by using trigger messages. Collected data is stored into tables that instead of being written out to the mission environment, is "serialized" into text and sent out via trigger messages. Those messages activate a callback, that will check message content to find a table and if so, it will load the message as a string that magically is retransformed into a table.

With autosave options, the `EMBD_inj.lua` code will collect updated information every "n" minutes and saves them into tables. These are directly written to lua files in the temp directory. That is why when using autosave you need to run the "desanitized" version; else, you won't be able to write those tables out.

As described before, those things are designed to be "light", with as low impact as possible on CPU workload on the sim. Data is collected mostly using DCS event handlers (hoggit wiki is your friend if you

need a refresh), while the only recurring checks are about position & life points, and they're called in at every autosave.

7.4 Workflow: running the save procedure

In the first pages of this chapter you already had a sneak peek about when DSMC will save your scenario and when not, but here we will dig a little bit more.

The mod implements a very precise save procedure, which can be done “partially” or “completely”. The procedure is also smart: it will check if you run a desanitized environment and adapt itself.

The partial procedure simply collects data from the mission env and stores them into tables. If you run a desanitized environment, DSMC will also proceed by saving those tables into physical files. This is a fast & light process.

The complete procedure does the same things of the partial one but also performs all the operations in the server environment, including creating the new miz file or setting up the server config file. That is an intensive process, that **can literally halt your server for minutes** if run during a game session.

The complete save procedure can be described like this:

- Gets the “save now” order
- EMBD_inj took all the events populated tables (units, logistic, deaths, etc) and saves them
- Hooks file code load these tables into the server env, and triggers SAVE module to do its job
- SAVE module opens the original miz file you loaded, modifies mission, warehouse, dictionary and mapResource file, then repacks everything;
- Hooks then check if DCS is in server mode: if so, it will open server config files (serversettings.lua) and sets the path of this new copy as the first file to be loaded once DCS run

That's it. Simple, right? Well, **NO**, for goodness sake, it's not simple. The complicated part is about matching data from the mission environment, transforming them with consistency in a format expendable for the server environment, and put every piece in the correct place of the new .miz file that is created. That part is not covered in detail in this manual: really, it's something between 3.5K and 4K lines of code plus 7K+ for the CTLD clone itself (which is 99.9% Ciribob work)... with my ability to synthesize and my language skills I'll probably end up in something like Lord of the Ring capable to kill your grammar teacher in no more than 50 words [sic]. [*EDITOR: I have no idea what the mad person was writing here, so I left it as is for the enjoyment of future generations of scripters*]

7.5 Workflow: where are my saved scenery files?

This time the answer is truly easy. All saved missions are stored in your personal "Saved Games\DCS.*whatever*\Missions" folder. Would you like to change this? Don't. This time it's better if you adapt your habit on this.

Basically, you will have one file saved if you run single player, while you're going to find **two** files if you run a server with autosave enabled.

The file you will always find is **DSMC_yourmizfilename_###.miz**, where "###" is a progressive number starting from 001. That will represent the last complete save procedure picture of your mission. It will be always there after a successful save.

So, for example, you want to host a mission with your friend using your dedicated server. You set up everything, ready for launch.

Your mission file is "ExampleMission.miz" what will happen? Nothing, cause you didn't add the DSMC tag: DSC will run like DSMC is not existing.

Ok then, you rename it to "DSMC_ExampleMission.miz". This time DSMC will run: if you quickly connect to the server you might see the

“introduction” message of DSMC that confirm correct mod loading. Once all the clients are in, you fly your mission.

At the end of the mission, everyone disconnect from the server. In less than few seconds, a new mission “.miz” file is created, named “DSMC_ExampleMission_001.miz”. You can edit it, or not, and fly again.

If you fly another sortie with “DSMC_ExampleMission_001.miz”, the new saved file will be named “DSMC_ExampleMission_002.miz”, and so on.

The second file is **DSMC_ServerReload_***nnn***.miz**: as said before "nnn" is a progressive number used to enable the possibility for the server to load a mission after the other, without having to touch the Mission Editor.

Why creating other files instead of updating the first one? For two valid reasons:

1. Windows won't let you do that. While DCS is running, the open .miz file is considered “in use”, therefore a VRS error will be prompted in dcs.log and nothing will be saved (that's a very good reason, you know);
2. Cause if something goes wrong...I bet you would prefer to have the original file to work on.

8 DSMC CUSTOMIZATION

In this paragraph I'll try to explain how each option is going to change DSMC behaviour & alter the save .miz file result.

You know, in the testing phase of DSMC (yes, we did one) some of the additional options DSMC provided weren't understood. Also, some of those options will require to be used correctly, else they won't work!

As described in chapter 6 the mod will “read” your customization preference in different ways depending on how you run DCS (single player, multiplayer with graphics, server mode.... Etc).

Since you can customize a lot of things that will change the behaviour of DSMC and therefore the saved .miz file, but many of them are not relevant if you're not a server admin, the mod handles customization options differently.

Basically, if you run DCS with graphic interface, being able to access to the options menu, you will see some customizable options directly in the “special options” menu, where DSMC is like any other modules.

Else, you must customize the *DSMC_Dedicated_Server_options.lua* file available in the mod root folder before enabling the mod.

First of all, **you will find in paragraph 8.1 all those things that you won't be able to customize, cause they're part of the DSMC core.**

Then, **if you use DCS single player or you host mission for some friends**, while not employing a “server” setup with no graphic interface, **check paragraph 8.2.**

Else, **if you're using a dedicated server install or a modified standard install to make it a server**, like adding “--server”, or “--norender” DCS updater modification, **check 8.3.**

Each option is explained separately starting with those customizable by the options menu. You will see some “variable names” even in single player explanation: don't worry these are there as reference values for server customization which need .lua edit, cause main

options work the same way and therefore it seemed stupid to me to write them twice.

8.1 Basic always-on features

DSMC is not a “mod collections” or a “Sandbox mod”, it’s a specific mod with some specific goals: some things that are mandatory to reach these goals and therefore won’t be removable. They may be obvious, but it’s not bad to make a simple list here. Let’s start:

- Ground units’ position update: this is not going to be removed or modified in any case;
- Ground units alive/dead state: Dead units will be removed. You can choose about the “wreckage”, but not about the killing;
- Static object can change coalition! If any static object is surrounded by enemy coalition units within 1000 m when the mission ends, in the next mission it will change coalition like happens for airbases & helipads;
- Ships position update: Except the carrier group, ships will do the very same of ground units;
- Air units are not... units. They are slots. Therefore, no update is provided. That will preserve all your AI planning... check Automatic Slot Creation if you need something there;
- Routes of both ground and naval groups will be removed. That is necessary to avoid weird situations where a ground group moved for 30 miles will try to go back to the start before moving into new position. As described elsewhere, you should provide some dynamic routing (or wait a year or two for DSMC 2.0);

8.2 Single player & Host with graphics customization



Single player and host with graphic use is user friendly: you won't need to edit any lua file! There is a special options menu in DCS, like any other modules. The special menu page has the layout you can see in the figure above: there is only one very important thing you need to remember: **each time you change an option, you will need to close & restart DCS**. Let's see all the possible customization!

8.2.1 Map object state persistence

Variable name: *DSMC_MapPersistence* – **true/false**

Enable/Disable the feature that keeps track of destroyed scenery objects. Scenery objects are bridges, buildings, factories, airports structures, **anything that is by default already on the map**. All the other objects, those you add as a mission designer, are not “map objects”.

If this option is enabled, a destroyed bridge will stay destroyed in the saved mission.

How it works: This is done by keeping track of every "death" event related to a scenery object. In the saved mission there will be a single trigger created (that will be “updated” in subsequent missions) that contains a very small "zone" for each object, in which anything is set to "dead". These zones are by default created as “hidden”, because they could rapidly build up to hundreds if the battle happens nearby towns.

If you need to “restore” a destroyed object, you can simply get to the zone list, make them show up and remove the zone related to the object you want to restore. You will recognize those zones easily cause they all start with “*DSMC_ScenDest*” and followed by the DCS object ID. Here’s what you can see in the saved file after a big explosion in Zugdidi (zones have been unhidden):



These zones are very small, but sufficient to set that object as dead. Also, that works for airbase warehouses... if you destroy the fuel tanks, that airbase won't be able to refuel aircraft, even in subsequent missions and even if the warehouse in the mission editor show available fuel (in the next picture: Batumi airport fuel & weapon storage building as visible in the mission editor)



An important side note: as said, if you destroy all ammo or petrol warehouses of an airport, it won't be able to give the corresponding item to anything spawning on that... even in a subsequent saved mission. But, as for a DCS limitation, anything that is spawned in the ME and activated at second "0" of the mission, will be able to load what is needed anyway. That is because the persistency trigger is set at mission start, but mission start is not before the creation of mission object such as airplanes or units. What does this mean? Two things. Think about this scenario: in mission "003" all fuel tanks of Gudauta are destroyed. Therefore:

- If you want Gudauta to be unable to give fuel to airplane, you must set those airplanes as "late activation" (even 1 second);
- If you need something to start immediately from Gudauta, simply add the group and don't touch anything else;

- If you want something to start anyway but not at mission start, you need to set as "uncontrolled" and then push the task to start it accordingly to your needs.

Performance impact: none.

Issues: not exactly a DSMC issue, but... destroying bridges could lead to bad things when you try to route convoys... and that's the purpose to break a bridge, to be honest. Therefore, keep an eye on what you task your ground forces after a few missions... you don't really want a Tank to do 3000 kilometers via the Roki tunnel because you wanted to cross a 200 m bridge nearby Sochi.

8.2.2 Create scenery wreckage

Variable name: *DSMC_StaticDeadUnits* – **true/false**

Enable/Disable the feature that creates a "dead" static object of the same shape that was the real unit where this unit died. Not applicable to map objects (that is another server-customization option).

Purpose? almost nothing, but it's useful for scenery immersion.

BEWARE: to avoid issues with DCS ground units pathfinding, if the deaths happens over a taxiway, a runway or a road, it won't create wreckage!

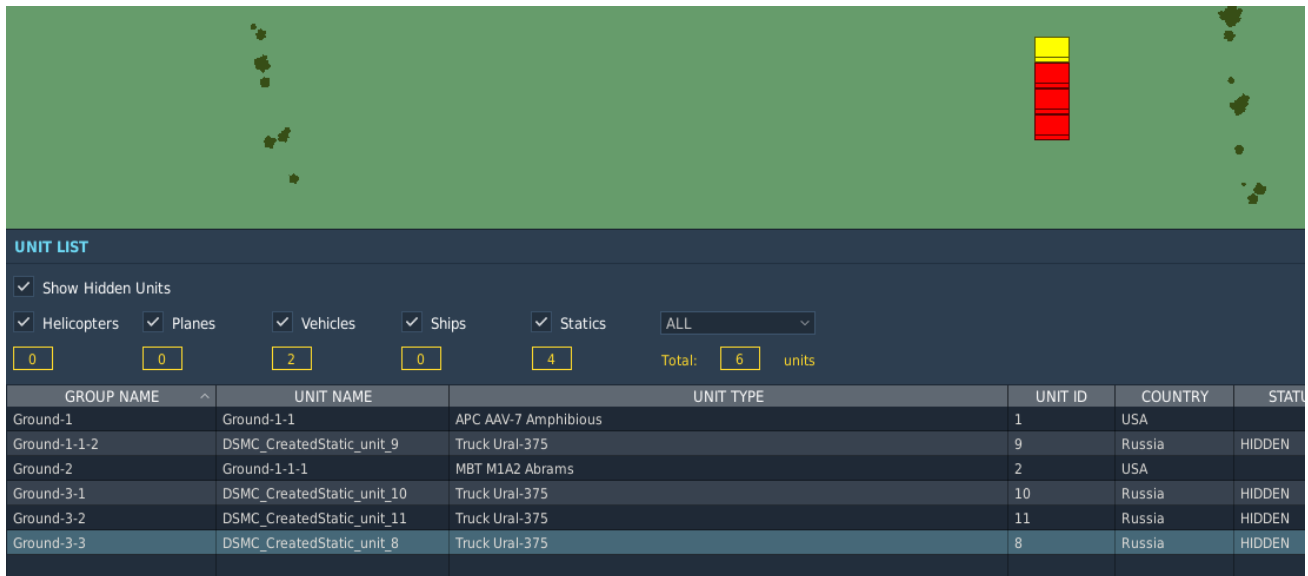
How it works: This is done by keeping track of every "death" event related to a unit or static object. DSMC will natively remove the object from the map. With this option enabled, it will also create a static object unit of the same type of the killed one (if available), set as "dead" and "hidden" in the mission editor to avoid confusion with other units.

This is pretty straightforward for ground units: where they die, the dead objects are created. It's less obvious for other categories:

- Infantry won't create dead objects. Cause this is not carmageddon... or if you're crueller, everyone has been eaten overnight by animals;
- Ships... well, they sunk. No static there;

- Planes & helos: they actually produce a static object where DCS decides that the unit is killed. Which might not be exactly where it crashes, but maybe near that point.

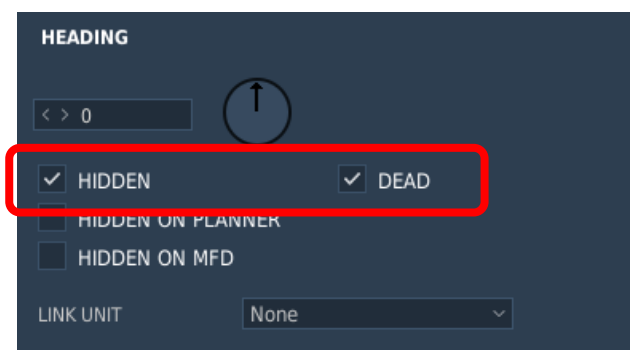
Here's a picture of what you should expect in the mission editor (note that I already checked the "show hidden units" box!):



As you can notice if you can magnify the picture, you can see that:

- Dead units are hidden. I know, I wrote that before...
- Units name have been changed! They always start with "DSMC_CreateStatic_";
- Group name is not changed.

Looking in the objects tab there are the dead & hidden box checked:



Performance impact: almost none, but with intense scenario might lead fast to hundreds of static dead objects.

Issues: none reported. Static creation might not happen if DCS does not have a proper "dead object" 3D model.

8.2.3 *Randomized climate stats-driven weather update*

Variable name: *DSMC_WeatherUpdate* – true/false

Enable/Disable the option to track automatically update the weather in the saved mission. The weather will be randomized using real world statistic data and will work differently in every map.

Randomization will modify, using month/day/hour dataset:

- Temperature;
- Precipitation;
- Wind strength and directions;
- Fog and/or Sandstorm;
- QNH;
- Clouds coverage/preset, minimum altitude and thickness.

So yes, in January over the shore nearby Sochi it's likely to find a bit of fog in early morning.

How it works: Very boring bunch of code here. I'll save you this one.

Performance impact: none.

Issues: currently the cloud randomization is limited as “try to identify preset over the available that might be closer to the randomized climate outcome”. Therefore, it's expected to improve over time.

8.2.4 *Add spawned objects to the saved mission*

Variable name: *DSMC_TrackSpawnedUnits* – true/false

Enable/Disable the option to track spawned objects or not add them in the saved mission file. If false, everything you added into the mission using scripts, won't be saved (and therefore won't be there in the saved file).

BEWARE: as better explained in the mission design guidelines section, **you should be very aware that spawning should be controlled with care:** if you have a mission that spawns some groups of tanks each launch, you will have the scenario clogged with hundreds of tanks in very few save iteration... cause each time

DSMC will save those tanks, but you keep spawning other at any saved mission start! DSMC can't know that those "spawned tanks" were the same of the previous mission.

The most common issue with this option on is about mission randomization, cause **if you use a defined set of assets that are randomized at each mission start, those assets will be duplicated each mission start**. First time you spawn 15 groups, then next time you spawn 15 groups again... but the first 15 are already there! Functions like "teleport" in mist or similar are nothing more than a refined "destroy & rebuilt", that use the spawning functions of DCS.

There's a solution: don't spawn, or do that only once in the very first mission: if you use AI tasking with mist, or MOOSE ,or any other scripts to handle your enemy behaviour this will be a better solution over any randomization. It can be difficult in the very first approach, cause many mission designers (including myself) have been trained over time to "randomization is the way to ensure re-playability of the mission".

But that is the wrong approach here: re-playability is a factor when you can't alter the scenario over time, which is exactly what DSMC provide: here you don't need to re-play the mission! Here you need to set different objectives over time cause the previous ones might be gone very fast. Obviously coupling this with an AI enhanced behaviour to react to your actions, like a small repositioning script, is much better but currently DSMC does not provide that and it's up to you as a mission designer to provide this at its best.

8.2.5 Automatic client's flights (slots) creation

Variable name: *DSMC_CreateSlotHeliports* – **true/false**

Variable name: *DSMC_CreateSlotAirbases* – **true/false**

These options allow DCS to clear the all client's flights in an airbase or heliport and add new flights according to the DCS warehouse content, **up to 4 two-ship flight for flyable aircraft**, if the warehouse

is not set as “Unlimited Aircraft” and if it’s belonging to any coalition but “Neutral”, depending on parkings availability.

This feature is designed with 24/7 hours’ server in mind, to allow a plug & play updated client’s flights layout each time the mission restarts. That said, these features can also be useful for squadrons or mission designer that do mission editor update of each saved files.

When employed correctly, this option will enable a very powerful gameplay feature, with a couple of drawbacks to be considered. The gain is easy to understand:

- No more slot block needed: The system will dynamically remove & add slots each time;
- No action required by the mission designer to add or remove slots from the mission file in case of coalition change of airbase or FARP: The system add slots of the coalition which own the airbase (the warehouse, to be precise): you will actually be able to “stole” items & therefore slots when you get the airbase/FARP ownership;
- All flights won’t be affected, it’s only a client flight thing.

The drawbacks:

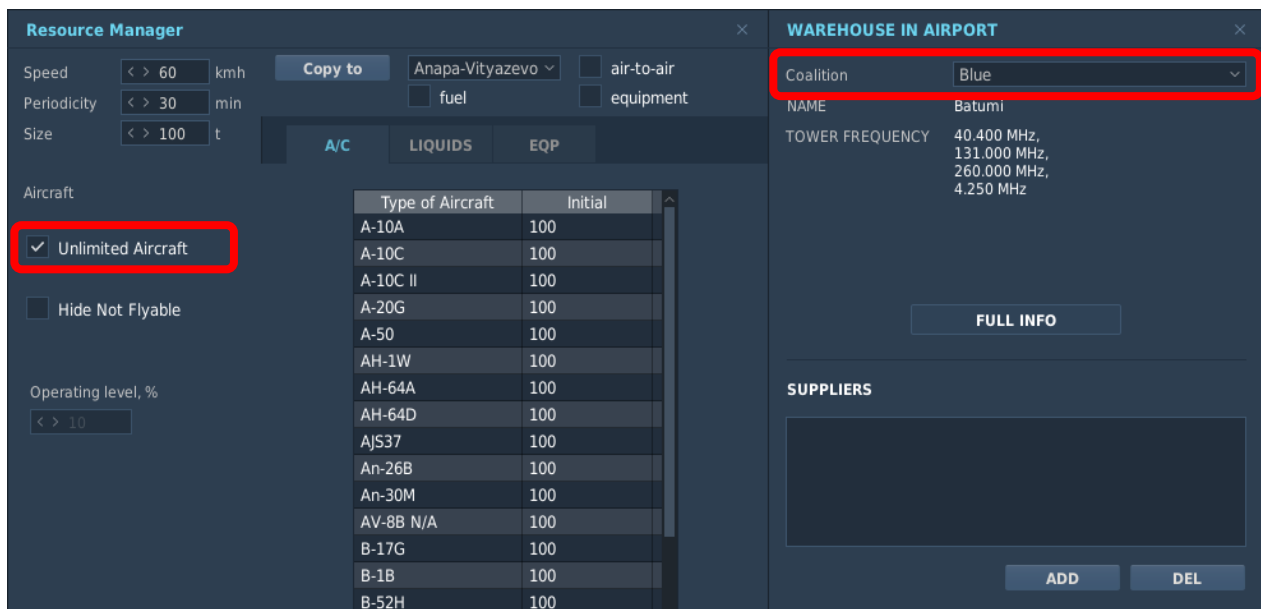
- Read carefully “how it works” and chapter 10.9. Can be difficult to avoid errors with airbases, and you will need to use the warehouse system, or it won’t work as expected;
- Every created flight won’t have waypoints: the pilots will need to add them (or the mission designer starting from the saved mission);
- All the existing client flights (in the *limited* airbase/FARP) will be removed in these airbases/FARP, so pay attention to any script that use naming convention. *This is anyway one of the key mission design guidelines of DSMC...*

How it works: from now all the client’s group added in the mission editor won’t be aircrafts or helicopters groups anymore. For us, those are **slots**. Why? There’s a couple of differences between all the other unit’s types and aircrafts:

- the firsts do not have store in the DCS warehouses (RMS – Resource Management System), while the latter does.
- The first can be placed on map w/o limits, while the latter can be added (on airbases) as much as available parkings... and no more.

If you want to use this feature, the only two important rules to make this happen, are:

- the airbase/FARP must be not neutral;
- the warehouse must not have the option “unlimited aircraft” checked;



If these rules are not met, you PC will melt dow... ok, no, it simply won't create slots **in that specific airbase/FARP**. Since usually no-one touches neutral airbase warehouse and that DCS sets them by default unlimited, if you don't deliberately change it, it won't generate slots. There are also a couple of fact that as a mission designer you might want to consider:

- Airbase that does not meet the slot creation requirement also won't remove existing client's slots! So, if you won't to change clients group in a specific airbase... leave it “unlimited aircraft”;

- The airbase could still be limited in liquids and munitions! Only the aircraft tab will define slot creation;
- Ships won't create slot in any conditions, even if set properly: so they will preserve their original client's slots.

If you want to employ this powerful feature, it's highly recommended that you read chapter 10.9 to fully understand how it works and what you can and can't do with it.

8.2.6 Mission date & start time update

Main variable name: *DSMC_UpdateStartTime* – **true/false**

Option variable name: *DSMC_UpdateStartTime_mode* – **1, 2 or 3**

Enable/Disable the option to modify the starting hour and date of the next mission. Here you have 4 choices:

- A. Do not change the start time/date (set false the *main variable*)
 1. Change it, using the start time as the exact simulation date & time of the save command (*option variable* to 1);
 2. Change it, using a randomized hour in the next day relative to the mission flown and saved (*option variable* to 2);
 3. Change it, using the very same hour of the original mission but the current real-world date (*option variable* to 3).

So, here you have to decide how this feature would change your saved file. "A" and "1" are pretty straightforward: with "A" your saved file won't change mission start time & date.

With "1", you should find the exact time (& date) of when the mission has been saved. For example, if you start a mission at 14:00 and the save happens at 16:50, then you will find 16:50 as start time in the saved mission file.

Option "2" is different. First, it will change the mission date, adding 1 day: If your mission was set on 14th February 2018, the saved one will be on 15th February 2018. Then, it will change the mission start time with a random value starting from 04:00 and 16:00 (those values

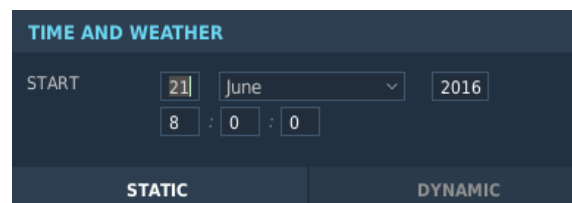
can be modified with advanced server options, while they're fixed for single player & local host mode).

This enable a much more variable scenario: for example, if you run a 24/7 server that is restarted every 8 hours, you will have the scenario date moving forward 3 times a day that will eventually lead to almost 1 months in less than 10 days. This thing is quite useful coupled with weather update, because you can see your scenery changing a lot over time.

Option “3” is a very specific feature asked by one of my testers that I decided to integrate in the code: It will change the mission date to the real-world date, while keeping the mission start time always the same.

If the mission is saved on 24th May, real world, the saved mission will be set in 24th May. But the hour will be ignored, so if the original mission has been edited to start at 07:00, all the saved mission will start at 07:00. That can be an ideal solution for a 24/7 server that restart once a day at a specific time.

How it works: It takes the value from the “mission” file inside the “.miz” archive and then update accordingly to the option variable. Those values are the same you set in the mission editor, time & weather menu. No specific additional action required.



These data are stored in the “.miz” file in 4 variables, that refers to the year, month, day and hour. The hour value is in seconds, while the others are integer numbers. For example, 14th May 2019 starting at 06:00 would be:

- Year: 2019
- Month: 5
- Day: 14
- Start time: 21.000 (seconds)

DSMC will gather those values directly from the mission file and then alter them accordingly to the option you choose.

Performance impact: none.

Issues: when thinking about sceneries that you want to be mostly in day-light, pay attention at option 2 during winter. To force day-light condition, randomization boundaries can be altered accordingly with advanced server options. Pay attention with mission dated 31st December 1969... please avoid that specific date: windows won't like it sometimes (trust me).

8.2.7 Resource tracking & scenery attrition

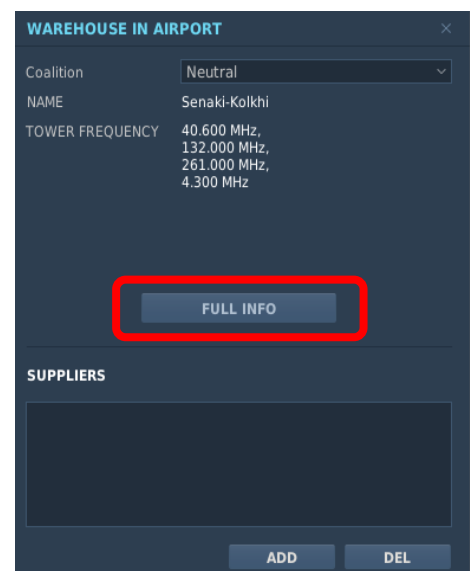
Main variable name: *DSMC_TrackWarehouses* – **true/false**

Enable/Disable the option to track all items as aircraft, fuel & weapons when the “warehouse” is not unlimited. This is a very powerful feature if used properly: you will be able to set-up from the easiest to the most complex attrition scenario, from limiting only some resources like aircraft or fuel to creating an articulated logistic net that can be enhanced by rotary wing operation or targeted by your enemies. Check scenery design guidelines for more details about the potential of this feature.

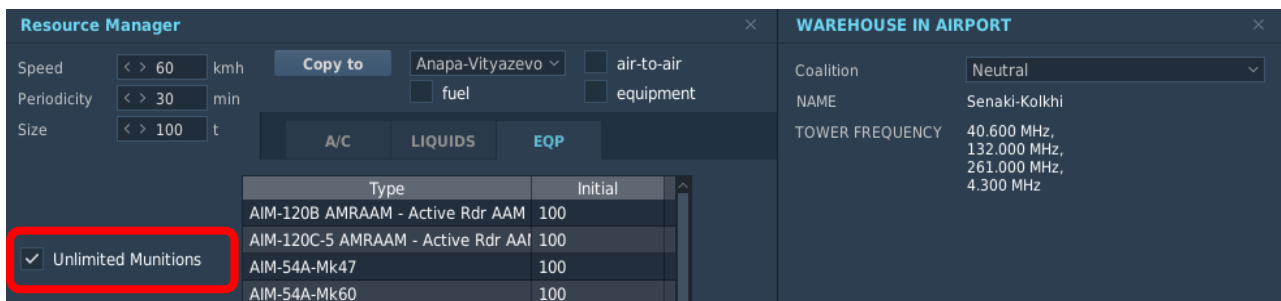
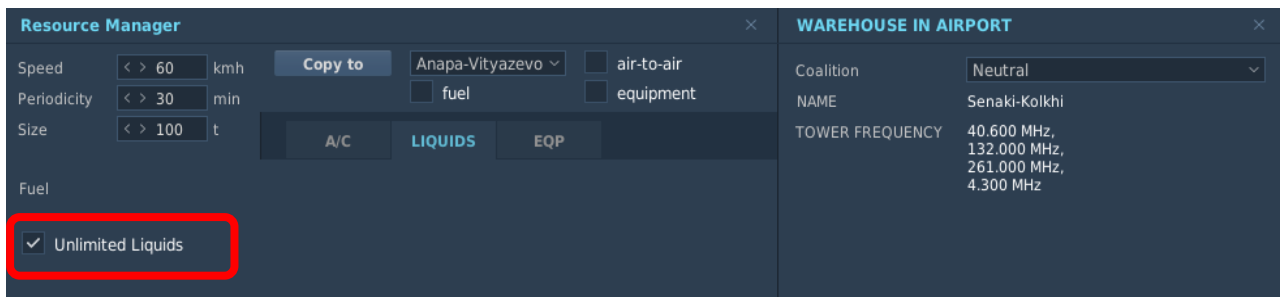
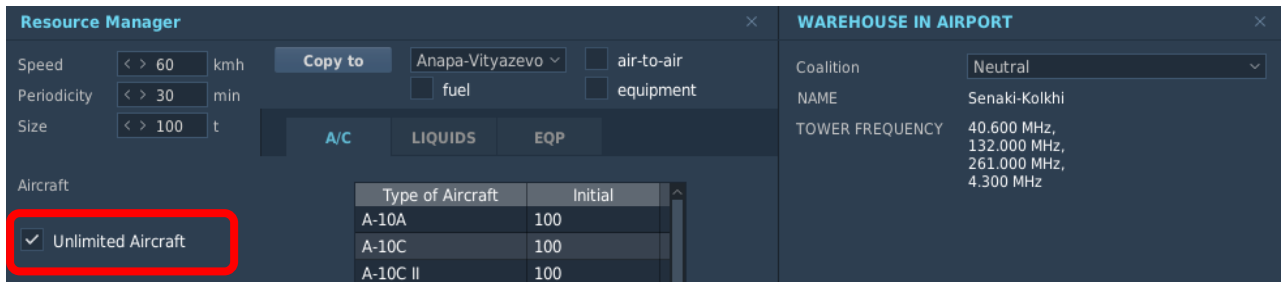
To enable the resource tracking you need to make the warehouse “limited” where you need. There are three type of resources in DCS:

- Aircrafts;
- Liquids (fuel);
- Munitions (& pods);

To access those, you'll need to enter the warehouse of the airbase, heliport, ship, oilrig, warehouse objects.



This is done by clicking the “full info” button while being in the airbase menù, that you get by clicking on the object in the mission editor map. Once clicked the resource manager menù will open on the left. There’s a tab for each category, each one with a “Unlimited (category)” menù:



Resource will be tracked for every **unchecked** “unlimited” category, while will be ignored if the category is unlimited. What does this mean?

If you take-off from an airbase with a couple of mirage armed with matra magic, then you land in another airbase, all those things (including fuel aboard the airplanes) will be removed from the departure airbase and will be added in the arrival airbase. But those operations will be done only if the airbase is “limited”: if the departure airbase is unlimited, you will have items added in the arrival base... but nothings happen in the departure. And vice-versa.

BEWARE: fuel tanks, pods & onboard guns won't be tracked. DSMC can't track "fuel tank" & "misc" items such pods, side guns. The POL stored inside the fuel tank is tracked, the object "fuel tank" is not. This is a limitation DSMC can't overcome due to DCS getAmmo() function limits.

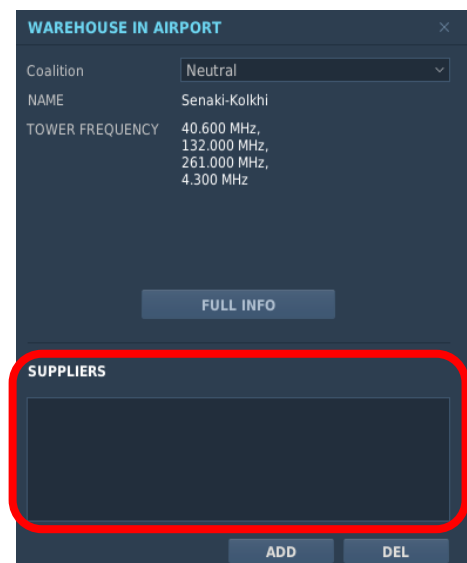
How it works: That was a very complex task to achieve, and it sticks to a couple of rules you must adhere. Resource management in DCS (RMS) is not accessible by scripting, so **I was not allowed to track changes in real-time during the mission.** The only way to track that data is "running" is via parallel code outside. The main differences you must consider are both about how items movement are tracked and how the resupply system is employed.

About items tracking, this is the most important things to know:

- The mechanism used by DCS to add and remove items from warehouse is by spawn & de-spawn. Instead, DSMC will use takeoff & landing events;
- The RMS works in real time during the mission... and it will still do its job while DSMC is running in the mission. And you will actually see the RMS adding & removing items in the warehouses. But those movements are not related to DSMC tracking: once the mission end, everything will be erased... and only movements tracked with DSMC will be used to update the warehouses.

While the real time RMS works will be ignored, DSMC provide a valuable supply system alternative. So:

- Real time supplies will not be tracked, so nothing that you could set using the RMS variables "speed", "periodicity", "size" and "operating level" will apply;
- But, still, DSMC will actually check the exact supply list that you can set in



the mission editor. The suppliers can be used to build a full production-to-end of pipeline... but it's a complex task, therefore I added a more detailed explanation in the *mission design guidelines* chapter.

Again, DCS maths is performed real time, during the simulation, therefore it's all about available items & petrol in the running mission. Else, DSMC maths is done after the mission, so it's about the starting items & petrol available for the next mission.

Check *mission designer guidelines* chapter! it will help you to get the best this feature can give you.

8.2.8 Autosave mission to prevent data loss in case of crash

Main variable name: *DSMC_AutosaveProcess* – **true/false**

Option variable name: *DSMC_AutosaveProcess_min* – **1 ÷ 480**

Enable/Disable the autosave feature by the main variable. This feature is designed to prevent data loss in case of DCS crash or issues during very long & complex saves. This will also enable a recover feature that will try to create an updated .miz file at the next DCS start.

The option variable will define which frequency DSMC will perform a data recording used then for the save procedure. This data gathering procedure is very very light and it's unlikely to have performance impact.

How it works: explained in “How does it work” chapter.

Performance impact: almost none but not totally zero, still I wasn't able to measure it in any tested scenario.

Issues: none directly related, but if you use mods or a script that overwrite *missionscripting.lua* at launch for any reason (i.e. SLmod) this feature might not work and can halt/prevent DSMC to work properly. If you don't know what I'm talking about, you should be safe.

8.2.9 Debug mode

Variable name: *DSMC_DebugMode* – **true/false**

Enable/Disable the debug verbose log calls. That should be always left off unless you're willing to provide me as much information as possible for debug. Leaving this option as checked not only will produce an enormous amount of data into the dcs.log and DSMC.log files (Saved Games\DCS.*whatever*\Logs folder), but will print a lot of annoying triggered text message during the simulation. Really, leave it off unless needed to reproduce and report a bug.

Performance impact: depends on scenario complexity.

Issues: none, but if you're activating this...

8.2.10 Ciribob's CTLD & CSAR modified scripts

Main variable name: *DSMC_automated_CTLD* – **true/false**

Optional variable name: *DSMC_automated_CSAR* – **true/false**

Enable/Disable the [CTLD by Ciribob](#) & [CSAR by Ciribob](#) modified & integrated scripts. Enabling this options, you will get the fantastic CTLD & CSAR script working inside your mission, with some additional features.

BEWARE: CSAR script can work only if CTLD is set to true.

You can still use classic or any other CTLD & CSAR version, but remember: if you want to use other version, you need to disable those provided by DSMC setting those variables to false.

Sadly, this will also “disable” any tracking feature... to be more specific: **if you built a FOB using DSMC's CTLD, the fob will be recognized & tracked in the next mission. If you use vanilla CTLD, this won't happen.**

CTLD code is modified in those aspects:

- Real slingload feature is active by default for any helicopter, while is not active for ground vehicles;

- Weight feeling added for infantries! if you load a squad team in your Huey, you will feel the weight;
- Reworked menù & crates in three different categories with different features each: **check player manual** for more info;
- SAM system is not fixed by coalition as blue = hawk and red = BUK/KUB. Now you will have almost all the available systems and their presence will depend on the countries you have in the coalition. For example, if Ukraine will be in the same coalition as US, you will have both Rapier and BUK systems. Also, SAM system will be employed as their effective service timeframe⁴: for example, Hawk won't be available after 1994 for US while it will be for Italy, Germany, etc. **You will need to have countries in each coalition, you cannot have only “Combined Joint Task Force Blue” and “Combined Joint Task Force Red”, or this won't work and you won't have any air defence units available;**
- You can use any units in a group, you're no more forced to create flights with 1 unit only to comply with DCS limitation. Any pilot in a flight will have commands for each flight member;
- Ground vehicle group will be able to load/unload troops & crates all units at once, not only the first unit of the group anymore. So you can transport 3 crates at once using a group with 3 trucks inside;
- Trucks will be able to handle crates & troops by default: one crate or 20 soldiers each. APC will handle squad of troops (6-8 soldiers). IFV will handle fireteams (3-4 soldiers). All APC and IFV will have a soldier team pre-loaded by default;
- Name coding for pilot units, extractable groups, zones and logistic object is not necessary anymore. DSMC's CTLD will automatically add to the corresponding lua tables any helicopters, spawned or included in mission into pilots table, and any groups of infantry-only units into extractable groups and

⁴ As per DCS timeframe function: if you need to check if a unit is available on your mission date, activate the mission editor time filter and check if it's there as a new unit. If it is, it's ok.

warehouses object (static objects: warehouse category) into logistic units;

Pickup zones are automatically added for every ship & every warehouse objects, while drop zone and wp zones are not used anymore.

- All ground groups made by only infantry units will be recognized as extractable by default (mortars soldier are not infantry for DCS!);
- FOB will include the standard three objects (outpost, beacon and tower) and also a working single pad FARP with ammo dump, fuel dump and windsocks. **BEWARE: if resource management is active, the new FOB helipad will be set to 0 items of all in the saved mission file! To make this option work, you also need that at least one warehouse (doesn't matter what) to be set as not unlimited in any category.**
- FOB will be recognized in the subsequent missions! see advanced mission design guidelines for details;
- JTAC units by default are Stinger and SA-18: those are still controllable by client but also valid troops for helos;
- If you forgot to add beacon.ogg and beaconsilent.ogg files, those are automatically added in a dedicated trigger as soon as you save the scenery
- If resource management system is active, you will also have some logistic crates available! Those don't need to be unpacked: you will only need to deliver them within 150 m from a FARP or Airbase center and the resources you have brought there will be added to the warehouse in the saved mission. You will have 3 options of fuel quantities to be delivered and some options for weapons: each weapons crate will add a fixed quantity (i.e. 20) to every item of the choosen category. Category are, for example: rockets, dumb bomb, guided bomb, air to air missiles, and so on.

CSAR code is added with limitation, cause by design DSMC won't consider some of the native options in CSAR scripts. In particular, these are the difference you will notice:

- CSAR script force the “csarMode” variable to 0, removing any aircraft disabling when downed thing. That is by design, cause DSMC won’t handle that part of gameplay due to tracking limitation. Also, mist is not needed anymore: the entire script is handled just like the inbuilt CTLD;
- Name coding for pilot units is not necessary anymore. DSMC’s CTLD will automatically add to the corresponding lua tables any helicopters;

CTLD & CSAR implementation are also provided with some custom additional server options, that will be explained in the next chapter.

Performance impact: depends on scenario complexity. Usually CTLD & CSAR scripts are “light”, but they can have an impact. This impact will be the very same of the original scripts.

Issues: none reported apart from RTFM the player manual: the behaviour of inbuilt version of these scripts is very different than the original ones and might require you and your clients to have a look.

8.3 Dedicated server & server mode customization

As said at the start of this chapter, if you run a server you can't customize DCS using the graphic interface. You will need to edit a file added right in the Saved Games\DCS.*whateverversion*\ folder.

This file is *DSMC_Dedicated_Server_options.lua* and will let you adapt DSMC to your needs with even more detail than what you have in the option menu, obviously always within the limit of the mods and DCS.

To edit this file, as it is for any other mods that use .lua to work for scripting, you'll need a slightly better text editor than windows notepad. You can use coding specific software like VS studio code, but if you're not that much into them (as me, when I started scripting with mist for example) you can rely a lot on [Notepad++](#): It's free, it's fast and it's very very easy & user friendly.

Going back to the start for few seconds, DSMC customization file is divided into three main sections:

- Options customization
- Server customization
- Advanced server customization

The first is what we already talked about, and the most important. In the lua file you will find the very very same structure of the special options menu, in the same order.

The second is a detailed customization that can alter behaviour of the standard options and add a couple more that might be relevant while being a server admin.

The third are "beta" fine tuning options that are mostly to be left as they are and are provided with no additional support besides a very basic explanation. If you want to try them, you can, but at your own risk in breaking the mod logic or the mission behaviour.

Let's dig in a bit in each one.

8.3.1 Options customization

Options customization are parameters available for both server mode and single player / host with graphics. These options are provided in the first section of the file and this is what you will find:

```
-- #####
-- OPTIONS CUSTOMIZATION #####
-- #####

-- those variables are the same you find in options menu. They are checked
-- after options menu! So if you're running with graphics, those options
-- running dedicated server, it will use the variables below.
-- Save scenery enhancement

DSMC_MapPersistence           = true      -- true / false
DSMC_StaticDeadUnits         = true      -- true / false
DSMC_WeatherUpdate           = true      -- true / false
DSMC_TrackSpawnedUnits       = true      -- true / false

DSMC_CreateSlotHeliports     = true      -- true / false. If true, 1
DSMC_CreateSlotAirbases      = true      -- true / false. If true, 1

DSMC_UpdateStartTime         = true      -- true / false. Works only
DSMC_UpdateStartTime_mode    = 1         -- 1,2 or 3. Ignored if Update

DSMC_TrackWarehouses         = true      -- true / false

--> Choosing Auto-Save will make DSMC automatically desanitizate Missiles
DSMC_AutosaveProcess         = true      -- true / false.
DSMC_AutosaveProcess_min    = 2         -- minutes, number, from 2

-- CTLD & CSAR setup stuff
DSMC_automated_CTLD         = true      -- true / false
DSMC_automated_CSAR         = true      -- true / false

-- Debug. Leave on only for bugtracking!!!
DSMC_DebugMode              = false     -- true / false
```

The layout is straightforward: variable name, a couple of tabs for prettier look, then the variable value. After it, a commented part that will super-briefly tell you variable valid values and constraint and when needed a small explanation. Still, please, RTFM (but if you read this, you're already doing this the right way).

I won't say anything more here, because you can find all those variables explained and referred in chapter 7.1.

8.3.2 Server customization

Server customization are parameters available only if you use a dedicated server install or if you launch DCS with “--norender” & “--server” additional configuration parameters to the .exe string.

These parameters are used to customize the behaviour of the main customization you read in the previous chapters. They have not much impact for single player use or for small groups that usually fly with a local host, so the values you see here as default are used in that case.

Else, as a server admin, you can change them to fit your needs.

```
-- #####
-- SERVER CUSTOMIZATION #####
-- #####

-- these additional configuration has effect ONLY when DSMC_UpdateStartTime
-- min & max is used to define the minimum and maximum hours used to ran
DSMC_StarTimeHourMin      = 5          -- 1-> 14. hour 0-24 that wi
DSMC_StarTimeHourMax      = 16         -- 15-> 23. hour 0-24 that w

DSMC_WarehouseAutoSetup   = true       -- true / false. If true, at
DSMC_DisableF10save       = true       -- true / false. F10 menù sa

DSMC_AutosaveExit_hours   = 25         -- value, 1->24 or 25. hours
DSMC_AutosaveExit_time    = 0          -- value, 1->23. hour at wit
DSMC_AutosaveExit_safe    = true       -- true / false. If false, t
DSMC_AutoRestart_active   = false      -- true / false If true, DSM

DSMC_CreateSlotCoalition  = "all"      -- "all", "blue", "red". Cas

DSMC_DCSR_useCoalitionMessages = true   -- true / false
DSMC_DCSR_clientPilotOnly  = false     -- true / false. If True, on
DSMC_CTLD_Realslingload    = true      -- true / false
```

Modified start time randomization

Variable name: *DSMC_StarTimeHourMin* – 1 ÷ 14

Variable name: *DSMC_StarTimeHourMax* – 15 ÷ 23

These options are used only if *DSMC_UpdateStartTime* is set to true and the additional *DSMC_UpdateStartTime_mode* option variable is set to “2”. Basically when you use that start time update mode, you ask DSMC to choose a random “start hour” value that will be applied

to your saved miz file. These option will limit the randomization span between a “minimum” and a “maximum” values.

For example, if you want mission starting only during daytime, you can set the min value to “9” and the max value to “15”. As you can see, you can’t have the opposite like a “only night” randomization... but you can always set it with “1” and “23”, basically telling DSCM to randomize the starting value all over the 24 hour of a day.

If you set a value outside the defined range, then your PC might explode as a nuclear bomb of about 3 megatons... or more likely it will automatically revert to a default value, that is “4” for minimums and “16” for maximum.

Automatic warehouse supply net

Variable name: *DSMC_WarehouseAutoSetup* – true/false

To better understand why this option can be relevant in your scenery, you might want to check *mission design guidelines* chapter first. But, if you won’t, you might simply ignore and leave it true: if you don’t set a supply net, or the system does not find the necessary objects in the simulation, it won’t have effect.

This option will make the whole supply net to be rebuilt each time you save a mission, before logistic and resupply calculation takes effect.

That is a VERY useful tool if you as mission designer decide to agree to the standard supply net, explained in the *mission design guidelines*, paragraph “Standard supply net” n° X.X. Why? Easy explained: DSMC provides the possibility to “conquer” static objects, like warehouse and FOB. If your coalition conquer a fuel depot, or a warehouse, this warehouse should be linked to your resource supply net.. but it won’t by default unless the mission designer change it in the mission file. With this option active, every mission the supply net will be rebuilt from scratch and therefore any newly acquired warehouse/FOB/etc will be included in the net and will be used immediately while calculating the resupplies.

Disable manual save capability

Variable name: *DSMC_DisableF10save* – **true/false**

This option allow you to remove the F10 menu “save scenery” action. This cause in MP DSMC automatically saves in multiple ways, so it might be safer to prevent a player doing a save action while playing that might result in a violent lag or worse, server crash.

Autosave additional features & setup

Variable name: *DSMC_AutosaveExit_hours* - **1 ÷ 24**

I added this for servers that works 24/7 to automatically close DCS after a defined amount of time, in hours.

It can be set with numeric values from 1 to 25, and they are meant to be “hours”. Any number above 24 (but I suggest to keep 25) means that this option won’t have any effects and virtually the mission won’t stop. Instead, any values between 1 and 24 will command a DCS shutdown after “n” hours.

Variable name: *DSMC_AutosaveExit_time* - **1 ÷ 23**

This option works only if *DSMC_AutosaveExit_hours* is set to “false”. It accept value from 1 to 23, and it will cause the server to save and close right at that time in 00:00 – 23:59 time span, real world. If you want your server to reset every morning at 5:00 am, you set this “5”.

Variable name: *DSMC_AutosaveExit_safe* – **true/false**

This option is set true by default: it will make DSMC to check if any client is connected to the server. If so, it will print an advice and then wait 10’ to retry. Else, if false, it will save the server and close regardless of any connected clients.

Variable name: *DSMC_AutoRestart_active* – **true/false**

Since DSMC 1.2.0 there’s an auto-restart feature **with limited functionality**. It’s a windows task manager code that checks when DCS stop running and, when so, it automatically restart it. That,

coupled with controlled save & close provided by the AutosaveExit options, makes a DCS server 24h/7days proof.

Sadly, **this code has proven to be not perfectly reliable**. It might work or not, you should try & see. Also, it's extremely important that you consider this: **AUTORESTART IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH MULTIPLE SERVER INSTANCES**. It works only if you use one.

BEWARE: if autorestart does not work you will still need some kind of support, a software like *Restart On Crash* or a windows task manager script that provide restarting feature.

So... why use this feature instead of closing the simulation with the same task manager script then?

Because this option does a very useful thing: DCS won't go down exactly when the timer goes to zero... *it will try* to go down. As said, if any client is still connected, then it will print a message to everyone and then it will retry in 10 minutes.

So, if one of your clients is going to be back late from a mission, the server will not close "killing" the pilot and the related resources. **It will wait until the player disconnect and then, when the timer arrives to the next 10 minutes' step, it will shut down.**

The main positive things about this is to have a controlled and gracefully shutdown: with very complex mission (>2000 units) the save time might be so long (>2 mins!) that windows might recognize DCS as "halted" and kill the process itself. Doing this, there's a probability that the save won't work as expected... So, if you're running a 24/7 server, I strongly suggest you to use this option.

Slot creation coalition settings

Variable name: *DSMC_CreateSlotCoalition* – "all" / "blue" / "red"

This option works only if *DSMC_CreateClientSlot* is enabled. It's set "all" by default, so that helicopter' slots are created for both coalitions. You can either set this "blue" or "red" to limit the slots creation to only one coalition.

If slot creation is disabled for one coalition, it will also mean that clients slots won't be deleted even in heliports/airbases that are set to "limited".

CTLD & CSAR scripts additional settings

Variable name: *DSMC_DCSR_useCoalitionMessages* – true/false

This option is related to CSAR scripts text messages that are sent to the entire coalition when a pilot gets downed. You can choose if deny those messages, cause maybe you have a human controller or other system that could report the event in a different way. Nothing else is changed: the task will be added anyway in the F10 menu as usually done by CSAR script.

Variable name: *DSMC_DCSR_clientPilotOnly* – true/false

This option is related to CSAR tasking. By default, CSAR script will recognize any event of a pilot downed, both if it happens with an AI flight or a client flight. By setting this option to "true", CSAR script will filter and provide tasking only for human pilots.

Variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_RealSlingLoad* – true/false

Enable/Disable the "real slingload" option of CTLD, as it is. Basically if disabled you will be able to "load" crates virtually in your helicopter without the need to sling load them.

This option obviously applies only to helicopters: all others systems like ground vehicles has virtual sling load active by default.

8.3.3 Advanced server customization

Advanced server customization are parameters available only if you use a dedicated server install or if you launch DCS with “--norender” & “--server” additional configuration parameters to the .exe string.

These parameters should not be changed unless you know that those changed will need consistent testing in your scenery and I can't provide detailed support or debug if something don't work as expected, therefore, before reporting a bug please check these option are set as listed below (I've been sufficiently scary? If not, read again).

These options are added to allow some fine tuning for specific server's admin needs. A very brief explanation is provided below.

```
-- #####
-- ADVANCED SERVER CUSTOMIZATION  ## TOUCH THIS AT YOUR OWN RISKS! ##
-- #####

-- warehouse fix base quantity
DSMC_baseQuantity          = 0          -- number, from 0 to 1000,

-- CTLD advanced setup
DSMC_CTLD_JTACenable       = true       -- true / false. If set fal
DSMC_CTLD_AllowCrates      = true       -- true / false
DSMC_CTLD_AllowPlatoon     = true       -- true / false      BEWARE:
DSMC_CTLD_crateReductionFactor = 1.5     -- number, from 1 to 4 with
DSMC_CTLD_longRangeSamCrates = true     -- true / false
DSMC_CTLD_UnitNumLimits    = false      -- true / false
DSMC_CTLD_Limit_APC        = 200        -- number
DSMC_CTLD_Limit_IFV        = 150        -- number
DSMC_CTLD_Limit_Tanks      = 80         -- number
DSMC_CTLD_Limit_ads        = 50         -- number
DSMC_CTLD_Limit_Arty       = 60         -- number

-- Save scenery enhancement
DSMC_BuilderToolsBeta      = false      -- true / false -- // NOT W

-- additional feature (not working leave as it is)
DSMC_ExportDocuments       = false      -- true / false
```

Warehouse re-built & fix base quantity

Variable name: *DSMC_baseQuantity* - 1 ÷ 1000

Not used yet, sorry. Skip.

CTLD script advanced additional settings

Variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_JTACenable* – true/false

If set to false, it will disable the standard JTAC functionalities provided by CTLD.

Variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_AllowCrates* – true/false

If set to false, it will disable all the crates logic provided by CTLD

Variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_AllowPlatoon* – true/false

If set to false, it will disable the new “constructible crates” feature added with DSMC version (Check Player manual)

Variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_crateReductionFactor* - 1 ÷ 4

This variable allows to reduce the required crates necessary to build *constructible* crates. It won't affect FOB or any other *deliverable* crates.

More specific, platoons require a number of crates proportional to the life points of the units included in the platoon.. divided by a “k” factor to avoid having 14 crates required for a small ATGM platoon. This “k” value is this variable. As a reference values, if you set 1 means about 8-12 crates/platoon, 1.5 means 5-8 crates/platoon, 2 means 2-6 crates/platoon, and so on. This is useful for small groups or small logistic groups that employ lower number of helicopters.

Variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_longRangeSamCrates* – true/false

If set to false, it will disable the S-300 and Patriot SAM groups from the available list of SAM system in deliverable crates (Check Player's Manual)

Main variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_UniNumLimits* – true/false

Option variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_Limit_APC* – 1 ÷ 10.000

Option variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_Limit_IFV* – 1 ÷ 10.000

Option variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_Limit_Tanks* – 1 ÷ 10.000

Option variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_Limit_ads* – 1 ÷ 10.000

Option variable name: *DSMC_CTLD_Limit_Arty* – 1 ÷ 10.000

Not used yet, sorry. Skip.

Builder tools

Variable name: *DSMC_BuilderToolsBeta* – true/false

Not used yet, sorry. Skip.

Mission documents export

Variable name: *DSMC_ExportDocuments* – true/false

Not used yet, sorry. Skip.

9 DSMC LIMITATIONS

Ok, here I'm trying to list some of the limitations of the mod. Basically, some are about its design or "vision" while others are about DCS code. Some, also, are due to my skill limitation.

So, this is going to be a "No, you can't" list almost, ordered per feature, as complete as possible. Let's start:

9.1 MOD RELATED

- You need your saved games directory and DCS main directory to be not read-only, and you should execute DCS as administrator. If you don't comply, the mod could fail.
- If you're using a dedicated server host or a server host with "--nographic" and "--server" custom load string enabled, you must have a desanitized server or the save process will fail
- You can't change anything in the options menu and then immediately start a mission. You always have to close and restart DCS
- DSMC doesn't "freeze" or "pause" a mission: it will save an updated mission scenario
- DSMC does not add any automation or enhanced behaviour of DCS units, groups, controller
- DSMC does not support officially any other mods, except for MOOSE and CTLD (the built in version). In particular, some couple of mods that open & close the file just before mission start (i.e. weather injection tools) have issues sometimes
- DSMC does not keep routes or paths that you created in the M.E. or routes added during the simulation with CA or scripts or otherwise
- Once you choose your special options in the options menu, those are kept as long as you don't uninstall the mod. As said, you shouldn't even when using a server: if you don't want DSMC to work, simply don't name the miz file starting with "DSMC". After an unistall/reinstall, options are reverted to default

- For dedicated server or server using the "--norender" or "--server" executable, it's required to desanitize missionscripting.lua

9.2 SPECIAL OPTIONS RELATED

- DSMC do not load the ".ogg" files needed for CTLD for beacons usage in the first mission. Those files are, anyway, kept in subsequent saved files. Those files are stored, to help you, in the "DSMC\Files\" Folder
- DSMC does not edit DCS warehouses in real time (1): you can't add or remove aircraft, weapons or petrol from DCS warehouse using functions, scripting or otherwise
- DSMC does not edit DCS warehouses in real time (2): as I can't check warehouses content in real time, any supply logic provided by DCS won't take effects. Items will be added and removed as if the warehouse didn't have any supplies from other warehouses
- DSMC warehouse tracking can't track "fuel tank" & "misc" items such pods, side guns. The POL stored inside the fuel tank is tracked, the object "fuel tank" is not. This is a limitation DSMC can't overcome due to DCS getAmmo() function limits.
- DSMC scenery object persistence can't prevent any AI aircraft spawned at mission start to load fuel & ammo from an airbase which has all the fuel tank and/or ammo buildings destroyed. Else, right after mission start, those items or fuel tons won't be available. My design suggestion is therefore to set any aircraft "late activation" for at least 1 second
- Even with autosave feature enabled, DSMC does not provide code or apps to close & restart a DCS server: you must provide that. If you kill the server with task manager is going to be ok, but I might suggest the software "RestartOnCrash", tested and working fine with a gracetime setting of at least 120 seconds (better 300).

10 MISSION DESIGN GUIDELINES

The very first thing you need to double check is the `missionscripting.lua` file or user write permission in the main DCS folder. In fact, **when running in a dedicated server or in a server with “--nographic” or “--server” custom string enabled, DSMC needs to have `os`, `lfs` and `io` library available in the SSE**. DSMC itself have a good automatic desanitization check & mod function, but it will run only if your DCS and PC user has write permission. Else, you will need to modify those strings using notepad++ or similar code editor (google about it in the ED forum to understand what I’m talking about).

In the next paragraphs I’ll do a rundown of every relevant thing that mission designers should pay attention when preparing a mission or a scenario to be used with DSMC. That is cause DSMC itself does not have specific requirements and it’s designed to be used almost without particular set-up in the mission editor, but users had never the “problem” to think at the “saved mission”, cause we don’t have it provided by DCS.

After the first small & brief paragraphs, I’ll go in depth with some design guidelines related to the specific features of DSMC, like warehouse tracking and automatic slot creations. These even will work without specific settings... but if you want them to work properly and with a predictable behaviour aligned with your needs, you will need to set up the scenario properly.

First, I want to specify that, in this manual, *mission* and *scenario* are slightly different things:

- A *mission* is the mission file that is going to be used, it can be the first mission out of a sequence or a mission saved by DSMC from a previous file;
- A *scenario* is the “main” mission file which you as a mission designer prepare as a base layer, used to built up the subsequent *missions*.

I'm telling this cause some of the most complicated things needed to employ warehousing or slot creation requires you to work on the *scenario* file, but once done that the first time... It's done! No effort will be required in all the subsequent *missions* generated from that scenario.

10.1 Ground groups & units

The following instructions about ground groups are more about building a future-proof scenario, and they're not a "must" today. But you can take them as good design guidelines.

- Keep ground groups in a size of 2-to-6 units each for vehicle and 2-to-10 units each for infantries.
- Try to use always the same unit type inside the group: it's much better to have 1 group of MBT + 1 group of APC + 1 group of IFV instead of 3 groups made by 1 MBT + 1 APC + 1 IFV.

10.2 Ships & Carriers

DSMC update ship position in the same way it does with ground units, **except** from the carrier group (every ship in the group included). That is a necessary compromise to be able to keep flights starting over a carrier in their proper position & parking slots.

So, carrier group won't move from a mission to another, while any other ships will. If you want to move the carrier group, it's obviously possible but will require to edit the saved mission before re-launch it.

10.3 Custom files inside the .miz file

You can add any external file inside the mission if you want, but I recommend to use winzip and NOT 7zip to pack the .miz file, because I saw a couple of compatibility error while saving due to the packing procedure, that happen only when 7zip is used for this kind of operation (like adding sound .ogg files).

10.4 Using scripts with naming conventions

One of the most common issue is about scripts or trigger that use group or unit name convention, that works like ‘Pick the group named “charlie” and do things’.

Eh. All wise mission designers knows a rule: if “Charlie” might be killed during the mission, the scripts must be “protected” against code errors... like: trying to pick “charlie” while “charlie” has been *picked* several times by a couple of A-10 few minutes before. Result: SSE error, mission halted. To avoid it, mission designers do scripts with some checks before, so that the original actions can be described like this: ‘if a group named “Charlie” exist, then pick it and do things’. This won’t cause errors.

When using DSMC, you should follow this rule **always** for any group that use naming conventions. That is because even if the call is done at mission start... with DSMC that groups might be killed the mission before!

10.5 Spawning (MOOSE or SSE)

This is a **very important point**. DSMC do not know what you spawn or not, but if you spawn anything and it reaches alive the end of the mission, this thing will be saved and you will find that in the saved mission (if the spawned option is enabled).

What does this mean? That if you have any sort of automation that spawn object at mission start... **you will cumulate those objects at any subsequent start!** So, pay particular attention about this.

Since DSMC keeps the group names, this could be easily workaround by checking if that group exist before spawning another one with the same name, or else performing a “world.searchObjects” inside the spawning area to see if something is still there.

10.6 Airbase running out of fuel

If you use functions that spawn aircraft from bases, such as MOOSE dispatcher, you will need to check if that base has enough fuel. Sadly that is not possible in DCS.

To prevent issue, with the help of Pikey, I added a small check to DSMC. In the scripting environment you will find a table called `EMBD.airbaseFuelIndex`. This table will be populated with the name of the airports once a birth event happen and the aircraft spawned has no fuel. The aircraft will be immediately removed, you will find a couple of messages into the `dcs.log` file and the table will be added with the airbase name.

i.e. if a Mig-29S try to spawn at Gudauta, but Gudauta don't have fuel, the Mig-29 will immediately disappear and `EMBD.airbaseFuelIndex` will be like this:

```
EMBD.airbaseFuelIndex = {  
    ["Gudauta"] = true,  
}
```

PS: important thing. When you spawn aircraft with fuel tanks, **those are fulfilled with fuel even if the airport is at 0 tons.**

10.7 CTLD additional consideration

First, as inbuilt CTLD version and CSAR version are quite different in their behaviour than vanilla code, I strongly suggest you read the Player manual where many useful details are already depicted.

The same thing you should say to any of your clients.

CTLD modified version is entirely coded inside the file `"TRPS_inj.lua"`, DSMC directory. You can check inside and customize standard CTLD options as you like, but you should consider this chapter before touching. I can (almost) guarantee a "good behaviour" of the mod if you leave the file as it is.

10.7.1 *Crates*

All created crates will retain their original “content”, unless you change their weight using mission editor. You can complete an SAM installation or FOB in three consequent mission, if you’d like.

10.7.2 *Unpack Crates*

Here comes something new, pay attention. **You won’t be able to unpack any crates where you want.** You will be able to unpack SAM sites and support vehicles (FARP, rearming) where you like. And that’s the same as before.

But any other vehicles, like IFVs, Tanks, APCs can be unpacked only nearby a warehouse object (static object -> warehouse). Once unpacked, you can move them where you need. This will make your warehouse not only a resource production site (if you use warehouse tracking) but also a “military factory”, that you will try to protect for sure.

10.7.3 *“simulated” sling load action*

This option has been disabled by design. You can try to look into TRPS_inj.lua file to modify that, but I strongly suggest to avoid.

10.7.4 *FARP support group*

A “FARP Support group” has been added as spawnable for blue & red coalition. Will require the proper vehicles as DCS needs, one crates per vehicle. FARP support group won’t have anything special: it’s a ground vehicle group with the right composition to allow ATC, rearm & refuel when placed in proximity to an heliport.

10.7.5 *“In transit” crates*

It could happen that the mission will save or close while a crate is ongoing a transport, “inside” an APC or an helicopter (if you don’ use slingload mode). In that case, the crates is lost. DMCS won’t retain in transit crates.

10.7.6 **FOB**

Created FOB and its proximity beacon are retained in the saved mission.

10.7.7 **JTAC**

JTAC operation is disabled by default for single player/host with graphics users. That is due to some weird compatibility issues that kick in when the host is actively flying the mission. That said, if you want this option to be active you have to manually modify the file “TRPS_inj.lua” looking for this line:

TRPS.JTAC_dropEnabled = TRPS_JTAC_dropEnabled or false

and change it like this:

TRPS.JTAC_dropEnabled = true

Due to design reasons JTAC is performed by “manpad” units: Stinger for blue coalition and SA-18 for red coalition. The main reason is that currently JTAC are unarmed unit that is required for FARP support units, creating bugs.

Anyway, that is a technical feature: “manpad” units can be used by player/client just as vehicles, but they can also be transported by helicopters.

BEWARE: any “single soldier manpad” group will be inspected at mission start, set as JTAC unit, and set ROE to “return fire”. Therefore, if you want normal manpads to behave correctly, you simply need a group of at least 2 units. You can add a single soldier, or another manpad, or anything you want. But don’t leave the manpad unit alone!

Logistic zones/object

As said internal CTLD version automatically recognize any previously built FOB & any warehouse object as a logistic object, allowing you to spawn crates, load squads, etc etc.

Also, FOB recognition is not done by adding properties to the object. Instead, it’s done by checking static object in the saved file: each time

you place a beacon TTS unit (Fortification class) within 150 meters from an outpost static object (not road outpost, not a fortification), those will be recognized as “FOB” and full ctld functionality will be added to them, including beacon.

PS: that beacon won’t retain the same frequency as the previous mission: it will change each time the mission is restarted.

10.7.8 *WWII conversion for mission before 1960*

If you mission is set before 1960s, CTLD will be adapted and these things will change:

- Soldier squads will be infantry only, where possible with a proper DCS WWII soldier model;
- The only available deliverable crates will be FOB & Air Defence crates. FOB will be like the old “vanilla” CTLD FOB: no helipad. The Air Defence are single-crate Flak groups;
- Airlift crates are removed;
- JTACs are removed;
- Constructible crates will be there, obviously taking account only for proper timeframe items.

10.8 Resource management: logistics comes into play

If you like logistic, this is going to be a key point. As said, all supply operations will be performed at the end of the mission. First thing: **DSMC won’t resupply airframe**. It will resupply jet fuel or any type of ammunition, but no aircraft will be resupplied. That is by design decision.

There are 3 ways to resupply an airbase or a heliport:

- By landing there (this will also “move” the aircraft item): everything that is on board the aircraft, fuel & munitions, will be added to the warehouse;
- If inbuilt CTLD is active, by dropping “airlift” crates, which can add fuel or munitions as described in the inbuilt CTLD guide;
- Using the supply chain, described below.

What are the differences between those 3 solutions?

Timing: Landing somewhere will add items & fuel to the warehouse both using DMSC and the Resource Management System of DCS. That means that resources added by landing are available immediately to any other user in that airbase/heliport.

Instead, both airlift crates and supply using the supply chain in DSMC happens at the end of the mission: first the airlift, then the supply chain. Items & fuel will be available in the subsequent run and not real time.

Amount of items & fuel: Both landing and airlift crates adds item and fuel to the warehouse. By adding them, they also “set” new required values of the warehouse. To make it easier: if I land in a heliport that currently has 10 tons of fuel, and I add other 2 tons, in the subsequent mission I’ll have 12 tons of fuel... and when depleted, the heliport will try to replenish all the necessary fuel to go back to 12. To 12, not 10! That means that by using airlift crates or landing, you’re also increasing the airbase/heliport operational capabilities.

Beware: the “increase capability” take effects only in those cases:

- By landing, **if no items were used** in that airbase/heliport in the same mission;
- By airlift crates, always.

Ok, that said... you know what means to land somewhere (I presume, else... you might probably check flight manual before this one)... and you can easily understand airlift crates reading the CTLD manual.

But WTF is the supply chain?! The supply chain is, by order of magnitude, the most powerful way to replenish used resources in airbase/heliport. Basically, it will check the number of items depleted during the mission and try to find a supplier that has them. If found, those items are removed from the supplier instead of the airbase, that will stay on its initial values. This is also recursive: If the supplier has a supplier itself, it will remove the items from the highest level available.

BEWARE: here it comes the only real risk: do not set a loop. If you set the warehouse A to be supplied by B, then B to be supplied by C.. and C finally supplied by A, you will have a loop. Which leads to a DCS mission crash once you save, no saved file, etc.

Then, who is “supplier” of the airbase? Those that are set as supplier in the mission editor. Yes, I made it simple.

But since it's not possible to track the RMS of DCS, to be consistent with fuel & items you must accept a compromise: **no real time resupply must be used with the RMS**. To be sure that that's not happening, every mission save the timing/size/speed of the RMS resupplies are minimized to prevent them happening.

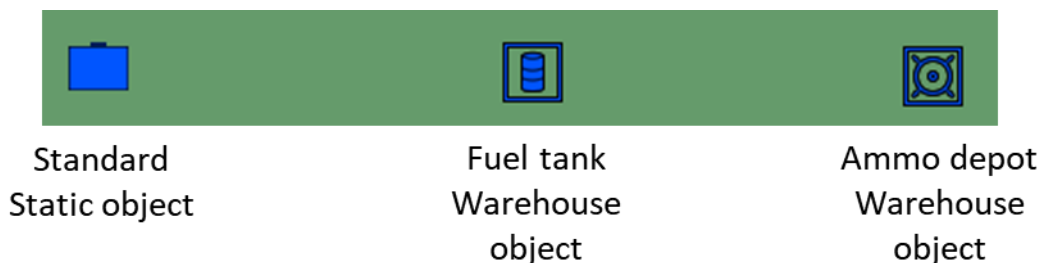
Let's dig a bit into how the supply chain works.

10.8.1 Warehouse objects

DSMC don't require any particular setup to define a warehouse object. It uses all the inbuilt DCS info: if something is a warehouse in DCS, it will be in DSMC, along with its resources information.

Therefore, any airport/FARP/Oilrig and so on are warehouses. Any ship with helipad or carriers are warehouses. Any FARP resupply object, are warehouses.

Also, any static object of “warehouse” category is a warehouse: you will recognize them because instead of the classic icon, you will see the warehouse icon for fuel or ammo:

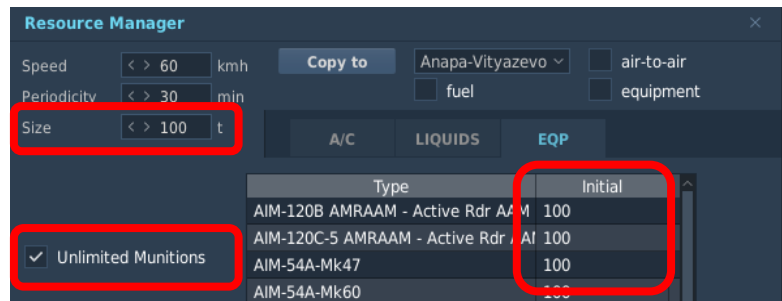


Remember, DCS is a sandbox: Every time you place a warehouse object on the scenery, it can be everything: a fuel tank (with that icon) can be an ammunition supplier, unless you manually void it. So, as

per units' placement, flight, etc... **it's up to you to set up that correctly**. Sadly, if you copy & paste a warehouse in DCS, you still have to manually set its "warehouse content" table.

The warehouse properties you need to know are only 2:

- Amount of items, that can be a number that you set or "unlimited";
- The "size" value.



These parameters define the amount of items available and how much of it can be delivered each mission.

10.8.2 *Supply mechanics*

If 3 aircraft consumed 10 tons of fuel and 6 AIM-120B, then the airport where they operate will check for available suppliers of the same coalition (that you set into the mission editor).

DSMC will check the best suppliers: one that can resupply all the quantities or the biggest part of it. If you set a warehouse (or another airbase) with 40 tons available, then DSMC will transfer the 10 used tons to the airbase, removing them to the supplier. If you set a warehouse with 6 tons, DSMC will take all those 6 and will also remove 4 from the airbase.

If one supplier has fuel, and another the AIM-120, DSMC will take resources from both.

Since DSMC do not track info about "first mission situation", you surely want to carefully track the initial amount of an airbase resources, because you can supply them only as explained before.

10.8.3 *Basic vertical supply chain example*

In all the examples below, I'll use fuel (jet fuel) as main resources as example... cause it's easier to explain the mechanics.

In the mission editor, you can set a supply net, like:



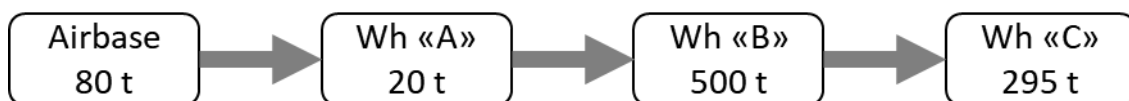
Airbase is the place where your flights consumed resources. The subsequent “Wh” can be another airbase as well as any warehouse object. Let’s say that they are three fuel tank objects where the only resources available is jet fuel (no munition, aircraft are ignored by design).

In our example, Airbase consumed 5 tons of jet fuel at the end of the mission.

Since all of them has sufficient jet fuel, all the tons will be removed from warehouse C cause that is the “mother” of the chain: in fact, at the end of the mission this will happen:

- Airbase require 5 tons from “A”. “A” has them, so they move 5 tons to airbase (you won’t see them depleted in the airbase);
- Warehouse “A” require 5 tons from “B”, same thing;
- Warehouse “B” require 5 tons from “C”, same thing;
- Warehouse “C” does not have suppliers available: the 5 tons will be depleted to it;

End situation? This:



That is the key of “vertical” side of the chain. But... what happen if the airbase consumes 50 tons?

- Airbase require 50 tons from “A”. “A” do not have them, so they move the maximum amount available (20 tons) to airbase. The remaining amount, it will be depleted from the Airbase.
- Warehouse “A” require 20 tons from “B”, same thing;
- Warehouse “B” require 20 tons from “C”, same thing;
- Warehouse “C” does not have suppliers available: the 20 tons will be depleted to it;

Final situation:

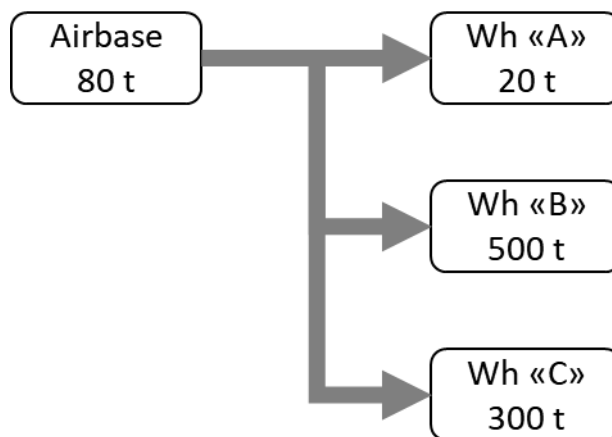


Note the “50 tons” at airbase, which has 80, while warehouse “C” took the 20 tons transferred by warehouse “A”.

What does this mean? That you can set a limit of the expendable fuel per mission, which is given by the warehouse that has less resources. If you use more, this will be depleted from your airbase... and to re-charge that, you will now be forced to land something on it.... which is obviously much harder to do.

10.8.4 *Basic horizontal supply chain example*

Obviously, you can also set horizontal supply. What does this mean? That an airbase can have multiple warehouses to check for. Let’s say this:



In this case, DSMC will use the better suited warehouse, which is “B” because it has more fuel than “A” and “C”. This will be the result:



So, what does DSMC not allow? Multiple resupplies to the same base from the warehouses. To explain that easier: DSMC will choose the supplier with more fuel, but only that. In this situation:

Airbase 80 t	Wh «A» 20 t	Wh «B» 10 t	Wh «C» 15 t
-----------------	----------------	----------------	----------------

DSMC will use full “A” warehouse (cause it’s more than B and C), but will also remove 30 tons of the 50 you asked for from the airbase. It won’t remove anything from B and C. This will be the result:

Airbase 50 t	Wh «A» 0 t	Wh «B» 10 t	Wh «C» 15 t
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10.8.5 *How many items/tons a warehouse can deliver?*

DSMC makes it simple: any warehouse can deliver an amount of fuel or ammo proportional to the “size” parameters that you can set in the mission editor (standard value is 100, when you create a new object).

Fuel: same as “size”, as jetfuel tons;

Dumb weapons: same as “size”, as items number, for each type (that means 100 S-8 rockets *and* 100 Mk-82, for example);

Smart weapons: 1/5 of the “size”, as items number, for each type (so if size is “100”, it will be 20 of each weapons type);

BEWARE: In the end, there a situation you MUST avoid at all cost. As explained in the vertical chain, DSMC supply chain function will search the best supplier at each step.

But if you accidentally create a loop, like:

Airbase X → Wh A → Wh B → Wh C → Airbase X

That will lead to a DCS & DSMC crash due to endlessy resupply run. So, check this condition very well. I know, I already wrote this... but this time twice is better than once.

10.8.6 *Production sites, coalition depot*

So... if you get the basic examples I wrote above, you should easily understand that you can build a couple of interesting warehouse items without having to code anything.

You can create coalition depot of a resource (ammo, fuel) and also create production sites!

Coalition depot

Using fuel as example, to create a coalition depot you can simply create one (or more, in proximity) “tank” warehouse object and place them where you want on the map, filling them with a high value of jet fuel only and no ammunition. Let’s say you place 3 fuel tanks in proximity with 1000 tons of fuel each. Now you set the Tank #001 to be supplied by Tank #002 and Tank #003. Now you have a depot of 3000 tons of fuel.

Then you can set all your airbase to have low fuel amount (let’s say 100 tons) and Tank #001 as supplier. Every consumed fuel in those airbases will be removed from your depot, since it becomes empty.

What’s the point? To have the depot as a valuable target! If enemy destroy the depot, then you will have your resources depleted.

Production sites

To create a petrol production site, you must simply place a warehouse object and set it as “unlimited”. A production sites won’t require suppliers, but it’s still limited! In fact, unlike for deposits, it will be capable of resupply only the amount of item (i.e. petrol) defined in “size” value. If you create a tank object set as unlimited with size equal to 80, you will have something as a “refinery” capable of creating endlessy 80 tons of fuel each mission.

10.8.7 *Standard supply net*

First: the standard supply net can be used automatically activating the DSMC_WarehouseAutoSetup options in multiplayer, and it’s active by default for single player. That means that if you’re using DSMC in single player or host with graphics, **you must build a scenario that follows these supply rules** or else that is not using warehouse tracking system to prevent unexpected behaviour and supplier changes.

Second: standard supply net, and its activation, **do not change the content of the warehouse.** So, while this option will provide an automatic update of all the supply net without your need to create it in the mission editor using all the possible combination since start, you still have to perform an accurate initial setup of your scenery before launching “mission 000” that comply with the basic scheme explained below.

What autoseup does: this feature works after all units & static objects have already been updated, so it takes action when all the warehouse static objects had changed coalition if necessary.

The autoseup use some fixed rules that you need to consider when building a new scenario if you want to take advantage of this option:

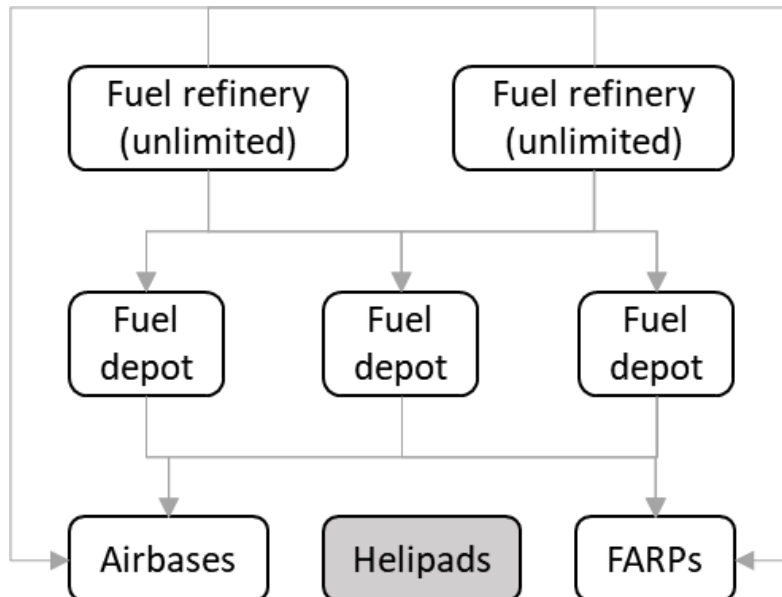
- Airports is recognized as “customer” and can only be supplied by depots, but they’re not supplier of anyone;
- The very standard FARP object (with 4 helipads) is recognized as “heliport” and therefore will work the same as airports;
- All the others heliport objects (single helipad, invisible, oilrig, etc) won’t be set as customer and won’t ever have any supplier;
- Warehouses with the shape of a tank will be recognized as fuel depot;
- Warehouses with the shape of an ammunition dump or a standard warehouse will be recognized as ammo depot;
- Warehouses (of any kind) that are set with unlimited fuel or unlimited weapons will be recognized as refineries/ammunition factories.

So, it appears important that setting up the scenario the mission designer will follow these rules:

- All warehouse objects must be set with their content consistent to their shape. It’s also important that the other items column will be set as void. For example: set 0 to each aircraft and ammo for the fuel depot, and vice versa for the ammo depot;

- If you set a depot as unlimited in its main item, this will be recognized as production site (with will have unlimited supply over time, but limited supply for each mission!).

The standard supply net for fuel is built following this scheme:



Ammo supply net is the very same as for fuel. The scheme follows these rules:

- Customers (Airbases & FARPs) are supplied by both depots and productions sites;
- Depots (warehouse, not unlimited) are supplied only by production sites;
- Production sites (warehouse, unlimited) does not have suppliers.

The automatic supply chain setup therefore provides an update in each mission where the available suppliers for each coalition are effectively used in the supply net.

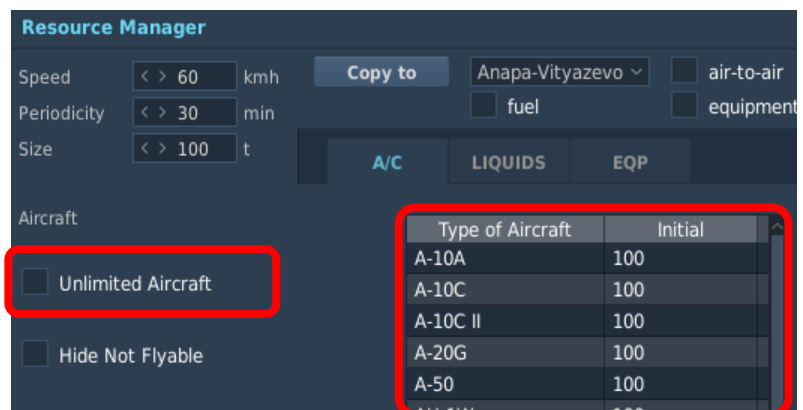
10.9 Automatic helicopter & planes slot creation

DSMC is designed to fulfill two types of service: allow virtual squadron's mission designer to be able to design a sequential mission campaign with much less pain than usual... and allow 24/7 servers to create a continuously developed scenario.

These very different conditions have very similar needs: have an updated scenario, don't mess up with AI flights... and feature updated available client's slots.

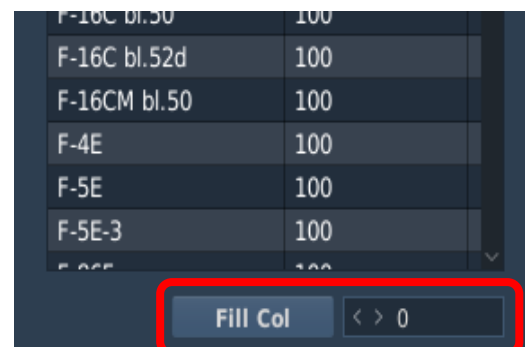
As discussed in paragraph 8.2.5 DSMC provide automatic slot creation based on the airbase/FARP warehouse content, **with up to 8 slots for each flyable aircraft** (4 two-ship flights). But now it comes the unwritten rules of DCS that you must deal with.

When you uncheck the “unlimited aircraft” checkbox, each aircraft type (flyable or not) will be set with 100 items... unless you change using the “Fill Col” button below the aircraft list. That is not good, cause since there are many flyable aircrafts, this means **a lot** of slots for each airbase/FARPs that is set properly. We're talking about one hundred of them for each base. So, you must manage this situation, that comes down to two cases:



- In each FARP or base that does not have multiple parking positions, it will eventually generate all the possible slots. There are no limits, and we're talking about hundreds of them;
- Instead, in the airbases you can have thousands of aircraft in each airport warehouses, even if it has 10 tiny parkings... and here it comes the problems.

It's easy to understand what is the problem with this situation. Try to answer this question: *if DCS has at least 30 flyable aircraft, each one is set to “100” for a total of 3000 items available, but I have only 42 free parking spots... which one should I create?*



This awful question **has no right answer**. It's on alphabetical order.

Also, another issues, is about exiting clients and AI slots (flights): what should I do with them?

We need rules to make this suitable. Those rules are something that I don't like, cause people (*yeah, you included*) usually do not read rules... and even more rarely comply to them. But I trust you, and I tried to make those rules as easy as possible.

So, **those are the rules that applies** to any airbase or heliport when using those options:

- Ships are ignored;
- The warehouse of the airbase/heliport must have the *Unlimited Aircraft* checkbox unchecked. Unlimited warehouse will be ignored and considered unsuitable;
- The airbase must not be set as "Neutral";
- All slots (groups with client's units) on each suitable airbase will be deleted;
- Slots **will try** to add up to 8 slots for each flyable aircraft that has sufficient items in the warehouse.

I wrote "will try" cause in heliports slot creation will eventually happen, and it's only up to you to avoid having 8 x slots x each flyable type (up to 64 slots today) by leaving that "100" items each default. Instead, in airports, we have to deal with parkings... and it's not that straightforward! this is, in short term, the procedure done by DSMC for every airbase/FARP:

- Check if the warehouse is not set as "Unlimited Aircraft";
- Clean every client slot;
- Check available parkings by "removing" from availability all those used by AI flights;
- Loop through any flyable aircraft and try to assign available parkings that are compatible for aircraft type & size, couple by couple, till the higher value between warehouse items and "8" is reached. For each couple verified, a couple of slots (one flight) will be added;

- Once no available parkings are left, no slots will be added anymore. So... the first are found in the “loop”, the first are created. The others... **might not**.

Now that you know what are the rules, let's see how to bend them to your needs.

10.9.1 Heliports setup

Heliports can be divided in to 2 types: those you manually add using the mission editor and those that has been created using CTLD (FOB).

To demonstrate what happens when you add a heliport if you don't change anything but unchecking the “unlimited aircrafts” checkbox, I created a new mission with only a 1 heliport, south of Poti, and the box unchecked. Once started the mission, I waited few seconds and then save it. Left & right pictures are the before & after save.

The left screenshot shows the UNIT LIST interface with the following data:

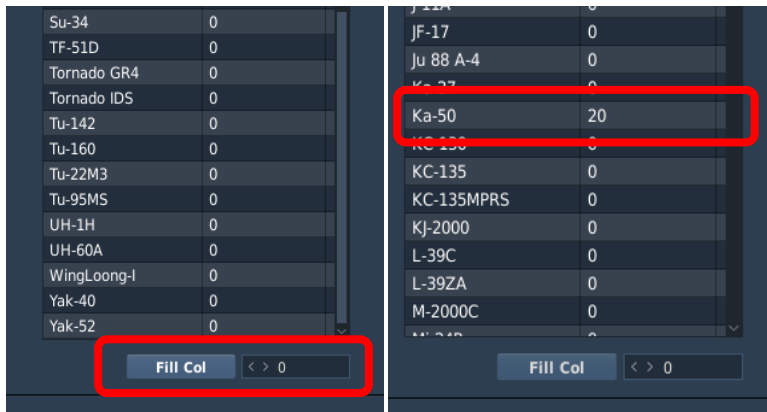
GROUP NAME	UNIT NAME	UNIT TYPE	UNIT ID	COUNTRY
Static FARP-1	Static FARP-1-1	FARP	1	USA

The right screenshot shows the UNIT LIST interface with the following data:

GROUP NAME	UNIT NAME	UNIT TYPE	UNIT ID	COUNTRY
Dodge5_UH-1H_DSMC_32	Dodge52	UH-1H	65	USA
Dodge5_UH-1H_DSMC_32	Dodge51	UH-1H	64	USA
Dodge4_UH-1H_DSMC_31	Dodge42	UH-1H	63	USA
Dodge4_UH-1H_DSMC_31	Dodge41	UH-1H	62	USA
Dodge3_UH-1H_DSMC_30	Dodge32	UH-1H	61	USA
Dodge3_UH-1H_DSMC_30	Dodge31	UH-1H	60	USA
Dodge2_UH-1H_DSMC_29	Dodge22	UH-1H	59	USA
Dodge2_UH-1H_DSMC_29	Dodge21	UH-1H	58	USA
Dodge1_SA342M_DSMC_28	Dodge12	SA342M	57	USA

Yeah, 64 helicopters slot plus 1 heliport object. Heliports does only generate helicopters (sorry, harrier), and at the date this manual is written there are 8 flyable helo types. When they will be 10, there will be 80 slots and more.

To have a properly scenario, you should limit the clients slot in each heliport. This is done in the simplest way, by making available only the type of helicopter you want there. Let's say you want to have Ka-50 only in that airport. You will do this:



With this setup, restarting the mission and re-making the save, you will have 8 slots of Ka-50, plus the heliport objects.

You can set the initial amount of helicopters that you want to have, up to 1000. Obviously, if you set an amount of "4", you will have only 4 slots. If you set an odd number, like 7, you will have the nearest even number: 6 slots.

If you use more than one type of aircraft, slots will reflect your choice. For example, you set 6 Ka-50 and 4 Mi-24P, you will find these exact values (see picture here on the left).

Another important thing: the country of each slot will be the country of the object owning the heliport. This is important, cause when you conquer a

UNIT LIST

☐ Show Hidden Units

☒ Helicopters ☒ Planes ☒ Vehicles ☒ Ships ☒ Statics

8 0 0 0 1

GROUP NAME	UNIT NAME	UNIT TYPE	UNIT ID	COUNTRY
Chevy4_Ka-50_DSMC_4	Chevy42	Ka-50	9	USA
Chevy4_Ka-50_DSMC_4	Chevy41	Ka-50	8	USA
Chevy3_Ka-50_DSMC_3	Chevy32	Ka-50	7	USA
Chevy3_Ka-50_DSMC_3	Chevy31	Ka-50	6	USA
Chevy2_Ka-50_DSMC_2	Chevy22	Ka-50	5	USA
Chevy2_Ka-50_DSMC_2	Chevy21	Ka-50	4	USA
Chevy1_Ka-50_DSMC_1	Chevy12	Ka-50	3	USA
Chevy1_Ka-50_DSMC_1	Chevy11	Ka-50	2	USA
Static FARP-1	Static FARP-1-1	FARP	1	USA

DSMC_demoTest_001.miz LAT N 42° 5.675' LONG E 41°42. 55'

UNIT LIST

☐ Show Hidden Units

☒ Helicopters ☒ Planes ☒ Vehicles ☒ Ships ☒ Statics

10 0 0 0 1

GROUP NAME	UNIT NAME	UNIT TYPE	UNIT ID	COUNTRY
Chevy5_Ka-50_DSMC_5	Chevy52	Ka-50	11	USA
Chevy5_Ka-50_DSMC_5	Chevy51	Ka-50	10	USA
Chevy4_Ka-50_DSMC_4	Chevy42	Ka-50	9	USA
Chevy4_Ka-50_DSMC_4	Chevy41	Ka-50	8	USA
Chevy3_Ka-50_DSMC_3	Chevy32	Ka-50	7	USA
Chevy3_Ka-50_DSMC_3	Chevy31	Ka-50	6	USA
Chevy2_Mi-24P_DSMC_2	Chevy22	Mi-24P	5	USA
Chevy2_Mi-24P_DSMC_2	Chevy21	Mi-24P	4	USA
Chevy1_Mi-24P_DSMC_1	Chevy12	Mi-24P	3	USA
Chevy1_Mi-24P_DSMC_1	Chevy11	Mi-24P	2	USA

DSMC_demoTest_001.miz LAT N 42° 5.647' LONG E 41°42.243'

heliport, the coalition will change and therefore also the created slot will.

FOB's heliport could have two different behaviors. When spawned, they will be “unlimited” by default and this is a DCS thing. But, once you save the mission, if *resource tracking* is disabled, they will be “unlimited” and therefore no slot will be added. Instead, if *resource tracking* is enabled, newly spawned heliport will be “zeroed”: they will have 0 fuel, 0 munition and obviously 0 aircraft. And they will be set to limited, in every aspect. Anything that happens in the very same mission you spawned them, will be calculated after the “zeroing”.

For example: if you create a FOB, and then land there with a couple of Mi-8s, you will have a FOB with exactly 2 Mi-8s, the fuel in these helicopters (plus few tons by default) and the exact munitions carried by the helos.

10.9.2 Airbase setup

Airbase comes with the same principle than heliports, except for a couple of things:

- Every flyable module is considered (except mods);
- There are parkings! 1 slot for each park position is allowed!

Those two little details mean... a revolution. If you leave the aircraft table to its default of “100” items each, this *bad thing* will happen:



The screenshot shows a top-down view of an airbase in a DCS mission. Numerous blue Mi-24P helicopter icons are parked on the tarmac. Below the map is the 'UNIT LIST' window. It has filters for Helicopters (checked), Planes (unchecked), Vehicles (checked), Ships (checked), and Statics (checked). The counts are: Helicopters: 8, Planes: 0, Vehicles: 1, Ships: 0, Statics: 0. The unit list table is as follows:

GROUP NAME	UNIT NAME	UNIT TYPE	UNIT ID	COUNTRY
Chevy8_Mi-24P_DSMC_8	Chevy82	Mi-24P	9	USA
Chevy8_Mi-24P_DSMC_8	Chevy81	Mi-24P	8	USA
Chevy7_Mi-24P_DSMC_7	Chevy72	Mi-24P	7	USA
Chevy7_Mi-24P_DSMC_7	Chevy71	Mi-24P	6	USA
Chevy6_Mi-24P_DSMC_6	Chevy62	Mi-24P	5	USA
Chevy6_Mi-24P_DSMC_6	Chevy61	Mi-24P	4	USA
Chevy5_Mi-24P_DSMC_5	Chevy52	Mi-24P	3	USA
Chevy5_Mi-24P_DSMC_5	Chevy51	Mi-24P	2	USA
Ground-1	Ground-1-1	APC AAV-7 Am	1	USA

At the bottom of the unit list window, it shows: DSMC_demoTest_001.miz | LAT N 41°36.502' | LONG E 41°37.198'

Only Mi-24Ps! Why? **Cause we have only 10 parkings in Batumi**, so if we have 100 items for each airplane, the first “flyable” things DSMC found will definitely fill any slot. This make not “optional” but **necessary** that you choose wisely in the very first mission what you exactly need from that airport.

Important note: DSMC will register landings if you have the resource tracking active, so you might want to keep some parkings free.

I'm going to make it much less complicate by a couple of step-by-step rules (suggestions):

1. Use different airports for AI & client's slots. This is not mandatory, but will simplify a lot the following steps (because you won't need to take AI slot in account). Choose airbases with many parkings for client's flights;
2. Take the maximum parkings value from the mission editor and then subtract 4-to-8 of them as reserved spare. The result will be our *available parkings*;
3. Think like it's real: if you have an airbase with 50 parkings, how many airplanes could stay there? How many airplanes you expect to be in one squadron? Set the warehouse to be sure that you won't have more aircraft items than available parkings!

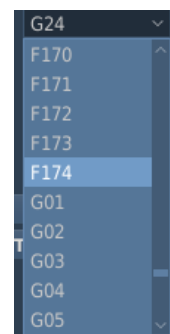
If you follow these rules, you'll be ok. Let's follow them.

Rule 1: I decided to use Batumi for AI support flights, because it has few parkings. Client's slots will be generated in Vaziani, which have plenty of slots (92). How can I know this? With an easy trick: go to the mission editor, add a flight of 1 **small** acf, like A-10A. Set the first waypoint to "Takeoff from ramp" and then... look at the PRK list:



The highest number will effectively be the parking number.

PS: there are some airbases with different parking names, like Nellis in Nevada... with them, you have to be patient and do the math manually. If you really need that. Remember, you can leave even 100 spares if you want.



Rule 2: Since Vaziani has 92 slots, I'm going to be generous with the reserved spares and I'll give them 12, so I can use 80 slots for clients. They're a lot? Yes, but I can effectively use less. In the meantime, rule 2 is done: no more than 80 items in the warehouse!

Rule 3: In my scenery, Vaziani is going to be the airbase for A-10C and F-16C block 50. I think that 24 F-16s and another 24 A-10Cs could fit my needs, for a total of 48 items in the aircraft warehouse:

Type of Aircraft	Initial
A-10A	0
A-10C	24
A-10C II	0
A-20G	0
A-50	0
AH-1W	0

Type of Aircraft	Initial
F-16C bl.52d	0
F-16CM bl.50	24
F-4E	0
F-5E	0
F-5E-3	0
F-86F	0

This is what DSMC will do once you save the mission:



The screenshot shows a top-down view of a mission map with various aircraft icons (A-10C and F-16C) positioned around a central area labeled 'Vaziani'. Below the map is a 'UNIT LIST' panel. The panel includes filters for Helicopters, Planes, Vehicles, Ships, and Statics, with a total count of 18 units. The unit list table below shows the following data:

GROUP NAME	UNIT NAME	UNIT TYPE	UNIT ID	COUNTRY
Springfield8_A-10C_DSMC_8	Springfield82	A-10C	18	USA
Springfield8_A-10C_DSMC_8	Springfield81	A-10C	17	USA
Springfield7_A-10C_DSMC_7	Springfield72	A-10C	16	USA
Springfield7_A-10C_DSMC_7	Springfield71	A-10C	15	USA
Springfield6_A-10C_DSMC_6	Springfield62	A-10C	14	USA
Springfield6_A-10C_DSMC_6	Springfield61	A-10C	13	USA
Springfield5_A-10C_DSMC_5	Springfield52	A-10C	12	USA
Springfield5_A-10C_DSMC_5	Springfield51	A-10C	11	USA
Springfield4_F-16C_50_DSMC_4	Springfield42	F-16CM bl.50	10	USA
Springfield4_F-16C_50_DSMC_4	Springfield41	F-16CM bl.50	9	USA

At the bottom of the unit list, the mission file is 'DSMC_demoTest_001.miz' and the coordinates are LAT N 41°37.190', LONG E 45° 3.913', ALT 463.

18 total units, cause 2 were already there (ground units): 8 slots for each aircraft type, F16s and A-10s, 16 client's slots.

As you can see, only the first unit in each flight will have the proper icon, and if you try to move them in the mission editor both parkings will be re-assigned by DCS. That said, all slot works properly.

If you need more than 8 slots per type, you have 2 solutions: the first is to use more than 1 airbase for that type, the latter is to contact me on the discord server and ask what harcoded parameter could be changed.

10.9.3 *AI slot management*

Ok now we know how to properly set-up automatic slots creation for clients. But let's say that I still want to "limit" my AI aircraft items, even for tankers and AWACS or else. But if I set my warehouse both with "unlimited aircraft" unchecked and in any coalition but "Neutral", it will try to generate slots. How can I avoid this?

Very easy answer: set the warehouse content with all aircraft to "0" except those you need to be there in the proper quantity, just like you do for clients.

If you set an airbase to have only E-3S or KC-135 or else F-15E, no client's slot will be generated cause these aircraft are not flyable type. Obviously, here it comes the most important limit of automatic slot creation: **you cannot prevent slot generation for flyable types.**

Ok then, how can I have my F-15C AI flights to start from (Any airport name)? You don't have to change anything. DSMC won't interfere with AI aircrafts, both if you add them in the mission editor or dynamically spawn them by script. You only have to be sure that:

- There are some spare parkings! AI will use it to spawn aircrafts;
- There are enough items in the warehouse! If you set 8 F-15C in an airbase, and you have 8 client's F-15C in flight from there... well, DCS will try to spawn your AI's F-15Cs... but they won't be available in the warehouse. So, they won't spawn.

10.9.4 *In-flight clients & AI spawning aircrafts*

Just one line in this manual to say that if you add any aircrafts from the ME or by scripts and set them to start already in flights, by "turning point", they won't be filtered in any way.

This can be a very reliable solution to be sure that one or more specific flights won't miss the scenery in any possible case.

BEWARE: some scripts make AI aircrafts to start in flight but still "using" airbase warehouse: in that case these aircrafts still need to comply to airbase limitations (items, parkings).

CREDITS

If DSMC works as well as you can see, you have to congrats to all the testers that tried it knowing that it wasn't working yet and tirelessly reports any strange behaviour, bug, or even compatibility issues with MOOSE, CTLD and MIST.

Else, if DSMC doesn't work as expected, here you can find a fairly accurate list of everyone actively helped me or tried to make this work: fell free to blame them. Not me obviously, I'm clearly innocent.

SPECIAL MENTIONS



<https://simitaliagames.com/>

The day I started asking for “beta testers” I never imagined I could find an entire community of DCS simmers ready to launch the last DSMC built on their 24h/24 servers. SIG_Webber, who manages the servers, was fantastic both in willingness to test but also in reporting every anomalous condition in detail.



One of the most dedicated tester is alt.sanity, he tested DSMC extensively, with particular focus on helicopter operations. He also helped a lot with dedicated tests aimed to reproduce certain undesidered behaviour or bugs.

TESTERS

Besides of the communities above, a lot of effort to make DSMC works has been done by all testers, which tried the mod both in single player and multiplayer and make me aware about many issue that could be solved before the release. Here a summary list of those who directly reported as testers during the “beta” stage, by nickname:

- Dax;
- Enkas;
- ESA_Furia;
- Neon;
- Panthir;
- Paranoid;
- PVI_Eagle;
- Gunny;
- Frosties;
- KaptinKaos;
- [SG] Idefix;

MASTERS

If DSMC even exist is due to the skills that the following people gave to me, directly or even by reading their code. Many of them is always there for sharing knowledge, and that is the core of a working community. From some of them I simply reverse engineer their code to learn, and rebuilt them (or simply modifying them, like for inbuilt CTLD version) as I needed.

So, many many thanks to:

- Rider;
- Ciribob;
- Grimes;
- MBot;
- Pikey;
- Pravus;
- Speed;
- Xcom;

VERY SPECIAL ONES

There are at least two very special person I would like to thank for their patience and dedication to this project:

- My wife⁵, Nicoleta. She always support me with her infinite patience, jokes, fantastic cooking skills, endless love;
- You, cause if you're reading here it means that you care about this small project very much. And even if there will be bugs and sometimes issues to be solved, I know that I can count on you to make DSMC better every day.

DSMC MOD SUPPORT (OR THANKS)

I made this mod for passion, not money. I'm not a software designer, I don't plan to become one, because I love my current job. I put an incredible amount of hours in coding DSMC (in the range of the thousands), but that is mostly cause I started that I didn't knew what means "local", for who could understand, and I had to re-done it at least three time.

I'm already working on the next step... it might take years, maybe less, but I'm not in a hurry. That said, this mod-creation hobby takes hours, usually night hours, so if you'd like to help me completing you can do it by giving me a coffee!

How? I set up a paypal donation and you can add 1 € (the standard espresso here in Milan). If you really liked the mod and you find me to deserve this additional coffee, then click [here](#).

⁵ Yeah that's the most valuable update to DSMC: we got married on 4th June 2021 :P